PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO NUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIHALS

CAUTION: Keep away from humans, domestic enimals and pets. May be fatal or harmful if availoused or absorbed through skin. Do not breathe dust. Avoid eye or skin contact. Use rubber gloves if contact with skin may occur when placing beit. Avoid contamination of food or foodstuffs. Avoid eye or skin contact with acid. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

L) This product is toxic to wildlife and fish. Birds and other wildlife feeding on treated grain may be killed; 2) Do not apply on open growné, roads and areas in which no vegetation occurs. Pick we and dispose of all spilled toxic bait; 3) Keep out of lakes, streams, ponds and all aquetic systems. Do not apply where runoff from this product will enter an aquatic system; 4) Check for and dispose of excess or spoiled bait and carcasses daily until the baits are expended or are removed.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS

Before field use of this product, consult Federal, State, and local game authorities to determine if the following wildlife are found in the area. If so, observe the following:

Whooping Crane (Crus smericans). Do not use this product during the period 30 days prior to arrival and 30 days after the whooping crane leaves known crane habitat.

CALIFORNIA:

Do not use this product within 3 mile of selt marsh product within 3 mile of selt marsh vegetation and/or brackish water wetlands which are locuted 1) near or adjacent to San Pablo Bay or 2) in the Secramento River below or adjacent to the confluence of the Sacramento River and the San Joaquin River.

Morro Bay Kangeroo Rat (Dipodomys heermanni morroensis) and Gient Kangeroo Rat. Do not use this product within 23 miles of Baywood Park which is located on Morro Bay.

Aleutian Canada Goose (Branta canadensis leucopareia). Do not use this product from October to March in the Federally closed goose hunting areas in the State of California. See current Duck and Good Hunting gene laws for current map.

TEXAS:

Attwaters Greated Prairie Chicken (Tympanuchus cupido attwateri). Do not use this product in the presently occupied range of the Attwater Greater Prairie Chicken in the following Texas counties: Aransas, Austin. Brazoris, Colorado, Devitt, Fort Bend, Galveston, Goliad, Harris, Refugio; Victoris, Waller, and Wharton.

UTAH: Utah Prairie Dog (Cynomys parvidens). Do not use this product in the range of the Utah Prairie Dog.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE DUE TO HIGH ACUTE TOXICITY

For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification.

This is the Way ZINC PHOSPHIDE BAIT for GROUND SQUIRRELS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

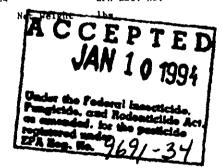
Any persons applying zinc phosphide products and experiencing signs and symptoms such as nauses, abdominal pain, tightness in the chest, or weskness, should be seen by a physician immediately.

IF SUALLOWED: Immediately call a Poison Control Center or physician, or transport the patient to the nearest hospital, not drink water. Do not administer anything by mouth or make the putient vomit unless advised to do so by a obvaician.

Tr in EYES: Flush with plent of water. Cet medical attention if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Remove conteminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water.

Manufactured by: Mammal Survey & Control Service 6148 S. W. Valley Avc. Beaverton, OR 97005 EPA Reg. No. 9691-34 EPA Est. No.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner which is inconsistent with its labeling.

for control of the following ground squirrels:

Golden-Hantled (<u>Spermophilus interalis</u>); Belding's (<u>Spermophilus beldinsi</u>); Richardson's (<u>Spermophilus richardsonii</u>); Columbian (<u>Spermophilus columbianus</u>); Washington's (<u>Spermophilus tridecemilestus</u>); Townsend's (<u>Spermophilus tridecemilestus</u>); Townsend's (<u>Spermophilus tridecemilestus</u>); Columbianus); California (<u>Spermophilus beechevi</u>)

For use in rangeland and in noncrop areas including lawns, ornamental plantings, golf courses, nurseries, and noncrop right of way. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

USE RESTRICTIONS: Zinc phosphide beits must not be applied on roads, over water or where plants are grown to food or feed.

PREBAITING: Prebait with 4 grams (one teampoon) of untrested out groats or steam rolled outs on each mound or adjacent feeding area 2-3 days prior to applying toxic bait. Prebaiting has been shown to provide more consistent acceptance by target species when baiting with acute toxicants.

MAND SAITING: Apply bait only in eross where untreated bait was consumed. Apply by hand as a aix inch bait spot on each sound or adjacent feeding area. Application rate should not exceed 4 grams (one teaspoon) per bait spot. Collect and bury all visible carcesses of ground squirrels.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT CONTAMINATE VATER FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL STORAGE: Store only in original container in a cool, dry place inaccessible to children and sets. Do not stack containers more than three high. Rotate containers and to end at least once a wonth. Keep containers away from children, sets and domestic animals. Avaid contamination of other penticides, fartilizers, food or faed. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide vastes are ecutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess posticide, spilled belt, or ringate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes ecannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Penticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Maxerdous Vaste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance for proper procedures under the Resource Conservation Recevery Act. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag by sheking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles.

COMPLETER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag by sheling and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of bags in a senitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, atay out of smoke.

Above:

1st DRAFT revised label change for required rewording of 'STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT' by EPA ltr Oct. 18, 1993, after EPA Registration Transfer of Sept. 13, 1993, to Mammal Survey & Control Service (EPA Reg. No. 9691-34) from Oregon Rodent Control Outfitters (EPA Reg. No. 5042-29).

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