



# HERBICIDE III

For selective pre-emergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in established turfgrasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns and landscape ornamentals (including perennial & wildflower plantings).

### Active Ingredient:

Proflamline: [N<sup>2</sup>,N<sup>2</sup>-Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-m-phenylenediamine] ..... 0.48%

Inert Ingredients: ..... 99.52%

Total ..... 100.00%

BARRICADE® - a registered trademark of Novartis  
Professional Turf™ - a trademark of The Andersons, Inc.

### GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Total Nitrogen (N) ..... 32%  
Available Phosphate (P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>) ..... 4%  
Soluble Potash (K<sub>2</sub>O) ..... 6%

Plant nutrients derived from ammonium phosphate, urea, muriate of potash, sulfur coated urea.

**ACCEPTED**  
NOV 5 1997  
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 9198-125

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS CAUTION

### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

#### STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If in eyes: Flush thoroughly with water for several minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If on skin: Wash with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. For terrestrial use, do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. **STORAGE:** Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. **CONTAINER DISPOSAL: PLASTIC CONTAINERS:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or; puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke. **PAPER AND PLASTIC CONTAINERS:** Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke. **FIBER DRUMS:** Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particulates. Empty residues into application equipment. Dispose of empty liner in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility if allowed by state and local authorities. If the drum cannot be reused, dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by state and local authorities.

#### Turf Species and Rates Table:

MAXIMUM RATE/CALENDAR YEAR of THE ANDERSONS BARRICADE HERBICIDE III by Turf Grass Species <sup>1</sup>		
Turf Species:	Lbs. ANDERSONS BARRICADE III /A	Lbs. ai /A
Bermudagrass <sup>2</sup>	313	1.5
Centipedegrass		
Seashore Paspalum		
Tall Fescue (including turf-types)		
Zoysia		
Kentucky Bluegrass	209	1.0
Perennial Ryegrass		
Creeping Red Fescue	154	0.75
St. Augustinegrass		
Creeping Bentgrass	138	0.65

<sup>1</sup>These are the maximum rate per calendar year by species limitations.

<sup>2</sup>May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 106 lb /A product per 1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolen rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

\*Do not apply more than 313 lbs. of this product per calendar year.

\*Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type.

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9198-125  
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### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turf grasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. For most effective weed control this product must be incorporated by 1/2 inch of rainfall, irrigation, or shallow mechanical incorporation. Incorporation should take place as soon as possible after application and should not be delayed past 14 days from the date of application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not apply aerially. Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

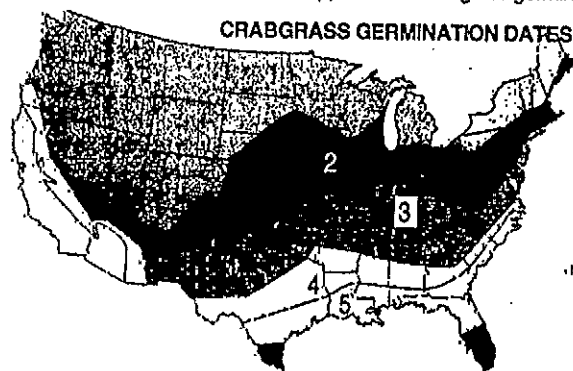
### APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated commercial application equipment.

### ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grass and lawns. The species of turf grass determines the maximum amount of material that may be applied during a year.

Most effective weed control in turfgrasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 1/2 inch of rainfall or irrigation within 14 days after application and prior to weed germination. See the map below for approximate crabgrass germination dates.



Approx. Date  
 1 - After May 30  
 2 - After May 10  
 3 - After April 20  
 4 - After March 20  
 5 - Jan. 1 to March 20

### WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used at the recommended rates (see Turf Species and Rates Table) this product will control:

Carpetweed Common Foxtails, Annual Signalgrass, Broadleaf Lambsquarter, Common Rescuegrass <sup>1</sup> Shepard's purse <sup>2</sup>	Bluegrass, Annual ( <i>Poa annua</i> ) Crabgrass (large, smooth)  Goosegrass <sup>1</sup> Johnsongrass (from seed) Purslane, Common Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)	Chickweed, Henbit  Knotweed Pigweed Spurge, Prostrate
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Do not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for the turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of weed seeds. This product will not control established weeds.

<sup>1</sup>In many areas a single application of 138 to 313 lbs/A of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, apply an initial treatment of 138 to 209 lbs/A followed after 60 days with a second treatment of 108 to 175 lbs/A for season long goosegrass control.

