

[illegible]

WHEN FOR FRESH—Farmers in the north and west are planting winter wheat. In the south, farmers are planting early spring wheat. For southern states, late summer or early fall treatments are best for land to be planted to early spring crops.

with a 100% probability of success. The maximum time allowed to complete the test was 10 min. The maximum time allowed to complete the test was 10 min. The maximum time allowed to complete the test was 10 min.

RESEARCH DESIGN—The study was a descriptive application of the value categories of a model of the social impact of forests to the forest management plan of a forest in the Pacific Northwest. The study covered a 10-year period from 1980 to 1990. The study was a descriptive study of the social impact of forests. The study was a descriptive study of the social impact of forests. The study was a descriptive study of the social impact of forests.

• **Prevention:** Use of prophylactic antibiotics (e.g., penicillin) before dental procedures in patients with heart disease.
 • **Diagnosis:** Clinical examination, dental X-rays, and blood cultures to identify the source of infection.
 • **Treatment:** Intravenous antibiotics (e.g., penicillin G, ampicillin) and surgical drainage of abscesses.
 • **Prognosis:** Good with prompt treatment, but can be fatal if untreated.
 • **Prevalence:** Rare, but more common in patients with heart disease or recent dental work.
 • **Complications:** Sepsis, endocarditis, and abscess formation.

