

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

February 2, 2022

Debbie Ziehr Supervisor, Compliance The Andersons, Inc. P.O. Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Subject: Registration Review Label Mitigation for Prodiamine

Product Name: THE ANDERSONS FERTILIZER WITH 0.426% BARRICADE

HERBICIDE

EPA Registration Number: 9198-140

Application Date: 07/15/2019 Decision Number: 553177

Dear Ms. Ziehr:

The Agency, in accordance with the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, has completed reviewing all the information submitted with your application to support the Registration Review of the above referenced product in connection with the Prodiamine Interim Decision, and has concluded that your submission is acceptable. The label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA, as amended, is acceptable.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 12 months from the date of this letter. After 12 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently

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approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact DeMariah Koger by phone at (202)-566-2288, or via email at koger.demariah@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington, Branch Chief Risk Management and Implementation Branch 4

Pesticide Re-Evaluation Division Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

(Front Panel)

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

Active Ingredient:

 Prodiamine*
 0.426%

 Other Ingredients:
 99.574%

 Total
 100.000%

*(CAS No. 29091-21-2)

Barricade – trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

Optional Marketing Claims:

Contains Nutrisphere-N[®]

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-140 EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1<u>M</u>, 9198-OH-2<u>B</u>, 9198-AL-001<u>A</u> Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers

ACCEPTED

02/02/2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 0400 440

9198-140

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

FLORIDA APPLICATIONS:

We recommend that you follow the Green Industries BMP's at: http://fyn.ifas.ufl.edu/pdf/GIBMP_Manual_Web_English_2015.pdf

We recommend that you follow the Golf Course BMP's at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/nonpoint/docs/nonpoint/glfbmp07.pdf

For products being sold into states which require metals information:

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

Nitrogen Notice: For those states with nitrogen application restrictions, including but not limited to, MD, NH, NJ and VA, do not apply more than X.XX (3.6 to 8.1) lbs of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.

Phosphate Notice: This lawn/turf fertilizer contains phosphorus and is only for nonagricultural use on (i) turf during its first growing season, (ii) on turf areas being repaired or renovated, and (iii) on turf where a soil test performed within the last 3 years indicates a phosphorus deficiency. This fertilizer is not for the routine maintenance of turf.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove

contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass

of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or Clothing Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-clothing 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance,

then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistence take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the manufacturer.

- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
 historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
 mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
 method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or
 varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

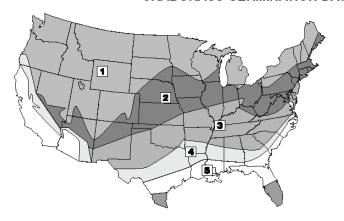
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30 2 - After May 10 3 - After April 20 4 - After March 20 5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label
- Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹					
Turf Species	lbs. Al/A	lbs. product /A	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.		
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turftype), Zoysia	1.5	352	8.1		
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	1.0	235	5.4		
Creeping Red Fescue	0.75	174	4.0		
Creeping Bentgrass	0.65	155	3.6		

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

Do not apply more than 352 lbs. per acre (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Barnyardgrass	Cupgrass, Woolly	Lambsquarter, Common	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Bluegrass, Annual	Foxtails, Annual	Lovegrass	Speedwell, Persian
(Poa annua)	Goosegrass ¹	Oxalis	Sprangletop
Carpetweed	Henbit	Panicum	Spurge, Prostrate
Chickweed, Common	Itchgrass	(Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
Chickweed, Mouseear	Johnsongrass	Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow
(from seed)	(from seed)	Purslane, Common	(from seed)
Crabgrass	Junglerice	Pusley, Florida	
(Large, Smooth)	Knotweed	Rescuegrass ³	
Crowfootgrass	Kochia	Shepherd's Purse ²	
•		•	

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. (155 to 352 lbs./A) of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.6 to 5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (155 to 235 lbs./A) followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table** above.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 122 lb./acre or 2.8 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

When to Apply After Overseeding Turf

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

When to Overseed After Application – All States*

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide Rate		Inter	val Before Overse	eding	
lbs/1000 sq. ft	lbs./A	ai/A	North	Transition	South
2.7	117	0.50	4 mo	4 mo	4 mo
3.6	155	0.65	5 mo	4 mo	4 mo
4.0	174	0.75	6 mo	5 mo	5 mo
4.4	190	0.81		6 mo	6 mo
5.4	235	1.00		7 mo	7 mo
6.2	270	1.15			9 mo
7.0	305	1.30			10 mo
8.1	352	1.50			12 mo

^{*}Note: In AZ, CA, NV and TX, the overseeding interval can be shorter in established bermudagrass that has been overseeded with perennial ryegrass. See the next section "*Poa annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)".