<sup>2</sup>Winter weeds are best controlled by applications made prior to germination; late summer, fall or winter timings.

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only.

### OVERSEEDING/RESEEDING

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded / reseeded too soon after application. The interval between application and overseeding / reseeding is dependent on the application rate, soil temperature, and soil moisture. A shorter interval is possible if growing conditions are warm and wet, while a longer interval is needed if conditions are cool and dry.

Use the Overseeding / Reseeding Intervals Table below as a guide when choosing the appropriate overseeding / reseeding interval for each situation.

### OVERSEEDING / RESEEDING INTERVALS TABLE

Overseeding / Reseeding Interval (months) Based Upon Seeding Method and Predominant Soil Conditions for the Season

This Product Rate (Lbs/A)	Broadcast Seeding		Drill Seeding	
	Wet & Warm	Cool & Dry	Wet & Warm	Cool & Dry
108	4	6	3	4
209	8	12	6	8
313	12	18	9	12

9 to 6

#### USE PRECAUTIONS

The following use precautions apply to the use of this product in turfgrasses and lawns:

Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over seeded grasses. Do not apply to OVER-SEEDED TURF for 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year. Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury. Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control. Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

#### Maximum Annual Rates

This product should not be applied above a maximum annual rate of 313 lbs./A.

#### Turf Species and Rates

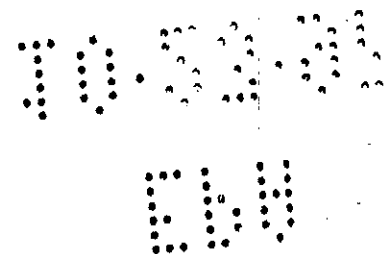
For season long control this product may be applied as a single application, or if needed followed by a second application for increased length of control. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied. Use the higher rate within the listed range for longer control. Longer control is desirable in areas where crabgrass germinates between January 1 and April 20. (See Crabgrass Seed Germination Data Map)

Select maximum use rate based on turfgrass species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weed seeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Manufactured by:  
The Andersons Lawn Fertilizer Division  
d/b/a  
Free Flow Fertilizer  
P. O. Box 119, Maumee, OH 43537

EPA Reg. No. 9198-125  
EPA Est. No. 9198-OH-1

**Net Wt. 50 Lbs.**



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**LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS** (Including Perennial and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

**Use Rates**

Apply this product at ~~1.38 to 3.13 lb/A~~ in fall and/or spring. Use the higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential or single applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of ~~3.13~~ lb/A.

**Application Timing and Information**

Apply this product prior to weed seed germination to the soil surface surrounding established tolerant ornamentals listed below. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established.

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, before weed seeds germinate. Acceptable control will be obtained when this product is activated within 14 days after application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

**Tolerant Ornamental Species**

This product will not harm most established ornamental trees, shrubs and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species without injury.

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Scientific name	Common name
<i>Acer palmatum</i>	Japanese Maple
<i>A. platanoides</i>	Norway Maple
<i>Actinidia chinensis</i>	Kiwi*
<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	Lily-of-the-Nile
<i>Arctostaphylos densiflora</i>	Vine Hill Manzanita
<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Cape Weed
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Japanese Aucuba
<i>Barberis gladwynensis</i>	Barberry
<i>B. jullianae</i>	Wintergreen Barberry
<i>B. mentorensis</i>	Mantor Barberry
<i>B. thunbergii</i>	Japanese Barberry
<i>B. verruculosa</i>	Warty Barberry
<i>Buxus microphylla</i>	Japanese Boxwood
<i>Callistemon viminalis</i>	Weeping Bottlebrush
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Scotch Heather
<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>	Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)
<i>Cassia artemisoides</i>	Feathery Cassia
<i>Ceanothus rigidus</i>	Wild Lilac
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>	False Cypress
<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	Cleyera
<i>Citrus spp.</i>	Citrus species*
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Flowering Dogwood
<i>C. stolonifera</i>	American Dogwood
<i>Cortaderia seloana</i>	Pampas Grass
<i>Cotoneaster apiculatus</i>	Cranberry Cotoneaster
<i>C. buxifolius</i>	Cotoneaster
<i>C. dammeri</i>	Bearberry Cotoneaster
<i>C. microphyllus</i>	Rockspray Cotoneaster
<i>Cretaeagus spp.</i>	Hawthorne*
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Italian Cypress
<i>Delasperma alba</i>	White Trailing Ice Plant
<i>Dodonea viscosa</i>	Hop Bush
<i>Elaeagnus pungens</i>	Silverberry
<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>	Wintercreeper
<i>E. japonica</i>	Evergreen Euonymus
<i>E. kiautschovica</i>	Spreading Euonymus
<i>Fatsia japonica</i>	Japanese Aralia
<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>	Border Forsythia
<i>F. viridissima</i>	Greenstem Forsythia
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>	Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Rhododendron</i> (including <i>Azalea</i> )	'Coral Bells' 'Formosa' 'Hino-crimson' 'PJM' 'Roseum Elegans' Lady Bank's Rose Rosemary
<i>Rosa banksiae</i>	Stonecrop
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>	Japanese Boxcherry
<i>Santolina virens</i>	Japanese Yew
<i>Sedum album</i>	Yew
<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>	American Arborvitae
<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>	Star Jasmine
<i>T. media</i>	Canada Hemlock
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	Japanese Viburnum
<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>	Sweet Viburnum
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	Japanese Snowball
<i>Viburnum japonicum</i>	Canary Island Viburnum
<i>V. odoratissimum</i>	Laurustinus
<i>V. plicatum</i>	Cranberry Bush
<i>V. rigidum</i>	
<i>V. tinus</i>	
<i>V. trilobium</i>	
<i>V. wrightii</i>	
<i>Vincetoxicum minor</i>	Dwarf Periwinkle
<i>Vitis sp.</i>	Grape*
<i>Weigela florida</i>	Old Fashioned Weigela
<i>Yucca aloifolia</i>	Spanish Bayonet
<i>Y. filamentosa</i>	Yucca, Adam's Needle

