41/18 - 12 %

Hr. Daniel Paradiso, Jr.
The Andersons Lawn Pertilizer Division
d/b/a Free Flow Pertilizer
P.O. Sox 119
Mausee, OH 43537

Dear Mr. Paradiso:

JM.

Subject: The Andersons Barricade Herbicide I
EPA Registration No. 9198-123
The Andersons Barricade Herbicide II
EPA Registration No. 9198-124
The Andersons Barricade Herbicide III
EPA Registration No. 9198-125
The Andersons Fertilizer with 0.4263 Barricade Application To Amend Registration To Add Use for Landscape Ornsments and To Update Labels To Hatch Label of Barricade F Herbicide (EFA Reg. No. 55947-144) Dated December 5, 1994 and Letter Dated December 8, 1994, Signed by Michelle Bell Requesting an Extension of Conditional Registration of Each "Ne-Too" Products Listed Above.

As requested we are extending the subject conditional pesticide paroduct registrations to September 27, 1997 based on a request by Sandoz Agre, Inc. for an extenion of time to submit the required data to support the active ingredient in each of these products. The condition for these extensions is:

o Provided that the registrant of the active ingredient in these products submits the required data to continue the registration of it (prodiamine) for the use-patterns claimed on the labels of the subject pesticide products.

If at any time during the time of these extensions, we are able to establish that the required data to support the registration of the active ingredeint are in this Agency's

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

files, we shall change these registrations to FIFRA section 3(c)(5) registrations. Failure of the registrant of the active ingredient to submit the required data may result in the suspension of the subject products.

The proposed labeling amendments to add landscape ornamentals as uses sited and other amendments for these products have been reviewed for each of the subject pesticide product registrations and are acceptable for registration under the Pederal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended provided that your

 Revise the expression of dosage in footnote 1, listed under the section entitled: "Weeds Controlled", by listing the dosages in a consistent order from low to high.

2. Submit one (1) printed copy of the final printed label before releasing the product for shipment under the enclosed stamped label.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with PIFRA, Section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stanged copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

sincerely yours,

Joanne I. Miller Product Hanager (23) Fungicide-Berbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

EWilson: Diskette Prodiamine: 01-10-95



16h. Penined 1-10.95

THE ANDERSONS BARRICADE HERBICIDE I

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis:

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

Nitrogen 32 % (N) Phosphorus 4 % (P_2O_5) Potassium 6 % (K_2O)

Nitrogen from: Urea formaldehyde, Urea, Ammonia

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 91198-123

JAM 11 900

For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- landscape ornamentals (including parennial & wild+lower plantings)

KEEP OUT OF PEACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See the following section, <u>Precautionary Statements</u>, <u>Hazards To Humans and Domestic</u>
<u>Arimals</u>, for additional information.

Net Weight:

EPA Reg. No. 9198-123 EPA Est. No.

> The Andersons Lawn Fertilizer Division P. O. Box 119 Maumee, OH 43537

BARRICADE® is a Registered Trademark of Sandoz, Ltd.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Statements of Practical Treatment

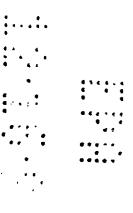
If in eyes: Flush thoroughly with water for several minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

If on skin: Wash with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air.

Environmental Hazards

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.



STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE

Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

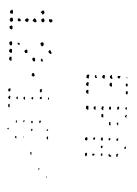
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

<u>Plastic Containers</u>: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or; puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning local v. If burned, stay out of smoke.

<u>Paper and plastic containers:</u> Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

<u>Fiber Drums</u>: Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residues into application equipment. Dispose of empty liner in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility if allowed by state and local authorities. If the drum cannot be reused, dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by state and local authorities.



DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistint with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in turf grasses and landscapes. This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. For most effective weed control this product must be incorporated by 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation. Incorporation should take place as soon as possible after application and should not be delayed past 14 days from the date of application.

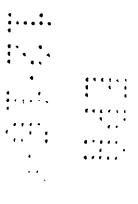
Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.



Application Directions

Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated commercial application equipment.

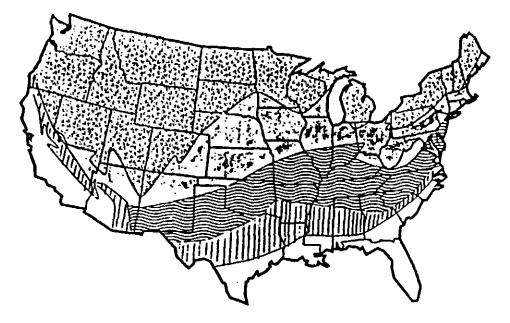
ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grass and lawns. The species of turf grass determines the maximum amount of material that may be applied during a year.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation within 14 days after application and prior to weed germination. See the map below for approximate crabgrass germination dates.

