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BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 94710

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Complete

USTOM CHEMICIDES INC.

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Diazinon® **AG 500**

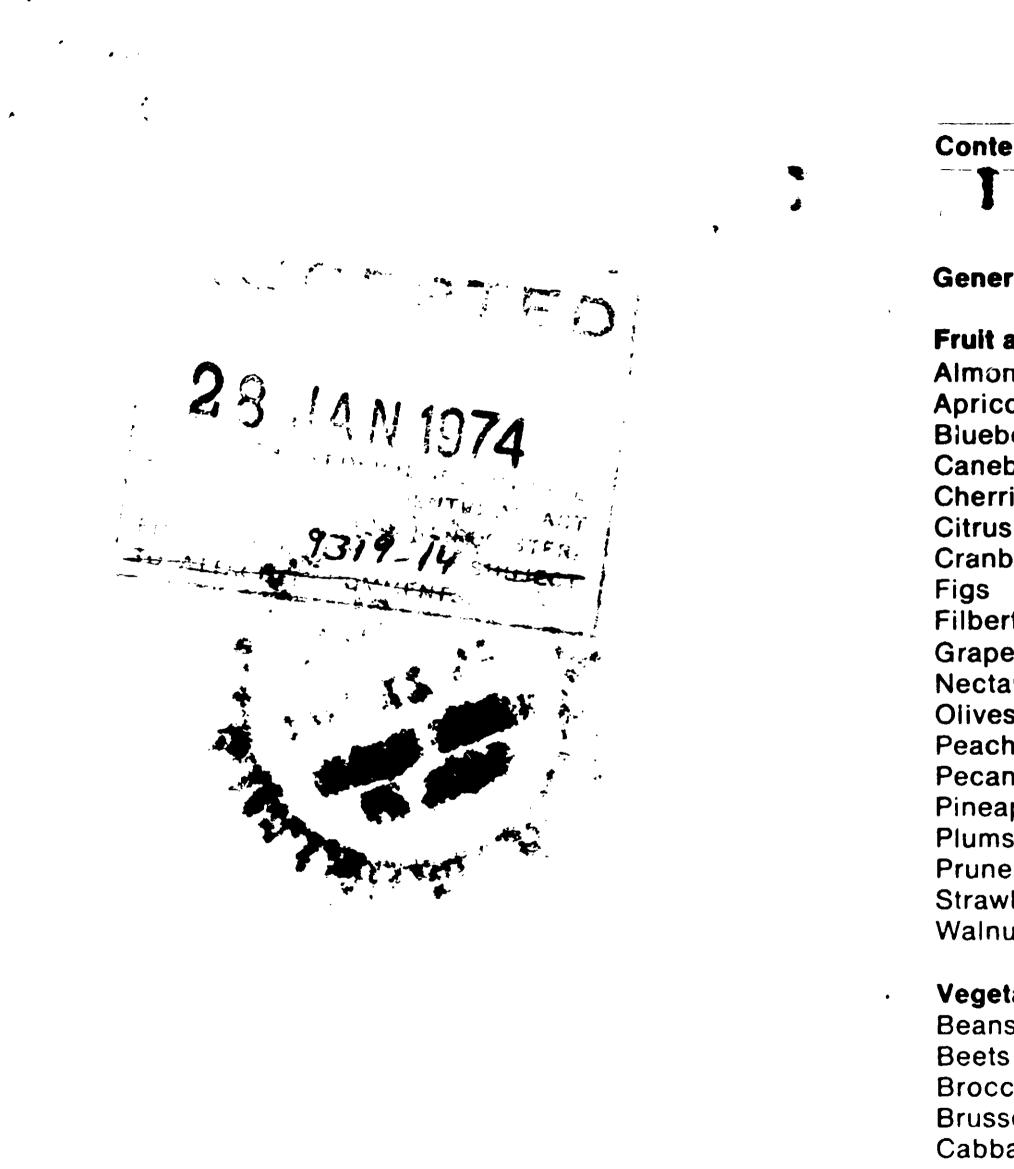






BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 94710

EPA Reg. No. 9319-14



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ral Information	3

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azinon AG500 is an emulsifiable solution which when uted with water according to the directions below, is tended for the control of insect pests of agricultural ops. Do not use in barns or dwellings. Do not use on estock.

the directions for use given below, unless otherwise ted, Diazinon AG500 should be mixed with sufficient ater to assure thorough coverage. Best control is obned when application is made at first sign of insects. oplications should be repeated as necessary to mainin control.

