

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

September 29, 2022

Jasmine Ponce Regulatory Compliance Specialist The Andersons, Inc. P.O. Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Notification per PRN 98-10 – Add optional front panel placement for spreader settings Subject:

table under Directions for Use heading with referral statement

Product Name: The Andersons Turf Products Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade Herbicide

EPA Registration Number: 9198-163 Application Date: May 9, 2022

Decision Number: 584952

Dear Jasmine Ponce:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped "NOTIFICATION" and placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

If you have any questions, please contact Derek Corbin at 202-566-2571 or at Corbin.Derek@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Mindy Ondish

Product Manager 23

Mindy Ondoh

Herbicide Branch

Registration Division (7505T) Office of Pesticide Programs

NOTIFICATION

9198-163

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

09/29/2022

Page 1 of 13 Commercial version

9198-163

(Front Panel)

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade® Herbicide

Active Ingredient:	
Prodiamine*	 0.38%
Other Ingredients	 99.62%
3	100.00%
*(CAS No. 29091-21-2)	

Barricade – trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

OPTIONAL FRONT PANEL CLAIMS

- Contains UFLEXXTM
- Contains NutriSphere-N®
- Contains Fortify-N

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-163

EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1M, 9198-OH-2B, 9198-AL-001A, 9198-IN-3S

Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers

[Optional Front Panel Placement for Spreader Settings]

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use on the back of this package carefully before applying.

These	Recomm suggested spreade	nended Spreader settings are not i			on.	
		your spreader bef				
	s ft² at the 171			No. of the second secon		
lbs. treats	ts ft ² at the 197 c ft ² at the 263 l tts ft ² at the 395	bs. product/acre –	MEDIUM RA	ATE (6.0 lbs./1	,000 sq. ft.)	
Spreader	Ground or			Spreader S	Settings	
Spreader	PTO Speed	Width of Coverage	Light	Low	Medium	High Rate
	· ·		Rate	Rate	Rate	
aa	X mph	XX ft/	X	X	X	X
bb	X mph	XX ft	X	X	X	X

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

For products being sold into states which require metals information:

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

Nitrogen Notice: For those states with nitrogen application restrictions, including but not limited to MD, NH, NJ and VA, do not apply more than X.XX (3.9 – 9.1) lbs of this product per 1,000 sq. ft.

Phosphate Notice: This lawn/turf fertilizer contains phosphorus and is only for nonagricultural use on (i) turf during its first growing season, (ii) on turf areas being repaired or renovated, and (iii) on turf where a soil test performed within the last 3 years indicates a phosphorus deficiency. This fertilizer is not for the routine maintenance of turf.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID	
If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses: Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistence take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence
 or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a
 field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest
 when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the
 manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
 historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
 mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
 method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or
 varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance
 development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species
 normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent
 weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants

mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.

- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of
 this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action,
 if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

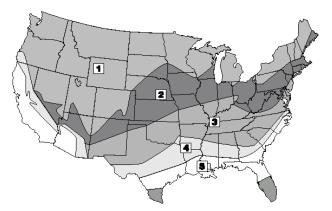
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30

2 - After May 10

3 - After April 20

4 - After March 20

5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label.
- Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹						
Turf Species	lbs. Al/A	lbs. product /A	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.			
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turftype), Zoysia	1.5	395	9.1			
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	1.0	263	6.0			
Creeping Red Fescue	0.75	197	4.5			
Creeping Bentgrass	0.65	171	3.9			

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

Do not apply more than 395 lbs. per acre (9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 132 lb./acre or 3.0 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Barnyardgrass Lambsquarter, Common Signalgrass, Broadleaf Cupgrass, Woolly Speedwell, Persian Bluegrass, Annual Foxtails. Annual Lovegrass (Poa annua) Goosegrass1 Oxalis Sprangletop Carpetweed Henbit Spurge, Prostrate Panicum Chickweed, Common Itchgrass (Texas, Fall, Browntop) Witchgrass Chickweed, Mouseear Johnsongrass Pigweed Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed) Purslane. Common (from seed) (from seed) Crabgrass Junalerice Pusley, Florida (Large, Smooth) Knotweed Rescuegrass³ Shepherd's Purse² Crowfootgrass Kochia

