

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

9150-2

7/29/2005

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July 29, 2005

Jane M. Reise
International Dioxide, Inc.
554 Ten Rod Road
North Kingstown, RI 02852

Subject: Anthium Dioxide
EPA Registration No. 9150-2
Application Date: June 22, 2005
Receipt Date: July 1, 2005

Dear Ms. Reise:

This acknowledges receipt of your notification, submitted under the provision of PR Notice 98-10, FIFRA section 3(c)9.

Proposed Notification

- addition of alternate activation brand name cleaners (acidic) in animal confinement facilities such as poultry facilities

General Comments

Based on a review of the material submitted, the following comments apply:

The notification application is acceptable and a copy has been inserted in your file for future reference.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact me at (703) 308-6345.

Sincerely,

Wanda Y. Henson
Product Reviewer (32)
Regulatory Management Branch II
Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL	7510C	7510C						
USERNAME	E. Berg	Henson						
DATE	7/29/05	7-29-05						



2815

EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460	<input type="checkbox"/> Registration	OPP Identifier Number
		<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other	

Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number 9150-2	2. EPA Product Manager Emiy Mitchell	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) Anthium Dioxide (R)	PM#	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) International Dioxide Inc. 554 Ten Rod Road North Kingstown, RI 02852 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____

Section - II

<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____
<input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____	<input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below.

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For section I and Section II.)

In animal confinement facilities such as Poultry facilities; activation with brand name cleaners (acidic). This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA."

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				2. Type of Container	
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Metal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) _____		
* Certification must be submitted		If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	If "Yes" Package wgt.	No. per container
3. Location of Net Contents Information <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container 55 gal 5 gal 1 gal		5. Location of Label Directions <input type="checkbox"/>	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled		<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____			

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application.)					
Name Jane M. Reise		Title Regulatory Assistant		Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 401 294 6803	
Certification I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.					6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature 		3. Title General Manager			
4. Typed Name J.A. Stockbridge		5. Date 6/2/05			



3 7 15
International Dioxide, Inc.
554 Ten Rod Road
North Kingstown, RI 02852
401-295-8800 Tel 401-295-7108 Fax

June 22, 2005

Document Processing Desk
Ms. Emily Mitchell
Antimicrobials Division (7510C)
US Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Pesticide Programs
Ariel Rios Building
1200 Pennsylvania Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20460

Reference: Anthium Dioxide, EPA Registration No. 9150-2; NOTIFICATION

Dear Ms. Mitchell,

Please find the attached EPA Form 8570-1 and two copies of revised labeling submitted in support of notification of label change in accordance with PR Notice 98-10 II.M.3. for the subject product. Also attached is a one copy of the label highlighting the change (refer to page 5) in the directions.

The revised labeling incorporates activation with brand name cleaners (acidic) in animal confinement facilities such as Poultry facilities.

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or confidential statement of formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Should you have any questions, feel free to call.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Jane M. Reise'.

Jane M. Reise
Regulatory Assistant
International Dioxide, Inc.

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Chlorine dioxide is a strong oxidizing agent. Contamination with other materials such as acids, chlorine, organic chemicals, etc. may cause a chemical reaction resulting in evolution of chlorine dioxide and heat. Explosion and/or fire could result. Chlorine dioxide is a poisonous explosive gas. Keep all chemical and foreign materials away from this solution.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Do not store with easily oxidizable materials, acids, reducers, and combustible material. Avoid heat or freezing conditions. Store upright and do not stack drums over two high on pallets or partially filled drums. Use of a drum pump is suggested. Keep drum tightly closed when not withdrawing liquid. In case of spills, dilute with large quantities of water. Do not allow liquid to dry because this could present a fire hazard. Store only in the original container and take care to prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food and feed.

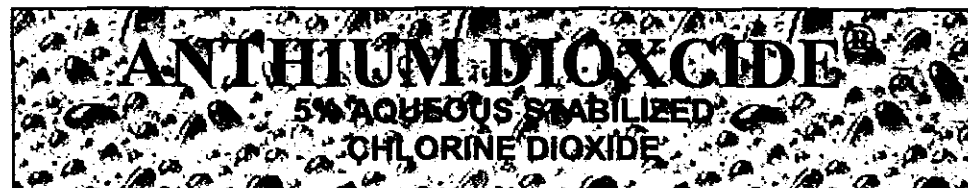
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on-site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

EMERGENCY HANDLING: In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. Isolate in open, well-ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water. Cool unopened drums in vicinity by water spray.

NOTICE: Seller expressly warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description. There are no warranties associated with the sale of the product either express or implied, including but not limited to the warranties of fitness for a particular purpose or use.

REV. 5/19/03



Active Ingredient:
Chlorine Dioxide..... 5.0%
Inert Ingredients..... 95.0%
100%

**KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

First Aid

If on skin or clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If swallowed: Call poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

For 24 hour emergency information on this product, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300 (US, Canada, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands) 1-703-527-3887 (All Other Areas)

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

REG. NO. 9150-2

E.P.A. EST. NO. 9150-RI-01

NET WT. _____ LBS.