•

4	Fruit and Nut Crops	Fruit an
Almonds Mites, Twig Borers: Apply 1 - 1 ¹ / water.	2 pts. per 100 gals. of	per acr thoroug vest.
Parlatoria Scales, San Jose Sc Diazinon plus 2 - 3 gals, dorman water and apply as a dormant spr	nt oil per 100 gals, of ay.	Canebe i.e. <u>Bla</u> berries, Leafhor
Almond hulls may be used for fee Apricots Aphids, Brown Mites (Clover Miter der Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, State ers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water mites, and scale crawlers first app	tes), Two-spotted Spi- San Jose Scale Crawl- er. Apply when aphids,	berry S up to 2 acre in Raspbe blossor diately
Olive Scale Crawlers: Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. of $\frac{1}{2}$ gals. light medium horticult of water. Apply when scale crawled Apricot Mealybugs: Mix 1 pt. per Apply as a cover spray from petal	ural oil per 100 gals. lers are present. er 100 gals. of water.	Dryberr as a do on the e plicatio closed.
Do not apply within 10 days of har Blueberries Cranberry Fruitworms, Cherry F Maggots, Aphids, Thrips, Two-sp	rvest. Fruitworms. Blueberry otted Mites: Mix 1 pt.	Fo not Raspbe 2 qts. drench either i
per 100 gals. of water. Apply up	to 200 gais. of spray	the fall

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Fruit and Nut Crops

acre, or apply 2 pts. per acre in sufficient water for ough coverage. Do not apply within 7 days of har-

eberries

Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries, Loganies, Raspberries

Thoppers, Thrips, Aphids, Two-spotted Mites, Raspry Sawflies: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to 200 gals. of spray per acre, or apply 2 pts. per e in sufficient water for thorough coverage.

pberry Fruitworms: Apply at the above rates when som buds separate and repeat application immeely before blossoms open.

berry Mites: Mix 2 pts. per 100 gals. water. Apply dormant spray in early spring, when canes are still he ground and buds are closed. Make a second apation when the buds are well developed, but still ed.

not apply within 7 days of harvest.

berry Crown Borers (Raspberry Root Borers): Mix is. per 100 to 200 gals. of water and apply as a ich to the crown area and to the lower canes. Apply er in the spring before berries begin to form, or in fall after harvest.

	· · · ·
Cherries Eye-spotted Bud Moths, Fruit-tree Leaf Rollers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals, of water. Apply in cover sprays as nec- essary, beginning with petal fall.	Citrus i.e. G gerin Citrus Scale
Cherry Fruit Flies: Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Make 3 or 4 applications, beginning when adult cherry fruit flies begin to emerge and repeat at 10-day intervals.	pt. pe as a stage
Leafhoppers: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water in 3-5 applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season, or apply as infestations develop.	Fruit- spray of 50 spring
Black Cherry Aphids: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray when aphids appear and repeat after 10 days.	Citrus 1,000 Citrus water
San Jose Scale Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of wa- ter. Apply during the pre-pink stage or when crawlers first appear.	spray scale cover
Do not apply with n 10 days of harvest.	Do no in 21
Cherry Rust Mites: Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a supplemental spray after harvest.	Crani Black ply 2

Fruit and Nut Crops

6

Cherries

Fruit and Nut Crops

is Fruits

Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos, Tanes, Citrus, Citron, Kumquats, and hybrids of these: is Aphids, Fruit-tree Leaf Rollers, Cottony-cushion e Crawlers, and Soft Scale Crawlers: Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 er 100 gals. of water (maximum 1,000 gals. per acre) thorough cover spray when aphids and crawler es of scale insects first appear.

