Reg # 9671-28

FEB 2 : 1994

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Mr. Wayne A. Young Mammal Survey & Control Service 6148 S.W. Valley Avenue Beaverton, OR 97005

Dear Mr. Young:

Subject: ORCO GOPHER BAIT

EPA Registration No. 9691-28

Your Progress Report of December 15, 1993 and

Your Submission of January 6, 1994

We have reviewed your progress report for the period from September 10, 1993, to December 10, 1993. We also have considered the Strychnine Data Submitters Consortium's proposals for "bridging" Density data (Guideline No. 63-7) and Storage Stability data (Guideline No. 63-17) among certain types of Strychnine pocket gopher baits.

We have determined that we can "bridge" Density data from one product to another only if the formations are identical or if the two products are single-grain formulations containing the same type of whole grain and a similar Strychnine concentration. As the grain used in 9691-28 corresponds sufficiently closely to one for which the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS/USDA) has made Density data available for citation by members of the Consortium, there are data on file with the Agency that could be "bridged" to satisfy the Density data requirement for 9691-28. The MRIP Number to cite for the study relevant to this product is 429707-01. As this number is mentioned in materials appended to your letter of December 15, 1993, we will consider that you have cited this study for 9691-28. Please let us know if this is unacceptable and you plan to have your own Density study run for this product. The mean bulk density for the milo-based bait tested (not identical to 8007-1) was 0.740 g/ml. If you revise this product's formula to match that which you formerly used for 9691-21 (see below), you should cite the Density data generated with that formulation.

Regarding Storage Stability, we have concluded that not only the composition but also the manufacturing process and facility can affect the retention of Strychnine on grain baits. Therefore, we have rejected the proposal for "bridging" Storage Stability data and are continuing to require formulation specific Storage Stability data and registrant.

SYMBOL)
SURNAME DATE

If you do not choose to amend this product's formulation as discussed below, you must arrange to have a Storage Stability study initiated at once and must provide to us in your next progress report a schedule indicating when the study will be completed and when a report of the final results will be submitted. This report is due no later than 18 months from the date of this letter.

We have reviewed your submission of January 6, 1994. Our comments are listed below.

1. In order to use the product chemistry data which you previously submitted for your old product 9691-21, you must change the formulation of this product (9691-28) to match that which was used for 9691-21 when the data were generated. When various registrations were transferred to you from Oregon Rodent Control Outfitters (ORCO), the product which once was 9691-21 was not among them. Instead, product 5042-11, which originated with ORCO, was transferred to you. As 5042-11 was not identical in formulation to 9691-21, the chemistry data generated for 9691-21 (including an accepted Storage Stability study) cannot be applied to 9691-28 unless its formula is changed from that used for 5042-11 to that used for 9691-21 when the data were generated. To do this, you must submit an appropriately revised Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF).

Please decide whether you wish to amend the formulation of this product as discussed above or to retain the formulation which ORCO used for 5042-11 and meet the outstanding data requirements for that formulation. Inform us of your decision within 30 days of the date of this letter.

2. The proposed revised label is acceptable. When you print labels, change "decreased" to "decreases" in the second sentence of the "BAITING" directions for the "Probe Method." The heading "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" should be in larger print than that used for "USE RESTRICTIONS" and "BAITING" to make it apparent that "USE RESTRICTIONS" and "BAITING" are part of the "DIRECTIONS FOR USE."

Submit five copies of final printed labeling before you release this product for shipment.