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

When to Apply After Overseeding Turf

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

When to Overseed after Application – All States*

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade Herbicide Rate			Interv	/al Before Overse	eding
lbs/1000 sq. ft	lbs./A	ai/A	North	Transition	South
3.0	131.5	0.50	4 mo	4 mo	4 mo
3.9	171	0.65	5 mo	4 mo	4 mo
4.5	197	0.75	6 mo	5 mo	5 mo
4.9	213	0.81		6 mo	6 mo
5.9	258	1.00		7 mo	7 mo
6.9	302	1.15			9 mo
7.8	342	1.30			10 mo
9.1	395	1.50			12 mo

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.9 to 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. (171 to 395 lbs./A) of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.9 to 6.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (171 to 263 lbs./A) followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table** above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

*Note: In AZ, CA, NV and TX, the overseeding interval can be shorter in established bermudagrass that has been overseeded with perennial ryegrass. See the next section "*Poa annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)".

Poa annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)

Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seed rate of 350 lbs/A).

How Much and When to Apply

Amount to Apply Expe				
Lbs./Acre	Lbs/1000	When to Apply	Expected Control	Use Precautions
99 – 171	2.3 – 3.9	6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding Second application 4-8 weeks after overseeding date or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil	One application for 70% or greater control of Poa annua Second application should enhance the residual under normal weather conditions	 Some seed mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur To reduce the potential for seeding mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed 222 lbs./A (5.1 lbs/1000) for these two applications for <i>Poa annua</i> control in ryegrass overseeded turf Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application unless the product was first applied before overseeding

Recommended Spreader Settings These suggested spreader settings are not intended to replace calibration. Please calibrate your spreader before applying product.								
lbs. treats ft ² at the 171 lbs. product/acre – LIGHT RATE (3.9 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) lbs. treats ft ² at the 197 lbs. product/acre – LOW RATE (4.5 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) lbs. treats ft ² at the 263 lbs. product/acre – MEDIUM RATE (6.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) lbs. treats ft ² at the 395 lbs. product/acre – HIGH RATE (9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)								
Spreader	Spreader Spreader Settings Ground or PTO Speed Coverage Light Low Medium High							
	Rate Rate Rate Rate							
aa	aa X mph XX ft/ X X X							
bb	X mph XX ft X X X X							
CC	X mph	XX ft	Χ	Χ	Х	Х		

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 171 to 395 lbs./A (3.9 to 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft) in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 395 lbs./A (9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.).

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name Common name Abies spp. Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.) Japanese Maple Acer palmatum Acer platanoides Norway Maple Actinidia chinensis Kiwi* Agapanthus africanus Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily) Arctostaphylos densiflora Vine Hill Manzanita Arctotheca calendula Cape Weed Aucuba japonica Japanese Aucuba Berberis gladwynensis Barberry

Berberis julianae Wintergreen Barberry
Berberis mentorensis Mentor Barberry
Berberis thunbergii Japanese Barberry
Berberis verruculosa Warty Barberry
Buxus microphylla Japanese Boxwood
Callistemon viminalis Weeping Bottlebrush
Calluna vulgaris Scotch Heather

Carpobrotus edulis
Cassia artemisioides
Ceanothus rigidus
Chamaecyparis pisifera
Cleyera japonica
Citrus spp.
Cestim Tredation
Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)
Feathery Cassia
Wild Lilac
False Cypress
Cleyera
Citrus species*

Cornus floridaFlowering DogwoodCornus stoloniferaAmerican DogwoodCortaderia selloanaPampas Grass

Cotoneaster apiculatus Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster dammeriBearberry CotoneasterCotoneaster microphyllusRockspray Cotoneaster

Crataegus spp. Hawthorne
Cupressus sempervirens Italian Cypress

Delosperma alba White Trailing Ice Plant

Dodonaea viscosaHop BushElaeagnus pungensSilverberryEuonymus fortuneiWintercreeper

Euonymus japonica Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)

Euonymus kiautschovicksSpreading EuonymusFatsia japonicaJapanese AraliaForsythia intermediaBorder ForsythiaForsythia viridissimaGreenstem ForsythiaGardenia jasminoidesGardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gladiolus species**
Hedera helix

Gladiolus species**
English Ivy

HibiscusRose of Sharon**Hibiscus Rosa-sinensisChinese HibiscusIlex cornutaChinese HollyIlex crenataJapanese Holly

Ilex crenataJapanese HollyIlex opacaAmerican HollyIlex pernyiHollyIlex vomitoriaYaupon Holly