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES

Approximate Date



After May 30

After May 10

After April 20
Mill After March 20

January 1 to March 20

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Use Precautions

The following use precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly over-seeded grasses.

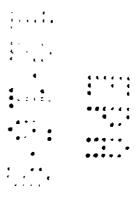
Do not apply to OVERSEEDED TURF for 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.

Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.

Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.

Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass (<u>Poa annua</u>) are desirable species.



Maximum Annual Rates

This product should not be applied above a maximum annual rate of 714 lb/A.

Turf Species and Rates

For season long control this product may be applied as a single application, or if needed followed by a second application for increased length of control. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied. Use the higher rate within the listed range for longer control. Longer control is desirable in areas where crabgrass germinates between January 1 and April 20 (See Crabgrass Seed Germination Data Map).

Select maximum use rate based on turf grass species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weed seeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Turf Species and Rates Table:

MAXIMUM RATE/CALENDAR YEAR of THE ANDERSONS BARRICADE HERBICIDE I by Turf Grass Species ¹				
Turf Species:	Ib ANDERSONS BARRICADE I/A	lb a.i./A		
Bermudagrass ² Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysia	714	1.5		
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	476	1.0		
Creeping Red Fescue St. Augustinegrass	352	0.75		
Creeping Bentgrass	314	0.65 , ,		

These are the maximum rate per calendar year by species limitations.

May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 248 lb/A. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

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- Do not apply more than 714 lb of this product per calendar year.
- Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and weed control for each turf type.

Weeds Controlled

When used at the recommended rates (see Turf Species and Rates Table) this product will control:

Barnyardgrass
Bluegrass, Annual (<u>Poa annua</u>)
Crabgrass (large, smooth)
Foxtails, Annual
Goosegrass¹
Johnsongrass (from seed)
Rescuegrass³
Signalgrass, Broadleaf

Carpetweed
Chickweed, Common
Henbit
Knotweed
Lambsquarter, Common
Pigweed
Purslane, Common
Shepard's-purse²
Spurge, Prostrate
Woodsorrel, Yellow (from Geed)

Do not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for the turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of weed seeds. This product will not control established weeds.

In many areas a single application of 314 to 714 lb/A of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, make an initial application of 314 to 476 lb/A followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application of 400 to 248 lb/A, respectively, for season long goosegrass control. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the Maximum Annual Rate Table above.



Winter weeds are best controlled by applications made prior to germination: late ... summer, fall or winter timings.

3 Suppression only.

Overseeding/Reseeding

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded/reseeded too soon after application. The interval between application and overseeding/reseeding is dependent on the application rate, soil temperature, and soil moisture. A shorter interval is possible if growing conditions are warm and wet, while a longer interval is needed if conditions are cool and dry.

Use the Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table below as a guide when choosing the appropriate overseeding/reseeding interval for each situation.

Overseeding/Reseeding Intervals Table:

This Product Rate (lb/A)	Overseeding/Reseeding Interval (months) Based Upon Seeding Method and Predominant Soil Conditions for the Season				
	Broadcast Seeding		Drill Seeding		
	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry	Wet and Warm	Cool and Dry	
248	4	6	3	4	
476	8	12	6	8	
714	12	18	9	12	



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LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including Perennial and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

Use Rates

Apply this product at 314 to 714 lb/A in fall and/or spring. Use the higher rate of application for longer control periods. Sequential or single applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 714 lb/A.

Application Timing and Information

Apply this product prior to weed seed germination to the soil surface surrounding established tolerant ornamentals listed below. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established.

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 in of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 in) mechanical incorporation, before weed seeds germinate. Acceptable control will be obtained when this product is activated within 14 days after application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

This product will not harm most established ornamental trees, shrubs and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species witho _ injury.