Poa annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)

Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seed rate of 350 lbs./A).

How Much and When to Apply

	now much and when to Apply					
Amount Lbs./Acre	to Apply Lbs/1000	When to Apply	Expected Control		Use Precautions	
88 – 155	2.0 – 3.6	6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding Second application 4-8 weeks after overseeding date or when	One application for 70% or greater control of Poa annua Second application should enhance the residual	 2. 3. 	Some seed mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur To reduce the potential for seeding mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not	
		perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil	under normal weather conditions		exceed 198 lbs./A (4.5 lbs/1000) for these two applications for <i>Poa annua</i> control in ryegrass overseeded turf Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application Do not make a second application unless the product was first applied	
					before overseeding	

Recommended Spreader Settings						
These suggeste	d spreader settir	ngs are not int	tended to re	eplace calil	bration.	
Please	calibrate your s	preader befor	e applying	product.		
lbs. treats ft ² at the 155 lbs. product/acre – LIGHT RATE (3.6 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) lbs. treats ft ² at the 174 lbs. product/acre – LOW RATE (4.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) lbs. treats ft ² at the 235 lbs. product/acre – MEDIUM RATE (5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) lbs. treats ft ² at the 352 lbs. product/acre – HIGH RATE (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)						
Caradar	Ground or Width of Spreader Se				r Settings	
Spreader	PTO Speed	Coverage	Light	Low	Medium	High
Rate Rate F						Rate
aa	X mph XX ft/ X X X X					Х
bb	X mph	XX ft	Х	Х	Х	Х
СС	X mph	XX ft	Х	Х	Х	Х

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 155 to 352 lbs./A (3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft) in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 352 lbs./A (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.).

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name Common name Abies spp. Fir species**

(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)

Acer palmatum Japanese Maple Acer platanoides Norway Maple

Actinidia chinensis Kiwi*

Agapanthus africanus Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)

Arctostaphylos densiflora Vine Hill Manzanita Arctotheca calendula Cape Weed Aucuba japonica Japanese Aucuba

Berberis gladwynensis Barberry

Berberis julianae Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Berberis mentorensis Japanese Barberry Berberis thunbergii Berberis verruculosa Warty Barberry Buxus microphylla Japanese Boxwood Callistemon viminalis Weeping Bottlebrush Calluna vulgaris Scotch Heather

Carpobrotus edulis Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Cassia artemisioides Feathery Cassia

Ceanothus rigidus Wild Lilac Chamaecyparis pisifera False Cypress Cleyera japonica Cleyera

Citrus spp. Citrus species* Cornus florida Flowering Dogwood Cornus stolonifera American Dogwood Cortaderia selloana Pampas Grass Cotoneaster apiculatus Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster dammeri Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster Cotoneaster microphyllus

Hawthorne Crataegus spp. Cupressus sempervirens Italian Cypress

Delosperma alba White Trailing Ice Plant

Dodonaea viscosa Hop Bush Silverberry Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei Wintercreeper

Euonymus japonica Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)

Euonymus kiautschovicks Spreading Euonymus Fatsia japonica Japanese Aralia Forsythia intermedia Border Forsythia Forsythia viridissima Greenstem Forsythia Gardenia jasminoides Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gladiolus spp. Gladiolus species**

Hedera helix English Ivy Hibiscus

Rose of Sharon** Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis Chinese Hibiscus

llex cornuta Chinese Holly Japanese Holly llex crenata llex opaca American Holly

Ilex pernyi Holly

Ilex vomitoria Yaupon Holly Iris species** Iris spp. Jasminium nudiflorum Winter Jasmine Juniperus chinensis Chinese Juniper Juniperus conferta Shore Juniper Juniperus horizontalis Creeping Juniper

Walnut* Juglans spp.

Justicia brandegeana Shrimp Plant Lagerstromia indica Crape Myrtle Ligustrum amurense Amur Privet Ligustrum japonicum Japanese Privet

Ligustrum lucidum Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Lirope muscari Big Blue Lillyturf

Lonicera japonica Japanese Honeysuckle Lonicera tatarica Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species** Magnolia spp. Ice Plant

Malephora luteola Malus spp. Crabapple*

Nandina domestica Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species** Narcissus spp.