FOR INSTITUTIONAL OR INDUSTRIAL USE

Manufactured by:



**International Dioxide, Inc.
554 Ten Rod Road
North Kingstown, RI 02852**

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

TO CONTROL ODOR AND SLIME FORMING BACTERIA IN COOLING AND WARMING WATERS SUCH AS CANNING RETORT AND PASTEURIZER COOLING WATER USED TO DECREASE OR INCREASE PACKAGED PRODUCT TEMPERATURE BY IMMERSION IN OR BY SPRAYING WITH THE TREATED PROCESS WATERS

- 1) When possible, all tanks, tunnels, conveyor chains, heat exchangers, heat exchange towers, lines, spray bars, and nozzles should be thoroughly cleaned and completely rinsed using clean, potable water prior to treatment.
- 2) Preparation and Application of Use-Solution: Water systems, including the cooling or warming tanks or spray systems, towers, lines and all water containing parts of the system may be batch loaded at start-up with 13 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per one thousand (1,000) gallons of potable water (5 ppm available chlorine dioxide). To maintain the 5 ppm available chlorine dioxide in the water system, a timed or electronically controlled chemical feed pump or injector system can be used for additions to the system or for treating the make-up water. Make up new Anthium Dioxide® solutions daily.
- 3) Preparation and Application of Optional Activated Use-Solution (acid activation): If heavy use of cooling or warming water or introduction of additional bacteria loads are expected, or if slime buildup is heavy, an additional activation step may be used in preparation of the use-solution. Prepare the activated use-solution in a well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced while crystals are dissolving. For each one thousand (1,000) gallons of system water to be treated, measure 13 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® and pour into a clean plastic container, pail or drum. To this Anthium Dioxide® amount, add food grade citric acid of no less than 99% purity, at the rate of 3.3 oz. (95 grams or 0.2 lbs.) of crystals per 13 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide®. Allow five (5) minutes reaction time for crystals to dissolve. Cooling or warming water systems may be batch loaded at start up using 13 oz. of the activated solution per one thousand (1,000) gallons of potable water (5 ppm available chlorine dioxide). Batch or timed additions of the activated solution can be made or an electronically controlled chemical feed pump or injector system can be used for additions of the activated solution to the process water to maintain 5 ppm available chlorine dioxide. Make up new Anthium Dioxide® solutions daily.
- 4) Preparation and Application of Optional Activated Use-Solution (Oxychlor e-generator):
An activated use-solution can also be prepared electrolytically by adding Anthium Dioxide® directly to the Oxychlor e-generator. Add the activated use-solution prepared by the Oxychlor e-generator to water systems, including cooling or warming tanks, or spray systems, tower lines and to all water containing parts of the system. Batch load these systems at start-up and maintain a concentration of 5 ppm available chlorine dioxide in the system. For proper operation of the Oxychlor e-generator, consult the Oxychlor e-generator system manual or your International Dioxide representative.

Note: Chemical feed pumps and injectors must be chlorine resistant for best operation. Available chlorine dioxide levels should be confirmed using an International Dioxide chlorine dioxide test kit.

TO CONTROL THE BUILDUP OF ODOR AND SLIME FORMING BACTERIA IN PROCESS WATERS FOR VEGETABLE RINSES AND ASSOCIATED TANKS, FLUMES AND LINES.

- 1) When possible, all tanks, flumes and lines should be thoroughly cleaned with a suitable detergent and completely rinsed using clean, potable water prior to treatment.
- 2) Preparation and Application of Use-Solution: Chill tanks or vegetable rinse tanks may be batch loaded at start-up with 1/3 fl. oz. (10 ml) Anthium Dioxide® per twenty five (25) gallons of potable water (5 ppm available chlorine dioxide). Make-up waters should be treated using a chemical feed pump or injector system and applied at the rate of 1/3 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per twenty five (25) gallons potable water. Make up new Anthium Dioxide® solutions daily.
- 3) Preparation and Application of Optional Activated Use-Solution: If heavy use of rinse water is expected, or if slime buildup is extreme, an additional activation step may be used in preparation of solution. Prepare the activated use-solution in a well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced while crystals are dissolving. For each 25 gallons of rinse water to be used, measure 1/3 fl. oz. (10 ml) of Anthium Dioxide® and pour into a clean, plastic container containing 1 gallon of water. Activate this solution by:
 - 1) Adding 0.002 grams of Activator-C or
 - 2) Adding 2.2 grams of Activator K or
 - 3) Adjusting the pH to 2.6 with acetic acid, citric acid, phosphoric acid, sulfuric acid or hydrochloric acid.

Allow this solution to stand for 15 minutes and then add to 24 gallons of water to give 5 ppm available chlorine dioxide. Chill tanks or vegetable rinse tanks may be batch loaded at start-up with the activated Anthium Dioxide® solution 1/3 fl. oz. (10 ml) per twenty five (25) gallons of potable water (5 ppm available chlorine dioxide). Make-up waters should be treated using a chemical feed pump. In order to ensure accurate delivery, a 1 to 10 dilution of the active concentration should be made and the feed rate of 3 1/3 fl. oz. of activated Anthium Dioxide® solution per twenty five (25) gallons should be maintained. Make up fresh Anthium Dioxide® solutions daily.

- 4) Preparation and Application of Optional Activated Use-Solution (Oxychlor e-generator): An activated use-solution can also be prepared electrolytically by adding Anthium Dioxide® directly to the Oxychlor e-generator. Add the activated use-solution prepared by the Oxychlor e-generator to chill tanks or vegetable rinse tanks. Batch load these systems at start-up and maintain a concentration of 5 ppm available chlorine dioxide in the system. For proper operation of the Oxychlor e-generator, consult the Oxychlor e-generator system manual or your IDI representative.

Note: Chemical feed pumps and injectors must be chlorine resistant for best operation. Available chlorine dioxide levels should be confirmed using an International Dioxide chlorine dioxide test kit.

FOR USE IN THE PREPARATION OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES TO EXTEND FRESHNESS AND SHELF LIFE.

- 1) Before treatment, whole fruits and vegetables should be washed and thoroughly rinsed with clean, potable water.
- 2) In a one (1) gallon container, add 1/3 fl. oz. (10 ml) of Anthium Dioxide® and add 0.002 grams of Activator-C or adjust the pH to 2.6 with vinegar. Allow to stand for 15 minutes then add to 24 gallons of water.
- 3) Dip uncut, unpeeled fruits and vegetables in treatment solution for about ten (10) to twenty (20) seconds, then follow with a potable water rinse.