Iris spp.Iris species**Jasminium nudiflorumWinter JasmineJuniperus chinensisChinese JuniperJuniperus confertaShore Juniper

Juniperus conferta Shore Juniper

Juniperus horizontalis Creeping Juniper

Jualans spp. Walnut*

Juglans spp.Walnut*Justicia brandegeanaShrimp PlantLagerstromia indicaCrape MyrtleLigustrum amurenseAmur PrivetLigustrum japonicumJapanese Privet

Ligustrum lucidum Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Lirope muscari Big Blue Lillyturf

Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Magnolia spp. Malephora luteola Malus spp.

Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp. Olea europaea

Ophiopogon japonicus

Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendrum arboreum Persea americana Photinia fraseri

Picea spp.
Pieris japonica
Pinus brutia
Pinus canariensis
Pinus elliottii
Pinus halepensis

Pinus nigra
Pinus palustris
Pinus radiata
Pinus strobus
Pinus sylvestris
Pinus taeda
Pinus thunbergiana
Pinus virginiana

Pistacia spp.
Pittosporum rhombifolium
Pittosporum tobira

Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii

Pyrus spp.
Quercus rubra
Rhaphiolepis indica
Rhododendron
(including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis

Santolina virens

Sedum album

Syzygium paniculatum

Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species**

Ice Plant Crabapple*

Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species**

Oleander Olive*

Mondo Grass

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Avocado*

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine

Slash Pine Aleppo Pine

Austrian Black Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine Eastern White Pine

Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pistachio*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*

Douglas Fir**
Firethorn Scarlet
Firethorn
Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp.
Oak species
Indian Hawthorne
'Coral Bells'
'Formosa'
'Hino-crimson'

'PJM'

'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose

Rosemary* Leatherleaf Fern

Stonecrop

Japanese Boxcherry

Taxus cuspidata Japanese Yew

Taxus media Yew

Thuja occidentalis American Arborvitae

Trachelospermum asiaticumStar JasmineTsuga canadensisCanada HemlockTulipa spp.Tulip speciesViburnum japonicumJapanese ViburnumViburnum odoratissimumSweet ViburnumViburnum plicatumJapanese SnowballViburnum rigidumCanary Island Viburnum

Viburnum tinus Laurustinus
Viburnum trilobum Cranberry Bush
Viburnum wrightii Leatherleaf Viburnum

Vinca major Vinca

Vinca minor Dwarf Periwinkle

Vitis spp. Grape*

Weigela floridaOld Fashioned WeigelaYucca aloifoliaSpanish BayonetYucca filamentosaYucca, Adam's Needle

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All states except CA

Scientific nameCommon nameAbelia grandifloraAbelia: SherwoodAchillea spp.Yarrow: King Edward

Agapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinata

Allium cernuum

Anemone hybrida

Aquilegia spp.

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine
Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion
Japanese Anemone
Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Artemisia spp. Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster spp. Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-femina Lady Fern; Fern Lady

Begonia spp. Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Bergenia cordifolia
Boltonia asteroides Snowbank
Bougainvillea spp. Bougainvillea

Buddleia davidii Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Callistemon citrinus Crimson Bottlebrush

Campanula carpatica Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)

Campis X tagliabuana Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp. Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise,

Moonbeam Lucifer

Crocosmia spp.LuciferDelosperma spp.Cooperi PinkDelphinium spp.Larkspur; Blue Elf

Dianthus deltoides Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Dianthus gratianopolitanus Cheddar Pink

^{**}Not for use on container grown plants.

Echinacea pupurea Forsythia suspensa Gaillardia spp.

Gaura spp.

Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp.

Hibiscus spp.
Hosta plantaginea
Hosta sieboldiana

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata

Hydrangea macrophylla

Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense

Lilium spp.

Lirope muscari var. variegata

Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Loropetalum chinense

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis Oenothera missourensis Osmanthus heterophyllus

Osmanthus heterophyllus Paeonia suffruticosa

Pennisetum setaceum

Perovskia atriplicifolia Physostegia virginiana Quercus shumardii Rhaphiolepis umbellata

Rhododendron (including azalea)

Rudbeckia spp. Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola

Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum

Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzyglum paniculatum Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gentian Cranesbill Baby's Breath Sunrose

Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love

Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet

Parsoni

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead

Edelweiss

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lily: Jazz

Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Evening Primrose

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Dragonhead, False; Vivid Oak, Shumard's Red Yedda Hawthorne 'Delaware Valley White'

'Flame Creeper'
'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'
Wakeiebisu
White Gumpo

Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop; Lidakense

Stonecrop

Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry

Teucrium spp.
Thalictrum dipterocarpum
Veronica spp.
Viburnum suspensum

Germander
Meadow Rue
Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border
Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty container into application equipment. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. If not available, then dispose of empty bag or box in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility; or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. To the extent consistent with applicable law, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION.

