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(Front Panel)

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

Barricade - trademark of Syngenta Crop Protection

For preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals
- established perennial & wildflower plantings

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See back panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid

EPA Reg. No. 9198-140 EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1<u>M</u>, 9198-OH-2<u>B</u>, 9198-AL-001<u>A</u> Underlined letter is first letter used in run code

Net Weight Covers ACCEPTED
APR 2 9 2004

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

9198-140

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(Back Panel)

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade® Herbicide

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

For products being sold into states which require metals information:

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: http://www.regulatory-info-ap.com/.

For products containing the micronutrient iron:

Notice: this product contains the micronutrient iron to help prevent iron deficiency. Iron may stain concrete surfaces and should not be applied on water dampened concrete and should be removed from these areas promptly after application by sweeping or blowing. Do not wash this product from concrete surfaces with water.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

D	ST	Α.	ID.
ΙТ	aп	м	w

If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-757-8951 for emergency medical treatment information.

control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

(Back Panel)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses: Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

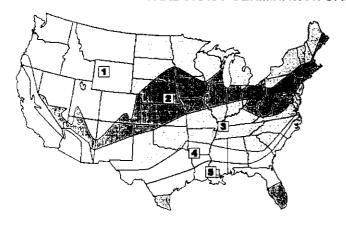
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the Maximum Annual Rates section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30

2 - After May 10

3 - After April 20

4 - After March 20

5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

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Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought; low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label. Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds. Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹					
Turf Species	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.				
Bermudagrass², Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turf-type), Zoysia	8.1				
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	5.4				
Creeping Red Fescue	4.0				
Creeping Bentgrass	3.6				

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

Do not apply more than 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 2.8 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

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Lambsquarter, Common

Weeds Controlled

Barnyardgrass

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Bluegrass, Annual Foxtails, Annual Lovegrass (Poa annua) Goosegrass¹ Oxalis Carpetweed Henbit Panicum Chickweed, Common (Texas, Fall, Browntop) Itchgrass Chickweed, Mouseear **Johnsongrass** Piaweed (from seed) (from seed) Purslane, Common Craborass Junglerice Pusley, Florida (Large, Smooth) Knotweed Rescuegrass³ Shepherd's Purse² Crowfootgrass Kochia

Cupgrass, Woolly

Signalgrass, Broadleaf Speedwell, Persian Sprangletop Spurge, Prostrate Witchgrass

Woodsorrel, Yellow

(from seed)

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

Overseeding/Reseeding

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseed/reseeded too soon after application. The interval between application and overseeding/reseeding is dependent on the application rate, soil temperature, and soil moisture. A shorter interval is possible if growing conditions are warm and wet, while a longer interval is needed if conditions are cool and dry.

Use the Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table below as a guide when choosing the appropriate overseeding/reseeding interval for each situation.

Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table:

This Product Rate	Overseeding/Reseeding Interval (months) Based Upon Seeding Method and Predominant Soil Conditions for the Season					
(lb/1,000 sq. ft.)	Broadcast Seeding		Drill Seeding			
	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry		
2.8	4	6	3	4		
5.4	8	12	6	8		
8.1	12	18	9	12		

SPREADER SETTINGS

{available at final printing - will vary among subregistrants and market availability of equipment}

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.6 to 5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the Maximum Annual Rates Table. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the Maximum Annual Rates Table above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

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Broadcast Spreader Settings

For one pass application: For best results, apply in a circular path starting on the outside and working toward the center. A little overlap of wheels will ensure complete coverage.

Spreader	3.6 lb. /	4.0 lb./	5.4 lb. /	8.1 lb./
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	X	X	X	X
bb	X	X	X	X
CC	X	X	X	X

Drop Spreader Settings

For one pass application: First apply 2 border strips along the edge of each end of the lawn. Then apply products along the length of the lawn, overlapping wheels slightly and shutting off the spreader before turning as you reach the edge of the border strips.

Spreader	3.6 lb./	4.0 lb./	5.4 lb. /	8.1 lb./
	1000sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.	1000 sq. ft.
aa	X	X	X	X
bb	X	X	X	X
CC	Χ	Χ	Χ	X

It is important to follow directions as indicated on this quality lawn care product as over-application may cause injury to the lawn. Measure the size of the area to be treated and do not over or under apply. Spreader settings are approximate. Differences may occur due to condition of spreader, speed at which applied, and roughness of area treated. Calibrate spreader prior to use according to manufacturer's directions. Check frequently to be sure equipment is working properly and distributing uniformly. Close spreader when filling, stopping or turning. Do not apply by hand or with a hand held spreader.

