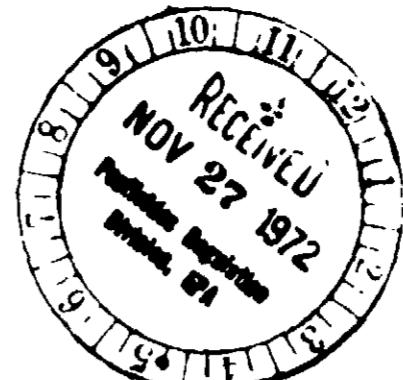


**Installation and Operation**



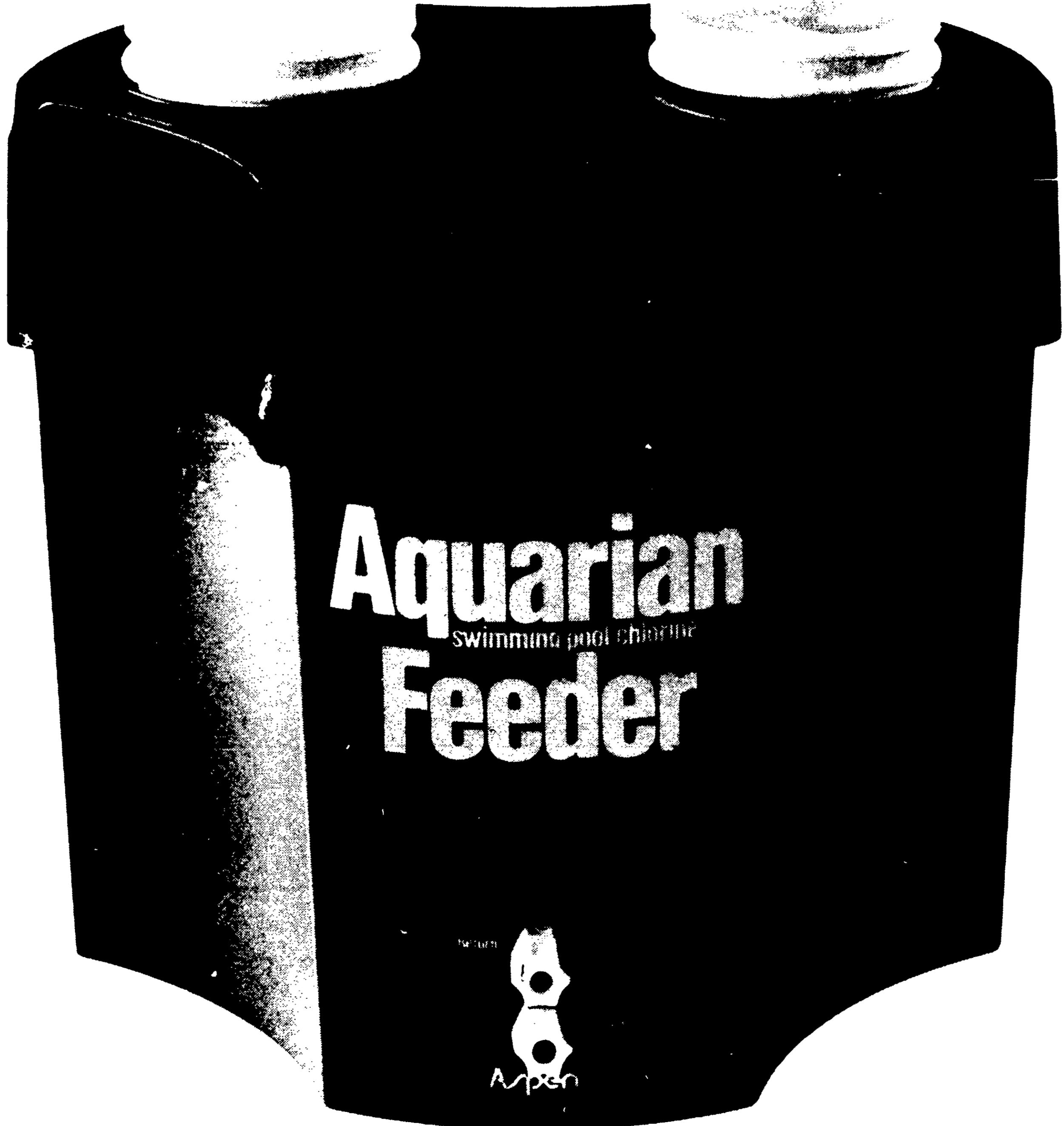
# **Aquarian** swimming pool chlorine **Feeder**