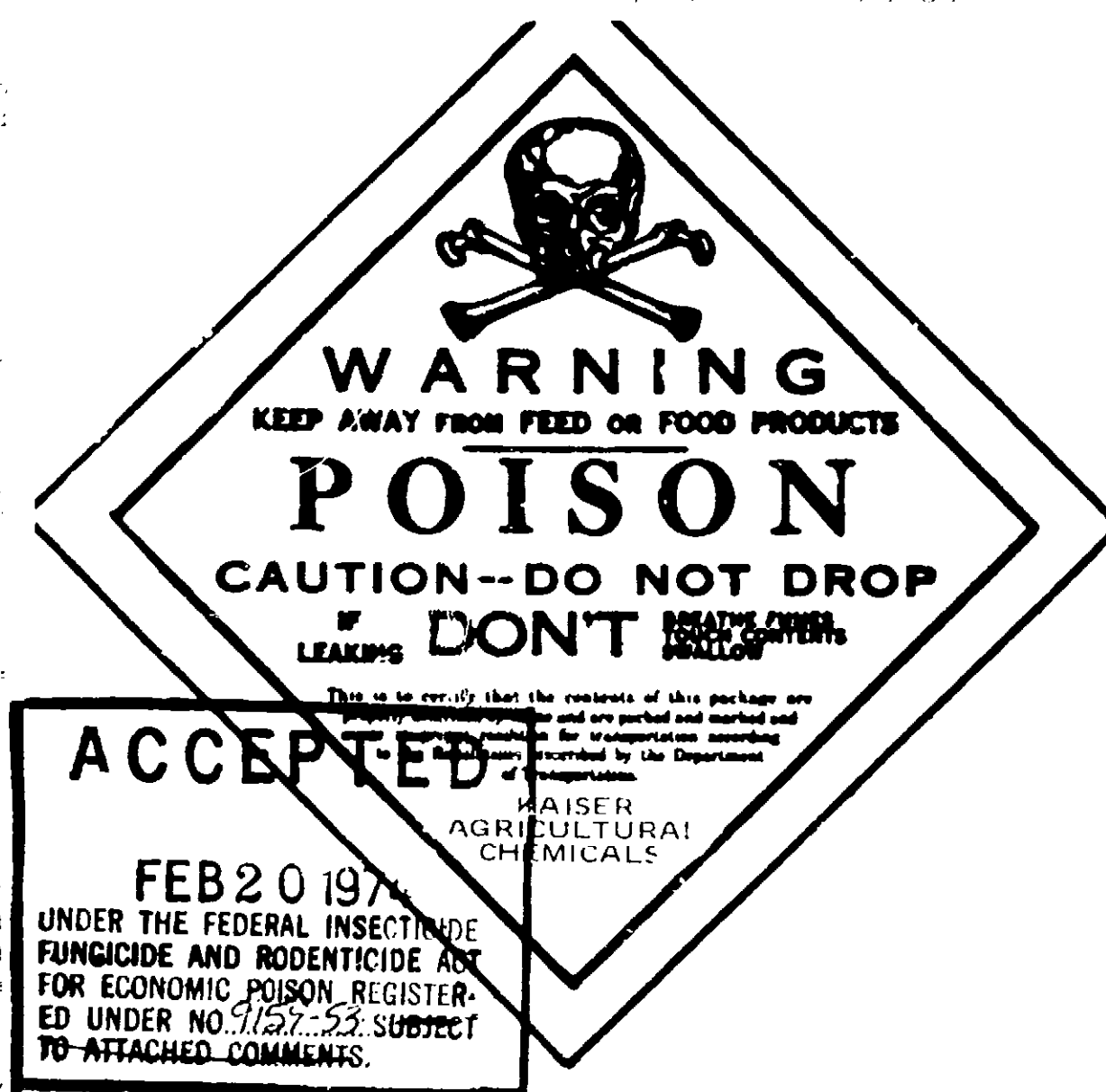
E. coli, *S. flexneri*, *S. flexneri* serotype 3, *S. flexneri* serotype 6, *S. flexneri* serotype 7, *S. flexneri* serotype 8, *S. flexneri* serotype 9, *S. flexneri* serotype 10, *S. flexneri* serotype 11, *S. flexneri* serotype 12, *S. flexneri* serotype 13, *S. flexneri* serotype 14, *S. flexneri* serotype 15, *S. flexneri* serotype 16, *S. flexneri* serotype 17, *S. flexneri* serotype 18, *S. flexneri* serotype 19, *S. flexneri* serotype 20, *S. flexneri* serotype 21, *S. flexneri* serotype 22, *S. flexneri* serotype 23, *S. flexneri* serotype 24, *S. flexneri* serotype 25, *S. flexneri* serotype 26, *S. flexneri* serotype 27, *S. flexneri* serotype 28, *S. flexneri* serotype 29, *S. flexneri* serotype 30, *S. flexneri* serotype 31, *S. flexneri* serotype 32, *S. flexneri* serotype 33, *S. flexneri* serotype 34, *S. flexneri* serotype 35, *S. flexneri* serotype 36, *S. flexneri* serotype 37, *S. flexneri* serotype 38, *S. flexneri* serotype 39, *S. flexneri* serotype 40, *S. flexneri* serotype 41, *S. flexneri* serotype 42, *S. flexneri* serotype 43, *S. flexneri* serotype 44, *S. flexneri* serotype 45, *S. flexneri* serotype 46, *S. flexneri* serotype 47, *S. flexneri* serotype 48, *S. flexneri* serotype 49, *S. flexneri* serotype 50, *S. flexneri* serotype 51, *S. flexneri* serotype 52, *S. flexneri* serotype 53, *S. flexneri* serotype 54, *S. flexneri* serotype 55, *S. flexneri* serotype 56, *S. flexneri* serotype 57, *S. flexneri* serotype 58, *S. flexneri* serotype 59, *S. flexneri* serotype 60, *S. flexneri* serotype 61, *S. flexneri* serotype 62, *S. flexneri* serotype 63, *S. flexneri* serotype 64, *S. flexneri* serotype 65, *S. flexneri* serotype 66, *S. flexneri* serotype 67, *S. flexneri* serotype 68, *S. flexneri* serotype 69, *S. flexneri* serotype 70, *S. flexneri* serotype 71, *S. flexneri* serotype 72, *S. flexneri* serotype 73, *S. flexneri* serotype 74, *S. flexneri* serotype 75, *S. flexneri* serotype 76, *S. flexneri* serotype 77, *S. flexneri* serotype 78, *S. flexneri* serotype 79, *S. flexneri* serotype 80, *S. flexneri* serotype 81, *S. flexneri* serotype 82, *S. flexneri* serotype 83, *S. flexneri* serotype 84, *S. flexneri* serotype 85, *S. flexneri* serotype 86, *S. flexneri* serotype 87, *S. flexneri* serotype 88, *S. flexneri* serotype 89, *S. flexneri* serotype 90, *S. flexneri* serotype 91, *S. flexneri* serotype 92, *S. flexneri* serotype 93, *S. flexneri* serotype 94, *S. flexneri* serotype 95, *S. flexneri* serotype 96, *S. flexneri* serotype 97, *S. flexneri* serotype 98, *S. flexneri* serotype 99, *S. flexneri* serotype 100.