7

t-tree Leaf Rollers: Use 1/2 - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of y (maximum 1,000 gals. per acre) when an average percent of eggs in egg masses have hatched in the ng.

is Thrips: Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water (maximum)) gals, per acre) when thrips first appear.

is Snow Scales: Apply 1-2 pts. per 100 gals. of er (maximum 1,000 gals, per acre) as a post-bloom y and again as a summer spray. For heavy snow e infestations, use the higher dosage rate. Thorough erage of tree trunk, limbs, and twigs is essential.

ot apply during bloom. Do not apply to citrus withdays of harvest.

nberries

k-headed Fireworms (Spargonothis sulfureana): Apply 2 qts. in 400 gals. of water per acre

Diazinon AG 500 TRETTE

Active Ingredients:

84*/ O O diethy! O (2 isopropa A methy 4 pyrem dirivie phosphorothmate 48%* Xylene 36 Inert Ingredients 16* +

Total: 100*/+ Diazinon' AG500 contains

4 lbs. Diazinon per gallon Note the all made, errort the the for Diazon in Church grapes peaches and rectarines Five days should approved week the time of application and the I me a worker may enter the field. to engage in any activity requiring substantial contact with freated fouage. When a mixture of two or more preanic phosphate pestitides are applied in combination. the interval should be prolonged. to adding to the largest appli-

able interval an additional 50%: AUTION INFLAMMABLE MIX TURE Minimum Plash Point 82 F

TURE Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

Warning: Keep out of reach of chil-

dren. May be tatal if evallowed May be absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist Do not get In eyes, on akin or on clothing Wash thoroughly after handling Aveld contamination of food Do not use on humans or permit children to go on to sprayed grass until spray has completely dried

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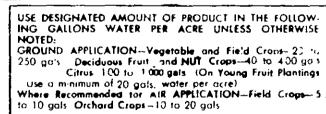
Keep out of reach of domestic enimals Do not conteminete feed or use on house hold pets or livestock. Do not permit pets to go on to sprayed grass until spray has completely dried

Fish and Wildlife Caution

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife Birds feeding on treeted areas may be killed Keep out of any body of water Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from ereas treated or where runoff le likely to eccer. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or dis-posal of waste Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This product is highly taxic to bees expoved to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be ob tained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

Do not reuse empty container. Destroy by perforation or crushing and burying in a sets place.



Complete directions for use

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PUSTOM CHEMICIDES INC.

BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 94710

Net contents our gallow

Cranberry Fruitworms: Apply 3 qts. in 400 gals. of wate per acre.

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Figs

Vinegar Flies (*Drosophila* spp.), Dried Fruit Beetles Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Filberts

Filbert Leaf Rollers, Aphids: Apply 1 - 2 qts. in 250 - 400 gals. of water per acre, as a thorough cover spray.

Grapes

Pacific Spider Mites, Leafhoppers, Grape Berry Moths Grape Leaf Folders: Mix 1 pt per 100 gals. of water and apply as a thorough cover spray, or apply 2 pts. pe acre in sufficient water for thorough coverage. Do no apply within 18 days of harvest.

Drosophila spp. Mix 6 fl. oz. per 100 gals, of water and apply as a thorough cover spray, or apply a maximum of 18 fl. oz. per acre in sufficient water for thorough coverage when insects first appear. Make additional applications at weekly intervals as necessary. Do no apply within 7 days of harvest.

Fruit and Nut Crops

Leaf Curl Plum Aphids, Mealy Plum Aphids, Thistle Aphids: Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water.

Do not apply with in 10 days of harvest.

Aphids, Two-spotted Spider Mites: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water per acre.

Cyclamen Mites: Apply 1 qt. per 100 gals. of water per acre, directing spray to plant crowns. Plants should be sufficiently agitated to assure thorough coverage of the foliage. Make additional applications, if necessary, after harvest.

Mole Crickets: Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Apply 1 - 2 days before transplanting and mix into the top 1 - 2 inches of soil immediately.

Strawberry Leaf Rollers: Mix ³/₄ - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply 200 gals. of spray per acre when blossoms show color.

Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Codling Moths, Scale Crawlers, Walnut Caterpillars: Apply 3 qts. per acre as a foliage spray.

Do not apply after the husks open.

continuing through the growing season, or apply as infestations develop.

White Peach Scale (Peaches only): As a post-harvest spray apply $1^{1/2}$ - 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water timed to coincide with peak crawler and immature scale activity. Under conditions of heavy infestations 2 applications may be necessary.