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 8.1lbs./1,000 sq. ft..

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

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Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface: avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name

Abies spp.

Common name

Fir species**

(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)

Acer palmatum Japanese Maple
Acer platanoides Norway Maple
Actinidia chinensis Kiwi*

Agapanthus africanus Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
Arctostanhylos densiflera Vino Hill Manzanita

Arctostaphylos densiflora

Arctotheca calendula

Aucuba japonica

Berberis aladwynensis

Vine Hill Manzanita

Cape Weed

Japanese Aucuba

Barberry

Berberis julianae Wintergreen Barberry
Berberis mentorensis Mentor Barberry
Berberis thunbergii Japanese Barberry
Berberis verruculosa Warty Barberry
Buxus microphylla Japanese Boxwood
Callistemon viminalis Weeping Bottlebrush

Calluna vulgaris Scotch Heather
Carpobrotus edulis Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)

Cassia artemisioides Feathery Cassia
Ceanothus rigidus Wild Lilac
Chamaecyparis pisifera False Cypress

Cleyera japonica
Citrus spp.
Cornus florida
Cornus stolonifera
Cortaderia selloana
Cleyera
Citrus species*
Flowering Dogwood
American Dogwood
Pampas Grass

Cotoneaster apiculatus Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster dammeri Bearberry Cotoneaster
Cotoneaster microphyllus Rockspray Cotoneaster

Crataegus spp. Hawthorne
Cupressus sempervirens Italian Cypress

Delosperma alba White Trailing Ice Plant

Dodonaea viscosa Hop Bush

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Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei Euonymus japonica

Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia Forsythia viridissima Gardenia jasminoides

Euonymus kiautschovicks

Gladiolus spp. Hedera helix Hibiscus

Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis

Ilex cornuta
Ilex crenata
Ilex opaca
Ilex pernyi
Ilex vomitoria
Iris spp.

Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis

Juglans spp.

Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum

Lirope muscari
Lonicera japonica
Lonicera tatarica
Magnolia spp.
Malephora luteola

Malus spp.
Nandina domestica
Narcissus spp.

Nerium spp.
Olea europaea

Ophiopogon japonicus Osteospermum fruticosum

Oxydendrum arboreum Persea americana Photinia fraseri

Photinia fraseri

Picea spp.
Pieris japonica

Pinus brutia
Pinus canariensis

Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis Pinus nigra Pinus palustris Pinus radiata Pinus strobus Silverberry Wintercreeper

Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)

Spreading Euonymus
Japanese Aralia
Border Forsythia
Greenstem Forsythia
Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine
Gladiolus species**

English Ivy

Rose of Sharon** Chinese Hibiscus Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly

Holly

Yaupon Holly Iris species** Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper Creeping Juniper

Walnut* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle Amur Privet Japanese Privet

Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Big Blue Lillyturf

Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species** Ice Plant

Crabapple*
Heavenly Bamboo
Narcissus species**

Oleander Olive* Mondo Grass

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Avocado*

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine
Canary Island Pine

Slash Pine Aleppo Pine Austrian Black Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine

Eastern White Pine

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Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda Pinus thunbergiana Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium Pittosporum tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii

Pyrus spp.
Quercus rubra
Rhaphiolepis indica
Rhododendron
(including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virons

Santolina virens Sedum album

Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Taxus media Thuja occidentalis

Triuja Occidentalis

Trachelospermum asiaticum Tsuga canadensis

Tulipa spp.

Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum Viburnum tinus

Viburnum trilobum Viburnum wrightii Vinca major

Vinca minor Vitis spp.

Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia Yucca filamentosa Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine

Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pistachio*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine,

Peach, Plum and Prune*

Douglas Fir** Firethorn Scarlet

Firethorn Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp.
Oak species
Indian Hawthorne
'Coral Bells'
'Formosa'

'PJM'

'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose

'Hino-crimson'

Rosemary* Leatherleaf Fern

Stonecrop

Japanese Boxcherry Japanese Yew

Yew

American Arborvitae
Star Jasmine
Canada Hemlock
Tulip species
Japanese Viburnum
Sweet Viburnum
Japanese Snowball
Canary Island Viburnum

Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum

Vinca

Dwarf Periwinkle

Grape*

Old Fashioned Weigela Spanish Bayonet Yucca, Adam's Needle

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

^{**}Not for use on container grown plants.