Scientific name Common name -----...... Acer palmatum Japanese Maple A. platanoides Norway Maple Kiwi* Actinidia chinensis Agapanthus africanus Lilv-of-the-Nile Arctostaphylos densiflora Vine Hill Manzanita Cape Weed Arctotheca calendula Aucuba japonica Japanese Aucuba Barberis gladwynensis Barberry B. julianae Wintergreen Barberry **Mentor Barberry** B. mentorensis B. thunbergii Japanese Barberry B. verruculosa Warty Barberry Buxus microphylla Japanese Boxwood Callistemon viminalis Weeping Bottlebrush Calluna vulgaris Scotch Heather Carpobrotus edulis Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Feathery Cassia Cassia artemisoides Ceanothus rigidus Wild Lilac Chamaecyparis pisifera False Cypress Cleyera japonica Clevera Citrus spp. Citrus species* Cornus florida Flowering Dogwood C. stolonifera American Dogwood Cortaderia selloana Pampas Grass Cotoneaster apiculatus Cranberry Cotoneaster C. buxifolius Cotoneaster C. dammeri Bearberry Cotoneaster C. microphyllus **Rockspray Cotoneaster** Hawthorne * Cretaegus spp. Italian Cypress Cupressus sempervirens Delasperma alba White Trailing Ice Plant Proposivi Propos Hop Bush Elaeagnus pungens Silverberry Euonymus fortunei Wintercreeper E. japonica **Evergreen Euonymus** E. kiautschovica Spreading Euonymus Fatsia japonica Japanese Aralia Forsythia intermedia Border Forsythia F. viridissima Greenstem Forsythia

Gardenia jasminoides

Hibiscus rosa-sinensis

Hedera helix

llex cornuta

I. crenata

I. opaca

I. pernyi



Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

English Ivy

Holly

Chinese Hibiscus

Chinese Holly

Japanese Holly

American Holly

Scientific name

Common name

Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis

J. conferta
J. horizontalis
Juglans sp.

Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Ligustrum amurense

L. japonicum L. lucidum Liriope muscari Lonicera japonica

L. tatarica

Maleophora luteola

Malus sp.

Nandina domestica

Olea europa

Ophiopogon japonicus
Osteospermum fruticosum
Oxydendrum arboreum

Persea americana Photinia fraseri Picea abies Pieris japonica Pinus brutia P. canariensis P. halepensis

P. nigra P. radiata

P. thunbergiana

P. strobus
P. sylvestris
Pistachio sp.

Pittosporum rhombifolium

P. tobira

Podocarpus macrophyllus

Prunus laurocerasus

Prunus sp.

Pyracantha coccinea

P. fortuneana P. koidzumii Pyrus sp. Quercus rubra

Raphiolepis indica

Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper Shore Juniper Creeping Juniper

Walnut*
Shrimp Plant
Crepe Myrtle
Amur Privet
Japanese Privet
Glossy Privet
Big Blue Lily Turf

Japanese Honeysuckle Tatarian Honeysuckle

Ice Plant Crabapple*

Heavenly Bamboo

Olive*

Mondo Grass

Trailing African Daisy

Sourwood Avocado*

Frasier's Photinia Norway Spruce

Lily-of-the-Valley Shrub

Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine

Aleppo Pine

Austrian Black Pine

Monterey Pine

Japanese Black Pine Eastern White Pine

Scotch Pine Pistachio*

Queensland Pittosporum Japanese Pittosporum

Japanese Yew English Laurel

Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach,

Plum and Prune*

Firethorn Firethorn Firethorn

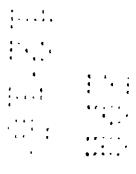
Bradford Pear sp.

Red Oak

Indian Hawthorne

Scientific name	Common name
Rhododendron	'Coral Bells'
(including Azalea)	'Formosa'
•	'Hino-crimson'
	'PJM'
	'Roseum Elegans'
Rosa banksiae	Lady Bank's Rose
Rosmarinus officinalis	Rosemary
Santolina virens	
Sedum album	Stonecrop
Syzygium paniculatum	Japanese Boxcherry
Taxus cuspidata	Japanese 'ew
T. media	Yew
Thuja occidentalis	American Arborvitae
Trachelospermum asiatum	Star Jasmine
Tsuga canadensis	Canada Hemlock
Viburnum japonicum	Japanese Viburnum
V. odoratissimum	Sweet Viburnum
V. plicatum	Japanese Snowball
V. rigidum	Canary Island Viburnum
V. tinus	Laurustinus
V. trilobium	Cranberry Bush
V. wrightii	
Vinca minor	Dwarf Periwinkle
Vitis sp.	Grape *
Weigela florida	Old Fashioned Weigela
Yucca aloifolia	Spanish Bayonet
Y. filamentosa	Yucca, Adam's Needle

^{*}Ornamental species only. Do not use on food producing trees or vines.



LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read this Limitation of Warranty and Limitation of Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of the manufacturer or seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer or user.

The manufacturer warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, under normal use conditions, subject to the risks described above. THE MANUFACTURER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR OF MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. In no event shall the manufacturer or seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

The manufacturer and seller offer this product, and buyer and user accept it, subject to the foregoing limitations of warranty and limitation of liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.