Do not apply to peaches within 20 days, or to nectarines within 10 days, of harvest.

Pecans

Aphids, Mites, Pecan Nut Casebearers, Walnut Caterpillars: Apply 1 - 3 qts. per acre as a foliage spray. Do not apply after husks crack.

Pineapple

Scales: Apply 5 qts. of Diazinon AG500 plus 2 gals. of light or medium horticultural oil in 500 gals. of water per acre to the vegetative slips on the plants following harvest of pineapple.

Mealybugs: Apply 2 qts. per acre. May be applied on day of harvest.

Pineapple forage and refuse may be fed to livestock 7 days following last application.

Plums and Prunes

Brown Mites (Clover Mites), European Red Mites: Apply 1 rt per 100 gals. of water.

10

Fruit and Nut Crops

Strawberries

Walnuts

Aphids, Mites: Apply 1 qt. per acre as a foliage spray.

12	Vegetable Foliar Insects	Vegetab
	ays be applied as a spray in	or cauli
foliage. Beans	thorough coverage of the	days, of Brussels Aphids,
Pole Beans, Snap Beans, Li	i ma Beans n Bean Beetles, Leaf Miners:	Apply 1 day inte
Cucumber Beetles: Apply per acre.	³ / ₄ pt. in 100 gals. of water	Do not a vest. <u>Carrots</u>
or bean hay may be fed to	of bean harvest. Bean forage o dairy and beef cattle and g treatment if forage is to be	Aphids: days of Celery
per acre. Do not apply wit forage or bean hay may be and sheep. Wait 4 days foll	fhoppers, Mites: Apply 1 pt. hin 7 days of harvest. Bean fed to dairy and beef cattle, lowing treatment if forage is	Aphids, per acre should t shipped food.
Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 pt. per acre. A	uliflower is, Imported Cabbageworms: Applications at 7 - 10 day in- red. Do not apply to broccoli	Collards Aphids, Harlequ pt. per tops wit harvest.

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i.

ble Foliar Insects

iflower within 5 days, or to cabbage within 7 f harvest.

Is Sprouts

Diamonciback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms: 1 pt. per acre. Generally, applications at 7-10 ervals will be required.

apply to brussels sprouts within 7 days of har-

E Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 harvest.

Flea Beetles: Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water re. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest. Plants be market trimmed (tops removed) before being d or used. Tops should not be used for feed or

Is, Kale, Swiss Chard, and Turnip Tops

, Imported Cabbageworms, Diamondback Moths, uin Cabbage Bugs, $- \text{Apply}^{-1}/_2 - 1$ acre. Do not apply to collards, kale, or turnip ithin 10 days, or to Swiss chard within 12 days of • •

14	Vegetable Foliar Insects	Vegetal
Cucumbers Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Mine acre. Do not apply within 7 d	days of harvest.	To treat frames and app
Lettuce and Endive Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miner Do not apply within 10 days of		Do not f
Melons and Squash Cantaloupes, Casabas, Crens		Onion 1 10 days
Muskmelons, Persian Melons termelons and their hybrids; Aphids, Leafhoppers, Mites:	Summer and Winter Squash	<u>Peas</u> Aphids. may be
Serpentine Leaf Miners, Th acre.	rips: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per	hay ma 4 days
Do not apply to melons and w or to summer squash within	•	Pepper Aphids Do not
Mushroom Houses Mushroom Flies (Phorids and in 50 gals. of water (0.5%) to spray on outside and inside	1.0% actual Diazinon) and	Aphids ous Lea
mushroom houses, after com teurized by heating. Do not after spawning.	•	Banded myworr
		Do not

.

Vegetable Foliar Insects

at wooden sides of beds, posts, doors, and doorafter pasteurizing, mix $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. in 6 gals. of water ply with a brush.

treat compost.

Thrips: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within s of harvest.

s. Leaf Miners: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre. Peas e picked immediately. Pea vines and pea vine ay be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

IS.

s. Serpentine Leaf Miners: Apply 1 : pt. per acre. apply within 5 days of harvest.

)es

ST Flea Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetles, Diptereaf Miners: Apply at the rate of $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}$ pt. per acre.

ed Cucumber Beetles, Leafhoppers, Southern Arrms Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre.

