

# RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2

**AN EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE CONTAINING 7.2 POUNDS OF METHYL PARATHION PER GALLON. USEFUL FOR THE CONTROL OF CERTAIN INSECT PESTS OF ALFALFA, CLOVER, BEANS (Dry, Green, Lima), CABBAGE AND COLE CROPS (Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower), COLLARDS, KALE AND MUSTARD GREENS, CORN, COTTON, GRASS (Hay Pasture), PEAS, PEPPERS, POTATOES, RICE, SMALL GRAINS (Barley, Oats, Rye, Wheat), SORGHUM, SOYBEANS, SPINACH, SUGAR BEETS, SWEET POTATOES, TOBACCO, and TOMATOES.**

**USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING**

- (1) Wear a protective suit that rubber boots or rubber overshoes (2) Wear safety goggles (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for methyl parathion protection (4) Wear heavy duty natural rubber gloves

**WORK SAFETY RULES**  
Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor, physician, clinic or hospital. Immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given, see First Aid Treatment Section and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

**IMPORTANT!** Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.  
**AFTER WORK:** Take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving site. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash or decontaminate clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. See First Aid Treatment Section for decontamination procedures.

**POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)**  
Methyl parathion is a very toxic poison. It causes irritation on contact with the skin, surface and eyes. Contact with the skin or eyes must be washed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, dizziness, vomiting, drowsiness, weakness, blurred vision, difficulty in breathing, chest pain, labored breathing, nausea, sweating, water in the eyes, trouble swallowing, numbness and muscle spasms and tremors.

**FIRST AID TREATMENT**

Call a doctor, physician, clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition.

**IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED,** start artificial respiration immediately, and maintain until doctor sees victim.

**IF SWALLOWED and victim is awake (conscious)** make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving sodium or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

**IN CASE OF CONTACT,** immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN**

Antidote - Atropine sulfate in large doses. TWO to FOUR mg intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as diagnosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2 PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS. Methyl parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal reflexes have been reported after initial improvement. VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

**POST TREATED AREA**  
Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

<b>ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:</b>	
O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate*	71.7%
Aromatic Petro-chem Solvent	15.9%
<b>INERT INGREDIENTS:</b>	12.4%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
*Methyl Parathion Contains 7.2 Pounds Methyl Parathion per gallon	

**STOP - READ LABEL BEFORE USING!**

**POISON**

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR ANTIDOTE AND PRECAUTIONS



**DANGER**

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

**NOT FOR HOME USE**



**DO NOT SWALLOW**

**CAN KILL IF SWALLOWED**  
This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts. Spray mist may be fatal if swallowed.



**DO NOT TOUCH**

**CAN KILL BY SKIN CONTACT**  
This product can kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).



**DO NOT BREATHE**

**CAN KILL IF BREATHED**  
This product can kill you if vapors or spray mist are breathed.

**POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE**  
This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or by disposal of wastes. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

**HIGHLY TOXIC TO BEES**  
This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**  
RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 is useful for the control of certain insect pests of alfalfa, beans, dry green lima, cabbage and cole crops, collards, kale and mustard greens, corn, cotton, grass (hay pasture), peas, peppers, potatoes, rice, small grains (barley, oats, rye, wheat), sorghum, soybeans, spinach, sugar beets, sweet potatoes, tobacco, and tomatoes.  
RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 may be applied to ground sprayers or by airplane using the RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 emulsion. For air application, spray solution. To make the spray, fill the spray tank with water, agitate, and the proper amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 and then fill the spray tank with water while spraying. Do not use during use. When applying with ground sprayers, calculate so as to apply the recommended amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in less than 3 gallons of water per acre. Airplanes should apply the recommended amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in not less than 1 gallon of water per acre.  
Where a dosage range is given use the lower rate on small or young plants or with light insect infestations, use the higher rate on large or mature plants or with heavy insect infestations.  
The amounts to use given in DIRECTIONS FOR USE are the amounts of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 to apply per acre per application. If additional applications are necessary unless stated otherwise in DIRECTIONS FOR USE.  
There are 16 fluid ounces to a pint.  
The hazards and precautions for handling RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in this container are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application.

**DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.**

**READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT** Use of this product in a manner not in accordance with the directions on this label may be injurious to man, domestic animals, wildlife, aquatic life, and plants, or cause excessive wear and damage to chemical residues or produce other undesirable results.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**  
**ALFALFA:** For control of Aphids, including Pea Aphid and Spotted Alfalfa Aphid, Armyworm, Climbing Cutworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Mites, and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, apply 9 fluid ounces for Grasshoppers and Trips, apply 12 fluid ounces for Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil, apply 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints.  
Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting, or forage use. Do not apply during bloom period to avoid injury to honeybees.

**CLOVER:** For control of Alfalfa Weevil larvae, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces when 75% of terminals show feeding, when buds and shoots appear, and when the larval count reaches 25 per square foot for Alfalfa Armyworm, Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Mites, and Trips, apply 9 to 12 fluid ounces for Alfalfa Weevil adults, Clover Leaf Weevil, and Webworms, apply 9 to 12 fluid ounces for Clover Seed Chalcid and Climbing Cutworms, apply 9 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints.  
Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting, or forage use. Do not apply during bloom period to avoid injury to honeybees.

**BEANS (Dry, Green, Lima):** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Mites, and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/2 pints for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, including Cowpea Curculionid, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
Do not apply later than 20 days before harvest.

**CABBAGE AND COLE CROPS (Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower):** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Mites, and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/2 pints for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, including Cowpea Curculionid, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
Do not apply later than 20 days before harvest.

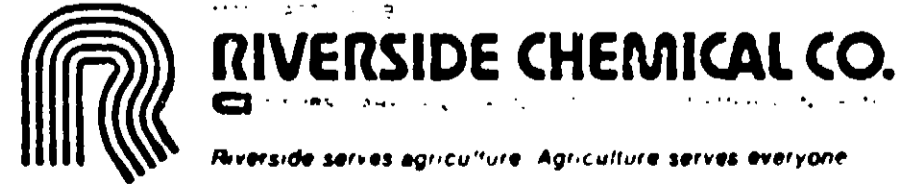
**COLLARDS, KALE AND MUSTARD GREENS:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Mites, and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/2 pints for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, including Cowpea Curculionid, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
Do not apply later than 20 days before harvest.

**CORN:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Climbing Cutworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Mites, and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/2 pints for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, including Cowpea Curculionid, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
Do not apply later than 20 days before harvest.

**COTTON:** For control of Trips, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart and repeat 10 to 15 days later. For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Mites, and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/2 pints for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, including Cowpea Curculionid, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
Do not apply later than 20 days before harvest.

**GRASS (Hay Pasture):** For control of Armyworm, Black Grass Bugs (including Hb. sp.), False Chinch Bug, Grasshoppers, and Leafhoppers, apply 14 fluid ounces.  
Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.

**PEAS:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm (to 3rd instar), Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Mites, apply 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/2 pints for Cowpea Curculionid, Cutworms, including Cowpea Curculionid, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.



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**PEPPERS:** Mites, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**POTATOES:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**CABBAGE:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**RICE:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**SOYBEANS:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**WHEAT:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**SPINACH:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**SUGAR BEETS:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**TOMATOES:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**TOBACCO:** Flea Beetles, apply 1 1/2 pints to 1 quart.  
**DISPOSAL:** See label for disposal instructions.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 is used for the control of certain insect pests of many crops. It is green in color and is odorless. It is a liquid which is easily mixed with water. It is a contact insecticide and is effective against many insects, including: aphids, beet beetles, leafhoppers, grasshoppers, crickets, katydids, cicadas, and true bugs.

RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 may be applied with ground sprayers or by airplane using the RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in water to form an emulsion spray solution. To make the spray solution, fill the spray tank with water, agitate, add the proper amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 and then fill the spray tank with water while stirring. Continue to stir during use. When applying with ground sprayers, calculate so that you apply the recommended amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in less than 3 gallons of water per acre. Airplanes should apply the recommended amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in not less than 1 gallon of water per acre.

When a dosage range is given use the lower rate on small or young plants or with light insect infestations; use the higher rate on large or mature plants or with heavy insect infestations.

The amounts to use given in DIRECTIONS FOR USE are the amounts of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 to apply per acre per application. Repeat applications as necessary unless stated otherwise in DIRECTIONS FOR USE. There are 16 fluid ounces to a pint.

The hazards and precautions for handling RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in this container are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application.

**DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.**

**READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT.** Use of this product in a manner not in accordance with the information on this label may injure or kill humans, domestic animals, wildlife, aquatic life, desirable plants, create excessive and undesirable chemical residues, or produce other undesirable results.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**ALFALFA:** For control of Aphids, including Pea Aphid and Spotted Alfalfa Aphid; Armyworm; Climbing Cutworms; Flea Beetles; Leafhoppers; Lygus Bugs; Mites; and Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 9 fluid ounces for Clover Leaf Weevil and Webworms, apply 9 fluid ounces for Grasshoppers and Thrips, apply 12 fluid ounces for Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil, apply 12 fluid ounces for Thrips.

Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting or forage use. Do not apply during bloom period to avoid injury to honeybees.

**CLOVER:** For control of Alfalfa Weevil larvae, apply 5 to 9 fluid ounces when 75% of terminals show feeding when buds and shoots appear ragged or when the larval count reaches 25 per square foot for Aphids, Armyworm, Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Mites, and Thrips, apply 9 to 14 fluid ounces for Alfalfa Weevil adults, Clover Leaf Weevil and Webworms, apply 9 fluid ounces for Clover Seed Chalcid and Climbing Cutworms, apply 9 fluid ounces for Thrips.

Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting or forage use. Do not apply during bloom period to avoid injury to honeybees.

**BEANS (Dry, Green, Lima):** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Mites, and Spider Bugs, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 fluid ounces for Cabbage Looper, apply 14 fluid ounces for Cowpea Curculio, Cutworms, including Climbing Cutworm, Leafhopper, and Stinkbugs, apply 14 fluid ounces. Do not apply later than 21 days before harvest.

**CABBAGE AND COLE CROPS (Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower):** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Mites, and Spider Bugs, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 fluid ounces for Cabbage Looper, apply 14 fluid ounces for Cowpea Curculio, Cutworms, including Climbing Cutworm, Leafhopper, and Stinkbugs, apply 14 fluid ounces. Do not apply later than 21 days before harvest.

Do not apply later than 10 days before harvest, or over 8 fluid ounces later than 21 days before harvest.

**CUCUMBERS, KALE AND MUSTARD GREENS:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Mites, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 fluid ounces for Cabbage Looper, Cabbage Looper, Stinkbugs, and Thrips, apply 14 fluid ounces for Plant Bugs, apply 14 fluid ounces. Do not apply later than 21 days before harvest.

**CORN:** For control of Aphids, including Corn Leaf Aphid; Armyworm; Corn Root Worm; Climbing Weevil; Corn Rootworm; Climbing Cutworm; Fall Armyworm; Flea Beetles; and True Bugs, apply 12 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 12 days before harvest. Workers entering treated fields within 4 hours after application should wear protective clothing.

**COTTON:** For control of Thrips, apply 12 fluid ounces before beginning the 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10 day intervals.

For heavy weevil control, use with the Boll Weevil, apply 5 to 9 fluid ounces as early as the 2 to 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10 day intervals. For mid-weevil control, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints at the 4-leaf stage and repeat 1 to 3 times at 7 to 10 day intervals. For heavy weevil control, apply 12 fluid ounces as needed for control of heavy weevil migration when the 4-leaf stage is reached.

For control of Cotton Rootworm, Garden Webworm, Flea Beetles, including Cotton Flea Beetle, Spider Mites, including Green and Red Spider Mites, apply 5 to 9 fluid ounces to Armyworm, including Corn Rootworm, Climbing Cutworm, Cutworms, Fall Armyworm, to 3rd instar; False Chinch Bug, Grasshoppers, including Lygus Bugs, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Leafhoppers, Hopper and True Bugs, apply 12 fluid ounces for Armyworms, apply 14 to 16 pints for Bollworm, apply 14 to 16 pints.

Do not apply within 7 days of handling or harvest. Workers entering cotton fields within 24 hours after application should wear protective clothing.

**GRASS (Hay, Pasture):** For control of Armyworm to 3rd instar; Black Grass Bugs (including Tribolium); False Chinch Bug; Grasshoppers; and Leafhoppers, apply 14 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.

**PEAS:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm (to 3rd instar), Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Mites, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Cowpea Curculio, Cutworms (including Climbing and surface feeding species), Cabbage Looper, and Stinkbugs, apply 14 pints.

Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.

**PEPPERS:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Mites, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Cutworms (including Climbing and surface feeding species), Cabbage Looper, and Plant Bugs, apply 14 pints.