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Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific nameCommon nameAbelia grandifloraAbelia: SherwoodAchillea spp.Yarrow: King Edward

Agapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinata

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine
Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion

Anemone hybrida Japanese Anemone Aquilegia spp. Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Artemisia spp. Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster spp. Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-remina Lady Fern; Fern Lady

Begonia spp. Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis Bergenia cordifolia

Boltonia asteroides Snowbank
Bougainvillea spp. Bougainvillea

Buddleia davidii Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Callistemon citrinus Crimson Bottlebrush

Campanula carpatica Tussock Bellflower; (White Clips)

Campis X tagliabuana Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp. Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise,

Moonbeam
Crocosmia spp.

Delosperma spp.

Delphinium spp.

Moonbeam
Lucifer
Cooperi Pink
Larksgur; Blue Elf

Dianthus deltoides Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Dianthus gratianopolitanus Cheddar Pink

Echinacea pupurea Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Forsythia suspensa Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gaura spp.Gentiana dahuricaGentianGeranium cinereumCranesbillGypsophila repensBaby's BreathHelianthemum spp.Sunrose

Hemerocallis spp. Daylity: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love

Heucherella spp.Coral Bell; Bridget BloomHibiscus spp.Mallow; Disco Belle WhiteHosta plantagineaHosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta sieboldiana Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata
Hydrangea macrophylla
Bigleaf Hydrangea

Inula ensifolia

Iris ensata Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Iris siberica Siberian Iris; Cabernet

Juniperus davurica Parsoni

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora

Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Crape Myrtle, Tuscaro
Weeping Lantana
Lavender; Munstead

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Leontopodium alpinum Edelweiss

Ligustrum sinense Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lilium spp. Lily: Jazz

Lirope muscari var. variegata Lirope, Variegated Lirope spicata Lirope, Creeping

Lobelia cardinalis Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Loropetalum chinense Burgundy

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis

Oenothera missourensis

Loosestrife; Modern Pink
Yaku Jima, Silberfeder
Evening Primrose

Osmanthus heterophyllus Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Paeonia suffruticosa Tree Peony

Pennisetum setaceum Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Perovskia atriplicifolia

Physostegia virginiana Dragonhead, False; Vivid Quercus shumardii Oak, Shumard's Red Phaphiolepis umbellata Yedda Hawthorne (including azalea) 'Flame Creeper'

'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'
Wakeiebisu
White Gumpo

Rudbeckia spp.Black-Eyed Susan: GoldstrumSaxifraga spp.Saxifrage; Purple DomeScabiosa spp.Pincushion FlowerSedum cauticolaStonecrop: Lidakense

Sedum dasyphyllum Stonecrop

Sedum spuriumStonecrop; Dragon's BloodSpiraea bumaldaSpirea: Anthony WatererSyzyglum paniculatumAustralian Brushcherry

Teucrium spp. Germander
Thalictrum dipterocarpum Meadow Rue

Veronica spp. Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border

Viburnum suspensum Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

For homeowner products:

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage:

Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Disposal:

If empty: Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If partly filled: Call your local solid waste agency or 1-800CLEANUP for disposal instructions. Never

place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

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IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Where permissible, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION. (RVamd030804)

Manufactured by: The Andersons Lawn Fertilizer Division, Inc. d/b/a Free Flow Fertilizer PO Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Date Printed	3/8/04
Date Approved	
Supersedes	11/5/97
Label changes	Amendment – to match Syngenta's basic label (Barricade F & 65WG)
Filename	9198-140
Label code	RVamd030804

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FI	RS.	TΑ	١D
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If in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contacts, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallo wed	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For final printed labels which do include landscape ornamental uses:

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial use, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

For final printed labels which do not include landscape ornamental uses: Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turfgrasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

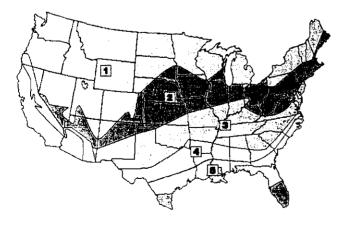
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied as directed, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the Maximum Annual Rates section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



Approx. Date

1 - After May 30

2 - After May 10 3 - After April 20

4 - After March 20

5 - Jan. 1 to March 20



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Use Restrictions and Precautions