Oleander Nerium spp. Olea europaea Olive* Mondo Grass Ophiopogon japonicus

Osteospermum fruticosum Trailing African Daisy

Oxydendrum arboreum Sourwood Persea americana Avocado*

Photinia fraseri Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Picea spp.

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub Pieris japonica

Pinus brutia Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine

Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Slash Pine Pinus halepensis Aleppo Pine

Pinus nigra Austrian Black Pine Pinus palustris Longleaf Pine Pinus radiata Monterey Pine Pinus strobus Eastern White Pine

Scotch Pine Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda Loblolly Pine

Pinus thunbergiana Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp. Pistachio*

Pittosporum rhombifolium Queensland Pittosporum Pittosporum tobira Japanese Pittosporum Podocarpus macrophyllus Japanese Yew

Prunus laurocerasus **English Laurel**

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Prunus spp. Peach, Plum and Prune*

Douglas Fir** Pseudotsuga menziesii

Pyracantha coccinea Firethorn Scarlet

Pyracantha fortuneana Firethorn
Pyracantha koidzumii Firethorn

Pyrus spp.

Quercus rubra

Rhaphiolepis indica

Rhododendron
(including Azalea)

Bradford Pear spp.
Oak species
Indian Hawthorne
'Coral Bells'
'Formosa'
'Hino-crimson'

'PJM'

Rosa banksiae 'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose Rosmarinus officinalis Rosemary*

Rumohra adiantiformis Leatherleaf Fern Santolina virens

Sedum album Stonecrop

Syzygium paniculatum Japanese Boxcherry Taxus cuspidata Japanese Yew

Taxus media Yew

Thuja occidentalis American Arborvitae

Trachelospermum asiaticumStar JasmineTsuga canadensisCanada HemlockTulipa spp.Tulip speciesViburnum japonicumJapanese ViburnumViburnum odoratissimumSweet Viburnum

Viburnum odoratissimum
Viburnum plicatum
Viburnum rigidum
Viburnum tinus
Sweet Viburnum
Japanese Snowball
Canary Island Viburnum
Laurustinus

Viburnum tinus
Viburnum trilobum
Cranberry Bush
Viburnum wrightii
Leatherleaf Viburnum

Vinca major Vinca

Vinca minor Dwarf Periwinkle

Vitis spp. Grape*

Weigela floridaOld Fashioned WeigelaYucca aloifoliaSpanish BayonetYucca filamentosaYucca, Adam's Needle

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific nameCommon nameAbelia grandifloraAbelia: SherwoodAchillea spp.Yarrow: King EdwardAgapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinata Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Allium cernuum Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion

Anemone hybrida Japanese Anemone Aquilegia spp. Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Artemisia spp. Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster spp. Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-femina Lady Fern; Fern Lady

^{**}Not for use on container grown plants.

Begonia spp.

Bergenia cordifolia

Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp.

Buddleia davidii

Callistemon citrinus

Campanula carpatica Campis X tagliabuana

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrvsanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp.

Crocosmia spp.

Delosperma spp. Delphinium spp.

Dianthus deltoides

Dianthus gratianopolitanus

Echinacea pupurea Forsythia suspensa

Gaillardia spp.

Gaura spp.

Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens

Helianthemum spp.

Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp.

Hibiscus spp.

Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata

Hydrangea macrophylla

Inula ensifolia Iris ensata

Iris siberica

Juniperus davurica

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense

Lilium spp.

Lirope muscari var. variegata

Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis

Loropetalum chinense

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis Oenothera missourensis

Osmanthus heterophyllus

Paeonia suffruticosa

Pennisetum setaceum Perovskia atriplicifolia

Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Snowbank

Bougainvillea

Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Crimson Bottlebrush

Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)

Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise,

Moonbeam

Lucifer

Cooperi Pink

Larkspur; Blue Elf

Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Cheddar Pink

Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gentian Cranesbill

Baby's Breath

Sunrose

Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love

Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Sword-Leaved Iris; odlesong

Siberian Iris: Cabernet

Parsoni

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora

Weeping Lantana

Lavender; Munstead

Edelweiss

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lily: Jazz

Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder

Evening Primrose

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Physostegia virginianaDragonhead, False; VividQuercus shumardiiOak, Shumard's RedRhaphiolepis umbellataYedda HawthorneRhododendron'Delaware Valley White'(including azalea)'Flame Creeper'

