

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

July 31, 2024

SENT BY EMAIL

Jasmine Ponce jasmine_ponce@andersonsinc.com THE ANDERSONS, INC. P.O. Box 119 Maumee OH, 43537

Subject: Labeling Notification per Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 - Addition of optional marketing claims. Product Name: The Andersons Fertilizer With 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide Admin Number: 9198-140 EPA Receipt Date: 12/01/2023 Action Case Number: 00492129

Dear Jasmine Ponce:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is in receipt of your application for notification under Pesticide Registration Notice 98-10 for the above referenced product. The EPA has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The labeling submitted with this application has been stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to your company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the EPA. If the website is false or misleading, the product will be considered to be misbranded and sale or distribution of the product is unlawful under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR § 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements the EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the EPA find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains statements or claims substantially differing from statements or claims made in connection with obtaining a FIFRA section 3 registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance.

If you have questions, please contact Curtis Hildebrandt via email at hildebrandt.curtis@epa.gov. Sincerely,

Mindy Ondish, Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch, Registration Division Office of Pesticide Programs

NOTIFICATION

9198-140

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

07/31/2024

(Front Panel)

9198-140H Page 1 of 14 Homeowner Version

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

Active Ingredient:		
Prodiamine*		0.426%
Other Ingredients		99.574%
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Total	100.000%

*(CAS No. 29091-21-2)

Barricade - trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-140 EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1<u>M</u>, 9198-OH-2<u>B</u>, 9198-AL-001<u>A</u> Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

FLORIDA APPLICATIONS:

We recommend that you follow the Green Industries BMP's at: http://fyn.ifas.ufl.edu/pdf/GIBMP_Manual_Web_English_2015.pdf

We recommend that you follow the Golf Course BMP's at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/nonpoint/docs/nonpoint/glfbmp07.pdf

For products being sold into states which require metals information: Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

Nitrogen Notice: For those states with nitrogen application restrictions, including but not limited to, MD, NH, NJ and VA, do not apply more than X.XX (3.6 to 8.1) lbs of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.

Phosphate Notice: This lawn/turf fertilizer contains phosphorus and is only for nonagricultural use on (i) turf during its first growing season, (ii) on turf areas being repaired or renovated, and (iii) on turf where a soil test performed within the last 3 years indicates a phosphorus deficiency. This fertilizer is not for the routine maintenance of turf.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

- If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

lf on skin or clothing	(Back Panel) Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15- 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidial areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses: Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistence take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.

- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact The Andersons, Inc. at 1-800-757-8951.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

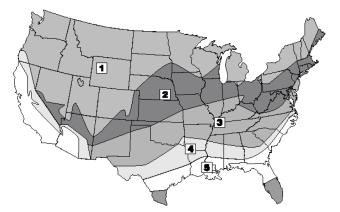
This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

9198-140H Page 5 of 14 Homeowner version

(Back Panel)

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30 2 - After May 10 3 - After April 20 4 - After March 20

5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label. Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds. Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹			
Turf Species Ibs. produc 1000 sq. ft			
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St.	8.1		
Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turf-type), Zoysia			
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	5.4		
Creeping Red Fescue	4.0		
Creeping Bentgrass	3.6		

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 2.8 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

Do not apply more than 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Barnyardgrass	Cupgrass, Woolly	Lambsquarter, Common	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Bluegrass, Annual	Foxtails, Annual	Lovegrass	Speedwell, Persian
(Poa annua)	Goosegrass ¹	Oxalis	Sprangletop
Carpetweed	Henbit	Panicum	Spurge, Prostrate
Chickweed, Common	Itchgrass	(Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
Chickweed, Mouseear	Johnsongrass	Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow
(from seed)	(from seed)	Purslane, Common	(from seed)
Crabgrass	Junglerice	Pusley, Florida	
(Large, Smooth)	Knotweed	Rescuegrass ³	
Crowfootgrass	Kochia	Shepherd's Purse ²	

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.6 to 5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table** above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

Overseeding/Reseeding

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseed/reseeded too soon after application. The interval between application and overseeding/reseeding is dependent on the application rate, soil temperature, and soil moisture. A shorter interval is possible if growing conditions are warm and wet, while a longer interval is needed if conditions are cool and dry.

Use the Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table below as a guide when choosing the appropriate overseeding/reseeding interval for each situation.

Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table:

This Product Rate	duct Rate Overseeding/Reseeding Interval (months) Based Upon Seeding Method and Predominant Soil Conditions for the Season			
(lb/1,000 sq. ft.)	Broadcast Seeding Drill Seeding			
	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry
2.8	4	6	3	4
5.4	8	12	6	8
8.1	12	18	9	12

SPREADER SETTINGS

{available at final printing – will vary among subregistrants and market availability of equipment}

Broadcast Spreader Settings

For one pass application: For best results, apply in a circular path starting on the outside and working toward the center. A little overlap of wheels will ensure complete coverage.

Spreader	3.6 lb. /	4.0 lb. /	5.4 lb. /	8.1 lb. /
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	X	X	X	X
bb	Х	Х	Х	Х
CC	Х	Х	Х	Х

Drop Spreader Settings

For one pass application: First apply 2 border strips along the edge of each end of the lawn. Then apply products along the length of the lawn, overlapping wheels slightly and shutting off the spreader before turning as you reach the edge of the border strips.

Spreader	3.6 lb. /	4.0 lb. /	5.4 lb. /	8.1 lb. /
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	Х	Х	Х	Х
bb	Х	Х	Х	Х
CC	Х	Х	Х	Х

It is important to follow directions as indicated on this quality lawn care product as over-application may cause injury to the lawn. Measure the size of the area to be treated and do not over or under apply. Spreader settings are approximate. Differences may occur due to condition of spreader, speed at which applied, and roughness of area treated. Calibrate spreader prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing uniformly. Close spreader when filling, stopping or turning. Do not apply by hand or with a hand held spreader.

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 8.1lbs./1,000 sq. ft..

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name Abies spp.	Common name Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)
Acer palmatum	Japanese Maple
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple
Actinidia chinensis	Kiwi*
Agapanthus africanus	Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
Arctostaphylos densiflora	Vine Hill Manzanita
Arctotheca calendula	Cape Weed
Aucuba japonica	Japanese Aucuba
Berberis gladwynensis	Barberry
Berberis julianae	Wintergreen Barberry
Berberis mentorensis	Mentor Barberry
Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry
Berberis verruculosa	Warty Barberry
Buxus microphylla	Japanese Boxwood

9198-140H Page 9 of 14 Homeowner version

Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisioides Ceanothus rigidus Chamaecyparis pisifera Cleyera japonica Citrus spp. Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster microphyllus Crataegus spp. Cupressus sempervirens Delosperma alba Dodonaea viscosa Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei Euonymus japonica Euonymus kiautschovicks Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia Forsythia viridissima Gardenia jasminoides Gladiolus spp. Hedera helix Hibiscus Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis llex cornuta llex crenata llex opaca llex pernyi llex vomitoria Iris spp. Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis Juglans spp. Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum Lirope muscari Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Magnolia spp. Malephora luteola Malus spp.

(Back Panel)

Weeping Bottlebrush Scotch Heather Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac False Cypress Cleyera Citrus species* Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass **Cranberry Cotoneaster** Cotoneaster **Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster** Hawthorne Italian Cypress White Trailing Ice Plant Hop Bush Silverberry Wintercreeper Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus) Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia Border Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine Gladiolus species** English Ivy Rose of Sharon** Chinese Hibiscus Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly Holly Yaupon Holly Iris species** Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper **Creeping Juniper** Walnut* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle Amur Privet Japanese Privet Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf) Big Blue Lillyturf Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species** Ice Plant Crabapple*

Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp. Olea europaea Ophiopogon japonicus Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendrum arboreum Persea americana Photinia fraseri Picea spp. Pieris japonica Pinus brutia Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis Pinus nigra Pinus palustris Pinus radiata Pinus strobus Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda Pinus thunbergiana Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp. Pittosporum rhombifolium Pittosporum tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii Pyrus spp. Quercus rubra Rhaphiolepis indica Rhododendron (including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virens Sedum album Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiaticum Tsuga canadensis Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species** Oleander Olive* Mondo Grass Trailing African Daisy Sourwood Avocado* Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub **Calabrian** Pine **Canary Island Pine** Slash Pine Aleppo Pine Austrian Black Pine Longleaf Pine **Monterey Pine** Eastern White Pine Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine Japanese Black Pine Virginia Pine Pistachio* Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum Japanese Yew English Laurel Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune* **Douglas Fir**** Firethorn Scarlet Firethorn Firethorn Bradford Pear spp. Oak species Indian Hawthorne 'Coral Bells' 'Formosa' 'Hino-crimson' 'PJM' 'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose Rosemarv* Leatherleaf Fern Stonecrop Japanese Boxcherry Japanese Yew Yew American Arborvitae Star Jasmine Canada Hemlock

