NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

- Registration
- [X] Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):
Applied Biochemists
W175 N11163 Stonewood Drive
Germantown, WI 53022

EPA Reg. Number: 8959-54
Date of Issuance: AUG 04 2010

Term of Issuance:

Name of Pesticide Product: Copper-EDA Aquatic Herbicide

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is reregistered in accordance with FIFRA provided that you:

1) Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration review of your product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data.

Signature of Approving Official:

Tony Kish
Product Manager 22
Fungicide Branch
Registration Division (7504P)

Date: AUG 04 2010
2) Delete “Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide” throughout the label and add the correct name “Copper-EDA Aquatic Herbicide”.

3) To the ingredients section change the % of copper-ethylenediamine complex to 23.0% and the inert ingredients to 77%. Change “inert ingredients” to “other ingredients”. Add the CAS # of 13426-91-0 after copper ethylenediamine.

4) Change “Do not apply this product in a manner as to directly expose workers or other persons” to “Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application” as required in the RED.

5) The text “Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet” appearing in the Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals section is incomplete or is duplicated elsewhere on the label and must be deleted.

6) Per the RED, PPE text must be added to the label and must read:

“Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)
Mixers, loaders and applicators must wear:
Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and
Shoes and socks.”

7) User Safety Requirements text must be added to the label:

“Follow manufacturer’s instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product’s concentrate. Do not reuse them.”

8) User Safety Recommendations must be added to the label and placed in a box:

“User Safety Recommendations
User should wash hands before, eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.”

9) Per the revised RED label table, the Environmental Hazards text currently on the label must be revised to read as specified below and any conflicting/incomplete text must be deleted:

“This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Waters treated with this product may be hazardous to aquatic organisms. Treatment of aquatic weeds and algae can result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead algae and weeds. This oxygen loss can cause fish and invertebrate suffocation. To minimize this hazard, do not treat more than ½ of the water body to avoid depletion of oxygen due to decaying vegetation. Wait at least 10 to 14 days between treatments. Begin treatment along the shore and proceed outwards in bands to allow fish to move into untreated areas. Consult with the State or local agency with primary responsibility for regulating pesticides before applying to public waters, to determine if a permit is required.

Certain water conditions including low pH (≤ 6.5), low dissolved organic carbon (DOC) levels (3.0 mg/L or lower), and “soft” waters (i.e., alkalinity less than 50 mg/L), increases the potential acute toxicity to non-target aquatic organisms.”

10) Spray drift text must be added to the label and must read:

“Spray Drift Management
A variety of factors including weather conditions (e.g., wind direction, wind speed, temperature, relative humidity) and the method of application (e.g., ground, aerial, airblast, chemigation) can influence pesticide drift. The applicator must evaluate all factors and make appropriate adjustments when applying this product.

Droplet Size
Apply only as a medium or coarser spray (ASAE standard 572) or a volume mean diameter of 300 microns or greater for spinning atomizer nozzles.

Wind Speed
Do not apply at wind speeds greater than 15 mph. Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph), and there are no sensitive areas within 250 feet downwind.

Temperature Inversions
If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph, the applicator must determine if a) conditions of temperature inversion exist, or b) stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height. Do not make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions.
Other State and Local Requirements
Applicators must follow all state and local pesticide drift requirements regarding application of copper compounds. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

Equipment
All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers or surrogates.

For aerial application:
The boom length must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade diameter. Release spray at the lowest height consistent with efficacy and flight safety. Do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath must be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the up and downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

For groundboom application:
Do not apply with a nozzle height greater than 4 feet above the crop canopy.”

11) Per the RED, the following text must be added to the label:

“For applications in waters destined for use as drinking water, those waters must receive additional and separate potable water treatment. Do not apply more than 1.0 ppm as metallic copper in these waters.”

12) Change “general information” to “product information”.

13) Above the heading “application rates for aquatic weed control in quiescent or slow moving water” change “10-14 days” to “14 days”.

14) On page 5, delete “general”.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. You must submit one copy of the final printed label before you release the product for shipment. Products shipped after 12 months from the date of this letter or the next round of printing must bear the new revised label. If these EPA conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA. Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these EPA Reg. conditions. This label supersedes all other previously accepted labels. If you have any questions please call Erik Kraft at 703-308-9358 or email at Kraft.Erik@epa.gov.