'Flame Creeper'
'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'
Wakeiebisu
White Gumpo

Rudbeckia spp.Black-Eyed Susan: GoldstrumSaxifraga spp.Saxifrage; Purple DomeScabiosa spp.Pincushion FlowerSedum cauticolaStonecrop; Lidakense

Sedum dasyphyllum Stonecrop

Sedum spuriumStonecrop; Dragon's BloodSpiraea bumaldaSpirea: Anthony WatererSyzyglum paniculatumAustralian Brushcherry

Teucrium spp. Germander
Thalictrum dipterocarpum Meadow Rue

Veronica spp. Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Viburnum suspensum Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty container into application equipment. Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. If not available, then dispose of empty bag or box in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility; or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. To the extent consistent with applicable law, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION.

Manufactured by: The Andersons, Inc. PO Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Date Printed	1/14/2021
Date Approved	4/29/04
Supersedes	11/5/97
Label changes	Prodiamine Interim Reg Review Decision – CASE No. 7201
Filename	9198-140
Label code	RVamd01142021

(Front Panel)

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

Active Ingredient:

 Prodiamine*
 0.426%

 Other Ingredients:
 99.574%

 Total
 100.000%

*(CAS No. 29091-21-2)

Barricade – trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-140 EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1<u>M</u>, 9198-OH-2<u>B</u>, 9198-AL-001<u>A</u> Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers

ACCEPTED

Feb 02, 2022

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under

EPA Reg. No. 9198-140

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

FLORIDA APPLICATIONS:

We recommend that you follow the Green Industries BMP's at: http://fyn.ifas.ufl.edu/pdf/GIBMP_Manual_Web_English_2015.pdf

We recommend that you follow the Golf Course BMP's at: http://www.dep.state.fl.us/water/nonpoint/docs/nonpoint/glfbmp07.pdf

For products being sold into states which require metals information:

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

Nitrogen Notice: For those states with nitrogen application restrictions, including but not limited to, MD, NH, NJ and VA, do not apply more than X.XX (3.6 to 8.1) lbs of this product per 1,000 sq.ft.

Phosphate Notice: This lawn/turf fertilizer contains phosphorus and is only for nonagricultural use on (i) turf during its first growing season, (ii) on turf areas being repaired or renovated, and (iii) on turf where a soil test performed within the last 3 years indicates a phosphorus deficiency. This fertilizer is not for the routine maintenance of turf.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

If in eyes Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass

of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on skin or clothing

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-

20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If inhaled Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance,

then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidial areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY STATEMENT: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organism, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize drift.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

For resistance management, this product is a Group 3 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to this product and other Group 3 herbicides. The resistant biotypes may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistence take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 3 herbicides within a growing season sequence
 or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a
 field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicide from a different group that are equally effective on the target pest
 when such use is permitted. Use at least the minimum application rate as labeled by the
 manufacturer.

- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses
 historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other
 mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application
 method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or
 varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout before and after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistancemanagement and/or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact The Andersons, Inc. at 1-800-757-8951.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

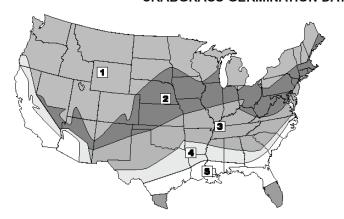
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30 2 - After May 10 3 - After April 20 4 - After March 20 5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label. Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds. Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹				
Turf Species	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.			
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St.	8.1			
Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turf-type), Zoysia				
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	5.4			
Creeping Red Fescue	4.0			
Creeping Bentgrass	3.6			

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

Do not apply more than 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Which used at the recon	illieliueu raies illis produ	Ct Will Cortuol.	
Barnyardgrass	Cupgrass, Woolly	Lambsquarter, Common	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Bluegrass, Annual	Foxtails, Annual	Lovegrass	Speedwell, Persian
(Poa annua)	Goosegrass ¹	Oxalis	Sprangletop
Carpetweed	Henbit	Panicum	Spurge, Prostrate
Chickweed, Common	Itchgrass	(Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
Chickweed, Mouseear	Johnsongrass	Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow
(from seed)	(from seed)	Purslane, Common	(from seed)
Crabgrass	Junglerice	Pusley, Florida	
(Large, Smooth)	Knotweed	Rescuegrass ³	
Crowfootgrass	Kochia	Shepherd's Purse ²	

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.6 to 5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rates Table** above.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

Overseeding/Reseeding

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseed/reseeded too soon after application. The interval between application and overseeding/reseeding is dependent on the application rate, soil temperature, and soil moisture. A shorter interval is possible if growing conditions are warm and wet, while a longer interval is needed if conditions are cool and dry.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 2.8 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

Use the Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table below as a guide when choosing the appropriate overseeding/reseeding interval for each situation.

Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table:

This Product Rate	Overseeding/Reseeding Interval (months) Based Upon Seeding Method and Predominant Soil Conditions for the Season			
(lb/1,000 sq. ft.)	Broadcas	t Seeding	Drill So	eeding
	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry
2.8	4	6	3	4
5.4	8	12	6	8
8.1	12	18	9	12

SPREADER SETTINGS

{available at final printing – will vary among subregistrants and market availability of equipment}

Broadcast Spreader Settings

For one pass application: For best results, apply in a circular path starting on the outside and working toward the center. A little overlap of wheels will ensure complete coverage.

Spreader	3.6 lb./	4.0 lb./	5.4 lb. /	8.1 lb./
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	X	X	X	X
bb	Χ	X	X	X
CC	X	X	X	X

Drop Spreader Settings

For one pass application: First apply 2 border strips along the edge of each end of the lawn. Then apply products along the length of the lawn, overlapping wheels slightly and shutting off the spreader before turning as you reach the edge of the border strips.

Spreader	3.6 lb. /	4.0 lb./	5.4 lb. /	8.1 lb./
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	Χ	X	X	X
bb	X	X	X	X
CC	X	X	X	X

It is important to follow directions as indicated on this quality lawn care product as over-application may cause injury to the lawn. Measure the size of the area to be treated and do not over or under apply. Spreader settings are approximate. Differences may occur due to condition of spreader, speed at which applied, and roughness of area treated. Calibrate spreader prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing uniformly. Close spreader when filling, stopping or turning. Do not apply by hand or with a hand held spreader.

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 8.1lbs./1,000 sq. ft..

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name	Common name
Abies spp.	Fir species**

(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)

Acer palmatum

Japanese Maple

Acer palmatum
Acer platanoides
Actinidia chinensis
Japanese Maple
Norway Maple
Kiwi*

Agapanthus africanus Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
Arctostaphylos densiflora Vine Hill Manzanita

Arctotheca calendula Cape Weed
Aucuba japonica Japanese Aucuba

Berberis gladwynensis Barberry
Berberis julianae Wintergreen Barberry

Berberis mentorensisMentor BarberryBerberis thunbergiiJapanese BarberryBerberis verruculosaWarty BarberryBuxus microphyllaJapanese Boxwood

Callistemon viminalisWeeping BottlebrushCalluna vulgarisScotch Heather

Carpobrotus edulis Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)

Cassia artemisioides Feathery Cassia Ceanothus rigidus Wild Lilac Chamaecyparis pisifera False Cypress Cleyera japonica Cleyera Citrus spp. Citrus species* Flowering Dogwood Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera American Dogwood Cortaderia selloana Pampas Grass

Cotoneaster apiculatus Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster dammeri Bearberry Cotoneaster
Cotoneaster microphyllus Rockspray Cotoneaster

Crataegus spp. Hawthorne
Cupressus sempervirens Italian Cypress

Delosperma alba White Trailing Ice Plant

Dodonaea viscosaHop BushElaeagnus pungensSilverberryEuonymus fortuneiWintercreeper

Euonymus japonica Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)

Euonymus kiautschovicksSpreading EuonymusFatsia japonicaJapanese AraliaForsythia intermediaBorder ForsythiaForsythia viridissimaGreenstem ForsythiaGardenia jasminoidesGardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gladiolus species**
Hedera helix
Gladiolus species**
English Ivy

Hibiscus Rose of Sharon**

Hibiscus Rosa-sinensisChinese HibiscusIlex cornutaChinese HollyIlex crenataJapanese Holly

Ilex opacaAmerican HollyIlex pernyiHollyIlex vomitoriaYaupon Holly

Iris spp.Iris species**Jasminium nudiflorumWinter JasmineJuniperus chinensisChinese JuniperJuniperus confertaShore Juniper

Juniperus horizontalis Creeping Juniper
Juglans spp. Walnut*

Justicia brandegeanaShrimp PlantLagerstromia indicaCrape MyrtleLigustrum amurenseAmur PrivetLigustrum japonicumJapanese Privet

Ligustrum lucidum Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Lirope muscari Big Blue Lillyturf

Lonicera japonicaJapanese HoneysuckleLonicera tataricaTatarian HoneysuckleMagnolia spp.Magnolia species**

Malephora luteolaIce PlantMalus spp.Crabapple*

Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp. Olea europaea

Ophiopogon japonicus Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendrum arboreum

Persea americana Photinia fraseri Picea spp.

