CHEMSICO RTU MP

For Outdoor Residential Use Only

0.2 - 0.2 - 0.2

OPTIONAL CLAIMS

Ilnsect and Disease Control Plus Fertilizer • Feeds and protects Ifrom insects and disease] • Contains Fertilizer • Feeds and Protects - all in one! • Feeds and protects [houseplants, roses, flowers and ornamental shrubs] • Triple action formula • 3-in-1 formula • 3-in-1 plant care • All-in-one [plant care] solution • Eliminates the need for multiple products • One step protection [from insects and disease] • One step feeding and protection . Works 3 ways . Fertilizes[houseplants, rose, flowers] . Protects plants and provides [primary] nutrients • Protects plants and promotes [encourages] plant vigor • Promotes rapid blooming • For beautiful blooms on [roses, flowers, houseplants and ornamental shrubs] • Fast acting • Ready-to-Use • Easy to Apply • Handy [easy to use] [trigger] sprayer • Protects from disease up to 2 weeks and fertilizes ● Systemic action ● Can't be washed [off] away by rain once spray has dried ● Water-based • Kills insects [pests] [on contact] • Kills harmful insects on contact • Quickly kills insects [on contact] . Kills harmful insects such as aphids, spider mites and others listed on contact . Protects roses, flowers, houseplants and ornamental shrubs from ants, aphids, chinch bugs, spider mites and many [other] [more] similar insects . Prevents and cures diseases on roses, flowers, houseplants and ornamental shrubs . Perfect for roses, flowers, houseplants and ornamental shrubs . Controls powdery mildew, black spot, rust, lights and leaf spot . Prevents and cures black spot, rust, powdery mildew, blights and other listed diseases

A	\cti	٧E	: Ir	ngr	edi	ents:	

Myclobutanil		0.012%
Permethrin	***************************************	0.020%
Other Ingredients:		99.968%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION See back for additional precautionary statements

NET 16 FL. OZ. (473 mL)

ACCEPTED

- DEC - 3 2002

[Bracketed Text] = Optional Language Wader the

ader the mai insecticide, and insecticide Act as the posticide Act as the posticide

OPTIONAL MARKETING LANGUAGE

[Chemsico RTU MP protects roses, flowers and ornamental shrubs from damaging diseases and insects. Its unique formula can actually prevent diseases and is ideal for use on delicate ornamentals.] [Chemsico RTU MP feeds and protects your plants from insects [and disease] – all in one product.]

[Kills harmful insects including aphids, spider mites, leafhoppers, whiteflies and other listed insects.]

[Chemsico RTU MP prevents and stops a wide variety of diseases and insects on roses, flowers and shrubs. It can't be washed off by rain or sprinklers once dried and it works against diseases for up to 2 weeks. Use this product throughout your yard [and in flower [or plant] beds] to keep plants thriving.]

[Prevents and cures...Black Spot, Brown Patch, Dollar Spot, Powdery Mildew, Rust, Blight and Leaf Spot. Also kills...aphids, spider mites, leafhoppers...and many [other] [more] similar insects!]

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS Total Nitrogen (N)	0.2%
Available Phosphate (P ₂ 0 ₅)	0.2%
Soluble Potash (K₂0)	0.2%
Derived from: Urea, dipotassium phosphate.	

[Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: www.regulatory-info-sb.com]. [When applied as directed, this product meets the guidelines for metals adopted by the Association of American Plant Food Control Officials.]

STOP. READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE.

[Option: Stop. Read all instructions inside before using.]

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Page 1 of 5

DIRECTIONS FOR A HAND SPRAYER

- Shake well.
- Connect trigger sprayer: Unscrew and discard the white cap on the bottle. Insert the hose into the bottle and tighten the cap securely.
- Prime Sprayer: Turn the sprayer nozzle one-half turn counter-clockwise. Hold
 the sprayer lower than the bottle and squeeze the trigger several times until it
 sprays. Adjust the nozzle to a fine mist (graphic).
- Begin early in the season. Start treating when insects first appear or conditions favoring disease start to develop.
- 5. Hold sprayer at least 18 inches from foliage when treating.
- Can be used on: Ageratum, aster, azalea, begonia, carnation, chrysanthemum, iris, lilac, marigold, mock-orange, ninebark, pansy, petunia, privet, rhododendron, rose, salvia, snapdragon, spirea, sunflower, zinnia.
- Spray with a slow sweeping motion, covering both upper and lower leaf surfaces and the stem.
- For best results, repeat every 10 14 days.

INSECTS CONTROLLED

Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Thrips (exposed), Whiteflies.