(Back Panel)

9198-140H Page 11 of 14 Homeowner version

(Back Panel)

Tulipa spp. **Tulip species** Viburnum iaponicum Japanese Viburnum Viburnum odoratissimum Sweet Viburnum Viburnum plicatum Japanese Snowball Viburnum rigidum Canary Island Viburnum Viburnum tinus Laurustinus **Cranberry Bush** Viburnum trilobum Viburnum wriahtii Leatherleaf Viburnum Vinca major Vinca Dwarf Periwinkle Vinca minor Vitis spp. Grape* Old Fashioned Weigela Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia Spanish Bayonet Yucca, Adam's Needle Yucca filamentosa *Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. **Not for use on container grown plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific name Abelia grandiflora Achillea spp. Agapanthus orientalis Akebia guinata Allium cernuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Artemisia spp. Aster spp. Aster X frikartii Athyrium filix-femina Begonia spp. Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp. Buddleia davidii Callistemon citrinus Campanula carpatica Campis X tagliabuana Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum Coreopsis spp.

Crocosmia spp. Delosperma spp. Delphinium spp. Dianthus deltoides Dianthus gratianopolitanus Echinacea pupurea Forsythia suspensa Gaillardia spp. Gaura spp. Gentiana dahurica **Common name** Abelia: Sherwood Yarrow: King Edward

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion Japanese Anemone Aquilegia: Red and Gold Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Lady Fern; Fern Lady Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Snowbank Bougainvillea Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red Crimson Bottlebrush Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips) Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam Lucifer Cooperi Pink Larkspur; Blue Elf Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing' Cheddar Pink Coneflower, Purple; Magnus Weeping Forsythia Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gentian

9198-140H Page 12 of 14 Homeowner version

(Back Panel)

Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp. Hibiscus spp. Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana Houttuynia cordata var. variegata Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp. Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense Lilium spp. Lirope muscari var. variegata Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Loropetalum chinense Lythrum spp. Miscanthus sinensis Oenothera missourensis Osmanthus heterophyllus Paeonia suffruticosa Pennisetum setaceum Perovskia atriplicifolia Physostegia virginiana Quercus shumardii Rhaphiolepis umbellata Rhododendron (including azalea) Rudbeckia spp.

Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzyglum paniculatum Teucrium spp. Thalictrum dipterocarpum Veronica spp. Viburnum suspensum

Cranesbill Babv's Breath Sunrose Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant) Hosta, 'Searsucker' **Bigleaf Hydrangea** Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siberian Iris; Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily: Jazz Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Burgundy Loosestrife: Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Evening Primrose Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide Tree Peony Fountain Grass (Dwarf) Dragonhead, False; Vivid Oak, Shumard's Red Yedda Hawthorne 'Delaware Valley White' 'Flame Creeper' 'Girard Crimson' 'George L. Tabor' Wakeiebisu White Gumpo Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop: Lidakense Stonecrop Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry Germander Meadow Rue Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **Storage:**

Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides. **Disposal:**

- If empty: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available.
- If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. To the extent consistent with applicable law, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION.

Manufactured by: The Andersons, Inc. PO Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

{Optional Marketing Statements}

- Also controls Spurge & Foxtail
- Season Long control
- For preemergence control of grass & broadleaf weeds in established lawns & turfgrasses* (*excluding golf course putting greens)
- Contains Iron & Sulfur for extra deep greening
- Gardening without Guesswork
- Contains Barricade Herbicide

XX Nitrogen: controlled slow release for growing a dense, green lawn XX Phosphorous {or Phosphate}: improves root growth & plant food storage capabilities [or Phosphate Free] XX Potassium {or Potash}: vital for growth & improves hardiness & drought resistance.

{brand name} Satisfaction Guaranteed: If, for any reason, you are not completely satisfied with the results after applying this product, you are entitled to product replacement or your money back simply by presenting evidence of purchase to your local {store name}.

