DIRECTIONS FOR USING T-CHLOR

2% ounces of T-Chlor (1/3 cup, 2/3 tea cup: n 10 gallons of water will make a solution containing 200 parts of available chlorine in one million parts of solution. For smaller amounts, use about two teaspoonfuls T-Chlor to each gallon of water.) This is the concentration recommended by the U.S. Public Health Service. The concentration must be kept well above 50 parts per million during disinfection of utensils, etc., to insure satisfactory results, it must be borne in mind that a solution in use will decrease in concentrations as it comes in contact with metal surfaces, and organic matter such as milk residues, etc. For this reason the higher concentration is necessary. Always use clear, cool, water for making the solution.

If a concentration in excess of 200 ppm is used for the rinsing of dairy and food processing equipment, or for eating utensils, a final potable water rinse must be made prior to use of the equipment or utensils.

Degrades with age. Use a Test Kit and increase dosage as necessary to obtain required level of available chlorine.

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard it.

RESTAURANT SANITATION: Eating utensils, dishes, glasses, etc., should be thoroughly cleaned and rinsed and immersed in a solution for at least 2 minutes, with not less than 200 parts per million, 2% ounces in 10 gallons water. After washing ice boxes, shelves and containers on which foods are stored, use a solution containing 2 teaspoonfuls of T-Chlor to each gallon of water. Cover thoroughly, making sure solution touches all surfaces.

BOTTLES, CAN, PAILS AND GENERAL DAIRY EQUIPMENT: Clean articles thoroughly with warm water and cleansing powder and rinse with clear water. Immerse the articles in the hypochlorite solution, 3½ oz. in 12 gal. water or rinse the inside surfaces of larger equipment such as tanks, vats, pasteurizers, coolers, etc.

BREWERY AND BEVERAGE EQUIPMENT should be thoroughly cleaned with alkali solution, rinse with water, then allow the solution of 3½ oz. to 12 gal. water to flow through pipe, hose, etc. Spray inside tanks.

FIRST AID

External — wash with water.

Internal — Drink mucilage, raw egg white, milk or rice gruel. Follow with emetic (tablespoon of mustard in a tumbler of warm water). Call physician.

In the pipe face in ye total gallons in line. Use 2% oz.

IG. LIGHT AND HEAT HASTEN T-CHLOR IS FULL STRENGTH D REPLACED WITH A FRESH

IY CAUSE DAMAGE.

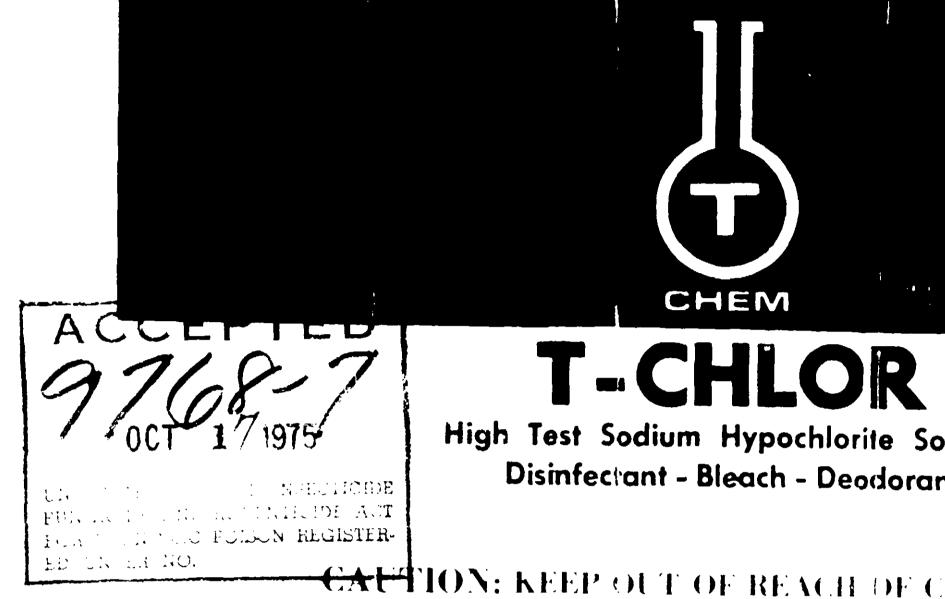
measure out two cupfuls (standard to any convenient volume, say 5 ace. Frequent tests of pool water d be treated again, this time using ationship to remember is: to treat 0.6 to 1.0 residual chlorine.

of T Chlor on hand at all times to me is the lowest limit if ammonia

increase the dose given above the

visible dut and then take with a

d where it will drain into fixe,, nent, a disposal of waster. Apply



May be harmful if swallowed. Skin and eye contact may of Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

In case of contact flush eyes or skin with plen

EPA Est. No. 9786-UT-1 EPA Reg. No. 97 Contents 5 Gallons

ACTIVE INGREDIENT Sodium Hypochlorite
INERT INGREDIENTS

THATCHER CHEMICAL COI

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84106



ACTIVE INGREDIENT

Chlorine......100%

EPA Reg. No. 9768-21

DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN HAZAR POUS LIQUID AND GAS COMPRESSED



POISON



In case of Exposure: Remove patient to fresh air, keep him warm and quiet and call a physician.

Chlorine is under pressure which increases when warmed. Vapor Hazardous. DO NQT INHALE. Have available emergency gas masks approved by U.S., Bureau of Mines for Chlorine service. AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES.

DO NOT HEAT CYLINDER
DO NOT STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