Do not apply within 35 days of harvest. .

16	Vegetable Foliar Insects	Vege
		*
Radishes, Parsnips, and Tur	nips	, -
Aphids, Flea Beetles, Dipter		Vine
1 pt. per acre. Do not apply	· · · ·	acre.
Spinach and Beets Aphids, Dipterous Leat Mine	rs: Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ = 1 pt per scre	Do no
Do not apply to spinach with		Wate
in 14 days, of harvest.		Cycla
		apply
Squash (Summer and Winter	r)	shou
See Melons and Squash on p	-	plant

Sweet Corn

Corn Earworms: Apply $1 - 1^{1}/_{4}$ qts. per acre when silks first appear. Two or three repeat applications at 2 - 3 day intervals will usually be necessary. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

Refer also to Corn under Field and Forage Insects on page 23.

Tomatoes

Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply 1/2 pt. per acre. To control leaf miners, weekly applications are usually required.

Banded Cucumber Beetles, Fall Armyworms, Southern Armyworms: Apply ³/₄ - 1 pt. per acre.

egar Flies (Drosophila spp.): Apply $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$ pts. per e. Weekly applications are usually required.

not apply within 1 day of harvest.

ercress (Hawaii Only)

Cyclamen Mites: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to one acre as a thorough cover spray. Spray should be directed into the crowns and growing tips of plants. If infestation is heavy, make a second application no later than 10 days after the first application. Repeat applications as necessary. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Vegetable Soil Insects

Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Collards

Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Make application to plant beds or fields 1 - 2 days prior to sowing of seed or transplanting and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately.

Furrow Application: Apply 1 qt. per acre in sufficient water to drench the seed furrow at planting time.

Broadcast Application: Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 3 - 4 inches immediately.

Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, and Cauliflower:

Broadcast Application: Broadcast 2-3 qts. per acre and immediately work into the soil 3 - 4 inches, before seeding, either in the seedbed or in the field, or before

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Diazinon AG500 should always be applied as a spray in sufficient water to assure thorough coverage of the soil.

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean)

•		
Broccoli	Kale	Snap Beans
Brussels Sprouts	Lettuce	Spinach
Cabbage	Lima Beans	Summer Squash
Cantaloupes	Muskmelons	Sweet Corn
Cauliflower	Parsley	Swiss Chard
Celery	Peas	Tomatoes
Collards	Peppers	Watermelons
Cucumbers	Potatoes	Winter Squash
Endive (escarole)		·

Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Garden Symphylans (Centipedes)

<u>Cabbage</u> Carrots	Peas Pole Beans	<u>Snap Beans</u> Tomatoes
Corn	Radishes	Turnips
Lettuce	Red <u>Beet</u> s	···· · · · ·

Broadcast 10 gts per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately. This pre-plant treattransplanting. ment will also control other soil insects ... cutworms (surface and subterranean), mole cricket, root Transplant Water (Drench) Application: Mix $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$ pt. maggots, and wireworms

Vegetable Soil Insects

7

Mole Crickets

Endive (escarole) Kale Lettuce Mustard Peppers

Radishes Tomatoes Turnips

Onion Maggots

Onions

Root Maggots

19

Vegetable Soil Insects

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In 50 gals, of transplant water, when 200 - 300 gals, of water are used per acre. May be applied at the rate of /2-1 cupful per plant, either by hand or by tractormounted sprayer equipped with drop nozzles to direct spray to the base of the plant. Transplant water treatments may result in stand reduction due to plant stress at time of transplanting.

Radishes: Mix 1 qt. in 50 gals, of water, Apply 80 - 100 gals, per acre (1 - 113 gals, per 1.000 linear feet of row) in the seed furrow at planting time.

Wireworms

•••••		
Broccoli	Endive (escarole)	Snap Beans
Brussels Sprouts	Kale	Spinach
Cabbage	Lettuce	Summer Squash
Cantaloupes	Lima Beans	Sweet Corn
Carrots	Muskmelons	Sweet Potatoes
Cauliflower	Onions	Swiss Chard
Celery	Parsley	Tomatoes
Collards	Peas	Watermelons
Cucumbers	Peppers	Winter Squash

Broadcast 3 - 4 qts. per acre prior to planting, and work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately.