9198-140H Page 14 of 14 Homeowner version

(Back Panel)

<u>{customer name} Year Round Lawn Care Program</u> <u>Early Spring: Crabgrass Preventer plus Lawn Food</u> <u>Late Spring: Lawn Food or Weed & Feed</u> <u>Summer: Summer Lawn Food and/or Insect</u> <u>Control Fall: Fall Lawn Food or Fall Weed &</u> <u>Feed</u>

Date Printed	11/30/2023
Date Approved	02/02/2022
Supersedes	02/02/2022
Label changes	Notification to add optional marketing statements.
Filename	9198-140
Label code	NOTIF11302023

9198-140 Page 1 of 14 Commercial version

(Front Panel)

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade[®] Herbicide

Active Ingredient:		
Prodiamine*		0.426%
Other Ingredients:		<u>99.574%</u>
	Total	100.000%

*(CAS No. 29091-21-2)

Barricade - trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

Optional Marketing Claims:

• Contains Nutrisphere-N®

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-140 EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1<u>M</u>, 9198-OH-2<u>B</u>, 9198-AL-001<u>A</u> Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen (N)XXX.XX%Available Phosphorus (K2O)XXX.XX%Soluble Potash (P2O5)XXX.XX%Plant Nutrients Derived From:

FLORIDA APPLICATIONS:

We recommend that you follow the Green Industries BMP's at: http://fyn.ifas.ufl.edu/pdf/GIBMP_Manual_Web_English_2015.pdf

We recommend that you follow the Golf Course BMP's at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/nonpoint/docs/nonpoint/glfbmp07.pdf

For products being sold into states which require metals information: Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

Nitrogen Notice: For those states with nitrogen application restrictions, including but not limited to, MD, NH, NJ and VA, do not apply more than X.XX (3.6 to 8.1) lbs of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.

Phosphate Notice: This lawn/turf fertilizer contains phosphorus and is only for nonagricultural use on (i) turf during its first growing season, (ii) on turf areas being repaired or renovated, and (iii) on turf where a soil test performed within the last 3 years indicates a phosphorus deficiency. This fertilizer is not for the routine maintenance of turf.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

- If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
- If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

lf on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-
clothing	20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses: Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistence take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.

9198-140 Page 4 of 14 Commercial version

(Back Panel)

- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

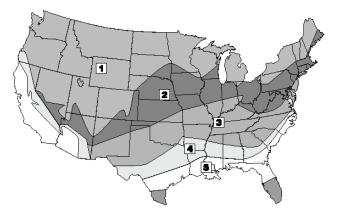
This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

9198-140 Page 5 of 14 Commercial version

(Back Panel)

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

- 1 After May 30
- 2 After May 10
- 3 After April 20
- 4 After March 20
- 5 Jan. 1 to March 20

Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label.
- Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹					
Turf Species	lbs. Al/A	lbs. product /A	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.		
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, [,] Tall Fescue (including turf- type), Zoysia	1.5	352	8.1		
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	1.0	235	5.4		
Creeping Red Fescue	0.75	174	4.0		
Creeping Bentgrass	0.65	155	3.6		

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 122 lb./acre or 2.8 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

Do not apply more than 352 lbs. per acre (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Barnyardgrass	Cupgrass, Woolly	Lambsquarter, Common	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Bluegrass, Annual	Foxtails, Annual	Lovegrass	Speedwell, Persian
(Poa annua)	Goosegrass ¹	Oxalis	Sprangletop
Carpetweed	Henbit	Panicum	Spurge, Prostrate
Chickweed, Common	Itchgrass	(Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
Chickweed, Mouseear	Johnsongrass	Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow
(from seed)	(from seed)	Purslane, Common	(from seed)
Crabgrass	Junglerice	Pusley, Florida	
(Large, Smooth)	Knotweed	Rescuegrass ³	
Crowfootgrass	Kochia	Shepherd's Purse ²	

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. (155 to 352 lbs./A) of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.6 to 5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (155 to 235 lbs./A) followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table** above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

When to Apply After Overseeding Turf

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

When to Overseed After Application – All States*

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide Rate			Interval Before Overseeding			
lbs/1000 sq. ft	lbs./A	ai/A	North	Transition	South	
2.7	117	0.50	4 mo	4 mo	4 mo	
3.6	155	0.65	5 mo	4 mo	4 mo	
4.0	174	0.75	6 mo	5 mo	5 mo	
4.4	190	0.81		6 mo	6 mo	
5.4	235	1.00		7 mo	7 mo	
6.2	270	1.15			9 mo	
7.0	305	1.30			10 mo	
8.1	352	1.50			12 mo	

*Note: In AZ, CA, NV and TX, the overseeding interval can be shorter in established bermudagrass that has been overseeded with perennial ryegrass. See the next section "*Poa annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)".