\*Ornamental species only. Do not use on food producing trees or vines.

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Hedera helix  
 Hibiscus rosa-sinensis  
 Ilex cornuta  
 I. crenata  
 I. opaca  
 I. pernyi  
 Jasminium nudiflorum  
 Juniperus chinensis  
 J. conferta  
 J. horizontalis  
 Juglans sp.  
 Justicia brandegeana  
 Lagerstromia indica  
 Ligustrum amurense  
 L. japonicum  
 L. lucidum  
 Liriope muscari  
 Lonocera japonica  
 L. tatarica  
 Maleophora luteola  
 Malus sp.  
 Nandina domestica  
 Olea europaea  
 Ophiopogon japonicus  
 Osteospermum fruticosum  
 Oxydendrum arboreum  
 Parsea americana  
 Photinia fraseri  
 Picea abies  
 Pieris japonica  
 Pinus brutia  
 P. canariensis  
 P. halepensis  
 P. nigra  
 P. radiata  
 P. thunbergiana  
 P. strobus  
 P. sylvestris  
 Pistachio sp.  
 Pittosporum rhombifolium  
 R. tobira  
 Podocarpus macrophyllus  
 Prunus laurocerasus  
 Prunus sp.  
 Pycnantha oocolea  
 P. tortugana  
 P. roldzumii  
 Pyrus sp.  
 Quercus rubra  
 Raphiolepis indica

English Ivy  
 Chinese Hibiscus  
 Chinese Holly  
 Japanese Holly  
 American Holly  
 Holly  
 Winter Jasmine  
 Chinese Juniper  
 Shore Juniper  
 Creeping Juniper  
 Walnut\*  
 Shrimp Plant  
 Crepe Myrtle  
 Amur Privet  
 Japanese Privet  
 Glossy Privet  
 Big Blue Lily Turf  
 Japanese Honeysuckle  
 Tatarian Honeysuckle  
 Ice Plant  
 Crabapple\*  
 Heavenly Bamboo  
 Olive\*  
 Mondo Grass  
 Trailing African Daisy  
 Sourwood  
 Avocado\*  
 Frasier's Photinia  
 Norway Spruce  
 Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub  
 Calabrian Pine  
 Canary Island Pine  
 Aleppo Pine  
 Austrian Black Pine  
 Monterey Pine  
 Japanese Black Pine  
 Eastern White Pine  
 Scotch Pine  
 Pistachio\*  
 Queensland Pittosporum  
 Japanese Pittosporum  
 Japanese Yew  
 English Laurel  
 Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach,  
 Plum and Prune\*  
 Firethorn  
 Firethorn  
 Firethorn  
 Bradford Pear sp.  
 Red Oak  
 Indian Hawthorne

#### LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read this Limitation of Warranty and Limitation of Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of the manufacturer or seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer or user.

The manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, under normal use conditions, subject to the risks described above. **THE MANUFACTURER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.** In no event shall the manufacturer or seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

The manufacturer and seller offer this product, and buyer and user accept it, subject to the foregoing limitations of warranty and limitation of liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

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