Pieris japonica
Pinus brutia
Pinus canariensis

Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis Pinus nigra

Pinus palustris Pinus radiata Pinus strobus Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda

Pinus thunbergiana Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium

Pittosporum tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus

Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii

Pyrus spp.
Quercus rubra
Rhaphiolepis indica
Rhododendron
(including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis

Santolina virens Sedum album

Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Thuja occidentalis

Trachelospermum asiaticum

Tsuga canadensis

Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species**

Oleander Olive*

Mondo Grass

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Avocado*

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine

Slash Pine
Aleppo Pine

Austrian Black Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine Eastern White Pine Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine
Pistachio*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*

Douglas Fir**
Firethorn Scarlet

Firethorn Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp.
Oak species
Indian Hawthorne
'Coral Bells'
'Formosa'
'Hino-crimson'

'PJM'

'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose Rosemary* Leatherleaf Fern

Stonecrop

Japanese Boxcherry Japanese Yew

Yew

American Arborvitae

Star Jasmine Canada Hemlock

Tulipa spp.Tulip speciesViburnum japonicumJapanese ViburnumViburnum odoratissimumSweet Viburnum

Viburnum plicatumJapanese SnowballViburnum rigidumCanary Island Viburnum

Viburnum tinusLaurustinusViburnum trilobumCranberry BushViburnum wrightiiLeatherleaf Viburnum

Vinca major Vinca

Vinca minor Dwarf Periwinkle

Vitis spp. Grape*

Weigela floridaOld Fashioned WeigelaYucca aloifoliaSpanish BayonetYucca filamentosaYucca, Adam's Needle

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific nameCommon nameAbelia grandifloraAbelia: SherwoodAchillea spp.Yarrow: King Edward

Agapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinataFive-Leaf or Chocolate VineAllium cernuumLady's Leek, Nodding OnionAnemone hybridaJapanese AnemoneAquilegia spp.Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Artemisia spp. Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster spp. Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-femina Lady Fern; Fern Lady

Begonia spp. Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides

Bougainvillea spp. Bougainvillea

Buddleia davidii Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Callistemon citrinus Crimson Bottlebrush

Campanula carpatica Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)

Campis X tagliabuana Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Snowbank

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp. Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise,

Moonbeam
Lucifer
Cooperi Pink
Larkspur: Blue F

Delosperma spp.Cooperi PinkDelphinium spp.Larkspur; Blue ElfDianthus deltoidesDianthus, Maiden Pir

Dianthus deltoides Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Dianthus gratianopolitanus Cheddar Pink

Echinacea pupurea Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Forsythia suspensa Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gaura spp.

Crocosmia spp.

Gentiana dahurica Gentian

^{**}Not for use on container grown plants.

Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp. Hibiscus spp. Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata

Hydrangea macrophylla

Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense

Lilium spp.

Lirope muscari var. variegata

Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Loropetalum chinense

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis
Oenothera missourensis
Osmanthus beteraphyllus

Osmanthus heterophyllus Paeonia suffruticosa

Pennisetum setaceum Perovskia atriplicifolia

Physostegia virginiana Quercus shumardii Rhaphiolepis umbellata

Rhododendron (including azalea)

Rudbeckia spp.
Saxifraga spp.
Scabiosa spp.
Sedum cauticola
Sedum dasyphyllum
Sedum spurium

Sedum spurium
Spiraea bumalda
Syzyglum paniculatum

Teucrium spp.

Thalictrum dipterocarpum

Veronica spp.

Viburnum suspensum

Cranesbill Baby's Breath Sunrose

Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love

Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong

Siberian Iris: Cabernet

Parsoni

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead

Edelweiss

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lily: Jazz

Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Evening Primrose

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Dragonhead, False; Vivid Oak, Shumard's Red Yedda Hawthorne 'Delaware Valley White'

'Flame Creeper'
'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'
Wakeiebisu
White Gumpo

Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop; Lidakense

Stonecrop

Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry

Germander Meadow Rue

Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage:

Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Disposal:

If empty: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if

available.

If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused

product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. To the extent consistent with applicable law, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION.

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