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses.
- Do not apply to over seeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer.
- Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (Poa annua) are desirable species.
- Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.
- Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system unless otherwise instructed by this label.
- Do not apply aerially.
- Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Rates of Application

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

Maximum Annual Rates

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Annual Rates Table

Maximum Application Rate of this product per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹					
Turf Species	lbs. Al/A	lbs. product /A	lbs. product/ 1000 sq. ft.		
Bermudagrass ² , Bahiagrass, Centipedegrass, Seashore Paspalum, St. Augustinegrass, Tall Fescue (including turf- type), Zoysia	1.5	352	8.1		
Buffalograss, Kentucky Bluegrass, Perennial Ryegrass	1.0	235	5.4		
Creeping Red Fescue	0.75	174	4.0		
Creeping Bentgrass	0.65	155	3.6		

¹These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

Do not apply more than 352 lbs. per acre (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.) of this product per calendar year. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

²May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 122 lb./acre or 2.8 LB./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

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Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates this product will control:

Barnyardgrass Cupgrass, Woolly Lambsquarter, Common Signalgrass, Broadleaf Bluegrass, Annual Foxtails, Annual Lovegrass Speedwell, Persian (Poa annua) Goosegrass¹ Oxalis Sprangletop Carpetweed Henbit Panicum Spurge, Prostrate Chickweed, Common Itchgrass (Texas, Fall, Browntop) Witchgrass Chickweed, Mouseear **Johnsongrass** Pigweed Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed) (from seed) (from seed) Purslane, Common Crabgrass Junglerice Pusley, Florida (Large, Smooth) Knotweed Rescuegrass³ Shepherd's Purse² Crowfootgrass Kochia

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

When to Apply After Overseeding Turf

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

When to Overseed After Application - All States*

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.426% Barricade Herbicide Rate		Interval Before Overseeding			
lbs/1000 sq. ft	lbs./A	aì/A	North	Transition	South
2.7	117	0.50	4 mo	4 mo	4 mo
3.6	155	0.65	5 mo	4 mo	4 mo
4.0	174	0.75	6 mo	5 mo	5 mo
4.4	190	0.81		6 mo	6 mo
5.4	235	1.00		7 mo	7 mo
6.2	270	1.15			9 mo
7.0	305	1.30			10 mo
8.1	352	1.50	phr. 645 Filtr		12 mo

¹ In many areas a single application of 3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq.ft. (155 to 352 lbs./A) of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 3.6 to 5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft. (155 to 235 lbs./A) followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the Maximum Annual Rates Table. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the Maximum Annual Rates Table above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination. Do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates table.

³ Suppression only.

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*Note: In AZ, CA, NV and TX, the overseeding interval can be shorter in established bermudagrass that has been overseeded with perennial ryegrass. See the next section "*Poa annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)".

Poa annua Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NX and TX only)

Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seed rate of 350 lbs./A).

How Much and When to Apply

Amount to Apply		When to Apply Expected		Use Precautions	
Lbs./Acre	Lbs/1000	Willest to Apply	Control		
88 – 155	2.0 – 3.6	6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding Second application 4-8 weeks after overseeding date or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the second inch of soil	One application for 70% or greater control of Poa annua Second application should enhance the residual under normal weather conditions	2.	mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed 198 lbs./A (4.5 lbs/1000) for these two applications for <i>Poa annua</i> control in ryegrass overseeded turf Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application Do not make a second application
					unless the product was first applied before overseeding

Recommended Spreader Settings These suggested spreader settings are not intended to replace calibration. Please calibrate your spreader before applying product.							
ibs. treatsft ² at the 155 lbs. product/acre – LIGHT RATE (3.6 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)ibs. treatsft ² at the 174 lbs. product/acre – LOW RATE (4.0 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)ibs. treatsft ² at the 235 lbs. product/acre – MEDIUM RATE (5.4 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)ibs. treatsft ² at the 352 lbs. product/acre – HIGH RATE (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.)							
Spreader	Ground or PTO Speed	Width of Coverage	Light Rate	Spreader Low Rate	Settings Medium Rate	High Rate	
aa	X mph	XX ft/	Х	Х	X	Х	
bb	X mph	XX ft	Х	Х	Х	Х	
cc	X mph	XX ft	X	X	Х	Х	

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LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals (including established perennial and wildflower plantings).