Vegetable Soil Insects

- 7

Potatoes

Wireworms: Broadcast 3 - 6 qts. per acre prior to planting. Immediately disk or harrow into soil 4 - 8 inches.

Southern Potato Wireworms

Potatoes (Southeastern U.S.): For potatoes on mineral soils, broadcast 2 - 4 qts, per acre prior to planting, and immediately work into soil 3 - 6 inches depending on location of wireworms.

Field and Forage Insects Field and Forage Insects Diazinon AG500 should always be applied as a spray in sufficient water to assure thorough coverage of the days following treatment foliage or soil, depending on the type of application Alfalfa and Clover Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Yellow Clover Aphids, Pea pollinating innects Aphids, Leafhoppers, Plant Bug Nymphs. Mites: Apply $\frac{3}{4}$ - 1 pt. per acre. Clover Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre. gence. Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil Corn immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6

inches for subterranean cutworms. Following the above applications, dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green alfalfa or clover immediately following cutting, and (3) may be fed hay provided alfalfa or clover is not cut for hay for 7 days following

Alfalfa Weevil Larvae: For control in the spring, apply 2 - 3 pts. per acre when feeding damage to growing tips becomes evident. Repeat application, if necessary. If damage is already extensive, cut the hay and make application to the stubble. Do not graze dairy and beef Corn Rootworm Larvae

Band Application at Planting Time: Apply 1 - 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 5 gals. of water. Make application in the seed furrow, or apply $2^{1}/_{2}$ - 5 oz. per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in a 4-7 inch band directly behind the planter shoe. For band treatment, refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per acre.

Post-emergence Basal Treatment: Apply 11/4 - 21/2 oz. per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in sufficient water to thoroughly wet base of corn plant and a narrow band of soil next to the plant. Refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per acre. Cover treated band with 2 - 3 inches of soil using a disk hiller or cultivator immediately after spraying. Application should

22

treatment.

animals or sheep for 2 days. Do not cut for have the

Do not sprav livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to

Striped Ground Crickets: Broadcast 1 - 2 pts per acre following seeding in the fall but prior to clover emer-

	-		
Field and	Forage	Insects	Fie

be made at the first sign of corn rootworm larvae, but not later than June 24 in the Middle Corn Belt, or July 1 in the Northern Corn Belt.

Suggested Rates According to Row Spacing for Corn Rootworm Larvae Control

Row	Linear	Amount of Diazinon AG500	
spacing	feet of	per	acre
	corn	Planting time	Post-emergence
	row/acre	application	basal treatment
48″	10,890	28 - 56 oz.	14 - 28 oz.
42″	12,455	31 - 62 oz.	15.5 - 31 oz.
40″	13,068	32 - 64 oz.	16 - 32 oz.
	1	(1 - 2 qts.)	(¹ / ₂ - 1 qt.)
3 8″	13,939	35 - 70 oz.	17.5 - 3 5 oz.
36″	14,250	36 - 72 oz.	18 - 36 oz.
30″	17,424	44 - 88 oz.	22 - 44 oz.
24″	21,780	55 - 110 oz.	27.5 - 55 oz.
20″	26,136	64 - 128 oz.	32 - 64 oz.
		(2 - 4 qts.)	(1 - 2 qts.)
15″	34.848	88 - 176 oz.	44 - 88 oz.

Note: For row spacings not listed, calculate the appropriate dosage rates based on the 40-inch row figures . Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt per acre.

Seed Corn Maggots: Broadcast 2 - 4 qts, per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately.

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4

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ield and Forage Insects

qts. per acre. For surface cutworms, apply just prior to planting or when larvae first appear and work into soil 1-2 inches immediately. Do not apply later than layby. For subterranean cutworms, apply just prior to planting and work into soil 3-6 inches immediately.

Vireworms: Apply 3 - 4 qts. per acre prior to planting and work into the soil 4 - 8 inches immediately.

Corn Rootworm Adults: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre.

Corn Leaf Aphids: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per acre in sufficient vater to provide complete coverage of the upper porions of plants. Repeat application as necessary.