FCC  
M-10

Automatic chlorination for in-ground and above-ground swimming pools

**Tabex**

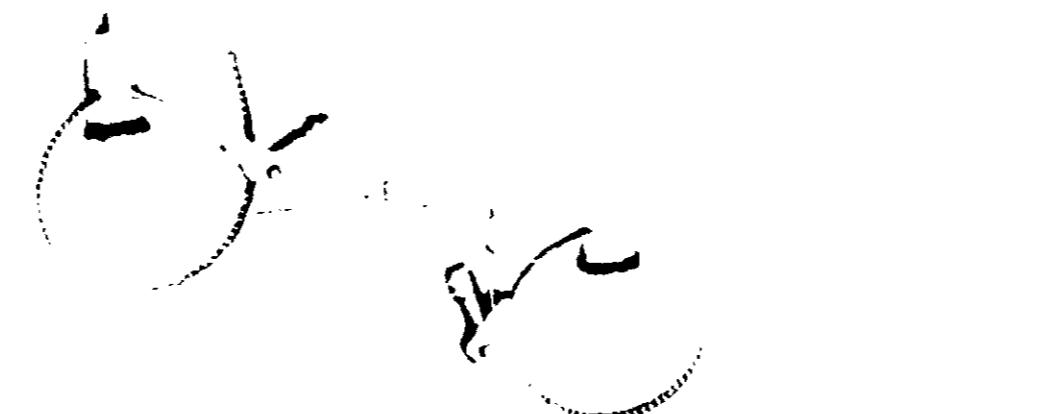


Tehova®

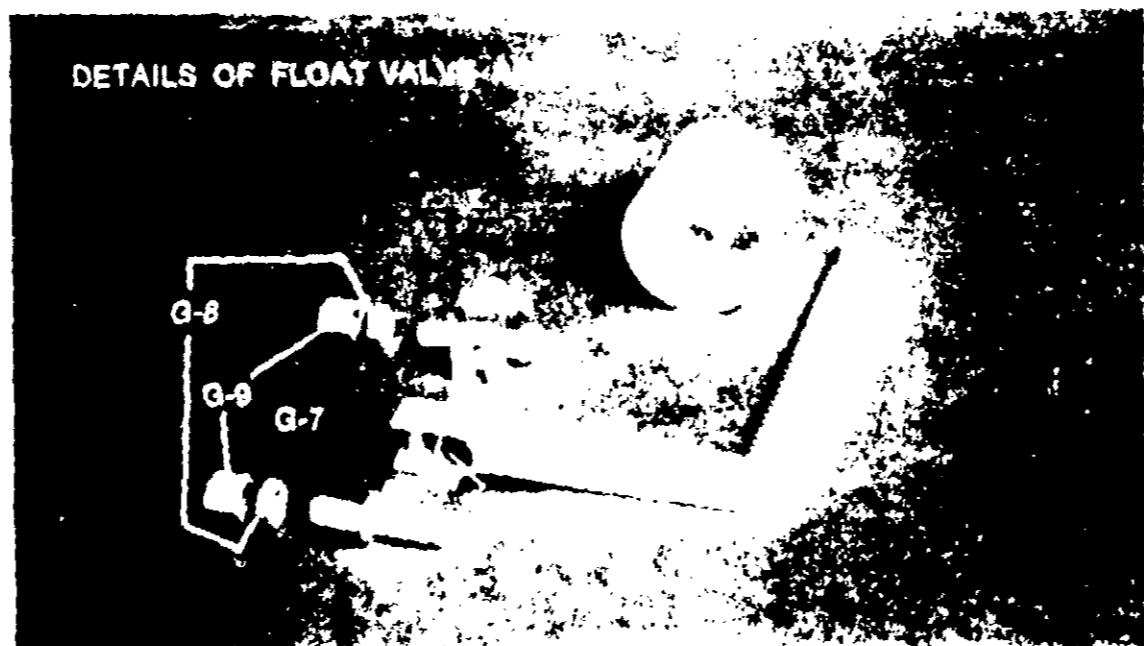
# **and Their Relationship**

### FIGURE 3. Summary

THE JOURNAL OF CLIMATE

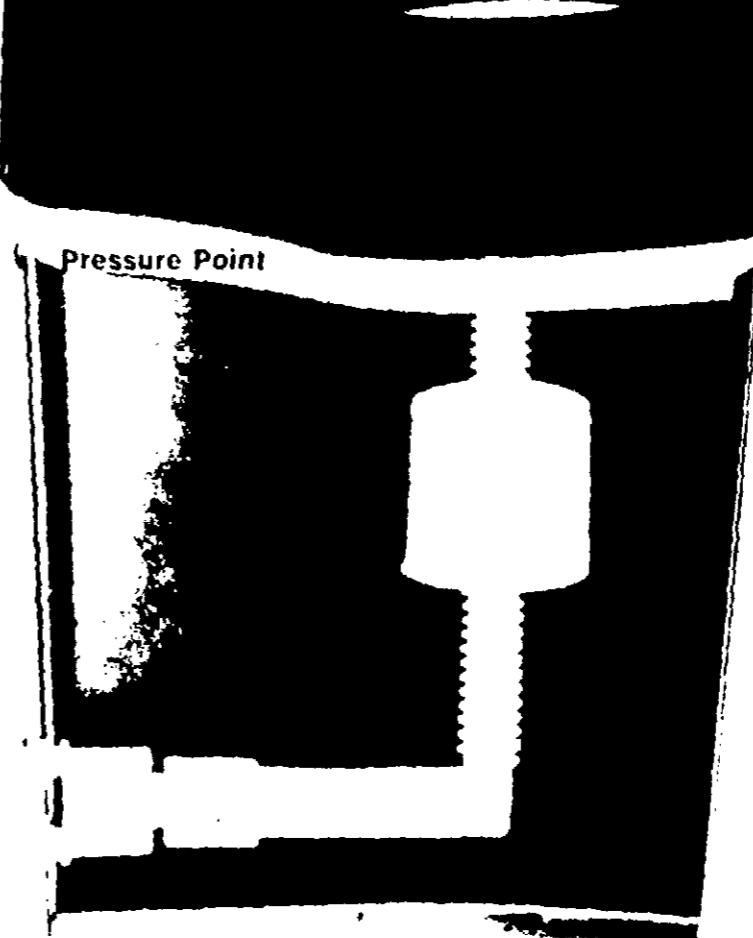


#### **DETAILS OF FLOAT VALVE**



## Tools required

Salvo de los que ya tienen su casa, la mayoría de los que viven en el barrio no tienen casa propia.



**Figure 5.** Aquarian Feeder Parts and Their Relationship

- A. *Environ. Geol.* 37(1): 1–10  
B. *Environ. Geol.* 37(2): 11–20  
C. *Environ. Geol.* 37(3): 21–30  
D. *Environ. Geol.* 37(4): 31–40  
E. *Environ. Geol.* 37(5): 41–50  
F. *Environ. Geol.* 37(6): 51–60  
G. *Environ. Geol.* 37(7): 61–70  
H. *Environ. Geol.* 37(8): 71–80  
I. *Environ. Geol.* 37(9): 81–90  
J. *Environ. Geol.* 37(10): 91–100  
K. *Environ. Geol.* 37(11): 101–110  
L. *Environ. Geol.* 37(12): 111–120

# Installing the Tabex Aquarian Feeder

After reading the instructions for the Tabex Aquarian Feeder, determine the best location for your feeder. Make every effort to select a location that is near the pump and filter assembly and away from the flow of the water in the pipe.

Open the feeder parts bag and check against Figure 5 to be sure all the components are enclosed. Remove the tube-locking nuts "G-9" and compression nuts "G-8" from the inlet and outlet tubes "G-5 and 6" respectively. Do not remove the two-hole gasket "G-7". Check the inlet and outlet tubes to be sure they are free of any obstructions. Blow air through them.

Install the float arm assembly "G" inside the tablet-dissolving chamber "B" by inserting the inlet and outlet tubes through the holes provided in the base of the chamber. Replace the compression nuts on the inlet and outlet tubes and **hand tighten** to hold the float arm assembly in place.

Half fill the feeder chamber with water and check for leaks where the tubes came through the wall. Tighten the compression nuts only enough to stop any leaks, then empty the chamber. Over-tightening nuts may cause plastic to deform and aggravate a leaking condition.