Use Rates

Apply this product at 155 to 352 lbs./A (3.6 to 8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft) in fall and/or spring. Use higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 352 lbs./A (8.1 lbs./1,000 sq. ft.).

Application Timing and Information

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inch) mechanical incorporation, and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Overhead irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash granules off plant foliage and activate the product in the soil.

Newly-Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers listed below. The species listed below in Table 1 are tolerant to this product. This product is also approved for application, except in California, to the species in Table 2, below. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of the ornamental species listed below.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product. Avoid application to plants that are under stress.

Table 1 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name

Abies spp.

Acer palmatum
Acer platanoides
Actinidia chinensis
Agapanthus africanus
Arctostaphylos densiflora
Arctotheca calendula
Aucuba japonica
Berberis gladwynensis

Common name

Fir species**
(Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)
Japanese Maple
Norway Maple
Kiwi*
Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
Vine Hill Manzanita
Cape Weed
Japanese Aucuba
Barberry

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Berberis julianae Berberis mentorensis Berberis thunbergii Berberis verruculosa Buxus microphylla Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisioides Ceanothus rigidus Chamaecyparis pisifera

Cleyera japonica Citrus spp. Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus Cotoneaster buxifolius

Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster microphyllus

Crataegus spp.

Cupressus sempervirens

Delosperma alba Dodonaea viscosa Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei

Euonymus japonica Euonymus kiautschovicks

Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia Forsythia viridissima Gardenia jasminoides

Gladiolus spp. Hedera helix Hibiscus

Hibiscus Rosa-sinensis

llex cornuta llex crenata llex opaca llex pernyi Ilex vomitoria

Iris spp.

Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus horizontalis

Juglans spp.

Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum Lirope muscari

Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Warty Barberry Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush Scotch Heather

Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)

Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac False Cypress Cleyera

Citrus species* Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass

Cranberry Cotoneaster

Cotoneaster

Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster

Hawthorne Italian Cypress

White Trailing Ice Plant

Hop Bush Silverberry Wintercreeper

Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)

Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia Border Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Gladiolus species**

English Ivy Rose of Sharon** Chinese Hibiscus Chinese Holly Japanese Holly American Holly

Holly

Yaupon Holly Iris species** Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper Creeping Juniper

Walnut* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle Amur Privet Japanese Privet

Glossy Privet (Wax-Leaf)

Big Blue Lillyturf

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Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Magnolia spp. Malephora luteola Malus spp.

Nandina domestica Narcissus spp. Nerium spp.

Olea europaea
Ophiopogon japonicus
Osteospermum fruticosum
Oxydendrum arboreum
Persea americana
Photinia fraseri

Photinia fraseri Picea spp. Pieris japonica Pinus brutia Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis

Pinus nigra
Pinus palustris
Pinus radiata
Pinus strobus
Pinus sylvestris
Pinus taeda

Pinus thunbergiana Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium

Pittosporum tobira

Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus spp.

Pseudotsuga menziesii Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii

Pyrus spp. Quercus rubra Rhaphiolepis indica Rhododendron (including Azalea)

Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virens Sedum album Syzygium paniculatum Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle Magnolia species**

ice Plant Crabapple*

Heavenly Bamboo Narcissus species**

Oleander Olive*

Mondo Grass

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Avocado*

Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)

Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine
Canary Island Pine

Slash Pine
Aleppo Pine
Austrian Black Pine
Longleaf Pine
Monterey Pine
Eastern White Pine
Scotch Pine

Loblolly Pine Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine Pistachio*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*

Douglas Fir** Firethorn Scarlet

Firethorn Firethorn

Bradford Pear spp.
Oak species
Indian Hawthorne
'Coral Bells'
'Formosa'
'Hino-crimson'

'PJM'

'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose

Rosemary* Leatherleaf Fern

Stonecrop

Japanese Boxcherry

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Taxus cuspidata Taxus media

Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiaticum

Tsuga canadensis

Tulipa spp. Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum

Viburnum tinus Viburnum trilobum Viburnum wrightii Vinca major

Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia

Vinca minor Vitis spp.

Yucca filamentosa

Japanese Yew

Yew

American Arborvitae Star Jasmine

Canada Hemlock Tulip species

Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum Japanese Snowball Canary Island Viburnum

Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum

Vinca

Dwarf Periwinkle

Grape*

Old Fashioned Weigela Spanish Bayonet Yucca, Adam's Needle

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties - All States Except CA

Scientific name Abelia grandiflora

Achillea spp.