TO CONTROL THE BUILD-UP OF ODOR AND SLIME FORMING BACTERIA IN STAINLESS STEEL TRANSFER LINES AND ON-LINE EQUIPMENT SUCH AS HYDROCOOLERS, PASTEURIZERS AND THE LIKE OVERNIGHT AND OVER WEEKENDS.

- 1) Clean equipment or line thoroughly using a suitable detergent followed by a clean, potable water rinse before treatment.
- 2) Preparation and application of solution: For each ten (10) gallons of volume in lines and/or equipment, add 0.5 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® (20 ppm available chlorine dioxide) to potable make-up water. Mix and fill lines and equipment overnight. Drain and allow to air dry just prior to next run start-up.

IN LABORATORIES, HOSPITALS, MORGUES, INSTITUTIONS

Note: The Oxychlor e-generator has not been tested against *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*. The Oxychlor e-generator is not approved for the above use-sites (hospitals, laboratories, morgues, institutions).

To Disinfect Non-Porous, Hard Surfaces Such as Tile Floors, Walls and Ceilings and Stainless Steel Cold Rooms and Walk-In Incubators

- 1) Clean all surfaces thoroughly with a suitable detergent and rinse with water prior to disinfection.
- 2) Preparation of Activated Use-Solution: Add 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® to one (1) gallon of water into a clean, plastic pail and add 1.2 grams of Activator-C. This will yield a working solution containing 300 ppm of available chlorine dioxide. Prepare in a well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced during activation. Allow 15 minutes reaction time and for activator to dissolve completely. As an alternate activation method, add 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® to one gallon of water and then adjust the pH of the diluted Anthium Dioxide® to 2.6 with acetic, citric, phosphoric, sulfuric or hydrochloric acid, or add 8.6 grams of Activator K. This will also yield a working solution containing 300 ppm of available chlorine dioxide.
- 3) Application of Activated Use-Solution: Activated solutions may be sprayed, mopped or sponged onto surfaces to be disinfected. All surfaces must be thoroughly wetted for at least ten (10) minutes. When spraying disinfectant solutions, use an appropriate spraying device. Active solutions may be irritating when breathed; therefore, always use an applicable NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator appropriate for chlorine dioxide when spraying these solutions. After application, allow to air dry. Treat as required. Always apply freshly made solutions. Never reuse activated solutions.

To Disinfect Bench Tops, Biological Hoods, Incubators, Stainless Steel Equipment and Instruments.

- 1) Clean all surfaces thoroughly with a suitable detergent and rinse with water prior to disinfection.
- 2) Preparation of Activated Use-Solution: Place 0.2 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® into a clean, plastic pail and add 1 quart of potable water and 0.3 grams of Activator-C. Prepare in a well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced while reacting. Allow fifteen (15) minutes reaction time and for the activator to dissolve completely. This will yield a working solution containing 300 ppm available chlorine dioxide. As an alternate activation method, place 10 ml of Anthium Dioxide®, add 1 liter of potable water and then adjust the pH to 2.6 with acetic, citric, phosphoric, sulfuric or hydrochloric acid, or add 2.4 grams of Activator K.
- 3) Application of Activated Use-Solution: Activated solutions may be squirted directly onto surfaces from a plastic squeeze bottle or may be used as a soak solution. All contact surfaces must be thoroughly wetted for at least ten (10) minutes. Allow to air dry. Activated solutions of Anthium Dioxide®, stored in plastic squirt bottles, may be held up to one (1) week before replacement with fresh solution. Soak solutions of Anthium Dioxide® should be changed daily.

To Disinfect Water Bath Incubators

- 1) Prior to disinfection, thoroughly clean the reservoir with a suitable detergent and rinse with clean water.
- 2) Preparation of Activated Use-Solution: Place 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® into a clean glass or plastic container, add one (1) gallon of clean, potable water and add 0.3 grams of Activator-C (300 ppm available chlorine dioxide). Prepare in a well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced during activation. Allow fifteen (15) minutes reaction time and for activator to dissolve completely. As an alternate activation method, place 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® into a clean glass or plastic container, add one (1) gallon of clean, potable water and then adjust the pH to 2.6 with acetic, citric, phosphoric, sulfuric or hydrochloric acid, or add 8.6 grams of Activator K. This will also yield a working solution containing 300 ppm of available chlorine dioxide.
- 3) To apply: Activated solution should be poured into waterbath reservoir and allowed to stand one (1) hour at room temperature. Drain reservoir and fill with fresh water.

To Control Odor and Slime Forming Bacteria in Water Bath Incubators

- 1) When using Anthium Dioxide® in waterbath incubators, always begin with a freshly cleaned and disinfected reservoir.
- 2) Application: Fill water bath with clean, potable water to near capacity. For each gallon of water add 0.13 oz. Anthium Dioxide® (50 ppm available chlorine dioxide) or 1.0 ml Anthium Dioxide® per liter of water. When water becomes cloudy, discard water and repeat procedure.

To Control Odors Resulting from the Sterilization of Spent Biologicals in Steam Autoclaves

- 1) To reduce autoclave odors of used biologicals, Anthium Dioxide® should be sprayed or poured directly into the stainless steel autoclave buckets.
- 2) Preparation of Use-Solution: Place 2 2/3 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per gallon of working solutions (1,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide) or 20.0 ml Anthium Dioxide® per one (1) liter of water into a clean glass or plastic container and mix.
- 3) Application: Spray or pour Anthium Dioxide® solution into or onto the autoclave buckets just prior to autoclaving.