Shut the pump off. Using Figure 1 or a similar setup, connect the side of the return line to the port of the tube-filter that will accommodate the feeder pump assembly "E" (Point A in Figure 1). **A horizontal section of pipe is preferred to a vertical section.** Drill a hole in the pipe and remove all the burrs with a knife or file. Insert the tube-pipe fitting and clamp it in place. Keep the fitting perpendicular to the pipe to insure a good gasket seal.

Uncoil the "G" tube "G-5" and end with the black valve. Cut the tube straight and cut off a length of tubing long enough to reach from the feeder to the side of the tank. Attach the tube to the clamp and tighten firmly. **Hand tighten the tube locking nut.**

To set the feeder, turn the outlet tube through the tube-locking nut and into the tube-pipe fitting until the outlet tube is return line. Point A. **Hand tighten the tube locking nut.**

Drill a hole on the side of the tank to receive the pump assembly. See Figure 1. Make this connection as near the pump as possible.

The outlet tube must be long enough to allow the water to circulate through the feeder pump assembly and back to the tank. If the outlet tube is too short, the water will not circulate through the feeder pump assembly. Lift the float arm and rotate the float-pipe assembly so that the float arm is parallel to the water surface. Turn the float arm clockwise until the water surface is reached.

After the float arm is positioned correctly, lay the tube "G-5" on the float arm. Make sure the tube is straight and does not kink. A gentle curve is acceptable.

Secure the tube by hand tightening the tube locking nut. Insert the other end of the tube through the remaining tube-compression "G-9" and into the outlet tube "G-6" protruding from the base of the feeder chamber unclipped. **Hand tighten the tube locking nut.** The tube may be cut to the exact required length. Longer lengths of tubing should be available from your Tabex supplier dealer.

An alternative water connection can be made on the suction side of the pump. Shut the main drain plug. Remove the drain plug and clean out any rust or sediment. The tube usually is 1/2" in size. It is necessary to decide if a 1/2" pipe size tube will feed a 1/2" tube-pipe fitting. If feeder pump is 1/2" pipe fitting, use an appropriate bushing available from your Tabex supplier or your local supply store.

Remove the tube-pipe fitting from the feeder pump assembly. The pipe fitting may also be removed from the tube pipe if the tube is 1/2" tube-pipe fitting. Repeat the steps outlined previously. Replace the tube-pipe fitting and secure with a tube locking nut.

After the tube-pipe fitting is secured, attach the tube to the clamp and tighten firmly. **Hand tighten the tube locking nut.** Turn the float arm and rotate the float-pipe assembly so that the float arm is parallel to the water surface. Turn the float arm clockwise until the water surface is reached.

Turn the pump on and check for any leaks. If there are any leaks, turn the pump off and tighten the tube locking nuts. If there are still any leaks, turn the pump off and replace the tube-pipe fitting.

After the tube-pipe fitting is secured, turn the pump on and check for any leaks. If there are any leaks, turn the pump off and tighten the tube locking nuts. If there are still any leaks, turn the pump off and replace the tube-pipe fitting.

Turn the float arm and rotate the float-pipe assembly so that the float arm is parallel to the water surface. Turn the float arm clockwise until the water surface is reached.

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# Feeder operation

The most important factor to understand about the Tabex Chlorine Feeder is that it is designed to dispense chlorine tablets at a constant rate. This means that the chlorine output will remain constant even if the water temperature changes.

The chlorine tablets are dispensed at a constant rate regardless of the water temperature. This allows you to dispense chlorine tablets at a constant rate. If the water temperature changes, the chlorine output will change.

It is essential that the water be tested daily, and any necessary corrections made to the feed rate to match the chlorine demand. At the position of the Tabex Chlorine Feeder.

The recommendations for use of Tabex Chlorine Tablets and the Aquarian Feeder are based on the presence of at least 30 parts per million of chlorine and chloramine in the pool water. A one-time application of Tabex Conditioner at the rate of one pound per 4,000 gallons of water is sufficient and as Tabex Chlorine Tablets are used and the pool is not drained, if you are not certain, check with your Tabex pool products dealer about the initial chlorination of your pool. Take a sample of water from the swim area.

