

(ANTIMICROBIAL AGENT)

Active Ingredient:

If in eyes:

Methylene bis (thiocyanate) 10%

Inert Ingredients:

(FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY) KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER

First Aid - Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes

	- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then
	continue rinsing eye.
	- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
f swallowed:	- Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment
	advice.
	 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
	- Don not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison
	control center or doctor.
	- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
f on skin	- Take off contaminated clothing.
or clothing:	- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
	- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment.
f inhaicd:	- Move person to fresh air
	- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give
	artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment

Have product container, label or label information with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. Note to physiciau: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contact CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300 for additional information

See side panel for additional precautionary statements

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARD TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER. Corrosive, causes eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reusing. Avoid contamination of food. Harmful or fatal if swallowed.

9386 -

PCAC 1 82

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use, spill, pour or store near open flame.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL:

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

STORAGE: Protect from freezing and temperatures in excess of 140°F. Keep container closed when not in use. If contents are spilled or leaked due to container damage, collect liquid with absorbent material and dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal pesticide disposal regulations.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label directions, contact your State Pesticide or Environment Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Metal Containers - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. Plastic Containers - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

ACCEPTEDS TY: 8.7 LBS/GAL. LABEL DATE: 12-Dec-02

LOT#

MANUFACTURED BY



JAN 29 2003

245 TownPark Drive, Suite 200 Kennesaw, GA 30144 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenbcide Act as amended, for the peatoide, registered under EFA Reg. No. 9386-4

90%

EPA REG. NO. 9386-4

EPA EST NO. 9386-GA-3

NET WT, X,XXX Pounds

DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

PAPER MILL SLIME CONTROL: FOR THE CONTROL OF SLIME-FORMING AND/OR SPOILAGE BACTERIA: AMA[©]-10 is added at a point in the system (raw stock chest, beater and/or refiner chest, machine chest or wirepit) where it will be uniformly mixed. Application may be continuous or intermittent for a certain number of hours per day or per shift, depending upon system characteristics. Add 2 to 5 fluid ounces of AMA[©]-10 per ton of paper produced.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD: Apply 3.5 to 5.0 fluid ounces of AMA[®]-10 per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper for 2 hours every 8 hours. Badly fouled process systems must be cleaned before initial treatment.

<u>CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD</u>: Apply 2 to 4 fluid ounces of AMA[®]-10 per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper produced on a continuous basis. Badly fouled process systems must be cleaned before initial treatment. Consult your Kemira representative for technical advice concerning certain site problems.

RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS: FOR CONTROL OF SLIME FORMING-BACTERIA: (cooling towers, evaporative condensers) Bacterial Control: Use 1.6 to 7.9 fluid ounces of AMA[®]-10 per 1,000 gallons water (1.25 to 6.20 ppm active) as a continuous treatment, one to three times a week or as required to maintain control. When the system is just noticeably fouled, use 5.8 to 12.5 fluid ounces of AMA[®]-10 per 1,000 gallons water (4.5 to 9.8 ppm active) daily or as required to obtain control. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. Apply at a point in the system where uniform mixing and even distribution will occur, such as the cooling tower basin or sump.

OILFIELD DRILLING MUDS AND WORKOVER OR COMPLETION FLUIDS: FOR CONTROL OF SLIME-FORMING AND/OR SPOILAGE BACTERIA: Determine the total volume of the circulating system. Calculate the number of gallons of AMA[©]-10 needed to produce a concentration of 5,000 ppm (1.75 lb/bbl) of AMA[©]-10 in the drilling mud circulating system. For example, 211 gallons of AMA[©]-10 per 1000 barrels of drilling fluid will produce the proper concentration. For best results, add AMA[©]-10 in a thin stream to the mud pit while the drilling fluid is circulating. As the total volume increases due to greater well depth, add additional AMA[©]-10 to maintain the proper concentration.

OILFIELD WATER TREATMENT AND WATER FLOODS: FOR CONTROL OF SLIME-FORMING AND/OR SPOILAGE BACTERIA: Calculate the total volume of water to be treated. Using this volume, calculate the number of gallons of AMA[©]-10 needed to produce a concentration of approximately 750 ppm AMA[©]-10. For example, 0.75 gallons of AMA[©]-10 per 1000 gallons of total volume will produce this dilution. Add AMA[©]-10 as a slug treatment or intermittently. 500 ppm of AMA[©]-10, added each week is recommended to maintain bacterial control. This may be accomplished by adding 0.50 gallons of AMA[©]-10 to each 1,000 gallons of total volume.

LEATHER PROCESSING LIQUORS: AMA^{\bullet}-10 may be used to prevent the growth of bacteria and fungi in the pickling and tanning processes of skins and hides. Depending upon the holding time, AMA^{\bullet}-10 should be added at the rate of 0.025% to 0.25% (0.25 to 2.5 lbs. of AMA^{\bullet}-10 per 1,000 lbs.) of white weight stock.

TOXIC, LIQUIDS, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (METHYLENE BISTHIOCYANATE) UN2810

.