To Deodorize Animal Holding Rooms, Sick Rooms, Morgues and Work Rooms

- 1) Rooms to be deodorized should be in a clean condition prior to Anthium Dioxide® application.
- 2) Preparation of Use-Solution: Place 2 2/3 fl. oz. Anthium Dioxide® per one (1) gallon of working solution or 20 ml per one (1) liter working solution (1,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide) into a clean glass or plastic container.
- 3) Application: Spray solution using a suitable spraying device onto walls, ceilings and floors, lightly dampening all surfaces. Avoid breathing mist of solutions by using an applicable NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator appropriate for chlorine dioxide. Allow to air dry, then ventilate the area. Treat as required.

IN ANIMAL REARING & CONFINEMENT FACILITIES

To Disinfect Commercial Animal Confinement Facilities such as Poultry Houses, Swine Pens, Calf Barns and Kennels

- 1) Remove all animals and feed from premises, vehicles, enclosures, coops and crates.
- 2) Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes and other facilities and fixtures occupied or traversed by animals.
- 3) Empty all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances.
- 4) Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap and detergent and rinse with water.
- 5) Preparation of Activated Use-Solution: Place 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® into a clean, plastic pail, add one (1) gallon of clean potable water and 1.2 grams of Activator-C. Prepare in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced and allow fifteen (15) minutes reaction time and for activator to dissolve completely. This will yield a working solution containing approximately 300 ppm of available chlorine dioxide. As an alternate activation method, place 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide into a clean plastic pail, add one (1) gallon of clean potable water and then adjust the pH to 2.6 with acetic, citric, phosphoric, sulfuric or hydrochloric acid, or add 1 to 3 oz. "Acid-A-Foam™ Cleaner", 1 to 3 oz. "Acidic Barn Cleaner™", or 1 oz. "ATW Liquid Tray Wash™" or 8.6 grams of Activator K.
- 6) Application: Using a commercial sprayer, saturate all surfaces with the activated Anthium Dioxide® solution for a period of ten (10) minutes. Active solutions may be irritating when breathed; therefore, always use an applicable NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator appropriate for chlorine dioxide when spraying these solutions. Immerse all halters, ropes and other types of equipment used in handling and restraining animals as well as forks, shovels and scrapers used for removing litter and manure.
- 7) After treatment, ventilate buildings, coops or other enclosed spaces and allow to air dry. Repopulate when solution has dried.
- 8) Thoroughly scrub treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and waterers with soap or detergent and rinse with potable water before use.

To Control the Build-up of Odor and Slime Forming Bacteria in Animal Confinement Areas

- 1) Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes, cases and other facilities and fixtures occupied or traversed by animals. Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with clean water.
- 2) Preparation of Use-Solution: Place 2 2/3 fl. oz. Anthium Dioxide® per gallon of working solution (1,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide) into a clean, plastic pail.
- 3) Application: Using a commercial sprayer; saturate all surfaces with the Anthium Dioxide® solution. When spraying Anthium Dioxide® solutions, always use an applicable NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator appropriate for chlorine dioxide to avoid breathing mist.

To Control Animal Odors on Pets and in Litter Boxes, Carpets and Concrete Floors

- 1) For litter boxes: Wash out litter boxes with suitable detergent and rinse with clean, potable water. Soak overnight in solution of one (1) oz. Anthium Dioxide® per 2½ quarts of water (625 ppm available chlorine dioxide). Add litter, sprinkle surface liberally with Anthium Dioxide® solution.
- 2) For controlling odors in carpets: Add 1¼ oz. Anthium Dioxide® per gallon (500 ppm available chlorine dioxide) of either rug shampoo mix or 1¼ oz. Anthium Dioxide® per each gallon of rinse water. Shampoo carpets. Allow to air dry. **NOTE:** Anthium Dioxide® may bleach some carpets and fabrics, especially if applied on top of another chemical agent. Do not apply until a sample test has been tried and observed for at least 24 hours.
- 3) For concrete floors: Clean floor thoroughly using a suitable detergent; rinse with clean water. Prepare solution by adding 3¼ oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per gallon of water (1,250 ppm available chlorine dioxide). Mop or spray solution liberally onto floor. Allow to air dry.
- 4) For animal baths: Wash animal well with appropriate pet shampoo; rinse with clean water. Prepare solution by adding ¼ oz. Anthium Dioxide® (100 ppm available chlorine dioxide) per gallon of water. Rinse animal thoroughly with prepared solution. Allow to air dry. Avoid direct contact with animal's eyes, nose and ears.
- 5) For treating animal odors with high levels of ammonia: Wash area thoroughly with suitable detergent and rinse with clean water. Preparation of solution: For each gallon of solution, place 1 2/3 oz. Anthium Dioxide® into a clean, plastic container. To this concentrate, add 1 tablespoon household bleach and allow to react for five (5) minutes. Dilute with 1 gallon of clean, potable water. Apply by mopping or spraying solution liberally onto area. Allow to air dry. Additional applications may be necessary.

IN WATER TREATMENT AND WATER STORAGE SYSTEMS

To Disinfect Water Storage Systems Aboard Aircraft, Boats, RV's, Off-Shore Oil Rigs, etc.

- 1) Prior to disinfection, tanks should be cleaned using a suitable detergent and thoroughly flushed with clean, potable water.
- 2) Preparation of Use-Solution: Place 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per gallon of working solution (300 ppm available chlorine dioxide) into a container dilute with clean potable water and add 1.2 grams of Activator-C. Prepare in a well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced while activator is dissolving. Allow fifteen (15) minutes reaction time and for activator to dissolve completely. As an alternate activation method, place 0.8 fl. oz of Anthium Dioxide into a container and dilute with one (1) gallon of water and then adjust the pH to 2.6 with acetic, citric, phosphoric, sulfuric or hydrochloric acid, or add 8.6 grams of Activator K. Pour activated solution into tank, filling the tank completely. Bleed air out of lines and allow to stand at least ten (10) minutes. Drain tank and lines and flush with potable water.