At the time of feeder startup, the pool should be shock-treated by raising the chlorine level to at least 4 or 5 parts per million (ppm). This superchlorination insures that any initial chlorine demand is satisfied and gives the feeder a chance to reach its optimum chlorine output.

Set the water level in the feeder chamber so that approximately one Tabex Chlorine Tablet will be immersed for each 5,000 gallons of water in the pool. A daily chlorine tablet exposure test may be made later on the basis of the water temperature. The rate of exposure is somewhat higher at the beginning of a daily chlorine reading than it is at the end of each 8-10,000 gallon cycle due to the normal pool pressure.

The recommendations for tablet exposure times for feeder operation assume a constant water temperature and pump operation. Increased temperatures will increase the required water flow through the feeder chamber. Conversely, if the water temperature is reduced, the feed rate will decrease. To compensate for this, it is recommended to adjust the feed rate to compensate for a change in the water temperature.

Check the chlorine output of the feeder at least once a week. If the chlorine performance is not satisfactory, it should be checked every two weeks. After checking the chlorine output, it is recommended to check the chlorine output of the pump and the extended period of time. An other

The feeder is not designed to perform the function. Tabex Rapid Chlor Tablets are available from your Tabex dealer and are intended for this purpose by the manufacturer of the chlorine.

## Adjustment

To meet the variable needs of different chlorine applications, water temperature and chlorine demand factors, up to six Tabex Tablets can be dispensed simultaneously by simple adjustment of float and float. (Figures 7-10). A dust cap is provided for when the feeder chamber is in use.

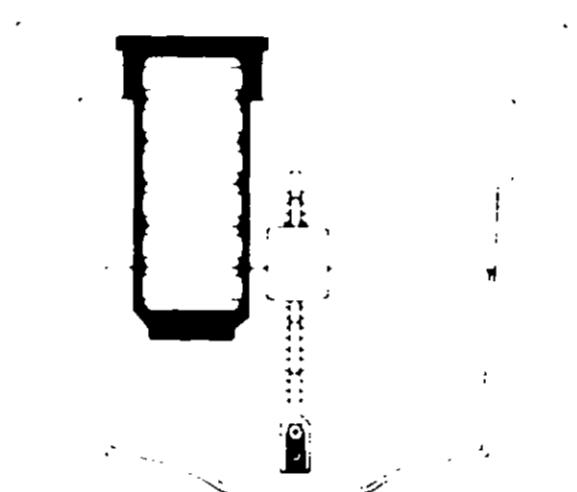


Figure 7  
To increase chlorine output, turn the float arm counter-clockwise. To decrease chlorine output, turn the float arm clockwise.

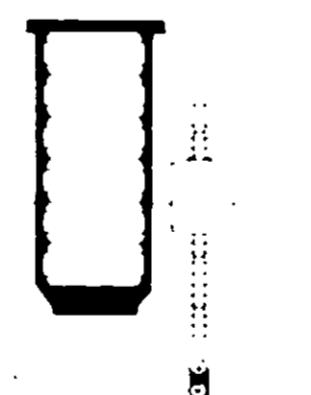


Figure 8  
To increase chlorine output, turn the float arm counter-clockwise. To decrease chlorine output, turn the float arm clockwise.

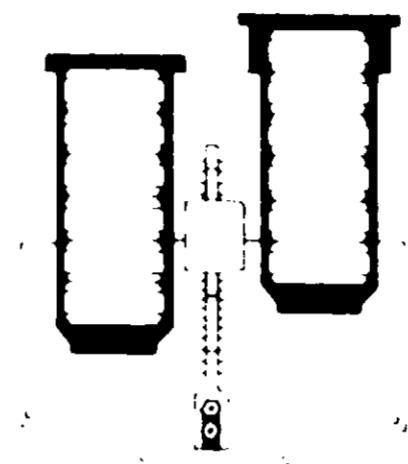


Figure 9  
For single tablet use, one canister in the float arm must be in the down position as shown. Alternatively, a float float from its canister. The float float must be aligned with the float arm to prevent the float from dropping.

