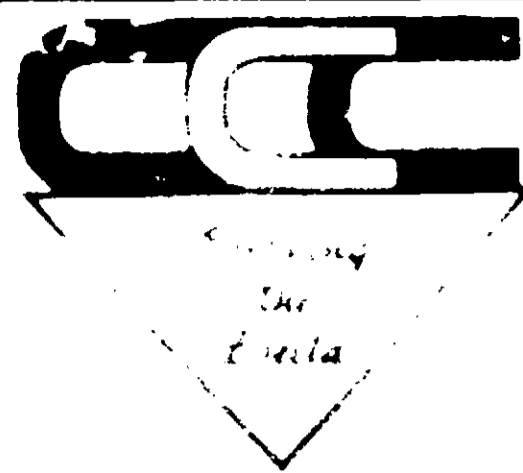


8867



4 lb. Methyl Parathion - Emulsifiable Insecticide Concentrate

NET CONTENTS 8867-3

ACCEPTED
JUN 29, 1973
FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
AND FUNGICIDE ACT
EPA REG. NO. 8867-3
SUBJECT: METHYL PARATHION

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS (by weight)

*O, O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl triphosphate 45.84%
Aromatic petroleum solvent 49.41%

INERT INGREDIENTS (by weight)

TOTAL 100.00%

*Methyl Parathion

1 gallon of CCC 4-lb. METHYL PARATHION

contains 4 lbs. of Methyl Parathion

E.P.A. Reg. No. 8867-3

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS; AND IN CONFORMITY WITH FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS.

KEEP COOL IN SHADE
OUT OF DIRECT SUNLIGHT

BEFORE DISCARDING THIS CONTAINER, FILL IT WITH WATER, ADDING 3 TABLESPOONFULS CAUSTIC (ALKALINE) SUBSTANCE, SUCH AS WASHING SODA (SODIUM CARBONATE) OR LIME. ALLOW THE CONTAINER WITH WATER AND CAUSTIC TO STAND OVERNIGHT. BURY THE WASHINGS. EMPTY DRUMS MUST NOT BE USED IN ANY CONNECTION WITH FEED, FOOD OR DRINKING WATER. FOR 5 GALLON SIZE, WASH, PERFORATE AND BURY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY. NEVER RE-USE.

NOT FOR USE OR STORAGE IN OR AROUND THE HOME.

COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURE: Keep away from heat and open flame. Do not spray into or near fire or open flame.

DANGER

POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED, OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN!
RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN.

REPEATED INHALATION OR SKIN CONTACT MAY, WITHOUT SYMPTOMS, PROGRESSIVELY INCREASE SUSCEPTIBILITY TO METHYL PARATHION POISONING.

Do not swallow or get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear natural rubber gloves, clean, waterproof protective clothing, and goggles. Replace gloves frequently and destroy used gloves. In case of contact, immediately remove all contaminated clothing, and flush skin or eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; for eyes get medical attention. Do not breathe spray mist. Wear a mask or respirator of a type passed by the U. S. Bureau of Mines for Methyl Parathion protection. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking.

PRECAUTIONS IN USING

Do not apply or allow to drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals. Vacated areas should not be re-entered until drifting insecticide and volatile residues have dissipated. Unprotected humans and animals should be kept out of treated fields on day of treatment. In case of spillage, wash down with large amounts of water. Decontaminate areas, equipment, and containers by washing with a concentrated solution of alkali and detergent, and rinse with water. Destroy used containers to prevent re-use. Do not store near food or feed products. Workers entering fields on the day of application should wear protective clothing. Keep container closed. Leaking containers should be removed to a safe place.

ANTIDOTE AND FIRST AID TREATMENT

ATROPINE IS THE EMERGENCY ANTIDOTE FOR METHYL PARATHION POISONING: Consult your physician about obtaining an adequate supply of 1/100-grain atropine tablets for emergency use.

INTERNAL: If swallowed, give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. Call a physician IMMEDIATELY!