Seed and plant beds	
Tomato, tobacco, forest tree	500
Vegetables (for production of transplants)	500
Flowerbeds and plant beds for ornamental plants	350
Nurseries:	
Flora, ornamental	500
Woody genera (for production of seedlings)	500
Ornamental	500

[illegible]

1. Plants (Trees, Shrubs, Herbs, Grasses, Non-stems) And
2. Animals (Plant Bodies And Human)

Soluble component	
Methyl Bromide	68.6%
Chloroform	1.4%
High-boiling, nontoluene hydrocarbons	30.0%



KAINER AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS
SAVANNAH GEORGIA 31402

Consult the following table to determine the proper pressure and deflation rate required to deflate tires in a safe manner. These calibrations are based on the use of 2 or more chisels spaced 1 inch apart.

		Factor Speed	
Per Acre	Inches	Per Acre	Inches
35	14.0	55	14.0
500	14.0	55	14.0
600	10.5	55	4.0

Plants are usually transplanted 2 to 3 days after the cover is removed. For transplants aerate the soil 7 to 10 days prior to planting. Do not remove a cover crop until it is readily biodegradable. Tolerances allow an extra 10% and at least 2 weeks when transplant of strawberries and cabbage for crop production are set or fungicide for 12. If a crop is to be transplanted below 60 degrees F, cover during the winter, seedling or seedling until the soil is warm enough to be planted with, and monitor soil temperature for 10 to 15 days after.

NOTE CAREFULLY: Fertilizer may temporarily raise the level of ammonia nitrogen in the soil. However, this is good. Adequate nitrogen is essential for healthy, vigorous plants and the plants that are better established will have more nitrogen available to them. The use of fertilizer is indicated by other symptoms of nitrogen deficiency. To avoid nitrogen deficiency, use a fertilizer containing a minimum of 10% nitrogen. Do not use fertilizers containing only 5% nitrogen until the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 55 degrees F. (Corn crop) or 60 degrees F. (Soybean crop). Do not apply fertilizer to the soil until the soil is free of frost. Ammonia nitrogen is not available to plants until the probability of ammonia fixation is low.

formation of soil and, therefore, in your level of understanding of the soil. So, you are not only learning about the soil, but you are also learning about the process of soil formation. This is a very important concept, and it is one that you will need to understand in order to be able to work with soil. So, you are not only learning about the soil, but you are also learning about the process of soil formation. This is a very important concept, and it is one that you will need to understand in order to be able to work with soil.

[illegible]

This product is used to wash, clean, and degrease machinery, equipment, and tools. It is used for cleaning of equipment and for cleaning of machinery and tools. It is used for cleaning of machinery and tools.

The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable "Number of children in the household" (N = 1,000). The independent variables are "Age of the head of household" and "Gender of the head of household". The results are presented in the following table:

Recently developed in the U.S. and Canada, do not require application equipment made for aluminum alloys. Clean application equipment immediately flushing thoroughly with diesel or kerosene. Send equipment in flight to a repair shop for a complete overhaul.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
HIGHLY VOLATILE LIQUID
LIQUID MAY CAUSE BURNING
VAPORS MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED
Do Not Breathe Vapor • Keep Away from Heat
Do Not Get in Eyes, on Skin, on Clothing**

• **Water:** Make sure you have plenty of water for all of the people in your group. You will need 1 gallon of water for each person. If you are in a hot area, you will need more. You will also need plenty of water for at least 15 minutes after you get out of the water.

and personal experiences and all affects from the environment that impinge on the individual are taken into account in the model. The model is based on the following assumptions:



IN CASE OF AN ACCIDENT

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
155 E. 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

DO NOT REPLY TO THIS OFFICIAL COMMUNICATION
GROUCHO OVER THE PHONE OR BY MAIL OR BY
EMERGENCY SERVICE. IF YOU HAVE A QUESTION
OR NEED ASSISTANCE, PLEASE CALL 1-800-368-5848
or visit www.fbi.gov. For more information, visit
FBI's website at www.fbi.gov.
Register as approved by the U.S. Bureau of M
September 11, 2011

[illegible][illegible]

Stratton, N. H. 03583

Orthocentrus, a species of fish, is a common member of the family Cichlidae. It is a large, deep-bodied fish with a high, compressed body and a large head. The body is covered with large, dark, irregular spots and blotches. The head is large and deep, with a prominent snout and large eyes. The mouth is wide and deep, with a large lower jaw. The gills are large and prominent. The scales are large and prominent. The fish is a common member of the family Cichlidae. It is a large, deep-bodied fish with a high, compressed body and a large head. The body is covered with large, dark, irregular spots and blotches. The head is large and deep, with a prominent snout and large eyes. The mouth is wide and deep, with a large lower jaw. The gills are large and prominent. The scales are large and prominent.