Enclosure: Product Chemistry Review
Acute Toxicology Review
Copper-EDA Aquatic Herbicide

EPA No. 8959-54

FOR USE IN SLOW MOVING OR QUIESCENT BODIES OF WATER, INCLUDING GOLF COURSES, ORNAMENTAL, FISH AND FIRE PONDS; FRESH WATER LAKES, FISH HATCHERIES AND POTABLE WATER RESERVOIRS. AREAS TREATED WITH HARPOON AQUATIC HERBICIDE MAY BE USED FOR FISHING AND SWIMMING IMMEDIATELY AFTER TREATMENT. IN ADDITION WATER TREATED WITH HARPOON AQUATIC HERBICIDE CAN BE USED AS A SOURCE OF HUMAN AND ANIMAL DRINKING WATER AFTER FURTHER POTABLE WATER TREATMENT.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT
COPPER - ETHYLENEDIAMINE COMPLEX* .......................... 15.6%
INERT INGREDIENTS .......................................................... 84.4%
TOTAL ............................................................................... 100.0%
*Metallic copper equivalent, 8.0%
One gallon contains 0.80 pounds of elemental copper.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIRST AID</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>If swallowed:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>If in eyes:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. -- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>If on skin or clothing:</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Take off contaminated clothing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>If inhaled:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Move person to fresh air.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. If a medical emergency arises contact Arch Chemicals Emergency Action Network in the US call 1-800-654-6911 or outside the US call 423-780-2970. For help with a spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

See Additional precautions on back panel.

NET CONTENTS: _______ Gallons (_______ Liters)

Manufactured For:

applied biochemists

W175 N11163 Stonewood Drive
GERMANTOWN, WISCONSIN 53022
1-800-558-5106
www.appliedbiochemists.com
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Do not apply this product in a manner as to directly expose workers or other persons.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
This product may be toxic to fish. Trout and other species of fish may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Generally, fish toxicity is reduced as water hardness increases. Consult State Fish and Game Agency before applying this product to public waters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS
This product is not compatible with other chemicals, e.g. strong oxidizers.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

GENERAL INFORMATION
Pre-Treatment Considerations (All labeled sites):
Permits: Some states may require permits for the application of this product to public waters. Check with your local authorities.

For optimum results:
- Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide should be applied early in the day under bright or sunny conditions when plants are actively growing and water temperatures are at least 60°F (15.5°C).
- Treat when growth first begins to appear or create a nuisance, if possible.
- Apply in a manner that will ensure even distribution of chemical within the treatment area.
- Reduced activity may occur in murky/shaded waters or where silt and/or scale has built up on plant leaf surfaces.

Algae growth and around target plants may interfere with uptake of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide. Pretreat these areas with Cutrine-Plus, EPA Reg. No. 8959-10 or other EPA registered algaecides. Do not exceed 1.0 ppm of total copper when using Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide and Cutrine-Plus.

Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide is a chelated copper formulation that effectively controls Hydrilla, Egeria (Brazilian Elodea), Naiads, Coontail, Elodea, Water Lettuce, Water Hyacinth, Giant Salvinia, and other species having a sensitivity to copper absorption. If the alkalinity (hardness) of the water is low; Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide may also control Eurasian Watermilfoil; horned, Sago, American, Curly-leaf, and Floating-leaf Pondweeds. Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide may be applied to slow moving or quiescent bodies of water, including lakes, fish hatcheries, potable water reservoirs, golf courses, and ornamental fish and fire ponds.

For broader spectrum aquatic weed control, Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide may be tank mixed with other herbicides including diquat, fluridone and endothall. Refer to "Directions for Tank Mixes" for more information. Follow all precautions and guidelines on the labels of any product(s) used with Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide.

Correct placement of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide is essential in order to provide acceptable penetration into plant tissues. Apply Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide when weeds are actively growing, focusing on areas where the greatest concentration of foliage is located. Be certain to apply in such a way as to reach as much of the leafy surfaces as possible. The presence of silt or algae in the water or covering leaves can reduce the effectiveness of the application. In such cases, tank mixing Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide with an algaecide, such as Cutrine Plus, EPA Reg. No. 8959-10, may improve performance.
Application Methods: Equipment and methods should be used that accurately and efficiently apply product to target growth. This can include aircraft, sprayer, or spray boat equipment. Product can be applied as a subsurface injection, through weighted hoses, in an invert emulsion, or mixed with a polymer, as appropriate (refer to specific instructions and use chemicals cleared for application to water and growing crops). To ensure uniform coverage of the area to be treated, Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide may be applied diluted or undiluted in either a surface or subsurface application.

Effective control of treated weeds generally requires 12 to 24 hours contact time. Within 3 to 7 days following treatment, the aquatic weeds will drop below the surface of the water. Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide may be reapplied in 10 to 14 days if suitable control is not achieved from the initial application. After they sink below the surface, it may take up to 6 weeks for the weeds to defoliate and decompose.