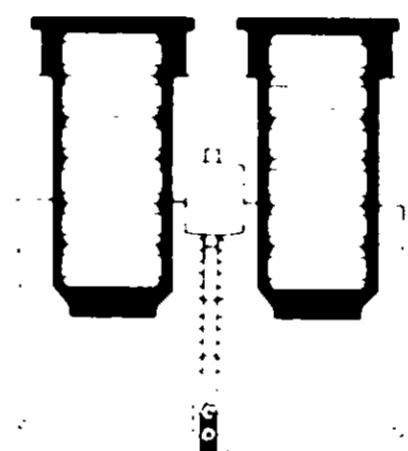


Figure 10  
For double tablet use, two canisters from the float arm. Adjust float arm so float is aligned with float arm.

## Winterizing the feeder

When pool is to be shut down, disconnect feeder tubing from production and return lines and from the feeder. Remove canisters and all tablet pieces from feeder chamber. Empty liquid contents of feeder chamber into pool. Wash out feeder and float control system with warm water. Flush out tubing. Store in a warm dry area. Allow unused tablets to completely dry. Store in a cool dry, well-ventilated area away from sunlight and equipment. Use Tabex Winterizing Kit to protect pool equipment from freezing.

**More fun, less work  
for pool owners**

# Introduction to your Tabex Aquarian Feeder

## Read carefully before starting to assemble feeder.

The Tabex Aquarian Feeder is designed and engineered for installation in residential swimming pools equipped with water circulation and filtration systems. It can be used in both in-ground and above-ground pools when installed as directed.

### How it works

The feeder consists of a chamber in which Tabex slow-dissolving chlorine tablets are suspended in a canister. The feeder chamber is connected to the pool circulation system by "3" diameter tubing.

A small portion of the circulating pool water is diverted into the feeder chamber through the tubing connected to the return line to the pool. The water is chlorinated in the feeder and returned to the suction side of the pump (See Figure 1.)

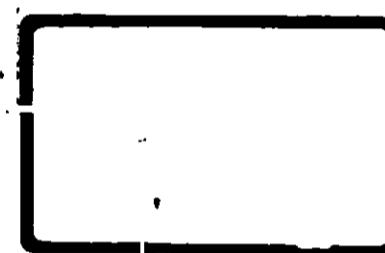


Figure 1. Top View of Feeder on Recirculation System

The quantity of chlorine liberated into the water is adjusted by exposing one or more Tabex chlorine tablets. This may be accomplished by changing the level of water in the feeder chamber or by adjusting the level of the canister.

A check valve is provided in the return line tubing. The check valve prevents loss of prime to the pump.

### Locating the feeder

Adequate suction at the pump and pressure in the return line to the pool are essential to successful operation of the Tabex Aquarian Feeder. The most desirable location for the feeder chamber is near the filtration equipment and above the level of water in the pool.

**Figure 2 shows the most desirable installation for the Tabex Aquarian Feeder.** The filtration equipment for the in-ground pool is located at or above the level of the water in the pool and the feeder is located above the filter and pump

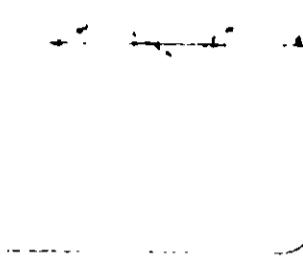


Figure 2. Normal in-ground pool installation  
For in-ground pools where the pump and filter equipment is located at or above the water level, the feeder should be located above the filter and pump. A vertical line connects the filter and pump to the feeder chamber. Circulation equipment must be located above the water level to avoid flooding.

Where the filtration equipment is below the pool water level (Figure 3) the feeder should be elevated to the level of the water in the pool or higher, with longer tubing used if necessary to connect the feeder to the circulation system.

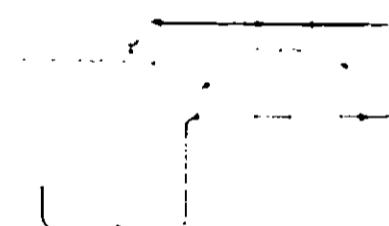


Figure 3. In-ground pool with pump and filter located below ground  
For in-ground pools where the pump and filter equipment is located below the water level, the feeder should be located above the filter and pump. A vertical line connects the filter and pump to the feeder chamber. Below water level installation is not recommended. If a feeder must be located below water level, the check valve must be reversed and inserted into the water outlet tube to prevent possible flooding. Professional installation is recommended.

**For an above-ground pool (Figure 4).** Installation is not unless the equipment which the filtration equipment is located below the pool water level. The feeder should be located on a deck above the pump and filter if at all possible. A simple feeder bracket (part #1 available for the Tabex Aquarian Feeder at a nominal cost) The bracket stabilizes a support feet of the pool.