Manufactured by: The Andersons, Inc. P.O. Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Date Printed	5/9/2022
Date Approved	2/2/22
Supersedes	2/2/22
Label changes	Optional Front Panel Spreader Settings
Filename	9198-163
Label code	NOTIF05/9/2022

(Front Panel)

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade® Herbicide

Active Ingredient:

 Prodiamine*
 0.38%

 Other Ingredients:
 99.62%

 Total
 100.00%

*(CAS No. 29091-21-2)

Barricade - trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-163 EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1<u>M</u>, 9198-OH-2<u>B</u>, 9198-AL-001<u>A</u>, 9198-IN-3<u>S</u> Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

For products being sold into states which require metals information:

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistence take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence
 or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a
 field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest
 when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the
 manufacturer.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
 historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
 mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
 method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or
 varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.

 Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes. For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact The Andersons, Inc. at 1-800-757-8951 or at www.andersonsinc.com.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.38% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

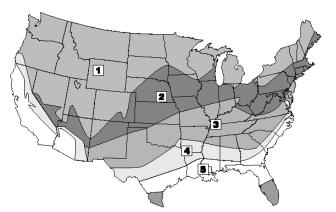
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30

2 - After May 10

3 - After April 20

4 - After March 20

5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label. Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds. Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹				
Turf Species	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.			
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St.	9.1			
Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turf-type), Zoysia				
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	6.0			
Creeping Red Fescue	4.5			
Creeping Bentgrass	3.9			

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

Do not apply more than 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 3.0 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Barnvardgrass Cupgrass, Woolly Lambsquarter, Common Signalgrass, Broadleaf Foxtails, Annual Speedwell. Persian Bluegrass, Annual Lovegrass (Poa annua) Goosegrass¹ Oxalis Sprangletop Carpetweed Henbit Panicum Spurge, Prostrate Chickweed, Common Itchgrass (Texas, Fall, Browntop) Witchgrass Pigweed Woodsorrel, Yellow Chickweed, Mouseear Johnsongrass (from seed) (from seed) Purslane, Common (from seed) Crabgrass Junglerice Pusley, Florida (Large, Smooth) Knotweed Rescuegrass³ Crowfootgrass Kochia Shepherd's Purse²

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

Overseeding/Reseeding

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseed/reseeded too soon after application. The interval between application and overseeding/reseeding is dependent on the application rate, soil temperature, and soil moisture. A shorter interval is possible if growing conditions are warm and wet, while a longer interval is needed if conditions are cool and dry.

Use the Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table below as a guide when choosing the appropriate overseeding/reseeding interval for each situation.

Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table:

This Product Rate	Overseeding/Reseeding Interval (months) Based Upon Seedi Method and Predominant Soil Conditions for the Season				
(lb/1,000 sq. ft)	Broadcas	t Seeding	Drill So	eeding	
	Wet and Warm Cool and Dry		Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry	
2.8	4	6	3	4	
6.0	8	12	6	8	
9.1	12	18	9	12	

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.9 to 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.9 to 6.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table** above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

SPREADER SETTINGS

{available at final printing – will vary among subregistrants and market availability of equipment}

Broadcast Spreader Settings

For one pass application: For best results, apply in a circular path starting on the outside and working toward the center. A little overlap of wheels will ensure complete coverage.

Spreader	3.9 lb. /	4.5 lb./	6.0 lb. /	9.1 lb./
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	X	X	X	X
bb	Χ	X	X	X
CC	X	Χ	Χ	X

Drop Spreader Settings

For one pass application: First apply 2 border strips along the edge of each end of the lawn. Then apply products along the length of the lawn, overlapping wheels slightly and shutting off the spreader before turning as you reach the edge of the border strips.