Poa annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)

Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seed rate of 350 lbs./A).

Amount	unt to Apply When to Apply Expected		Expected	Use Precautions		
Lbs./Acre	Lbs/1000		Control		Use Flecautions	
88 – 155	2.0 – 3.6	6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding	One application for 70% or greater control of <i>Poa annua</i>	1. 2.	Some seed mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur To reduce the potential for seeding	
		Second application 4-8 weeks after	Second application		mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation.	
		overseeding date or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil	should enhance the residual under normal weather conditions	3.	Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed 198 lbs./A (4.5 lbs/1000) for these two applications for <i>Poa</i> <i>annua</i> control in ryegrass overseeded turf	
				4. 5.	Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application Do not make a second application unless the product was first applied before overseeding	

How Much and When to Apply

9198-140 Page 8 of 14 Commercial version

(Back Panel)

These suggeste	Recommend d spreader settin calibrate your s	igs are not int	ended to re		bration.	
lbs. treats ft² a lbs. treats ft² a	t the 155 lbs. pro at the 174 lbs. pro the 235 lbs. pro	oduct/acre – L roduct/acre – duct/acre – M	IGHT RAT LOW RAT	E (3.6 lbs E (4.0 lbs./ ATE (5.4 lb	′1,000 sq. f s./1,000 sq	t.) . ft.)
Spreader	Ground or PTO Speed	Width of Coverage	HIGH RATE (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) Spreader Settings			
			Light Rate	Low Rate	Medium Rate	High Rate
аа	X mph	XX ft/	Х	Х	Х	Х
bb	X mph	XX ft	Х	Х	Х	Х
СС	X mph	XX ft	Х	Х	Х	Х

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 155 to 352 lbs./A (3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft) in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 352 lbs./A (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.).

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name Abies spp.

Acer palmatum Acer platanoides Actinidia chinensis Agapanthus africanus Arctostaphylos densiflora Arctotheca calendula Aucuba japonica Berberis gladwynensis Berberis julianae Berberis mentorensis Berberis thunbergii Berberis verruculosa Buxus microphylla Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisioides Ceanothus rigidus Chamaecyparis pisifera Cleyera japonica Citrus spp. Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster microphyllus Crataegus spp. Cupressus sempervirens Delosperma alba Dodonaea viscosa Elaeagnus pungens Euonvmus fortunei Euonymus japonica Euonymus kiautschovicks Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia Forsythia viridissima Gardenia jasminoides Gladiolus spp. Hedera helix Hibiscus Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis

Common name Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.) Japanese Maple Norway Maple Kiwi* Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily) Vine Hill Manzanita Cape Weed Japanese Aucuba Barberry Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Warty Barberry Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush Scotch Heather Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac False Cypress Cleyera Citrus species* Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass Cranberry Cotoneaster Cotoneaster **Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster** Hawthorne Italian Cypress White Trailing Ice Plant Hop Bush Silverberry Wintercreeper Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus) Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia Border Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine Gladiolus species** English Ivy Rose of Sharon** **Chinese Hibiscus**

9198-140 Page 10 of 14 Commercial version

llex cornuta llex crenata llex opaca llex pernyi llex vomitoria Iris spp. Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis Juglans spp. Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum Lirope muscari Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Magnolia spp. Malephora luteola Malus spp. Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp. Olea europaea Ophiopogon japonicus Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendrum arboreum Persea americana Photinia fraseri Picea spp. Pieris japonica Pinus brutia Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis Pinus nigra Pinus palustris Pinus radiata Pinus strobus Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda Pinus thunbergiana Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp. Pittosporum rhombifolium Pittosporum tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii

Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly Hollv Yaupon Holly Iris species** Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper **Creeping Juniper** Walnut* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle Amur Privet Japanese Privet Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf) Big Blue Lillyturf Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species** Ice Plant Crabapple* Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species** Oleander Olive* Mondo Grass Trailing African Daisy Sourwood Avocado* Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub Calabrian Pine **Canary Island Pine** Slash Pine Aleppo Pine Austrian Black Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine Eastern White Pine Scotch Pine Loblollv Pine Japanese Black Pine Virginia Pine Pistachio* Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum Japanese Yew **English Laurel** Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune* Douglas Fir**