DISEASES CONTROLLED

PLANTS	DISEASES	
Rose ⁽¹⁾	Black spot, Powdery mildew, Rust	
Azalea (2), Rhododendron (2)	Petal blight (ovulinia spp.) Powdery mildew	
Carnation, Mock-orange, Pansy, Petunia, Salvia, Snapdragon, Sunflower	Powdery mildew, Rust	
Ageratum, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Columbine, Cornflower, Iris, Marigold	Rust	
Begonia, Lilac, Spirea	Powdery mildew	
Privet, Zinnia	Cercospora leaf spot, Powdery mildew	

- Treat on a 7 to 10 day schedule. If black spot is not a problem, a 10 to 14 day schedule is recommended.
- 2. Bagin spraying when flowers start to show color.

USE TIPS

- When using this product on plants not listed, test on a small area first.
- Do not spray if temperature is above 90 °F as damage to some delicate plants can occur.
- Spray early in the morning or late in the evening, when air is still.
- If it rains before product has dried re-apply.
- Regular light sprayings are more effective than a single heavy treatment.

HOUSEPLANTS (FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY)

- Remove plants to outside area.
- Make sure your plants have been well watered and are in good condition before using this product.
- · Mist both the top and underside of leaf surfaces.
- Allow plant to dry before returning indoors.

SENSITIVE PLANT CARE

Use with care on ferns, palms and fuchsia. As with all plants, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To test for plant sensitivity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Turn the nozzle to "OFF" position and store with sprayer above the level of liquid in container to prevent leakage. Store in cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. Keep from freezing. **Disposal: If empty:** Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-CLEANUP for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

DIRECTIONS FOR A TRIGGER SPRAYER

- 1. Shake well.
- 2. Adjust nozzle to fine mist (graphic).
- Begin early in the season. Start treating when insects first appear or conditions favoring disease start to develop.
- 4. Hold sprayer at least 18 inches from foliage when treating.
- Can be used on: Ageratum, aster, azalea, begonia, carnation, chrysanthemum, iris, lilac, marigold, mock-orange, ninebark, pansy, petunia, privet, rhododendron, rose, salvia, snapdragon, spirea, sunflower, zinnia.
- Spray with a slow sweeping motion, covering both upper and lower leaf surfaces and the stem.
- 7. For best results, repeat every 10 14 days.

INSECTS CONTROLLED

Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Thrips (exposed), Whiteflies

DISEASES CONTROLLED

PLANTS	DISEASES
Rose (1)	Black spot, Powdery mildew, Rust
Azalea (2), Rhododendron (2)	Petal blight (ovulinia spp.) Powdery mildew
Carnation, Mock-orange, Pansy, Petunia, Salvia, Snapdragon, Sunflower	Powdery mildew, Rust
Ageratum, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Columbine, Cornflower, Iris, Marigold	Rust
Begonia, Lilac, Spirea	Powdery mildew
Privet, Zinnia	Cercospora leaf spot, Powdery mildew

- Treat on a 7 to 10 day schedule. If black spot is not a problem, a 10 to 14 day schedule is recommended.
- 2. Begin spraying when flowers start to show color.

USE TIPS

- When using this product on plants not listed, test on a small area first.
- Do not spray if temperature is above 90 O F as damage to some delicate plants can occur.
- Spray early in the morning or late in the evening, when air is still.
- If it rains before product has dried re-apply.
- Regular light sprayings are more effective than a single heavy treatment.

HOUSEPLANTS FOR ('UTDOOR USE ONLY)

- Remove plants to outside area.
- Make sure your plants have been well watered and are in good condition before using this product.
- Mist both the top and underside of leaf surfaces.
- · Allow plant to dry before moving indoors.

SENSITIVE PLANT CARE

Use with care on ferns, palms and fuchsia. As with all plants, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To test for plant sensitivity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Turn the nozzle to "OFF" position and store with sprayer above the level of liquid in container to prevent leakage. Store in cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. Keep from freezing. Disposal: If empty: Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-CLEANUP for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

OPTIONAL FORMAT

DIRECTIONS FOR A HAND SPRAYER

USE ON

Ageratum, aster, azalea, begonia, carnation, chrysanthemum, iris, lilac, marigold, mock-orange, ninebark, pansy, petunia, privet, rhododendron, rose, salvia, snapdragon, spirea, sun-flower, zinnia.

INSECTS CONTROLLED

Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Thrips (exposed), Whiteflies

DISEASES CONTROLLED

PLANTS	DISEASES
Rose (1)	Black spot, Powdery mildew, Rust
Azalea ⁽²⁾ , Rhododendron ⁽²⁾	Petal blight (ovulinia spp.) Powdery mildew
Carnation, Mock-orange, Pansy, Petunia, Salvia, Snapdragon, Sunflower	Powdery mildew, Rust
Ageratum, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Columbine, Comflower, Iris, Marigold	Rust
Begonia, Lilac, Spirea	Powdery mildew

PLANTS	DISEASES
Privet, Zinnia	Cercospora leaf spot, Powdery mildew

- 1. Treat on a 7 to 10 day schedule. If black spot is not a problem, a 10 to 14 day schedule is recommended.
- 2.Begin spraying when flowers start to show color.