To Control Build-Up of Slime and Odor Causing Bacteria and Enhance the Taste of Stored Potable Water

- 1) Prior to treatment of potable water, thoroughly clean and disinfect the water storage system to ensure a sanitary condition. Thoroughly rinse with clean, potable water.
- 2) Potable water should be treated at a rate of one (1) fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per 75 gallons potable water (5 ppm available chlorine dioxide) and may be injected or batch treated.
- 3) Water storage tank should be sufficiently sealed to prevent outside contamination and direct sunlight.

As an alternate activation method, use the Oxychlor e-generator to generate 5 ppm available chlorine dioxide into the stored potable water using instructions in the generator manual.

Using an International Dioxide test kit, confirm the chlorine dioxide to be 5 ppm and check to see this level does not fall below 1 ppm.

To Help Remove Off-Odors and Tastes from Municipal Well Waters

- 1) Anthium Dioxide® should be injected into the incoming water main using a chemical proportioning pump, or injector, at a rate of 1 fl. oz. Anthium Dioxide® per 375 gallons water (1 ppm available chlorine dioxide).
- 2) Confirm pump or injector accuracy using an International Dioxide test kit and adjust accordingly.
- 3) Anthium Dioxide® levels should be checked weekly.

As an alternate activation method, use the Oxychlor e-generator to inject 1 ppm available chlorine dioxide into the municipal well waters, using the manual directions.

IN MUSHROOM FACILITIES. SUCH AS MUSHROOM PRODUCTION, SPAWN PRODUCTION, MUSHROOM PROCESSING, AND CANNERY OPERATIONS

As a Terminal Sanitizing Rinse for Stainless Steel Tanks, Transfer Lines, On-line Equipment, Picking Baskets, Picking Utensils and Other Food Contact Surfaces

- 1) All gross food particles and soil should be removed prior to sanitizing by use of a pre-flush, pre-scrape or pre-soak treatment.
- 2) Clean picking baskets, line equipment or other surfaces thoroughly using a suitable detergent and rinse with water before sanitizing.
- 3) Preparation of Activated Sanitizing Use-Solution: Prepare an activated solution containing 1,000 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide by adding 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® per 50 gallons of water followed by 1.7 lbs. of Activator K per 50 gallons of solution. Allow to stand for 15 minutes after agitation for 5 minutes and then dilute in water 1:4 to give a 200 ppm use-solution of available chlorine dioxide. Alternatively, an activated solution (5,000 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide) can be prepared by adding 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® to 9 gallons of water followed by food-grade citric acid, phosphoric acid or acetic acid (vinegar) to a pH of 2.6. Allow to stand for 15 minutes after agitation for 5 minutes. Then prepare the use-solution by diluting one part of the 5000 ppm activated solution with 24 parts of water to give 200 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide.
- 4) Application: Flush picking baskets, line equipment or other food-contact surfaces with the sanitizing solution

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- making sure surface area is thoroughly wet for at least one (1) minute. After sanitizing, drain baskets or equipment and allow to air dry. Treat after each use or production run. Discard solution after each use.
- 5) Optional Activated Use-Solution (Oxychlor e-generator) An activated use-solution can also be prepared electrolytically by adding Anthium Dioxide directly to the Oxychlor e-generator. The activated use-solution prepared by the Oxychlor e-generator must contain between 50-100 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide. For proper operation of the Oxychlor e-generator, consult the Oxychlor e-generator system manual or your IDI representative.

To Disinfect Walls, Ceilings and Floors

- 1) Before disinfection, all gross filth must be removed from areas to be disinfected and thoroughly cleaned with a suitable detergent followed by a clean, potable water rinse.
- 2) Preparation of Activated Use-Solution: Place 0.8 oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per gallon of working solution (300 ppm available chlorine dioxide) into a clean, plastic pail. Add one gallon of clean, potable water and add 1.2 grams of Activator-C. Prepare in well-ventilated area and avoid breathing any fumes which may be produced while activator is dissolving. Allow fifteen (15) minutes reaction time for activator to dissolve completely. This will yield a working solution containing 300 ppm of available chlorine dioxide. As an alternate activation method, place 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide into a clean, plastic pail, add one (1) gallon of potable water and then adjust the pH to 2.6 with acetic, citric, phosphoric, sulfuric or hydrochloric acid, or add 8.6 grams of Activator K.
- 3) Application: Spray disinfectant solution onto surface using a suitable spraying device and making sure that the area is thoroughly wet for at least ten (10) minutes. Active solutions may be irritating when breathed; therefore, always use an applicable NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator appropriate for chlorine dioxide when spraying these solutions. After application, allow to air dry. Treat as required. Always apply freshly made solutions. Never reuse activated solutions.

To Control Mold and Slime Forming Bacteria on Walls, Floors, Ceilings, and Post-Crop Mushroom Growing Surfaces

- 1) Before treatment, all soil and gross filth must be removed from areas to be treated and cleaned with detergent followed by a potable water rinse.
- 2) Preparation of Use-Solution: Place 2 2/3 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per gallon of working solution (1,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide) into a clean, plastic pail or drum and dilute with clean, potable water.
- 3) Application: Drench, spray or fog solution on walls, floors, ceilings and post-crop mushroom growing surfaces using a suitable watering, spraying or fogging device and making sure all surface areas are wet. During application, area must be closed as tightly as possible and sealed. After spraying or fogging, the area should be opened and aired for one (1) hour before repopulating. Avoid breathing solution mist by use of an applicable NIOSH/MSHA respirator appropriate for chlorine dioxide. Avoid contact with food or food-contact surfaces. Allow to air dry.
- 4) Repeat application as needed.