Agapanthus orientalis

Akebia quinata Allium cernuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Artemisia spp. Aster spp. Aster X frikartii

Athyrium filix-femina

Begonia spp. Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp.

Buddleia davidii

Callistemon citrinus

Campanula carpatica

Campis X tagliabuana

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chrysanthemum nipponicum

Coreopsis spp.

Crocosmia spp.

Delosperma spp. Delphinium spp.

Dianthus deltoides Dianthus gratianopolitanus Common name

Abelia: Sherwood Yarrow: King Edward

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion

Japanese Anemone Aquilegia: Red and Gold

Wormwood: Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Lady Fern; Fern Lady

Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis

Snowbank Bougainvillea

Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red

Crimson Bottlebrush

Tussock Beliflower; (White Clips)

Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower; Madame Galen

Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise,

Moonbeam Lucifer Cooperi Pink

Larkspur; Blue Elf

Dianthus, Maiden Pinks 'Zing'

Cheddar Pink

^{**}Not for use on container grown plants.

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Echinacea pupurea Forsythia suspensa Gaillardia spp.

Gaura spp.

Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gypsophila repens Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp. Hibiscus spp. Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana

Houttuynia cordata var. variegata

Hydrangea macrophylla

Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Juniperus davurica

Lagerstromia indica x fauriei Lantana montevidensis

Lavender spp.

Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense

Lilium spp.

Lirope muscari var. variegata

Lirope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Loropetalum chinense

Lythrum spp.

Miscanthus sinensis

Oenothera missourensis

Osmanthus heterophyllus Paeonia suffruticosa

Pennisetum setaceum

Perovskia atriplicifolia Physostegia virginiana Quercus shumardii Rhaphiolepis umbellata

Rhododendron (including azalea)

Rudbeckia spp.
Saxifraga spp.
Scabiosa spp.
Sedum cauticola
Sedum dasyphyllum
Sedum spyrium

Sedum spurium Spiraea bumalda Syzyglum paniculatum Coneflower, Purple; Magnus

Weeping Forsythia

Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: 'Goblin'

Gentian Cranesbill Baby's Breath Sunrose

Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love

Coral Bell; Bridget Bloom Mallow; Disco Belle White Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)

Hosta, 'Searsucker'

Bigleaf Hydrangea

Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong

Siberian Iris: Cabernet

Parsoni

Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead

Edelweiss

Chinese Privet; Variegata

Lily: Jazz

Lirope, Variegated Lirope, Creeping

Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink

Burgundy

Loosestrife; Modern Pink Yaku Jima, Silberfeder Evening Primrose

Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide

Tree Peony

Fountain Grass (Dwarf)

Dragonhead, False; Vivid Oak, Shumard's Red Yedda Hawthorne 'Delaware Valley White'

'Flame Creeper'
'Girard Crimson'
'George L. Tabor'
Wakeiebisu
White Gumpo

Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum Saxifrage; Purple Dome Pincushion Flower Stonecrop; Lidakense

Stonecrop

Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry

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Teucrium spp.
Thalictrum dipterocarpum
Veronica spp.
Viburnum suspensum

Germander
Meadow Rue
Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border
Arrowood Viburnum

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container away from fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal: Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag or box in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility; or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE:

Read the entire Directions for Use and the Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product, user or Buyer accepts the following Warranty Disclaimer and Limitation of Liability:

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER and LIMITATION of LIABILITY:

Manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions. Manufacturer makes NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Where permissible, it is Manufacturer's intent to LIMIT ANY LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL ECONOMIC DAMAGES to refund of purchase price or replacement of product, at Buyer's choice. Manufacturer DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR COMPENSATORY OR OTHER DAMAGES ARISING OUT OF ANY USE CONTRARY TO LABEL DIRECTIONS. Use contrary to label directions is not permitted.

LEGAL RIGHTS:

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS; YOU MAY HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE/JURISDICTION TO STATE/JURISDICTION. (RVamd030804)

Manufactured by: The Andersons Lawn Fertilizer Division, Inc. d/b/a Free Flow Fertilizer PO Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

Date Printed	3/8/04
Date Approved	
Supersedes	11/5/97
Label changes	Amendment – to match Syngenta's basic label (Barricade F & 65WG)
Filename	9198-140
Label code	RVamd030804