IONS FOR APPLICATION AND PLANTING

TREAT: Treatments can be made in the spring, or fall whenever soil conditions are suitable. In state, the soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material. The soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material. The soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material. The soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material.

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OSURE PERIOD AFTER APPLICATION

After the application of the product, the soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material. The soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material. The soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material. The soil should be tilled to a depth of 12 to 18 inches, and the soil should be covered with a layer of straw or other organic material.

DOSAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

The dosage of the product should be determined by the type of soil and the type of crop. The dosage should be determined by the type of soil and the type of crop. The dosage should be determined by the type of soil and the type of crop. The dosage should be determined by the type of soil and the type of crop.

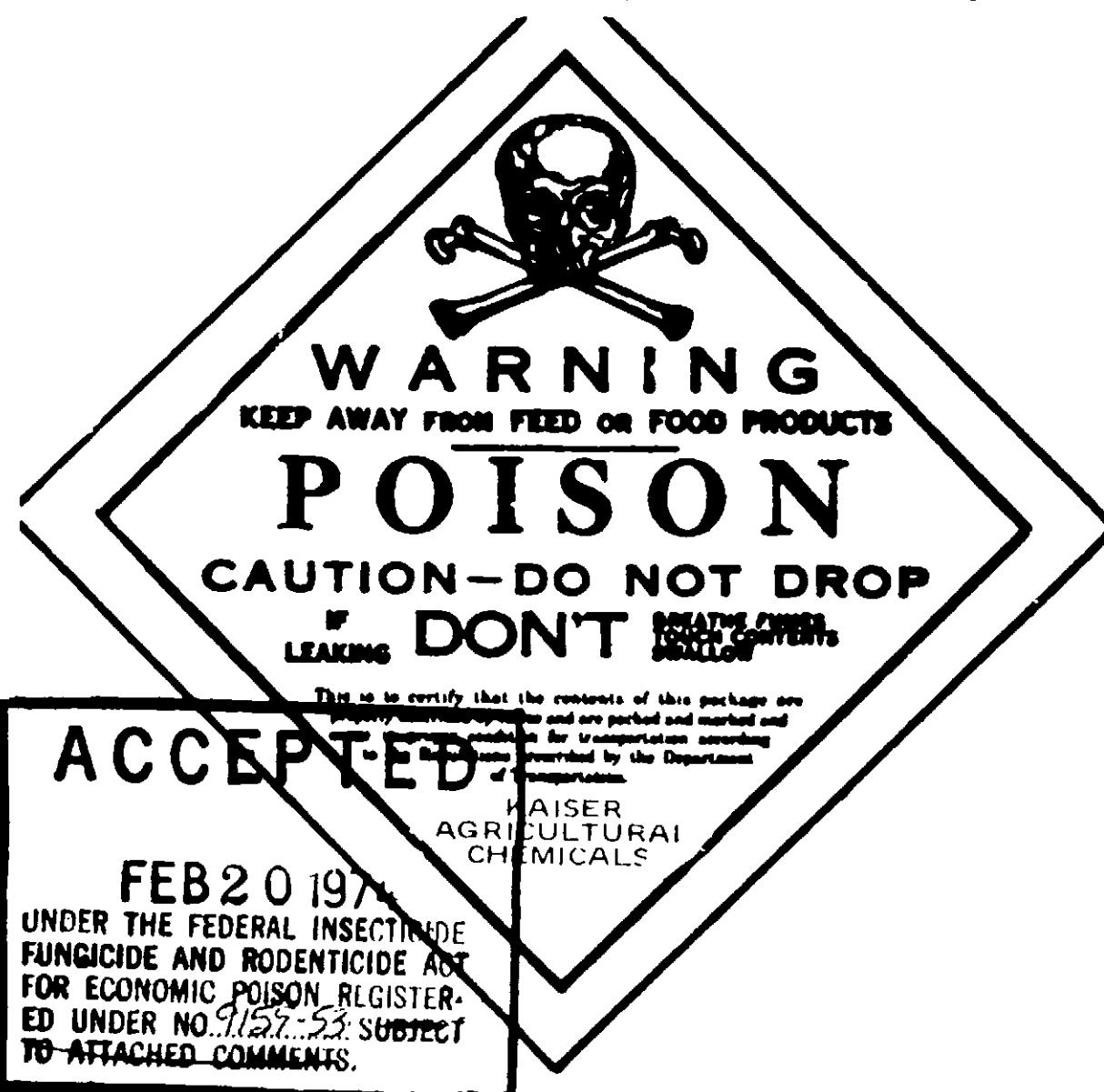
KAISER AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS

BROZONE[®]

SOIL FUMIGANT

to Control Many Weeds, Grasses, Nuts and Berries
Insect Pests In Plant Beds And Nurseries

Active Ingredients:
Methyl Bromide 68.6%
Chloropicrin 1.4%
Inert Ingredients: Petroleum Hydrocarbons 30.0%



DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

METHYL BROMIDE - CHLOROPICRIN
MIXTURE, LIQUID

DISTRIBUTED BY

KAISER AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS
P.O. BOX 1000, ALBANY, N.Y. 12212

Consult the following table to determine the proper pressures and orifice sizes required to deliver the desired dosage per acre. These calibrations are based on the use of 2 or more nozzles spaced 12 inches apart.

DOSAGE CALIBRATION CHART

Liquid Pounds Per Acre	Injector			
	Orifice Diameter Inches	Approximate Pressure PSI	Orifice Diameter Inches	Approximate Pressure PSI
350	.043	11	.043	11
500	.045	10	.045	10
600	.055	38	.055	38

WHEN TO PLANT AFTER THE EXPOSURE PERIOD

Crops can usually be seeded 2 to 3 days after the cover is removed. For transplants gerate the soil 7 to 10 days prior to planting. NOTE: To avoid the possibility of excessive soil moisture, tolerances allow an irrigation period of 1 to 2 weeks. For transplants of strawberries and tomatoes, soil production are set in fumigated fields. If rain or other moisture is present, 60 degrees F. or higher during irrigation, delay planting until the soil is returned to a tillable condition with good moisture and temperature for seed planting.

USE PRECAUTIONS

NOTE: CAREFULLY follow the instructions on the label. A level of application of 1.5 to 2.0 gallons per acre is recommended. It is most likely to be applied when heavy rain is expected. If rain frequently is expected, soil should be watered. If rain is expected, high in heavy rain, it is recommended that the soil be irrigated by hand, applying 1 to 2 inches of water. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

Fumigation of soil may accentuate phosphate deficiency. Therefore, in soils with available phosphorus, it is recommended that the soil be fertilized with a phosphorus fertilizer. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

This product is toxic to wildlife. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

CAUTION: Avoid the possibility of excessive bromide residues in crops other than strawberries and tomatoes. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

Severely corrosive to certain metals. Do not use containers or application equipment made of aluminum, magnesium, or their alloys. Clean application equipment immediately after use by flushing thoroughly with clean water. Do not store after use. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

DANGER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
HIGHLY VOLATILE LIQUID
LIQUID MAY CAUSE BURNS
VAPORS MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED
Do Not Breathe Vapor • Keep Away From Heat
Do Not Get in Eyes, on Skin, on Clothing

In case of emergency, immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including shoes, adhesive or other bandages. Wash eyes with water for 15 minutes. If water is not available, flush eyes with clean water for 15 minutes. For eyes get medical attention. If no irritation or blisters develop get medical attention. Free contaminated clothing and shoes as soon as possible.

In case of emergency, immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including shoes, adhesive or other bandages. Wash eyes with water for 15 minutes. If water is not available, flush eyes with clean water for 15 minutes. For eyes get medical attention. If no irritation or blisters develop get medical attention. Free contaminated clothing and shoes as soon as possible.



POISON



SEEK FOR A DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY
IN CASE OF AN ACCIDENT

ANTIDOTE: No known antidote; treat symptomatically.

KEEP CHILDREN AND ANIMALS AWAY FROM PLOTS
UNDER TREATMENT

Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

NOTICE

No warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all liability and/or resulting from the use of this product. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops. Do not apply the product to avoid damage to crops.

KAISER AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS

P.O. BOX 1000, ALBANY, N.Y. 12212