Apply only as directed on this label. Avoid contact of concentrated product with crops, ornamentals, grass or desirable plants. Injury may occur if undiluted Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide or concentrations above 1.0ppm of copper comes in contact with ornamentals, crops, grass, or other foliage. Do not exceed 1.0ppm total copper.

Under conditions of heavy infestation or low oxygen levels, treat only 1/3 to 1/2 of the water body at a time to avoid fish suffocation caused by oxygen depletion from decaying vegetation. To minimize this risk, wait 10 – 12 days before treating the remaining areas. Treatment should initiate along the shoreline and proceed outwards towards deeper water, to allow fish to move into untreated areas.

**Application Rates for Aquatic Weed Control in Quiescent or Slow Moving Water**

Light to Moderate Growth is defined as a treatment area where submersed plants have not reached the water surface ("topped out" and less than 65% of the bottom or water surface (in the case of floating plants) is covered with target plants. Heavy Infestations is an area where submersed vegetation growth has reached the water surface and/or bottom growth or floating plants cover more than 65% of the treatment area. **Do not apply more than 1.0 ppm copper.**

Select low range rate for light to moderate growth and upper range rate for heavy infestations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Targeted Species</th>
<th>Copper Level Required (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Hydrilla verticillata</em> (Hydrilla)</td>
<td>0.75 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Eichhornia crassipes</em> (Waterhyacinth)</td>
<td>0.75 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Pistia stratiotes</em> (Water Lettuce)</td>
<td>0.75 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Egeria densa</em> (Brazilian Elodea)</td>
<td>0.50 - 0.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Najas sp.</em> (Southern/Northern Naiads)</td>
<td>0.50 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Ceratophyllum demersum</em> (Coontail)</td>
<td>0.50 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Elodea canadensis</em> (common Elodea)</td>
<td>0.50 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following should be treated only in water of low hardness:

**Low Hardness = Better defined as: Calcium Hardness less than 150ppm**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Targeted Species</th>
<th>Copper Level Required (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>Myriophyllum spicatum</em> (Eurasian Water milfoil)</td>
<td>0.75 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Potamogeton pectinatus</em> (Sago Pondweed)</td>
<td>0.75 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Potamogeton nodosus</em> (American Pondweed)</td>
<td>0.75 - 1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Application Rate Calculation**

Application Site Measurement (Lakes, Ponds, Reservoirs and Other Static or Low-Flow Waters): In lakes, reservoirs, ponds, and static canals, this label defines the application site as the location where this product is applied. Measure surface dimensions of the application site including length, width and average depth. Use the following formula to determine acre-feet:

\[
\text{Length (ft.)} \times \text{Width (ft.)} \times \text{Avg. Depth (ft.)} / 43,560 = \text{Acre-Feet}
\]

Accurate maps and electronic devices can aid in determining area measurements and depths of treatment areas. Multiply Application Rate (from the chart below), times Acre-Feet (or surface acres for floating plants) to determine volume of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide required.

\[
(\text{acre-ft.}) \times (\text{gallons per acre-ft}) = \text{total gallons of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide required}
\]

### Application Rates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ppm Copper desired</th>
<th>gallons per acre-ft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.5ppm</td>
<td>1.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.75ppm</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.0ppm</td>
<td>3.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:
Pond dimensions: 200(ft) x 200(ft) X 4ft / 43560 = 3.67 acre-feet
To obtain 0.5ppm of copper: (3.67 acre-ft) x (1.7gallons per acre-ft) = 6.24 gallons of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide required.

**METHODS OF APPLICATION**

Note: Always ensure application equipment has been cleaned and is in proper working condition before using Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide. When application has been completed, thoroughly rinse spray tanks, hoses and or pumps with fresh water, disposing of diluted rinsate within the treatment area.

1) **APPLICATION USING SPRAY EQUIPMENT:**

Surface: In shallow areas, such as along shoreline, Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide can be effectively applied using backpack units or portable tank sprayers. Dilute Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide with sufficient water to evenly and efficiently treat within the intended treatment area.

Use with Polymer in Application: A sinking agent, approved for water and crops, can be mixed with this product. For each surface acre to be treated, prepare a solution using the correct rate of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide with water and the sinking agent to achieve a final application mix volume of 100 to 400 gallons. Blend the sinking agent into the herbicide mix following the agent's directions for use and maintaining continuous agitation while making application. The sinking agent will assist Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide in reaching and adhering to the target plants. Applications are most effective when made on dense areas of growth and when applied moving slowly in opposite direction to the water flow.
2) **SPRAY APPLICATION BY BOAT:**

Surface: In shallow areas, such as along shorelines, boat-mounted tank-type power sprayers or portable water pumps equipped with appropriate dilution water and chemical intakes with calibration valves can be used to effectively apply Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide through handheld spray wands or adjustable, tapered fire nozzles. Dilute Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide with sufficient water to evenly and efficiently treat within the intended treatment area.