**POTATOES:** For control of Aphids and Flea Beetles, apply 6 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Armyworm, Leafhoppers, and Mites, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Cabbage Looper, Plant Bugs (including Lygus Bugs), and Stinkbugs, apply 14 pints. Do not apply later than 5 days before harvest.

**RICE:** For control of Rice Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 9 fluid ounces for Armyworm and Leafhoppers, apply 9 to 14 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.

Crabs, crayfish, and shrimp may be killed. Do not apply where they are important resources.

**SMALL GRAINS (Barley, Oats, Rye, Wheat):** For control of Aphids (including Greenbug), Armyworm (to 3rd instar), Black Grass Bugs, Leafhoppers, Brown Wheat Mite, Winter Grain Mite, and Stinkbugs, apply 6 fluid ounces to 13 fluid ounces for Climbing Cutworms and Barley Thrips, apply 4 fluid ounces for Chinch Bug, False Chinch Bug (barley, oats, and wheat only), Grasshoppers, Spider Mites (barley and wheat only), Say's Stinkbug, and Thrips, apply 14 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.

**SORGHUM:** For control of Corn Leaf Aphid and Spider Mites, apply 9 fluid ounces for Greenbugs, apply 14 fluid ounces for Sorghum Midge, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Aphids, apply 14 pints.

Do not apply later than 21 days before harvest.

Leaf injury may occur on some hybrid varieties. Do not use wetting agents as more severe injury may occur. Spray a few rows a week or so before booting to test effects upon plants.

**SOYBEANS:** For control of Climbing Cutworms, Three Corned Alfalfa Hopper, Thrips, Velvetbean Caterpillar, Webworms (including Garden Webworm), apply 7 to 9 fluid ounces for Armyworm, Fall Armyworm (to 3rd instar), Bean Leaf Beetle, and Grasshoppers, apply 14 pints.

Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting or forage use.

Do not apply more than twice per growing season.

**SPINACH:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Leafhopper, Mites, and Seedcorn Maggot (in rows), apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Cabbage Looper and Plant Bugs, apply 14 pints.

Do not apply later than 21 days before harvest.

**SUGAR BEETS:** For control of Armyworms, Fall Armyworm, Cutworms (including Climbing Cutworms), Flea beetles, Grasshoppers, Leafhoppers, Mites, and Sugar-beet Webworms, apply 5 to 7 fluid ounces for Aphids, Lygus Bugs and Webworms, apply 7 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 20 days before harvest of roots.

Do not apply later than 60 days before harvest if tops are to be fed to livestock.

**SWEET POTATOES:** For control of Aphids, Armyworm (to 3rd instar), Cutworms (including Climbing and surface feeding species), Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Cabbage Looper and Spider Mites, apply 14 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 5 days before harvest.

**TOBACCO:** For control of Aphids (including Green Peach Aphid) and Cutworms (including Climbing and surface feeding species), apply 5 to 9 fluid ounces.

Do not apply later than 5 days before priming.

Do not apply later than 15 days before harvest.

Avoid contact with plant tissues when priming or cutting tobacco. When necessary to enter treated fields within 24 hours after application, protective clothing should be worn.

For control of Green June Beetle, mix 3 1/2 fluid ounces in 100 gallons of water. Apply as a trench to plant beds with a sprinkling can.

Do not apply within 5 days of transplanting.

**TOMATOES:** For control of Aphids, Armyworms, and Tomato Russet Mite, apply 8 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Leafhoppers and Mites, apply 12 fluid ounces to 14 pints for Cabbage Looper, Plant Bugs and Potato Psyllid, apply 14 to 16 pints.

Do not apply later than 10 days before harvest, or over 9 fluid ounces later than 15 days before harvest.

**DISPOSAL OF CONTAINER AND WASTES**

This container should be recycled if possible. When empty, it should be reconditioned by puncturing large holes in the top, bottom, and sides with an instrument that will leave a sharp, thin, metal edge that will be as sharp as possible and buried underground in a hole at least 10 inches of soil covering. This should be done in a place away from habitation and in a place that will not drain into a lake, stream, or pond. Any spray wastes or spillage resulting from the use of this material or the destruction of the container should be neutralized with a dilute solution and buried in a pit with the disposed container.

**NOTICE**

RIVERIDE CHEMICAL COMPANY warrants that the product conforms to its chemical analysis and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with the directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other part of the label confers liability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to RIVERIDE CHEMICAL COMPANY, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.



**METHYL PARATHION, LIQUID**

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