TO INHIBIT BACTERIAL SLIME FORMING BACTERIAL BUILDUP IN COMMERCIAL WATER FILTRATION SYSTEMS, SAND BEDS, GRAVEL BEDS, CHARCOAL FILTERS AND COOLING WATER SYSTEMS.

Filters:

- 1) Carefully back-flush filters with potable water, where possible, to remove any accumulated solid residue and contamination.
- 2) Fill system with potable water and adjust pH to 6.0 with citric acid, phosphoric acid, or acetic acid (vinegar) or equivalent.
- 3) Add 0.8 fl. oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per gallon (300 ppm) of filter system volume to the access hatch and circulate the system for 1 hour. Check the pH and bring back to 6.0 if it has drifted. Bring the available chlorine dioxide concentration back to 300 ppm.
- 4) Circulate the solution for 1 additional hour, discharge and then water wash for 30 minutes with potable water to remove the chlorine dioxide.

For Enclosed And Recirculating Cooling Water Systems

- 1) Add 1 - 4 gallons of Anthium Dioxide® per 10,000 gallons of cooling water (5-20 ppm of available chlorine dioxide) every week depending on the microbial level in the water.
- 2) Add on a daily basis when contamination is heavy.

- 3) For very high levels of microbial contamination of the cooling water, add an activated solution to the cooling water. First, dilute one part of Anthium Dioxide® with 9 parts of water and follow with acidification to a pH of 2.6 with phosphoric, citric or acetic acid. This forms an activated solution of 5,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide. Dilute the 5,000 ppm activated solution to the indicated feed solution ppm in the table below by selecting the desired concentration in cooling water. Then add the feed solution to cooling water at a rate of 1 part of feed solution to 13 parts of cooling water.

Desired Concentration - Available Chlorine dioxide - Cooling Water	Feed Solution - Available Chlorine dioxide (ppm)	Dilution - Activated Solution
5 ppm	70	1:70
10 ppm	140	1:35
15 ppm	210	1:23
20 ppm	280	1:17

- 4) Alternatively, an activated use-solution can be prepared electrolytically by adding Anthium Dioxide® directly to the Oxychlor e-generator. Add the activated use-solution to the cooling water system so that a concentration of 5-20 ppm available chlorine dioxide is achieved. For proper operation of the Oxychlor e-generator, consult the Oxychlor e-generator manual or your International Dioxide Inc. representative.

IN INDUSTRIAL APPLICATION - TO INHIBIT THE GROWTH OF SLIME AND ODOR CAUSING BACTERIA IN WATER BASED CUTTING OILS

- 1) *Batch Method* - Add 32 oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per thousand gallons to fresh system and repeat weekly or on first indication of increased bacterial contamination (odor, slime, bacterial count). Alkaline systems may require higher concentration of Anthium Dioxide®.
- 2) *Continuous Method* - Proportion in 2 gallons of Anthium Dioxide® per million gallons per day used in the system. Alkaline systems may require higher concentration.
- 3) *Badly Contaminated Systems* - Slug dose system with 10 gallons of Anthium Dioxide® per million gallons of cutting oil. Then start the continuous procedure described above.

Adjust quantities in any of the above systems to compensate for levels of contamination, pH, type of contamination etc., as necessary.

AS A SLIMICIDE IN PAPER MILLS TO PREVENT SLIME, TAR SPOTS, AND PITCH SPOTS IN WHITE WATER SYSTEMS

By maintaining a chlorine dioxide concentration in the white water, the microorganisms cannot produce the nodules which result in slime.

- 1) If the pH of the white water is below 7.0, add 4½ gallons of Anthium Dioxide® per hundred tons of paper produced.
- 2) If the pH of the white water is above 7.0, then add ½ gallon of 5% sodium hypochlorite as an activator with each 4½ gallons of Anthium Dioxide®.

Continuous proportioning of the Anthium Dioxide® feed is recommended for best results. In many cases, the amount can be reduced after the system is clean.

O PREVENT CORROSION AND SLIME BACTERIA IN OIL WELLS DURING SECONDARY RECOVERY OPERATIONS

- 1) Prepare a working solution of 5,000 ppm of available chlorine dioxide by diluting each gallon of Anthium Dioxide® used to 10 gallons of solution with the injection water.
- 2) Proportion 1 part of the above solution into each 150 parts of reinjected acidified (3.0 - 4.0 pH) water.
- 3) Monitor microbial content of the water and increase or decrease the addition rate of the working solution as necessary.

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IN FOOD PROCESSING PLANTS, (POULTRY, MEAT, FISH), DAIRIES, BREWERIES AND BOTTLING PLANTS.

For use as a terminal food-contact surface sanitizer rinse conforming to 21 CFR Part 178.1010 paragraphs b.34 and c.29.