Subsurface Application: Applications in water depths of more than four feet are best made using a weighted trailing hose and applied where growth is most dense, to help assure contact with the foliage. Avoid dragging the hose through the bottom sediment.

Polymer Application: If there is concern about extended contact time with the target plants, a polymer can be blended with Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide or a premix of the herbicide and water. Manufacturer’s directions and guidelines should be followed when using a polymer.

Invert Application: Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide can be inverted using either tank mix or multi-fluid mixer techniques with invert oil approved for water and growing crops. For submersed plants, invert application should be made through weighted hoses dragged below the water surface. For heavy infestations, direct application is preferable. Care should be taken to prepare an invert emulsion to provide a heavy viscous consistency.

Suggested mixtures for invert application:
*For Tank mix systems:*
Three gallons of invert oil should be blended with 80 gallons of water and 8 gallons of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide.

*Bi-fluid mixer systems:*
Three gallons of invert oil should be blended with 60 gallons of water and 16 gallons of Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide.

3) **AIRCRAFT APPLICATION**

Polymer Application: Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide should be blended with a suitable polymer and applied at a rate of 20 gallons of total spray mix per surface acre. The polymer/herbicide blend must be continuously agitated during the application. Do not apply by aircraft when efficacy at depths below 4 ft. are required.

**DIRECTIONS FOR TANK MIXES**

GENERAL: Do not mix this product with any other product if the label prohibits such mixtures. When using tank mixes, do not exceed the application rate of the product that is most restrictive. All mix example directions given below are calculated for application rate of 20 gallons per surface acre. If algae is present on the plants being treated, it may interfere with effectiveness of the treatment. Pre-treatment with Cutrine-Plus, Reg No. 8959-10, may improve control. Do not exceed 1.0 total copper when using Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide and Cutrine-Plus.

Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide + Harvester, EPA No. 100-1091-8959. Helicopter applications may be done using mixes of diquat (diquat dibromide (1,2-α:2',1'-c) pyrazinediium dibromide 37.3%)) add Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide. Application can be made via surface spray or subsurface methods.

**Species Treated:**
**MIX RATIOS:** (Based on application rate of 20 gallons of tank mix per surface acre).

- Water: 100 gallons
- Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide: 20 gallons
- Diquat: 10 gallons
- Cutrine-Plus (Aquatic Algaecide): 2 gallons

Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide + Aquathol K, EPA Reg. No. 4581-204: Application can be made via surface spray or subsurface methods.

**Species Treated:**
Watermilfoil, Elodea, Coontail, Potamogeton, Zannichellia, Cladophora, Pithophora, Spirogyra, Vallineria, Chara, Najas, American Pondweed and Sago Pondweed.

**MIX RATIOS:** (Based on application rate of 20 gallons of tank mix per surface acre).

- Water: 100 gallons
- Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide: 20 gallons
- Endothall: 15 gallons

Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide + Sonar, EPA Reg. No. 676904; Application can be made via surface spray or subsurface methods.

**Species Treated:**
Watermilfoil, Naiad, Common Duckweed, Spatterdock, Bladderwort, Fanwort (Cabomba), Paragrass, Common Elodea, Brazilian Elodea Coontail, Najas, Elodea, American Pondweed and Sago Pondweed.

**MIX RATIOS:** (Based on application rate of 20 gallons of tank mix per surface acre).

- Water: 100 gallons
- Harpoon Aquatic Herbicide: 20 gallons
- Fluridone: 1.5 gallons

**STORAGE & DISPOSAL:**

- Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Keep container closed when not in use. Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Do not reuse or refill container. Do not contaminate feed, feedstuffs, or drinking water. Do not store or transport near feed or food.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.
(For <5 gallon non-refillable containers only):

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning if available or puncture and dispose of in approved landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Consult Federal, State or local authorities for approved alternative procedures.

(For >5 gallon non-refillable containers only):

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse container. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ with water and recap. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning if available or puncture and dispose of in approved landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Consult Federal, State or local authorities for approved alternative procedures.

(For 275 Gallon refillable container only):

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Refillable container. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning if available or puncture and dispose of in approved landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Consult Federal, State or local authorities for approved alternative procedures.

**WARRANTY**

To the extent consistent with applicable law neither the manufacturer nor the seller makes any warranty, expressed or implied concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label.

To the extent consistent with applicable law buyer assumes risk of use of this material when such use is contrary to label instructions. Read and follow the label directions.