HOW TO TREAT

- 1. Shake well.
- Adjust nozzle to fine mist (graphic).
- 3. Begin early in the season. Start treating when insects first appear or conditions favoring disease start to develop.
- 4. Hold sprayer at least 18 inches from foliage when treating.
- 5. Can be used on: Ageratum, aster, azalea, begonia, carnation, chrysanthemum, iris, lilac, marigold, mock-orange, ninebark, pansy, petunia, privet, rhododendron, rose, salvia, snapdragon, spirea, sunflower, zinnia.
- 6. Spray with a slow sweeping motion, covering both upper and lower leaf surfaces and the stem.
- 7. For best results, repeat every 10 14 days.

USE TIPS

- When using this product on plants not listed, test on a small area first. Do not spray if temperature is above 90 °F as damage to some delicate plants can occur.
- Spray early in the morning or late in the evening, when air is still.
- If it rains before product has dried re-apply.
- Regular light sprayings are more effective than a single heavy treatment...

HOUSEPLANTS (FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY)

- Remove plants to outside area.
- Make sure your plants have been well watered and are in good condition before using this product.
- Mist both the top and underside of leaf surfaces.
- Allow plant to dry before moving indoors.

SENSITIVE PLANT CARE

Use with care on ferns, palms and fuchsia. As with all plants, especially carnations, chrysanthemunis, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To test for plant sensitivity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Turn the nozzle to "OFF" position and store with sprayer above the level of liquid in container to prevent leakage. Store in cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. Keep from freezing, Disposal: If empty: Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-CLEANUP for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

DIRECTIONS FOR A TRIGGER SPRAYER

USE ON

Ageratum, aster, azalea, begonia, carnation, chrysanthemum, iris, lilac, marigold, mock-orange, ninebark, pansy, petunia, privet, rhododendron, rose, salvia, snapdragon, spirea, sun-flower, zinnia.

INSECTS CONTROLLED

Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Thrips (exposed), Whiteflies

DISEASES CONTROL I ED

PLANTS	DISEASES		
Rose ⁽¹⁾	Black spot, Powdery mildew, Rust		
Azalea ⁽²⁾ , Rhododendron ⁽²⁾	Petal blight (ovulinia spp.) Powdery mildew		
Carnation, Mock-orange, Pansy, Petunia, Salvia, Snapdragon, Sunflower	Powdery mildew, Rust		
Ageratum, Aster, Chrysanthemum, Columbine, Cornflower, Iris, Marigold	Rust		
Begonia, Lilac, Spirea	Powdery mildew		
Privet, Zinnia	Cercospora leaf spot, Powdery mildew		

- 1. Treat on a 7 to 10 day schedule. If black spot is not a problem, a 10 to 14 day schedule is recommended.
- 2.Begin spraying when flowers start to show color.



HOW TO TREAT

- 1. Shake well.
- 2. Adjust nozzle to fine mist (graphic).
- 3. Begin early in the season. Start treating when insects first appear or conditions favoring disease start to develop.
- 4. Hold sprayer at least 18 inches from foliage when treating.
- 5. Spray with a slow sweeping motion, covering both upper and lower leaf surfaces and the stem.
- 6. For best results, repeat every 10 14 days.

USE TIPS

- When using this product on plants not listed, test on a small area first. Do not spray if temperature is above 90 $^{\rm O}$ F as damage to some delicate Þ plants can occur.
- Spray early in the morning or late in the evening, when air is still.
- If it rains before product has dried re-apply.
- Regular light sprayings are more effective than a single heavy treatment.

HOUSEPLANTS (FOR OUTDOOR USE ONLY)

- Remove plants to outside area.
- Make sure your plants have been well watered and are in good condition before using this product.
- Mist both the top and underside of leaf surfaces.
- Allow plant to dry before moving indoors.

SENSITIVE PLANT CARE

Use with care on ferns, palms and fuchsia. As with all plants, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To test for plant sensitivity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Storage: Turn the nozzle to "OFF" position and store with sprayer above the level of liquid in container to prevent leakage. Store in cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. Keep from freezing. Disposal: If empty: Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800-CLEANUP for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

First Aid

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a Poison Control Center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or going for treatment.

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

Questions or comments? Call 1-800-332-5553

Made in the USA by Chemsico, Division of United Industries Corporation, P.O. Box 142642, St. Louis, MO 63114-0642

EPA Reg. No. 9688-121

EPA Est. No. 9688-MO-1

© 2002