

10F2  
Pm21  
9198-64

PRICE

# Lawn Fungicide



Contains Dyrene

For Control of: BROWN PATCH  
COPPER, DOLLAR and  
LEAF SPOT • SNOW MOLD  
Treats Up To 4,000 Sq. Ft.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
**DANGER**  
See Back Panel For Additional Precautionary Statements

EPA REG. NO. 9198-64  
ACTIVE INGREDIENT:  
4,8-Dichloro-N-(2-chlorophenyl)-1,3,5-triazin-2-amine ... 5%  
INERT INGREDIENTS: ..... 95%  
TOTAL ..... 100%

\*DYRENE is reg. T.M. in U.S. and Canadian Patent Offices  
by Chemagro Corp.  
U.S. Patent No. 2,720,460  
Canadian Patent No. 548,027

NET WEIGHT 10 POUNDS (4.5 kg)



ACCEPTED  
OCT 16 1986  
Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,  
as amended, for the pesticide  
registered under  
EPA Reg. No. 9198-64

207-7  
Net Weight 10 Pounds (4.5 kg) Treats up to 4,000 sq. ft.

# LAWN FUNGICIDE

## Contains Dyrene\*

A broad spectrum fungicide for control of important fungus diseases of turf grasses.

### CONTROLS THE FOLLOWING DISEASES:

Rhizoctonia Brown Patch, Sclerotinia Dollar Spot, Copper Spot, Typhule Snow Mold, Helminthosporium-Induced Diseases (i.e. Melting-out of Kentucky Bluegrass, Red Leaf Spot of Bentgrass, Helminthosporium Blight of Fescues, Brown Blight of Ryegrasses, and Zonate Eye-Spot and Helminthosporium Leaf Spot of Bluegrasses, Bentgrasses and Fescues).

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

### DANGER

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Causes irreversible eye damage. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses). Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Protective clothing should be worn during periods of exposure, such as during application or when contacting treated foliage. ANILAZINE may cause a temporary allergic skin reaction in a few susceptible persons. This condition should be treated as an allergic dermatitis. There is no evidence of after effects or permanent injury.

#### Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Cover or incorporate spills.

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in a dry place. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not allow children or pets to play on lawn for 24 hours after treatment.

For best results, the lawn should be moist when making application; ideally, just after a light shower or when dew is on the grass. Do not apply when rain is expected within 24 hours. Do not water lawn after application.

### PREVENTIVE DISEASE PROGRAMS

Spreader Setting I: Where disease has not been a problem and a preventive program is desired, apply at the rate of 2½ lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. (contents of bag to 4,000 sq. ft.)

Spreader Setting II: Where disease has been a problem in previous years or current weather is humid and rainy and a preventive program is desired, apply at the rate of 4 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. (contents of bag to 2,500 sq. ft.)

### ERADICATIVE TREATMENT:

Spreader Setting II: For control of Typhule snow mold, apply after the first killing frost in the fall. A second application should be made when the lawn is free of snow in mid-winter and this should be followed by a third application after the final melting of snow in late winter or early spring.

Spreader Setting III: For eradication spot treatment of severely damaged areas, apply at the rate of 6 lbs. per 1,000 sq. ft. (contents of this bag to 1,650 sq. ft.).

For control of melting-out of Kentucky bluegrass, Helminthosporium blight of fescues, brown blight of ryegrasses, and red leaf spot of bentgrasses, start application in early spring and continue at 10-14 day intervals as long as cool wet weather persists.

### APPROXIMATE SPREADER SETTINGS

	I 2½#/1000 sq. ft.	II 4#/1000 sq. ft.	III 6#/1000 sq. ft.
Central Drop 550	11¼	12¼	13¼
Central Broadcast 600B	5¼	6½	7
Cyclone B1 80	6	6¾	7½
Ortho Drop 3000	9½	10½	12
Ortho Broadcast 4000	8	14¼	NR
Scotts Drop PF2	10	11¼	12¼
Scotts Broadcast 021M	N½	P½	NR
Sears Drop 671.19151	11¼	12	13
Sears Broadcast 671.19261	5¼	6½	7

Age and condition of spreader can affect its accuracy. Try to calibrate over small area. Close spreader when filling, stopping, or turning. Do not hand spread.

### WARRANTY STATEMENT

"Seller warrants that this material conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with any directions provided, with proper equipment in good working order and under normal conditions of use. Buyer assumes the risk of any contrary use. Seller makes no other express or implied warranty including the warranty of fitness for a particular purpose, and no agent or seller is authorized to do so except in writing with a specific reference to this warranty. In no event shall seller's liability for any breach of warranty exceed the purchase price of the material as to which a claim is made."

Manufactured For  
Lofa Seed, Inc.  
Chimney Rock Road  
Bound Brook, New Jersey 08805  
Albany, Oregon 97321

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