

MAY 23 1968
UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REG. STER-
ED UNDER NO. ~~4112-11~~ SUBJECT
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

RIVERSIDE 6-1.5

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

* Terpene Polychlorinates (65% Chlorine)	55.91%
** O, O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate	13.97%
Xylene (Aromatic Petroleum Distillate)	23.12%

INERT INGREDIENTS:

Atlox 3403 (Atlas Industries)	3.50%
Atlox 3404 (Wilmington, Delaware)	3.50%

TOTAL 100.00%

* Strobane, consisting of Polychlorinates of Camphene, Pinene, and related Terpenes.

** Methyl Parathion

5-23-68

(Type Here)

9729-114

RIVERSIDE 6-3.5

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	PERCENT
* Terpene Polychlorinated (65% Chlorine)	55.91
** O, O Dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate	13.97
Xylene (Aromatic Petroleum Distillate)	23.12
<u>INERT INGREDIENTS</u>	<u>7.00</u>
TOTAL	100.00

* Strobane, consisting of Polychlorinated of Camphene, Pinene, and related Terpenes.
 ** Methyl Parathion

Each gallon of Riverside 6-3.5 contains six pounds Strobane and 1.5 pounds Methyl Parathion. Used as directed will control the following: Thrips, fleahoppers, plant bugs, boll weevils, bollworms, cutworms, armyworms, cotton leafworms, aphids, stink bugs, grasshoppers, corn earworms, green cloverworms, bean leaf beetles, and velvetbean caterpillars.

Skull + Crossbones (Red)	D A N G E R P O I S O N (Red)	Skull + Crossbones (Red)
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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

See antidote statement and other required warning statements on side panels.

MADE BY

RIVERSIDE CHEMICAL COMPANY
MAKES, MISSISSIPPI

Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller and buyer. Buyer uses the prod-

5-23-68

UNDER FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE
ACT FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS, FUNGI,
AND RODENTS REGISTERED UNDER NO. 9779-111

LEFT AND SIDE PANEL

NOT FOR

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

Suitable for use in conventional hydraulic sprayers, low-volume ground applicators, and airplane sprayers. Mix recommended amounts of 6-1.5 by agitation in sufficient water to give thorough uniform plant coverage. Agitate while spraying. If mixture is allowed to stand, re-agitate before use.

If applied by aircraft, the minimum amount of water per acre should be approximately one to five gallons, consistent with crop growth and good coverage. If applied with ground equipment, this rate should be approximately five to fifteen gallons per acre.

Early Season Program: For general early season control, including thrips, plant bugs, and fleasoppers, use one gallon fivefold 6-1.5 to seven acres. Make two or three applications at seven day intervals starting at the first leaf stage. For cutworms, use one gallon to three acres.

Mid Season Control: Use one gallon to six acres to control overwintering moth eggs, plant bugs, aphids, and cutworms. Make repeat treatment at seven day intervals as insect counts indicate they are necessary.

Late Season Control: Use one gallon to five acres to control bollworm, tobacco, and aphids. Use the higher rate for heavy bollworm infestation. Repeat applications at five to seven day intervals as insect counts indicate they are necessary.

CAUTION: Do not apply within five days of hand picking. (Workers entering fields within twenty four hours after application should wear protective clothing.) Do not graze dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter in treated fields.

W A R N I N G

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER

9779-111

Do not feed treated forage to dairy animals or animals intended for slaughter.

Do not contaminate feed or foodstuffs.

This mixture is highly toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not contaminate any body of water nor apply to any area not specified on the label.

Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift of spray or dust from areas treated.

DESTROY all containers when empty, by punching holes in them and burying with wastes, or by burning. (Keep out of smoke).

Rinse equipment and containers and dispose of wastes by burying in noncrop lands away from water supplies.

Do not store near heat or open flame. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not reuse containers for other purposes.

RIGHT HAND SIDE PANEL

P O I S O N

Antidote

IF SWALLOWED: Give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. Call a physician immediately. IF ON SKIN: In case of contact remove contaminated clothing and immediately wash skin with soap and water.

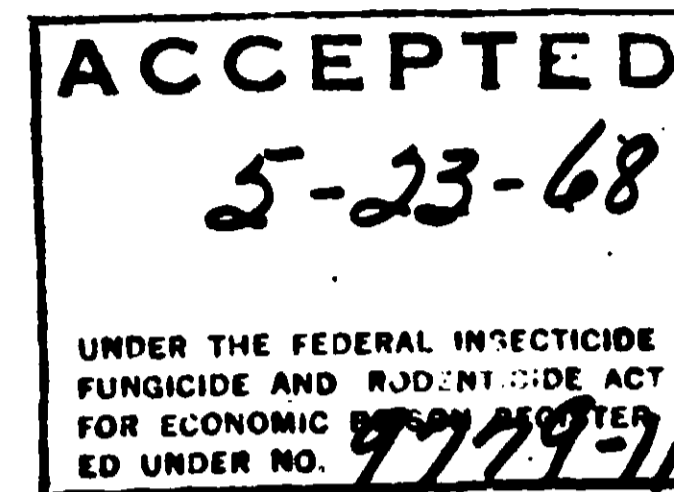
D A N G E R

POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Rapidly absorbed through skin. Wear natural rubber gloves, protective clothing, and goggles.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. In case of contact, remove clothing, wash thoroughly with soap and water; for eyes, flush with plenty of water and get prompt medical attention.

Wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and water before eating or smoking. Wash all contaminated clothing with soap and hot water before reuse.

DO NOT breathe spray mist or vapors. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by U.S. Department of Agriculture for Methyl Parathion protection.



KEEP all unprotected persons and animals out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be danger of drift. Vacated areas should not be reentered until drifting spray mist and volatile residues have dissipated. If headache, dizziness or nausea develops during or after use, get out of contaminated area at once. Get medical attention.

PHYSICIANS NOTE

Methyl Parathion exerts muscarine-like effects--i.e., stimulation of the para-sympathetic nervous system. Repeated use of a para-sympathetic depressant, such as atropine to the limit of a patients tolerance, is indicated to relieve symptoms. The administration of oxygen is helpful. Never give morphine to patients suspected of Parathion poisoning. Strobane produces central nervous system excitation which responds to the barbituric acid derivatives. Refer to "Clinical Handbook on Economic Poisons."