Aites: Apply 1 pt. per acre in sufficient water to achieve horough coverage when infestation first appears and epeat applications as necessary.

Flea Beetles: Apply 1 pt. per acre in sufficient water to assure thorough coverage when insects first appear. and repeat application as necessary.

Sap Beetles: Apply $2 - 2^{1/2}$ pts. per acre. Add 1 - 2 gals. of soluble mineral oil per acre to the spray mixture. Consult local agricultural authorities for proper timing of sprays

Field and Forage Insects F

Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

Cotton

Spider Mites. Aphids, Leafhoppers Lygus bugs, Cotton Leafworms, Cotton Leaf Perforators: Apply 1 - 2 pts. in 5 - 25 gals. of water per acre. Repeat as infestation warrants.

Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not graze treated cotton plants, or feed gin waste to livestock.

Cowpeas

Čutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre, just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Hops

Aphids. Mites: Apply 1 qt. per abre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

Lespedeza

Cutworms (Surface and Subtrianean): Broadcast 2 - 4gts_per_acre_just prior to planting. Work into the soilMites: Apply 1 pt. per acre in sufficient water to assureimmediately. 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms. 3 - 6thorough coverage when infestation first appears andinches for subterranean cutworms.repeat applications as necessary.

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Field and Forage Insects

Peanuts

Cutworms: Apply 2 qts. per acre in a 12-inch band over the row. Use sufficient water to achieve thorough coverage. Begin application when small larvae appear. Two or three additional applications at three-week intervals may be necessary. Do not apply within 21 days of peanut harvest.

Livestock (1) may be fed peanut hulls, (2) may be fed peanut forage 7 days following treatment and (3) may be fed peanut hay 21 days following treatment.

Sorghum

Sorghum Midge: Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 pt. per acre when 90% of heads have emerged from the boot. Repeat application within 4 days.

Greenbug (Texas and Oklahoma only): Apply $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 pt. per acre in a minimum of 10 gals. of water for ground applications or apply in a minimum of 2 gals. of water for aerial applications. Make applications when infestations first appear and repeat as necessary.

Field and Forage Insects

Crop may be fed to livestock immediately following treatment. Do not apply within 7 days of harvesting for grain.

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Soybeans

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

Sugar Beets Beet Leafhoppers,

Dipterous Leaf Miners, Aphids, Apply 3/4 -1 pt. per acre.

Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

Wireworms: Broadcast 3 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting, and work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately.

Note: Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.

Sugarcane

Aphids: Apply 2 - 1 pt. Diazinon AG500 per acre. Allow 1 day between last application and harvest. Bagasse and forage may be fed to livestock

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Tobacco

Aphids, Flea Beetles: Apply 1/2 - 3/4 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest.

Cutworms: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre before transplanting and work into the soil 2 - 4 inches immediately.

Green June Beetle Larvae: Mix 1/4 pt. in 50 gals. of water and apply as a drench (100 gals. per 100 sq. yds.) to uprooted areas of plant beds with sprinkling can.

Mole Crickets: Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Make application to beds or fields 1-2 days prior to sowing of seed or transplanting, and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately.

Seed-corn Maggots: Broadcast 3 pts. per acre. 3-4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately.

Wireworms: Broadcast 2 - 3 gts. per acre. 3 - 4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 6 - 9 inches immediately.

Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest

Field and Forage Insects 7

Wireworms: Apply, on a 12-inch band centered over the furrow, 1 gal, per acre in sufficient water to obtain thorough coverage. Make application directly to seed pieces in open furrow at covering time.

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Range, Pasture, and Grassland Insects

Bermudagrass and Forage Grasses (other than Range and Pasture Grasses)

Thrips, Whiteflies, Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre in a minimum of 5 gals. of water.

Dairy and beef cattle, and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3) forage grasses may be cut for hay 7 days following treatment.

Rangeland, Pasture, Ditch Banks, Roadsides, Wasteland, Noncrop Areas, and Barrier Strips.

Grasshoppers: Apply $\frac{3}{4}$ - 1 pt. per acre in a minimum of 5 gals. of water or a minimum of 1 gal. of oil.

Dairy and beef cattle, and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3) rangeland and pasture grasses should not be cut for hay for 21 days if the spray is a water solution, or for 30 days if the spray is an oil solution. Do not repeat application for 30 days.

