UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

OCT - 8 2003

124

Mr. Dean C. Alfred Aqua Tri 17872 Mitchell. Irvine, CA 92614-6034

4215

Subject: All Clear Granular Swimming Pool & SPA Sanitizer EPA Registration Number 9215-8 Application Date: July 29, 2003 Receipt Date: August 12, 2003

Dear Mr. Alfred:

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable with the conditions listed below:

To update the "first aid" statement in accordance with PR Notice 2001-1

## Conditions

- 1. The Agency accepts only one label for each registration. You must place the "Net Weight" for the other sizes on this label.
- 2. The full "Environmental Hazards Statement" is required on sizes over 50 lbs. You may place this language on the master label, specifying that it is only for the larger size containers.
- 3. "Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal" should be reported immediately under the "Storage and Disposal " section.
- 4. Under the "Storage and Disposal Section" change "Product Disposal" to read: "Pesticide Disposal".

## General Comments

A stamped copy of the accepted labeling is enclosed. Submit three (3) copies of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

CONCURRENCES			
SYMBOL			
DATE		***************	
EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)		Printed on Descelad Damas	OFFICIAL FILE COPY

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact Delores Williams at (703) 308-6372.

۶,

2

(

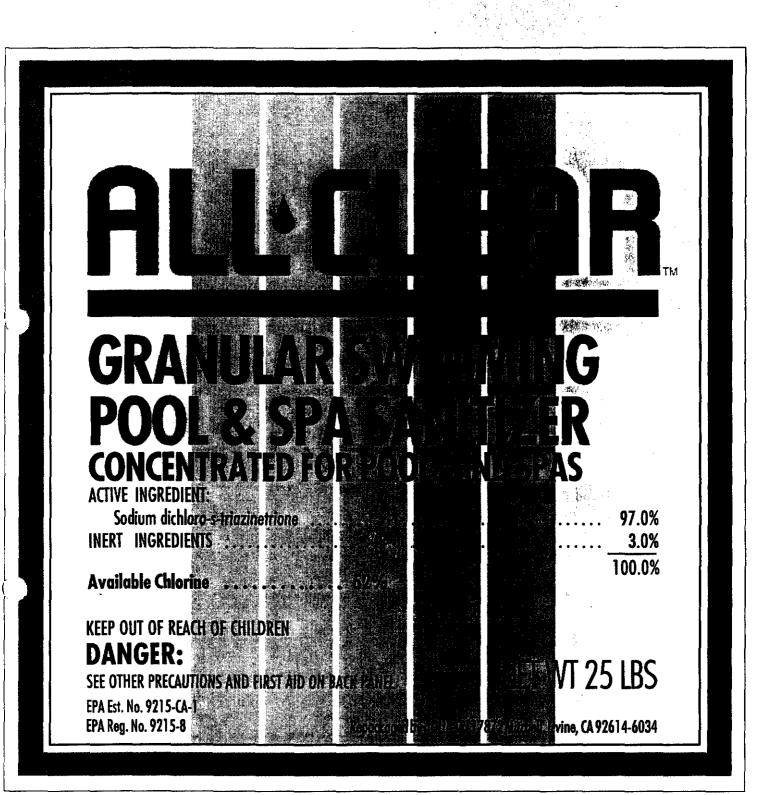
(

4

Sincerely,

2 74

Robert S. Brennis Product Manager 32 Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobials Division (7510C)



مر د ا

4

37

## ACCEPTED with COMMENTS EPA Letter Dated: OCT

8 2003

Under the Federal Insecticide, Functicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

**FIRST AID** 

If swallowed: Call a poison control center immediately for treatment advice. Have the person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. If in eyes: Hold eyelids open and rinse slowly with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present after 5 minutes then continue rinsing eye. Call poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact the poison control Hot Line at 1-800-222-1222 for emergency medical treatment advice.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS - Hazard to humans and <u>domestic animals</u>

DANGER: CORROSIVE: CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAM-AGE. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN OR ON CLOTHING. DO NOT BREATHE DUST, VAPOR OR SPRAY MIST. Wear goggles, face shield or safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and waterafter handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is toxic to fish and other aquaticorganisms