Sincerely yours,

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

Robert A. Forrest Product Manager 14 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

PHECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Complete Palent Palenton & St. ed. De not breethe dust. De not contan

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to Esh, birds, and other widite. Buts aspected on soil surface may be hazardous to birds and lie. Do not apply directly to lakes, streams or ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS

NOTICE: The Lilling of a member of an endangered species during snychnine beiting operations may result in a fine under the Endangered Species Act. Before being, the user is advised to contact the regional U.S. Fish and Wildligh Service (Endangered Species Specialists or the local Fish and Game Office for specific information on endanger@h . Strychnine bars should not be used in the geographic ranges of the following species and procedures approved by the USEPA California Condor, Sim Joaquim Kri Fox, Aleukan Morro Bity Kangeroo Ral, Gray Wolf, and Grizzly Rear

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

water, tood or feed by storage or disposal

STORAGE: Store only in original labeled container, in a cool and dry place inaccessible to children, pets and domestic animals. Do not stack containers more than three high. Do not store directly on concrete floors or concrete walls avoid containination of other pesticides, tertilizers, load and lead.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL. Pesticide reastes are acusely hezardous improper disposal of excess pesticide, spifled built or innante is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bug by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to icosen clinging periodes Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of bugs in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smake

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner which is inconsistent with its laboling.

USE RESTRICTIONS

This product may be used on congelland, posture, couplind, and nonagricultral areas to control northern packet gaphers (Insman's talpoider). Southern maket gaphers (I. umprings), mountain pocket gaphers (I. umprings), famous packet gaphers (I. holbivarus), Valley packet gaphers (I. bottle), larams packet gaphers (I. maxims), fownsend's packet gaphers (I. townsendis). and plains pocket gophers (Geomes bursurius). Batt may be applied manually or by use of burrow-builder equipment.

Bait must be applied directly into underground burrow Systems. No not apply this product over food or feed crops.

BAITING

ARTIFICIAL BURROW BUILDER METHOD: Follow manufacturer's instruction for the equipment used to apply pocket gopher bast. Adjust turpedo depth to intercept main runways of natural hurrow agatems used by purket gophers. Apply I to 2 pounds of bait per acre, spacing artificial burrows 20 to 30 feer upit and orienting their to intercept as many popher tunnels as possible. Use this method only when soil condition is proper for formulation of good, artificial burrows.

HAND BATTING

Lateral Tunnels Sethod: Remove burrow plugs from the flat sides of tan-shaped pocket gopher Using a long-handled spoon, insert one tenspoon of bait into the main runways system. Close tunnel with soil. The not permit oil to cover boit.

Probe Serbod: To be ite with underground runways, use in trou bar, a commercial gopher probe, or other sustable implement and probe ground 5-12 inches away from pocket gopher wounds, starting on the flar side of the fam. When resistance on the probe decreased abruptly, probe is main runway. Insert one tablespoon of batt through probe hole and cover opening securely with sod or a rock to exclude entry of light, taking care not to permit soil to cover bait. Treat each burrow system at 2-5 locations.

One pound of hait will treat 1 to 8 acres, depending upon the desiry of pocket godier burenes

Submitted to EPA: JAN 6 1994

RESTRICTED USE PESTI DUE TO HIGH ACUTE TOX

For retail sale and use only by Certi or persons under their direct supervi ACCEPTED for those uses covered by the Certifi LA COMMESTS Lancitication.

EB 2 8 1994

This Is The Way

Inert Ingredients.....

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF C DANGER

POSON



POISON

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREAT

IF SWALLOWED: CALL A PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENT ten (10) minutes has passed since poison was taken, give 1 to 2 vomiting by touching back of throat with linger. Repeat until vomit down in quiet, darkened room and keep him warm and quiet. Do not infroncious person.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air Apply artificial respiration if IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

- 4. Administer 100% OXYGEN by positive pressure to provide as muc possible, despite seizures.
- B. Administer ANTICONVULSANT DRUGS intravenously to control or difficult or impossible to stop the seizure activity without stopping resp pulmonary ventilation mechanically. Tracheolomy may be necessary i SEE OTHER PANEL FOR OTHER PRECAUTIONARY

Mammal Survey & Control Service 6148 S. W. Valley Ave. Beaverton, OR

Net Weight

2d DRAFT label change according to EP. changing label to 'RESTRICTED USE' an-FOR USE'.

Type size on final approved labe

- 1. DANGER 18 pt.
 - KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILD
 - STORAGE and DISPOSAL 12 pt

BEST AVAILABLE CO