Note: Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment.

To control certain insects on ornamentals . . <u>Ar-</u> borvitae. Azalea, Birch, Boxwood, Camellia, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Douglas Fir, Elm, Gladioli, Hawthorn, Holly, Juniper, Lilac. Locust. Maple, Oak, Pine, Plum, Poplar, Rhododendron, Rose. Spruce, and Willow, apply the recommended rates indicated below.

Mite Mite Leal Mot Bee pers orou Crav um, Scal Web App Coto worn Loop ers,

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Ornamental Insect Control *

Insects	3 gals.	Use per 1C0 gals.
Aphids, Bagworms, Carnation Bud Mites, Carnation Shoot Mites, Clover Mites, Cyclamen Mites, Dipterous Leaf Miners, European Pine Shoot Moths, European Red Mites, Flea Beetles, Holly Bud Moths, Leafhop- pers, Obscure Root Weevils, Omniv- orous Leaf Tiers, Privet Mites, Scale Crawlers (Cottony-cushion, Lea um, Pine Needle, San Jose, Soft Scale), Thrips, Two-spotted Mites, Webworms, Whiteflies		
Apple-and-Thorn Skeletonizers, Cotoneaster Webworms, Fall Web- worins, Hemlock Chermes, Oak Loopers, Oblique-banded Leaf Roll- ers, Pear Slugs, Tent Caterpillars *1 fl. oz == 2 tablespoons 16	1 / 1 oz. fl. oz = 1	3 ets

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Ornamental	Insect Control

Do not use on certain Ferns, Poinsettia, Hibiscus, Papaya, Pilea, and Gardenia, since injury to the plants may occur.

Mimosa Webworms: Mix $\frac{1}{2}$ fl. oz. in 3 gals. of water (or 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water) and apply as a thorough foliar spray when adults first appear. Make a second and third application at 4 - 5 week intervals.

> -- -----Insect

----Lawn Chincl

Ants. worms Mites. bola (tails). Cutwo ger Wa wigs. Lawn Sod W -Lawn Sowbu

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Lawn Insect Control

To control insects listed below, apply recommended rates. For insects Ants, Brown Dog Ticks, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Millipedes, Sowbugs, and Collembola (Springtails), which are commonly found near the house and may enter the house, spray a 5-ft. band of soil around the house, as well as the house foundation wall to a height of 2 - 3 ft. Repeat application if necessary.

ets	Rate/1,00 Diazinon AG 500		Remarks
ch Bugs	2-3 fl. oz. or 3-6 fl. oz.	25 gals.	Use higher rate for longer residual control and in lawns of dense growth, such as St. Augustine lawns.
Army- s. Clover Collem- (Spring-			Spot spray ant hills and wasp ground nest open- ings.
Crickets, orms, Dig- /asps, Ear- Frit Flies,	4fl oz.	3gal s .	For lawn billbugs, irrigate the lawn thoroughly im- mediately after treatment.
Billbugs Vebworms n Mothsi ugs		For frit flies, mow grass and water well before treatment but delay appli- cation until grass is dry. Do not water again until necessary	

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	Rate/1.000 sq. ft Diazinon Water AG 500	
Brown Dog Ticks, Bermuda Mites, Chiggers, Fleas, Leafhoppers, Ticks	1 ¹ /4 fl. oz.	3 gals.
Millipedes	8 fl. oz.	3 gals.
Rhodes-Grass Scales	5 fl. oz.	25 gals

Boxelder Bugs: Spray bugs outside the home with $1^{1/4}$ - $2^{1/2}$ fl. oz. ($2^{1/2}$ - 5 tablespoons) in 1 gal. water. At the same time, thoroughly spray around foundation, windows, doors, tree trunks, and into cracks and other places where the insects hide.



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Pine (Seed Orchards, Plantations, Forests) Arkansas Sawfly (Lobiolly Sawfly): Apply ½ pt. per acre over the tree canopy in sufficient water to assure thorough coverage. Application should be made at or near the completion of egg hatch. Aerial applications should be made with a minimum of 2 gals, of spray per acre, in swaths not more than 90 it wide. Repeat application as needed