- 1) This solution is intended for use as a food-contact surface sanitizer for dairies, ice cream factories, breweries and food processing plants.
- 2) This solution may be used on hard, non-porous surfaces such as tables, trays, bins, etc. and the interior or exterior of food processing equipment.
- 3) All equipment should be thoroughly cleaned to remove gross food particles and soil by pre-flush or pre-scrape and where necessary, a pre-soak treatment. The surfaces or objects to be treated should then be cleaned with a detergent or cleaner followed by a potable water rinse before application of the sanitizing solution.
- 4) Preparation of Activated Use-Solution: Prepare an activated solution containing 1,000 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide by adding 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® per 50 gallons of water followed by 780 grams (1.71 lbs.) of Activator K per 50 gallons of solution. Allow to stand for 15 minutes after agitation for 5 minutes and then dilute 1:4 in water to give a 200 ppm use-solution of available chlorine dioxide. Alternatively, an activated solution (5,000 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide) can be prepared by adding 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® to 9 gallons of water followed by food-grade citric acid, phosphoric acid or acetic acid (vinegar) to a pH of 2.6. Allow to stand for 15 minutes after agitation for 5 minutes. Then prepare the use-solution by diluting one part of the 5,000 ppm activated solution with 24 parts of water to give 200 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide.
- 5) Optional Activated Use-Solution (Oxychlor e-generator): An activated use-solution can also be prepared electrolytically by adding Anthium Dioxide® directly to the Oxychlor e-generator. The activated use-solution prepared by the Oxychlor e-generator must contain between 50-100 ppm of total available chlorine dioxide. For proper operation of the Oxychlor e-generator, consult the Oxychlor e-generator system manual or your IDI representative.
- 6) The activated use-solution should be allowed to contact all food processing equipment for at least 1 minute but preferably longer by transferring and/or spraying into each food processing vessel. It is essential that the sanitizing solution contact all surfaces to be sanitized. Thus, hard to reach in-place equipment, pipes, closed vessels, etc., should be filled with the solution to ensure contact of all surfaces with the sanitizing solution. Use suitable protective breathing apparatus when spraying this solution on external equipment.
- 7) After the required contact time or longer, allow the treatment solution to drain from all treated surfaces and to air dry. Do not rinse treated surface.
- 8) The above solution may not be reused for sanitizing but may be diluted to 1:5 with water and used for cleaning of walls, floors and drains of the plant.

FOR CONTROL OF MOLLUSKS IN ONCE THROUGH WATER COOLING SYSTEMS

- 1) Add 4.0 gallons of Anthium Dioxide® to 100 gallons of water and add 1 lb. of Activator-C (or 6.9 lbs. of Activator K) to the solution with mild stirring for 15 minutes. This produces an activated solution containing 2,000 ppm available chlorine dioxide. (Use respirator approved for chlorine dioxide).
- 2) As an alternate activation method, reduce the pH of the above solution to 3.0 with a mineral or organic acid and allow to slowly stir for ½ hour before use.

SLUG DOSE: Add between 2.5 gallons and 12.5 gallons of the above solution per 1,000 gallons of water (5-25 ppm of available chlorine dioxide).

CONTINUOUS DOSE: Add between 0.125 gallon and 1 gallon of the above solution per 1,000 gallons of water (0.25 to 2.0 ppm of available chlorine dioxide).

AS AN BACTERIOSTAT FOR TREATING ICE USED FOR ICING FISH IN THE ROUND

Anthium Dioxide® may be batch loaded or metered into makeup water used to produce ice for icing fish in the round. Prepare a non-activated working solution containing 20 ppm available chlorine dioxide by adding 0.5 ounces Anthium Dioxide®

POULTRY-HOUSE DISINFECTION

A) Anthium Dioxide® Plus Chlorine

In order to control the microorganism population in poultry chiller water, target the addition of available chlorine dioxide at 20-40 ppm level so that a residual of 0.5-3 ppm is measured in the exiting chilled water.

This is easily accomplished by activating Anthium Dioxide®, a mixture of oxychlorine species capable of generating 95%+ of chlorine dioxide, with chlorine which is already available in all poultry chiller water systems. The feed rates of the various streams is set forth below for the reactants, chlorine and Anthium Dioxide®.

PPM ClO ₂	ANTHIUM DIOXIDE® FEED RATE	Cl ₂ FEED RATE LBS./GAL	Cl ₂ PPM
20	0.4 gal/1000 gal H ₂ O	0.0083	10
30	0.6 gal/1000 gal H ₂ O	0.01245	15
40	0.8 gal/1000 gal H ₂ O	0.0166	20

B) Anthium Dioxide® Plus Acid

This antimicrobial agent may be used as a component of (1) a carcass spray or dip solution prior to immersion of the carcass in a rechiller or chiller tank or (2) in a prechiller or chiller solution.

- 1) When used as a carcass spray or dip solution, dilute 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® to 70 gallons with water. The solution is then acidified to a pH between 2.5 and 2.9 with an acid selected from the following acids: phosphoric, citric, acetic, hydrochloric, lactic, malic or sulfuric.
- 2) When used in a prechiller or chiller tank, Anthium Dioxide® is diluted 1:700 (i.e. one gallon of Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 700 gallons with water). This solution is activated by addition of an acid such as phosphoric, citric, acetic, hydrochloric, lactic, malic or sulfuric to a pH of between 2.8 to 3.2.
- 3) As an alternate activation method, the Oxychlor e system, may be used to generate 700 ppm available chlorine dioxide solution for a carcass spray or dip solution or 70 ppm for use in the prechiller. For proper operation of the Oxychlor e-generator, consult the Oxychlor e-generator manual or your IDI representative.

To Control Bacteria, Taste and Odor in the Water Supply System

- 1) If the water supply is badly fouled with biofilm, then add 5 ppm of available chlorine dioxide to the water supply by adding 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® to each 10,000 gallons of poultry drinking water.
- 2) After 24 hours, the addition rate can be reduced to 1 ppm of available chlorine dioxide by adding 1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® to each 50,000 gallons of poultry drinking water.
- 3) If the microbiological content of the water is eliminated by this rate of addition, the concentration of available chlorine dioxide can be reduced to 0.5 ppm (1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® per 100,000 gallons of water); if the microbiological control is not adequate at 1 ppm available chlorine dioxide, then add 1.5 ppm of available chlorine dioxide to the poultry drinking water (1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® per 33,333 gallons of water).