On above-ground pools with feeder located above pool water level, install a check valve.

If it is necessary to locate the feeder below the pool water level, consult with your Tabex pool supplier for recommendations on a professional pool designer to make the installation. **Never install the feeder in a basement area.** Figure 4.

Check valve direction is important. The check valve must be installed upstream of the feeder.

The Tabex Aquarian Feeder is designed to be used with a chlorine tablet feeder. A slight adjustment in feed rate may be necessary if the feeder chamber contains only bromine tablets. Adjustments in feed rate may be required to obtain desired results.

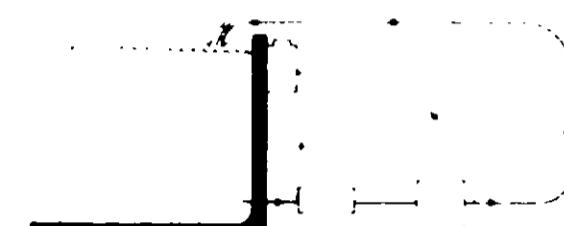


Figure 4. Above-ground pool installation  
For above-ground pools where the pump and filter equipment is located below the water level, the feeder should be located above the filter and pump. A vertical line connects the filter and pump to the feeder chamber. Below water level installation is not recommended. If a feeder must be located below water level, the check valve must be reversed and inserted into the water outlet tube to prevent possible flooding. Professional installation is recommended.

**NOTE:** Never install the feeder in a basement area. Check valve direction is important. The check valve must be installed upstream of the feeder.

For above-ground pools with feeder located above pool water level, install a check valve.

ACCEPTED

OCT 10 1972

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JULIA LEE ANDERSON LIBRARY  
FOR ECONOMIC INFORMATION  
FD UNDER NO. 9087-5 SUBJECT  
TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

FREE PLASTIC MEASURING CUP  
PACKED INSIDE

## DIRECTIONS:

1. Adjust pool water pH to 7.2-7.8 range as determined by suitable pH test kit. Use Tabex pH Up (if pH is low), Tabex pH Down (if pH is high) or Tabex pH Stabilizer (if water alkalinity is 100 ppm).
2. Stabilize pool water with 30 ppm conditioning agent by adding one lb. of Tabex Conditioner for each 4,000 gallons. Thereafter, regular use of Tabex Chlorine Granular will provide any needed makeup conditioner.
3. Before first use of Tabex Chlorine Concentrate Granular, superchlorinate (shock treat) pool water to 4 ppm chlorine residual by adding 9 oz. of Tabex Chlorine Concentrate Granular for each 10,000 gallons of pool water with dosage to be repeated until residual is obtained as determined by use of a chlorine test kit. Before using pool, allow chlorine residual to return to 1.0-1.5 ppm level as determined by use of a chlorine test kit.
4. Add 2½ ounces every other day (or 1¼ ounces daily) or more as needed of Tabex Chlorine Concentrate Granular per 10,000 gallons of pool water as determined by use of a suitable chlorine test kit to maintain a chlorine residual of 1.0 to 1.5 ppm at all times.
5. During the summer and peak bather loads, superchlorinate (shock treat) pool water to 4 ppm chlorine residual with Tabex Rapid Chlor Tabs as directed on that container label. Failure to superchlorinate could result in growth of pool water algae. For such a condition, use Tabex Algae Out as directed on the container.

Aspen  
CHEMICALS, INC.  
TARRY TOWNSHIP, PA 15477

MORE FUN / LESS WORK FOR POOL OWNERS



**DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.** See other precautions and antidote on side panel.

Active Ingredient: Sodium Dichloro-s-Triazinetrione 100%  
(Available Chlorine 60%)

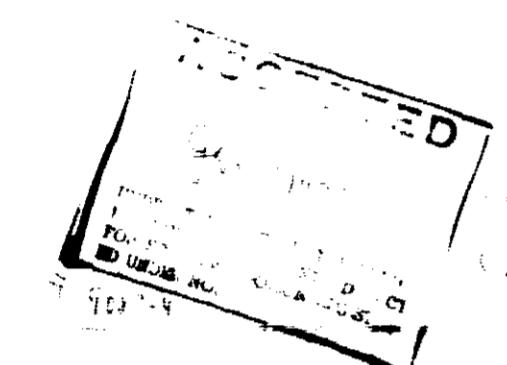
Tabex Chlorine Concentrate Granular is a stabilized chlorine which will provide effective control of bacteria and algae when used as directed. For the convenience of continuous, automatically fed chlorine and relief from frequent hand feeding, try the Tabex Aquarian Feeder with its patented slow dissolving tablets. For free bulletins on pool water chemistry, write the manufacturer, Dept. A, giving pool size, gallonage and type (for example: gunite or vinyl; above-ground or in-ground).