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD-STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT WILL BURN WITH THE EVOLUTION OF CHLORINE AND EQUALLY TOXIC GASES. CONTACT WITH WATER SLOWLY LIBERATES IRRI-TATING AND HAZARDOUS CHLORINE CONTAINING GASES. DECOM-POSES AT 460°F. to 480°F. WITH LIBERATION OF HARMFUL GASES. Mix only with water. Use clean dry utensils. Do not add this product to any dispensing device containing remnants of any other product. Such use may cause a violent reaction leading to fire or explosion. Contamination with moisture, organic matter, or other chemicals may start a chemical reaction with generation of heat, liberation of hazardous gases, and possible generation of fire and explosion. In case of fire, contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. If possible isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water, if necessary Do not allow chemical to come in direct contact with the liner or painted surface of pool as discoloration can occur. Do not pour into the skimmer. Do not mix with other chemicals. DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of Federal law to use this product

영국

474

• • • • • •

in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA AND ALGAE (OUTDOORS) IN SPAS: 1. Before bathing, test water pH, chlorine residual and alkalinity using a suitable test kit. Adjust chlorine residual to 3 ppm. Reentry into treated swimming pools/spas is prohibited above levels of 3 ppm of chlorine. After bathing superchlorinate to 6 ppm (1 level tables poon per 500 gallons ofwater). Use a chlorine stabilizer, especially outdoors to prolong chlorine residual. Maintain pH of water between 7.2 and 7.6 and total alkalinity. between 125 and 175 ppm. 2. One tenth oz. (1/2 tsp.) per 500 gal. of water gives 1 ppm and 1 level tbsp. gives 6 ppm. of chlorine. To use, broadcast granules into water with jets running. 3. With 4 bathers in a 500 gal. spa, a 2 ppm chlorine residual can drop below the minimum 1 ppm in 15 to 20 minutes. Less water or more bathers will accelerate loss. Test often and keep chlorine residual above 1 ppm. 4. Weeky, superchlorinate water to 5 or 6 ppm (see 2 above). Do not bathe until chlorine drops to 3 ppm. Draining and cleaning of spa is recommended whenever the water becomes difficult to manage or chlorine stabilizer goes over 100 ppm, as measured with a suitable cyanuric acid test kit. Avoid use of products such as body lotions that consume chlorine. FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA AND ALGAE IN SWIMMING POOLS: Scatter directly over surface of pool. Each ounce of product will provide approximately 0.40 ppm of available chlorine in 10,000 gallons of water. START UP-In a clean pool with no visible algae, bring chlorine residual to 1 to 1.5 ppm as follows: 1. Add 3 oz. of ALL-CLEAR Sanitizer for each 10,000 gallons of water. 2. Testfor chlorine residual, using a suitable test kit. 3. If chlorine residual is below 1 ppm, continue to add ALL-CLEAR Sanitizer. The day after your chlorine residual reaches 1 to 1.5 ppm, use ALL-CLEAR Cyanuric Acid according to label directions to stabilize your pool. Adjust pH to the ideal range of 7.2 to 7.6. **REGULAR CARE** - Add 3 oz. of ALL-CLEAR Sanitizer for each 10,000 gallons every other day, or as needed to maintain your chlorine residual from 1 to 1.5 ppm. Frequency of application will depend on the number of people swimming,water temperature and other conditions. ADDITIONAL POOL CARE RECOMMENDATIONS- Maintain pH in the ideal range of 7.2 to 7.6. Test for pH at least once a week with a suitable test kit. SUPERCHLORINATION-Keep your water sparking clean by adding 11 oz. ALL-CLEAR Sanitizer per 10,000 gallons of water, at least once every two weeks. Superchlorinate each week during excessive heat, when bathing loads are high, or when there is "chlorine" like smell to the water. Before swimming, allow the pool to stand until the chlorine residual drops to 3 ppm. Reentry into treated swimming pools/spa is prohibited above levels of 3 ppm of chlorine. If algae appears, treat your pool with ALL-CLEAR Algae Kill following label directions.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: Store in original container, tightly closed away from heat or open flame. Store in a cool, dry well ventilated place. Keep container off wet floors. PRODUCT Disposal: Do not put spilled product, filled or partially filled containers in the trash. Dispose of waste material according to label use directions otherwise call 1-800-CLEANUP for guidance from your local solid waste agency. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse with water to dissolve all material before discarding container Do not reuse container. Place in trash or recycle. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.