EXTERNAL: If on skin. In case of contact, remove contaminated clothing and immediately wash skin with soap and water. If the material gets into the eyes, wash immediately with running water for at least ten minutes.



DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DO NOT INHALE

IF WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR: Administer two 1/100-grain atropine tablets immediately. NEVER ADMINISTER ATROPINE UNLESS WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR (See WARNING SYMPTOMS below). Start artificial respiration immediately, if patient is not breathing. Transport the patient immediately to the nearest physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

WARNING SYMPTOMS: Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin-point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps.

TREATMENT: Atropine is the specific therapeutic antagonist of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine sulfate should be injected at 10-minute intervals, in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams, until complete atropinization has occurred. 2-PAM is also an antidote and may be administered in conjunction with atropine.

Morphine is contraindicated. Clear chest by postural draining.

Oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours.

Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitor may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood test.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

CCC 4-Lb. Methyl Parathion volume ground applicators intended purpose: at recommended Mix with water by agitation stand, re-agitate before use

For ground application, use of water per acre. For air application 1 to 3 gallons of water per acre. For THRIPS — Apply before or after 10 day intervals, use 1/4 to 1/2 per acre. For grasshoppers use 1/2 to 1 per acre. For spider mites (doe control of leafhoppers, Lygus BOLL WEEVILS—For ear as early as the 2 to 4 leaf mid-season control, apply squares are punctured and bolls are full grown. Repeat and periods of heavy migration webworms, use 1/2 to 1 pint For bollworms, salt-marsh perforators and stink bugs 4 to 5 day intervals until control vest within 7 days of application should wear protective BARLEY, OATS, RYE and acre. For aphids, armyworm use 1/2 to 1 1/2 pints per acre chinch bugs, false chinch bug western or brown wheat fly per acre within 15 days of RICE — For rice stink bug of harvest. S... important resources.

SORGHUM — For corn leg midges, use 1 pint to 1 quart proximately 90% of the height than start of blooming. Do injury may occur on some hybrids before booting to test of

SOYBEANS — For control of spotted mites and velvet bean borer loopers, fall armyworm quart per acre. Do not apply VETCH — For control of worms, leafhoppers, Lygus per acre. Do not treat clover. Consult your state agricultural applications.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that is reasonably fit for the purpose directions under normal conditions warranty of MERCHANTABILITY expressed or implied, extends only under abnormal conditions seller, and buyer assumes responsibility

CLEVELAND CHEMICAL CO.

CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

ACCEPTED
 29, 1973
 0867-3
 SUBJECT: 45.84%
 COMMENTS: 49.41%
 5.25%
 100.00%

ANTIDOTE AND FIRST AID TREATMENT

ATROPINE IS THE EMERGENCY ANTIDOTE FOR METHYL PARATHION POISONING: Consult your physician about obtaining an adequate supply of 1/100-grain atropine tablets for emergency use.

INTERNAL: If swallowed, give a tablespoonful of salt in a glass of warm water and repeat until vomit is clear. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. Call a physician **IMMEDIATELY!**

EXTERNAL: If on skin. In case of contact, remove contaminated clothing and immediately wash skin with soap and water.

If the material gets into the eyes, wash immediately with running water for at least ten minutes.



POISON

DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS

DO NOT USE INTERNALLY

IF WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR: Administer two 1/100-grain atropine tablets immediately.

NEVER ADMINISTER ATROPINE UNLESS WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR (See WARNING SYMPTOMS below). Start artificial respiration immediately, if patient is not breathing.

Transport the patient immediately to the nearest physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

WARNING SYMPTOMS: Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin-point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and abdominal cramps.

TREATMENT: Atropine is the specific therapeutic antagonist of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine sulfate should be injected at 10-minute intervals, in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams, until complete atropinization has occurred. 2-PAM is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine.

Morphine is contraindicated. Clear chest by postural draining.

Oxygen administration may be necessary.

Observe patient continuously for 48 hours.

Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitor may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood test.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

CCC 4-Lb. Methyl Parathion can be used in conventional hydraulic sprayers, low-volume ground applicators, or airplane sprayers. Use this product only for recommended purposes at recommended dosages.

Mix with water by agitation; agitate the mixture while spraying. If allowed to stand, re-agitate before use.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

For ground application, use recommended amount of insecticide in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre. For airplane application, use recommended amount of insecticide in 1 to 3 gallons of water per acre.

THRIPS — Apply before or during the 4-leaf stage and repeat 1-3 times at 7 to 10 day intervals, use 1/4 to 1/2 pint per acre. For cotton leafworms, use 1/4 to 3/4 pint per acre. For grasshoppers and fall armyworms up to third instar, use 1/2 pint per acre. For spider mites (does not control all species) use 1/2 to 3/4 pint per acre. For control of leafhoppers, Lygus and other mirids, use 1/4 to 1 quart per acre.

BOLL WEEVILS — For early season control of over-wintering boll weevils, apply as early as the 2 to 4 leaf stage and repeat 1-3 times at 7-10 day intervals. For mid-season control, apply at the start of squaring and after 10-25% of the first squares are punctured and repeat at 3 to 8-day intervals as needed or until the top bolls are full grown. Repeat at 3 day intervals during the major fruiting season and periods of heavy migration, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. For aphids and garden webworms, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. For false chinch bugs, use 1 pint per acre. For bollworms, salt-marsh caterpillars, armyworms up to third instar, cotton leaf perforators and stink bugs, use 1 quart per acre. Applications should be made at 4 to 5 day intervals until control is obtained. **CAUTION:** Do not hand pick or harvest within 7 days of application. Workers entering fields within 24 hours after application should wear protective clothing.

BARLEY, OATS, RYE and WHEAT — For barley thrips, use 1/2 to 3/4 pint per acre. For aphids, armyworms up to third instar, leafhoppers and winter grain mites, use 1/2 to 1 1/2 pints per acre. For climbing cutworms use 3/4 to 1 pint per acre. For chinch bugs, false chinch bugs and Say's plant bugs, use 1 1/2 pints per acre. For western or brown wheat mites, use 1 pint per acre. Do not use more than 1/2 pint per acre within 15 days of harvest.

RICE — For rice stink bugs, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Spiders, crickets and crayfish may be killed. Do not apply where these are important resources.

SORGHUM — For corn leaf aphids and mites, use 1 pint per acre. For sorghum midges, use 1 pint to 1 quart per acre, 2 applications, 3 to 5 days apart when approximately 90% of the heads have completely emerged from the boot or not later than start of blooming. Do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest. Leaf injury may occur on some hybrid varieties of sorghum. Spray a few rows a week or so before booting to test effects upon plants.

SOYBEANS — For control of climbing cutworms and three-cornered alfalfa hoppers, use 1/2 pint per acre. For control of garden webworms, use 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. For control of aphids, blister beetles, Mexican bean beetles, stink bugs, two-spotted mites and velvet bean caterpillars, use 1 pint per acre. For bollworms, cabbage loopers, fall armyworms up to third instar, and green cloverworms, use 1 quart per acre. Do not apply closer than 20 days before harvest or grazing.

VEGETABLES — For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, climbing cutworms, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, spider mites and vetch bruchids, use 1 to 2 pint per acre. Do not treat closer than 15 days before harvest or grazing.

Consult your state agricultural experiment station or extension service for timing of applications.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description, and

NET CONTENTS

EMULSION

10-7-66
 UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
 FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
 FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTRATION
 REGISTERED UNDER NO. 8867-9

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS (by weight)

*Toxaphene	58.3%
Petroleum Distillate	38.2%
INERT INGREDIENTS (by weight)	3.5%
TOTAL	100.0%

*Technical Chlorinated Camphene (Chlorine content 67% to 69%)

1 gallon of CCC 6-lb
TOXAPHENE
 contains the equivalent
 of 6 lbs. Toxaphene
 per gallon
 USDA Reg. No. 8867-9