**DANGER:** May cause eye damage. Harmful if taken internally. May cause burns on wet skin. Rinse hands after handling. Strong oxidizer: Do not mix with any other chemical—mix only with water. Do not get into eyes. If in eyes, rinse with cold water, call physician. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapors. Keep away from organic matter (may cause fire), heat or open flame. Keep dry—chlorine and equally toxic gases liberated when wet. Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty.

**Antidote:** Drink milk of magnesia, vegetable oil or whites of eggs and call physician.

This product is toxic to fish. Treated pool water should not be discharged where it will drain into lakes, streams, ponds or public water.

Net Weight: 4 lbs.  
EPA Reg. No. 9087-5  
Product No. 251



MORE FUN / LESS WORK FOR POOL OWNERS

#### DIRECTIONS :

1. Adjust pool water pH to 7.2-7.8 range as determined by suitable test kit.
2. Stabilize pool water with 30 ppm conditioning agent (100% cyanuric acid).
3. Before first use of the feeder canister, superchlorinate (shock treat) pool water to 4 ppm chlorine residual, as determined by use of a chlorine test kit. Avoid entering pool until the chlorine residual drops to 2.0 ppm.
4. Before using the feeder canister, remove bottom cap (to permit water circulation) and remove tab over vent hole in top lid (to avoid air lock).
5. Maintain a chlorine residual of 1.0 to 1.5 ppm at all times (as determined by daily or more frequent use of a chlorine test kit) by immersing one Tabex chlorine tablet (or more until residual is obtained) in the Tabex Aquarian Feeder for up to 10,000 gallons of pool water per tablet. By the positioning of the canister in the feeder and/or adjustment of the water level in the feeder chamber, up to three tablets in a canister may be immersed. Two canisters may be inserted into the feeder; thus up to 6 tablets may be immersed at one time. This canister of tablets is designed for use in the Tabex Aquarian Feeder only. Tablets in canister should not be emptied directly in the pool as discoloration of the pool liner or paint could occur.
6. During the summer and peak bather loads, superchlorinate (shock treat) at least twice monthly as directed in "3" above. Failure to superchlorinate could result in growth of pool water algae. For such a condition, use Tabex Algae Out as directed on container.
7. Replace canister when last tablet drops into feeder.

Open

TEST DOCUMENT

# Tabex<sup>®</sup>

## Chlorine Tablets

### Feeder Canister

**DANGER:** KEEP OUT OF REACH  
OF CHILDREN. See other precautions  
and antidote on side panel.

Active Ingredients  
Trichlorois-triazinetrione 95%  
Stabilizer 5%  
(Available Chlorine 85.5%)

#### CONVENIENT, ECONOMICAL POOL CHLORINATION

This canister containing 6 patented (U.S. Patent 3,325,411) slow dissolving, completely soluble Tabex Chlorine Tablets has been expressly designed for use with the Tabex Aquarian Feeder to provide a continuous, economical chlorine supply for control of bacteria and algae when used as directed.

**DANGER:** May cause eye damage. May be fatal or harmful if swallowed. May cause burns on wet skin. Rinse hands after handling. Strong oxidizer: Do not mix with any other chemical—mix only with water. Do not get into eyes. If in eyes, rinse with cold water, call physician. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapors. Keep away from organic matter (may cause fire), heat or open flame. Keep dry—chlorine and equally toxic gases liberated when wet. Do not reuse container; rinse thoroughly with water and discard. Antidote: Drink milk of magnesia, vegetable oil or whites of eggs and call physician.

Treated pool water should not be discharged directly into lakes, streams or ponds.

Contents: 6 7.33-oz. tablets  
Net Weight: 2 lbs. 12 oz.  
EPA Reg. No. 9087-4  
Product No. 180

20