(Back Panel)

9198-140 Page 11 of 14 Commercial version

Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii Pyrus spp. Quercus rubra Rhaphiolepis indica Rhododendron (including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virens Sedum album Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiaticum Tsuga canadensis Tulipa spp. Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum Viburnum tinus Viburnum trilobum Viburnum wrightii Vinca major Vinca minor Vitis spp. Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia Yucca filamentosa *Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

Firethorn Firethorn Bradford Pear spp. Oak species Indian Hawthorne 'Coral Bells' 'Formosa' 'Hino-crimson' 'PJM' 'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose Rosemary* Leatherleaf Fern Stonecrop Japanese Boxcherry Japanese Yew Yew American Arborvitae Star Jasmine Canada Hemlock **Tulip species** Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum Japanese Snowball Canary Island Viburnum Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum Vinca **Dwarf Periwinkle** Grape* Old Fashioned Weigela Spanish Bayonet Yucca, Adam's Needle

(Back Panel) Firethorn Scarlet

**Not for use on container grown plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific name Abelia grandiflora Achillea spp. Agapanthus orientalis Akebia quinata Allium cernuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Artemisia spp. Aster spp. Aster Spp. Aster X frikartii Athyrium filix-femina Common name Abelia: Sherwood Yarrow: King Edward

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion Japanese Anemone Aquilegia: Red and Gold Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Lady Fern; Fern Lady

Begonia spp. Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp. Buddleia davidii Callistemon citrinus Campanula carpatica Campis X tagliabuana Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrvsanthemum nipponicum Coreopsis spp. Crocosmia spp. Delosperma spp. Delphinium spp. Dianthus deltoides Dianthus gratianopolitanus Echinacea pupurea Forsythia suspensa Gaillardia spp. Gaura spp. Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp. Hibiscus spp. Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana Houttuynia cordata var. variegata Hydrangea macrophylla Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp. Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense Lilium spp. Lirope muscari var. variegata Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Loropetalum chinense Lythrum spp. Miscanthus sinensis Oenothera missourensis Osmanthus heterophyllus Paeonia suffruticosa Pennisetum setaceum Perovskia atriplicifolia

(Back Panel)

Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Snowbank Bougainvillea Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red Crimson Bottlebrush Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips) Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam Lucifer Cooperi Pink Larkspur; Blue Elf Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing' Cheddar Pink Coneflower, Purple; Magnus Weeping Forsythia Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gentian Cranesbill Baby's Breath Sunrose Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant) Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Sword-Leaved Iris; odlesong Siberian Iris: Cabernet Parsoni Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet; Variegata Lily: Jazz Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Buraundv Loosestrife; Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Evening Primrose Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide Tree Peony Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

9198-140 Page 13 of 14 Commercial version

(Back Panel)

Physostegia virginiana Dragonhead, False: Vivid Quercus shumardii Oak. Shumard's Red Rhaphiolepis umbellata Yedda Hawthorne Rhododendron 'Delaware Vallev White' (including azalea) 'Flame Creeper' 'Girard Crimson' 'George L. Tabor' Wakeiebisu White Gumpo Rudbeckia spp. Black-Eved Susan: Goldstrum Saxifraga spp. Saxifrage; Purple Dome Scabiosa spp. **Pincushion Flower** Sedum cauticola Stonecrop: Lidakense Sedum dasyphyllum Stonecrop Sedum spurium Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spiraea bumalda Spirea: Anthony Waterer Syzyglum paniculatum Australian Brushcherry Teucrium spp. Germander Thalictrum dipterocarpum Meadow Rue Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border Veronica spp. Arrowood Viburnum Viburnum suspensum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. **Storage:** Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty container into application equipment. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. If not available, then dispose of empty bag or box in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility; or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. To the extent consistent with applicable law, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION.

9198-140 Page 14 of 14 Commercial version

(Back Panel)

Manufactured by: The Andersons, Inc. PO Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Date Printed	11/30/2023
Date Approved	02/02/2022
Supersedes	02/02/2022
Label changes	Notification to add optional marketing statements.
Filename	9198-140
Label code	NOTIF11302023