READ ENTIRE LABEL USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS; AND IN CONFORMITY WITH FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS

**KEEP COOL IN SHADE.
 OUT OF DIRECT SUNLIGHT.**

BEFORE DISCARDING THIS CONTAINER, FILL IT WITH WATER, ADDING 3 TABLESPOONFULS CAUSTIC (ALKALINE) SUBSTANCE SUCH AS WASHING SODA (SODIUM CARBONATE) OR LIME. ALLOW THE CONTAINER WITH WATER AND CAUSTIC TO STAND OVERNIGHT. BURY THE WASHINGS. EMPTY DRUMS MUST NOT BE USED IN ANY CONNECTION WITH FEED, FOOD OR DRINKING WATER. FOR 5 GALLON SIZE, WASH, PERFORATE AND BURY CONTAINER WHEN EMPTY. NEVER RE-USE.

DO NOT INHALE
 DO NOT GET ON SKIN
 DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY

1. This product is toxic and is absorbed through the skin in dry form and in solutions. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Use U.S.D.A. approved respirator or goggles if necessary. May be fatal if swallowed.

ANTIDOTE: Internal — give one tablespoonful of table salt (15 grams sodium chloride) in glass of warm water. Repeat until vomit is clear. Call doctor immediately. External—wash thoroughly with soap and water.

- In case of spillage on skin, wash with soap and water.
- Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs
- Keep clothing free from spray residue.
- Do not spray house pets
- Do not feed plants which have been treated with this product to dairy animals or to animals being finished for slaughter.
- Avoid spraying plants in bloom when bees are active in the field. If necessary to spray, make applications late in the evening when bees are less active.
- CCC 6-pound Toxaphene is Toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not contaminate any body of water nor apply to any area not specified on the label.
- Do not feed gin waste to livestock.

HIGHLY TOXIC TO FISH AND WILDLIFE: Do not contaminate any body of water nor apply to any area not specified on the label.

COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURE: Keep away from heat and open flame. Do not spray into or near fire or open flame.

CLEVELAND CHEMICAL CO.
CLEVELAND, MISSISSIPPI

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Crop	To Control	Rate
Cotton	Fleahoppers	Early season apply 1 to 2 gallons per acre in spray coverage. Repeat as necessary.
	Thrips	Mid and late season Use 2 1/2 to 3 gallons per acre in uniform coverage at 3 to 4 week intervals. Thoroughness is necessary.
Cotton	Aphids, Bollworm, Boll Weevil, Cabbage Looper, Cotton Leafworms, Cutworms, Fall Armyworms, Fleahoppers, Grasshoppers, Rapid Plant Bug, Tarnished Plant Bug, Thrips	Use 2 1/2 to 3 gallons per acre in uniform coverage at 3 to 4 week intervals. Thoroughness is necessary.

SUGGESTIONS FOR USE ON COTTON

CCC Six-Pound Toxaphene Emulsion will control insects attacking cotton: Boll Weevil, Cotton Thrips, Grasshopper, Rapid Plant Bug, Tarnished and moderate infestation of Bollworm.

CCC Six-Pound Toxaphene Emulsion contains technical toxaphene per gallon. Water dilution strength may be used in concentrations and low at both ground and airplane applications.

CCC Six-Pound Toxaphene Emulsion is mixed agitation or recirculating through spray pump allowed to stand, remix before using.

For ground or aerial application use recommended of CCC Six-Pound Toxaphene, 3 to 10 gallons per acre, consistent with crop growth and growth.

For timing of application, consult your State Experiment Station. Repeat applications as warranted.

NOTICE: Seller of this product warrants that it contains the ingredients and is of the quality and quantity as stated on the label. Seller does not warrant its effectiveness under any conditions, but neither this warranty nor the other warranties of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE or IMPLIED WARRANTY extend to the use of this product in violation of the instructions on the label. Seller shall not be held liable for any damage or injury caused by the use of this product in violation of the instructions on the label.