Spreader	3.9 lb./	4.5 lb. /	6.0 lb. /	9.1 lb./
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	Χ	X	X	X
bb	X	X	X	X
CC	Χ	X	Χ	Χ

It is important to follow directions as indicated on this quality lawn care product as over-application may cause injury to the lawn. Measure the size of the area to be treated and do not over or under apply. Spreader settings are approximate. Differences may occur due to condition of spreader, speed at which applied, and roughness of area treated. Calibrate spreader prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing uniformly. Close spreader when filling, stopping or turning. Do not apply by hand or with a hand held spreader.

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 3.9 to 9.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 9.1lbs./1,000 sq. ft..

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

Berberis gladwynensis

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Barberry

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name	Common name
A bios and	C:= a==a:=a**

Abies spp. Fir species**
(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)

Acer palmatum

Acer platanoides

Actinidia chinensis

Japanese Maple

Norway Maple

Kiwi*

Agapanthus africanus Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
Arctostaphylos densiflora Vine Hill Manzanita

Arctotheca calendula
Aucuba japonica

Ville Hill Marizanta
Cape Weed
Japanese Aucuba

Berberis julianaeWintergreen BarberryBerberis mentorensisMentor BarberryBerberis thunbergiiJapanese BarberryBerberis verruculosaWarty BarberryBuxus microphyllaJapanese Boxwood

Buxus microphylla Japanese Boxwood
Callistemon viminalis Weeping Bottlebrush
Calluna vulgaris Scotch Heather

Carpobrotus edulis Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)
Cassia artemisioides Feathery Cassia

Ceanothus rigidus Wild Lilac
Chamaecyparis pisifera False Cypress
Cleyera japonica Cleyera

Citrus spp. Citrus species*

Cornus florida Flowering Dogwood

Cornus stolonifera American Dogwood

Cortaderia selloana Pampas Grass

Cotoneaster apiculatus Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster dammeriBearberry CotoneasterCotoneaster microphyllusRockspray Cotoneaster

Crataegus spp. Hawthorne
Cupressus sempervirens Italian Cypress

Delosperma alba White Trailing Ice Plant

Dodonaea viscosaHop BushElaeagnus pungensSilverberryEuonymus fortuneiWintercreeper

Euonymus japonica Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)

Euonymus kiautschovicksSpreading EuonymusFatsia japonicaJapanese AraliaForsythia intermediaBorder ForsythiaForsythia viridissimaGreenstem ForsythiaGardenia jasminoidesGardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gladiolus spp. Gladiolus species**

Hedera helix English Ivy
Hibiscus Rose of Sh

HibiscusRose of Sharon**Hibiscus Rosa-sinensisChinese HibiscusIlex cornutaChinese HollyIlex crenataJapanese HollyIlex opacaAmerican Holly

Ilex pernyi Holly

Ilex vomitoriaYaupon HollyIris spp.Iris species**Jasminium nudiflorumWinter JasmineJuniperus chinensisChinese JuniperJuniperus confertaShore Juniper

Juniperus conferta
Juniperus horizontalis
Juglans spp.

Crimese Juniper
Shore Juniper
Creeping Juniper
Walnut*

Justicia brandegeana Shrimp Plant
Lagerstromia indica Crape Myrtle
Ligustrum amurense Amur Privet
Ligustrum japonicum Japanese Privet

Ligustrum lucidum Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Lirope muscari Big Blue Lillyturf

Lonicera japonicaJapanese HoneysuckleLonicera tataricaTatarian HoneysuckleMagnolia spp.Magnolia species**

Malephora luteolaIce PlantMalus spp.Crabapple*

Nandina domesticaHeavenly BambooNarcissus spp.Narcissus species**

Nerium spp. Oleander
Olea europaea Olive*

Ophiopogon japonicus Mondo Grass

Osteospermum fruticosum Trailing African Daisy

Oxydendrum arboreum Sourwood Persea americana Avocado*

Photinia fraseri Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Picea spp. Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Pieris japonica Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Pinus brutia Calabrian Pine Pinus canariensis Canary Island Pine

Pinus elliottii Slash Pine Pinus halepensis Aleppo Pine

Pinus nigra Austrian Black Pine
Pinus palustris Longleaf Pine

Pinus radiata
Pinus strobus
Pinus sylvestris
Pinus taeda
Pinus thunbergiana
Pinus virginiana
Pistacia spp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium Pittosporum tobira

Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii

Pyrus spp. Quercus rubra Rhaphiolepis indica Rhododendron (including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virens

Sedum album

Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Thuja occidentalis

Trachelospermum asiaticum

Tsuga canadensis Tulipa spp.

Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum

Viburnum rigidum Viburnum tinus Viburnum trilobum Viburnum wrightii Vinca major

Vinca minor Vitis spp.

Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia Yucca filamentosa Monterey Pine Eastern White Pine

Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pistachio*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*

Douglas Fir**
Firethorn Scarlet

Firethorn Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp.
Oak species
Indian Hawthorne
'Coral Bells'
'Formosa'
'Hino-crimson'

'PJM'

'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose Rosemary* Leatherleaf Fern

Stonecrop

Japanese Boxcherry Japanese Yew

Yew

American Arborvitae
Star Jasmine
Canada Hemlock
Tulip species
Japanese Viburnum
Sweet Viburnum
Japanese Snowball
Canary Island Viburnum

Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum

Vinca

Dwarf Periwinkle

Grape*

Old Fashioned Weigela Spanish Bayonet Yucca, Adam's Needle

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

^{**}Not for use on container grown plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific nameCommon nameAbelia grandifloraAbelia: SherwoodAchillea spp.Yarrow: King Edward

Agapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinata

Allium cernuum

Anemone hybrida

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine
Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion
Japanese Anemone

Anemone hybrida Japanese Anemone
Aquilegia spp. Aquilegia: Red and Gold
Artemisia spp. Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle

Aster spp. Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-feminaLady Fern; Fern LadyBegonia spp.Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Bergenia cordifolia
Boltonia asteroides Snowbank
Bougainvillea spp. Bougainvillea

Buddleia davidii Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Callistemon citrinus Crimson Bottlebrush

Campanula carpatica Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)

Campis X tagliabuana Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp. Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise,

Crocosmia spp.

Delosperma spp.

Delphinium spp.

Moonbeam

Lucifer

Cooperi Pink

Larkspur; Blue Elf

Dianthus deltoides Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Dianthus gratianopolitanus Cheddar Pink

Echinacea pupurea Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Forsythia suspensa Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin' Gaura spp.

Gentiana dahurica Gentian
Geranium cinereum Cranesbill
Gypsophila repens Baby's Breath
Helianthemum spp. Sunrose

Hemerocallis spp. Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love

Heucherella spp.

Hibiscus spp.

Hosta plantaginea

Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom
Mallow; Disco Belle White
Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta sieboldiana Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata
Hydrangea macrophylla
Bigleaf Hydrangea

Inula ensifolia
Iris ensata
Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodle

Iris ensataSword-Leaved Iris; JodlesongIris sibericaSiberian Iris; Cabernet

Juniperus davurica Parsoni

Lagerstromia indica x faurieiCrape Myrtle; TuscaroraLantana montevidensisWeeping LantanaLavender spp.Lavender; Munstead

Leontopodium alpinum Edelweiss

Ligustrum sinense Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lilium spp. Lily: Jazz

Lirope muscari var. variegata Lirope, Variegated Lirope spicata Lirope, Creeping

Lobelia cardinalis Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Loropetalum chinense Burgundy

Lythrum spp. Loosestrife; Modern Pink Miscanthus sinensis Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Oenothera missourensis Evening Primrose

Osmanthus heterophyllus Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Paeonia suffruticosa Tree Peony

Pennisetum setaceum Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Perovskia atriplicifolia

Physostegia virginianaDragonhead, False; VividQuercus shumardiiOak, Shumard's RedRhaphiolepis umbellataYedda HawthorneRhododendron'Delaware Valley White'(including azalea)'Flame Creeper'

'Flame Creeper'
'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'
Wakeiebisu
White Gumpo

Rudbeckia spp.Black-Eyed Susan: GoldstrumSaxifraga spp.Saxifrage; Purple DomeScabiosa spp.Pincushion FlowerSedum cauticolaStonecrop; Lidakense

Sedum dasyphyllum Stonecrop

Sedum spuriumStonecrop; Dragon's BloodSpiraea bumaldaSpirea: Anthony WatererSyzyglum paniculatumAustralian Brushcherry

Teucrium spp.GermanderThalictrum dipterocarpumMeadow Rue

Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Viburnum suspensum Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

For homeowner products:

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage:

Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Disposal:

If empty: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if

available.

If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused

product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. To the extent consistent with applicable law, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION.

Manufactured by: The Andersons, Inc. PO Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

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