To Control Bacteria and Odor in the Egg Room

- 1) Wash down the entire egg room with high pressure water containing 20 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (0.4 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1,000 gallons with water) to remove gross filth or heavy soil.
- 2) Spray the entire area for 5 minutes with a Tri-Jet Fogmaster (or equivalent) with a 1,000 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water), being sure to cover walls, ceiling, floors, work tables and benches. Allow to dry for 1 hour or if possible overnight before resuming operations.

The washing and fogging operations should be conducted once per week (or more frequently in cases of heavy contamination during operations).

- 3) If it is necessary to clean the floors by mopping, then use 390 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 oz. Anthium Dioxide® per gallon water). Allow to dry on the floor.

- 4) A foot bath of 1,000 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® per 50 gallons water) is placed at the entrance to the egg room. Doors to the room should be kept closed at all times.
- 5) A hand dip, or rinse tank or basin, containing 50 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® per 1,000 gallons water) is used on entering and exiting the room.

Both the foot bath and hand dip should be replaced daily (sooner if traffic is heavy).

- 6) Humidification water is treated with 40 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (0.8 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® per 1,000 gallons water) to prevent the build-up and airborne spread of odor-causing microorganisms.
- 7) Provide 20 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (0.4 gallon Anthium Dioxide® per 1,000 gallons water) to the water supply in the egg washing machine.

To Control Bacteria and Odor in the Hatching Area

- 1) As soon as chicks are separated from Hatch, remove all trash containers with eggshells, down, etc. from the hatching area.
- 2) Remove all poultry and feeds from premises, trucks, coops and crates.
- 3) Remove all litter and droppings from floors, walls and surfaces of facilities occupied or traversed by poultry.
- 4) Empty all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances.
- 5) Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.
- 6) Spray or fog the entire area for 5 minutes with a 1,000 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® to 50 gallons with water), using a Tri-Jet Fogmaster (or equivalent). Allow a 10 minute contact time.
- 7) Ventilate buildings, coops, and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set or dried.
- 8) Thoroughly scrub treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.
- 9) All workers in this area should use a hand dip or rinse containing 50 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1,000 gallons with water).

To Control Odor and Bacteria when Separating Chicks in the Chick Room, Chick Grading Box and Sexing Room

- 1) Remove all poultry and feeds from premises, trucks, coops and crates.
- 2) Remove all litter and droppings from floors, walls and surfaces of facilities occupied or traversed by poultry.
- 3) Empty all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances.
- 4) Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water.
- 5) Spray or fog the entire area for 5 minutes with a 1,000 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® to 50 gallons with water), using a Tri-Jet Fogmaster (or equivalent). Allow a 10 minute contact time.
- 6) Ventilate buildings, coops and other closed spaces. Do not house poultry or employ equipment until treatment has been absorbed, set or dried.
- 7) Thoroughly scrub treated feed racks, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and waterers with soap or detergent, and rinse with potable water before reuse.
- 8) All workers in this area should use a hand dip or rinse containing 50 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1,000 gallons with water).
- 9) After use, wash area with high-pressure water to remove gross filth and soil.
- 10) Use a spray bottle containing a solution of 1,000 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water), on hands, wire mesh and in empty chick boxes to control contamination and odors from litter.
- 11) To clean the floor by mopping daily, use a solution containing 390 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 oz. Anthium Dioxide® per gallon water). Allow to air dry.

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To Control Bacteria and Odor in the Incubator Room

- 1) The area is sprayed or fogged at least once per week for 5 minutes with a 1,000 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water), after removing gross filth or soil with a high pressure water wash. Wet all surfaces and allow to dry.
- 2) The floor should be mopped daily with a solution containing 390 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 oz. of Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1 gallon with water).
- 3) A foot bath containing 1,000 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water) should be placed at all entrances to the incubator room.
- 4) 20 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (0.4 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1,000 gallons with water) is added to water in the humidification system or the air filters are sprayed with a 100 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 500 gallons with water) to reduce airborne bacterial contamination.
- 5) Each time the eggs are removed from the incubator, a prior hand dip at 50 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1,000 gallons with water) is recommended, followed by a spray of 1,000 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water) on the eggs from a spray bottle.
- 6) Where containers are used to discard bad eggs, 2 oz. of Anthium Dioxide® per quart of water (3,125 ppm of available chlorine dioxide) will control obnoxious odors and bacterial contamination.

The doors to the area should be kept closed as much as possible to avoid airborne contamination.

To Prevent Airborne and Surface Contamination of the Hatchery from the Tray Washing Room and Loading Platform

- 1) Close all doors in the tray washing room to avoid contamination of other hatchery operations. Discard all chick downs, egg shells, and cast-off chicks into the trash barrels and transfer the covered containers to the loading platform for disposal.
- 2) Wash the trays, carriages and other working equipment in a tray washing machine with 300-500 psi water to remove gross filth and soil.
- 3) As a final rinse in the tray washing machine, use a solution containing 20 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (0.4 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 1,000 gallons with water) in high pressure water. Allow the trays, carriers and other working equipment to air dry. The walls, floors and carrying stands must also be sanitized with the same solution. Allow the equipment to air dry. Hold the sanitized equipment in a closed area for reuse.
- 4) Entrance and exit from the tray washing room must be through a foot rinse containing a solution of 1,000 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water). The rinse must be at least ½ inch deep and should be changed daily unless traffic is heavy.
- 5) After use, the tray washing room is washed with high pressure water to remove gross filth and soil. It is then decontaminated by spraying or fogging with a solution containing 1,000 ppm of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon of Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water) for 15 minutes and allowed to air dry. This treatment is repeated after each use of the tray wash room.
- 6) The Loading Platform is washed from time to time to remove gross filth and soil. The trash containers are washed after discarding the contents to remove gross filth and soil. They are then sprayed with a 1,000 ppm solution of available chlorine dioxide (1 gallon Anthium Dioxide® diluted to 50 gallons with water) and stored.