**DIRECTIONS:** For new pools or pools that have been using other materials for chlorination, water preparation, conditioning is necessary in order to obtain the maximum efficiency from CL-90 Pool Chlorine Tablets.

## **CONDITIONING:**

- 1. Filter should be clean. As a precautionary measure filter should be backwashed and allowed to operate continuously for at least 8 hours. Do not add Alum to sand and gravel filters for at least 24 hours.
- 2. Water should be tested with an accurate test set. Test pH level and adjust it to 7.2 7.6. If it is below 7.2 add pH correct. If it is above 7.6 add Dry Acid.
- 3. Allow one to two hours for total dispersal. Test water again and adjust to 7.2 to 7.6.
- 4. Superchlorinate with 8 oz. of calcium hypochlorite or with 1 gallon of 10-14% sodium hypochlorite for each 20,000 gallons of water. Caution—never permit swimming or swimmers during superchlorination period or while chlorine residual is above 2.0 ppm.
- 5. Check the chlorine residual the following day. If the chlorine test shows less than 1.0 ppm chlorine residual, repeat the same superchlorination as explained above. Never permit the residual to go below 1.0 ppm at any time.

## **REGULAR TREATMENT:**

Simply drop CL-90 Pool Chlorine Tablets into the skimmer basket as needed to maintain a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm. Test chlorine level daily. Amount and frequency of application will vary with water temperature and bather load. CL-90 Pool Chlorine Tablets dissolve slowly and provide continuous chlorination of pool water for several days.

When using CL-90 Pool Chlorine Tablets as a refill for automatic chlorinators or floating dispensers, see the chlorinator instructions from the chlorinator manufacturer.

## DANGER:

Causes eye damage. May cause burns or irritation to broken or damp skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Inhalation of dust may irritate nose and throat.

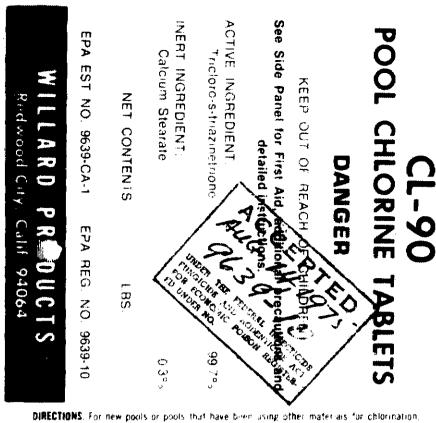
Oxidizing materials; do not mix with other chemicals. Contact with organic matter, heat, moisture or contamination with any foreign matter may cause fire.

# FIRST AID:

Internally—Feed bread soaked in milk followed by olive oil or cooking oil.

Externally or in eyes—Immediately flood with cold water for at least 15 minutes. Call a Physician for eyes or ingestion (or if swallowed).

KEEP LID CLOSED • RINSE EMPTY CONTAINER THOROUGHLY WITH WATER AND DISCARD IT.



water preparation conditioning is necessary in order to obtain the maximum efficiency from CC 90 Pool Chlorine Tablets CONDITIONING:

- I Fifter should be clean. As a precautionary measure filter should be backwashed and allowed to operate continuously for at least 8 hours. Do not add Alum to said and gravel fifters for at least 24 hours.

  I Water should be tested with an accorate test set. Test pH level and adjust it to 7.2...76.
- fis below 7.2 add pH correct. If it is above 7.6 add Cry Acid.
- wione to two hours for total dispersal. This water again and adjust to 7.2 to 7.6. 4 Superchiorinate with 8 oz of calcium hypochloride or with 1 gallon of 10.12 to 7.6.

  4 Superchiorinate with 8 oz of calcium hypochloride or with 1 gallon of 10.14% sodium hypochloride for each 20.000 gallons of water Caution never permit swimmong or swimmers during superchlorination period or while chlorine residual is above 2.0 ppm.

  5 Check the chlorine residual the following day if the chlorine test shows less than 1.0 opm chlorine lesidual, repeat the same superchiorination as explained above. Never permit the residual to gni below 1% ppm at any time.

#### REGULAR TREATMENT

Simply drop CL 90 Poc. Chlorine Tablets into the skimmer basket as needed to monitain a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm. Test chlorine evel daily. Amount and frequency of application will vary with water temperature and bather load. CL 90 Pool Chlorine Tablets dissolve.

sluwly and provide continuous chlorination of pool water for several days. When using CL 30 Pool Chlorine Tabrets as a refull for automatic chlorinators or floating dispensers, see the chlorinator instructions from the chlorinator manufacturer.

DANGER:

Causes eye damage. May cause burns or irritation to broken or damp skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing, inhalation of oust may irritate nose and throat. Oxidizing materials, do not mix with other chemicals. Contact with organic matter, heat. moisture or contamination with any foreign matter may cause fire FIRST AID:

Internally for ead soaked in milk followed by olive oil or cooking oil.

Externally or in exest immediately flood with cold water for at least 15 minutes. Call a Physician for eyes or ingestion for if swallowed.

KEEP LID CLOSED . RINSE EMPTY CONTAINER THOROUGHLY WITH WATER AND DISCARD IT.



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