



# Staplecotn

## DANGER!

KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN



See Antidote statement and other required warning statements on the back panel.

Not For Use or Storage in or Around The House.  
**DO NOT USE OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME**

Decontaminate Empty Container or Destroy —  
Perforate, Crush.  
Protect From Temperatures Below Freezing.

**NOTICE:**  
Staple Cotton Services Association (A.A.L.) makes no warranty beyond the description of the product hereon and directions for use under normal condition of use and disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages arising out of the sale or use of this material. Buyer's sole remedy shall be refund or replacement.

**GENERAL DIRECTIONS**  
Prepare a spray solution of Staplecotn Brand 6-3 Strobane-Methyl Parathion as follows:  
1. Add about half the desired amount of water to the spray tank.  
2. Start agitation or by-pass and add proper amount of Staplecotn Brand 6-3 Strobane-Methyl Parathion.  
3. Continue agitating and add remaining water.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON COTTON**  
For control of the above named insects attacking cotton, apply Staplecotn Brand 6-3 Strobane-Methyl Parathion at the rate of 1 gallon to 3 acres.  
**Ground Sprayer:** Use enough water for thorough and uniform coverage, and apply with 50 to 60 pounds pressure.  
**Aircraft Application:** Use enough water for thorough and uniform coverage, but not less than 3 to 10 gals. per acre, depending upon crop growth.  
Begin application before insects appear in damaging numbers and repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals depending on degree of infestation and rankness of foliage until insects are under control.

**DANGER**  
Do not apply to cotton within 5 days of hand picking. Use only on recommended crops and at recommended dosages. Do not apply or allow to drift to area being grazed by dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not graze or feed treated cotton foliage to dairy animals or to animals being finished for slaughter. Do not feed gin waste to livestock.  
**DANGER—OBSERVE THESE PRECAUTIONS**  
Do not apply or allow to drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals. Vacated areas should not be re-

entered until drifting insecticide and volatile residues have dissipated. Workers entering treated fields within 24 hours after application should wear protective clothing. Keep out of the reach of children and domestic animals. Do not contaminate food or feed products. Keep away from heat and open flame. To prevent re-use, empty containers should be decontaminated and destroyed. Decontaminate by washing thoroughly with a strong solution of alkali and detergent. Rinse with water.

**DANGER**  
This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

**DANGER!**  
**POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. REPEATED INHALATION OR SKIN CONTACT MAY, WITHOUT SYMPTOMS, PROGRESSIVELY INCREASE SUSCEPTIBILITY TO METHYL PARATHION POISONING.**

Do not swallow or get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Wear clean natural rubber gloves, clean water-proof protective clothing and goggles. Replace gloves frequently and destroy used gloves. Wear a mask or respirator of a type approved by the U. S. Department of Agriculture for Methyl Parathion protection. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. If material gets into the eyes, immediately flush with water for at least ten minutes and get medical attention. In case of contact remove all contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water, wash clothing before re-use. In case of spillage, wash down with large amounts of water. Decontaminate areas and equipment by washing with a concentrated solution of alkali and detergent and rinse with water.

**POISON**  
**ANTIDOTE AND FIRST AID TREATMENT**  
ATROPINE IS THE EMERGENCY ANTI-

## 6 - 3 STROBANE - METHYL PARATHION INSECTICIDE

Contains 6 lbs. Strobane and 3 lbs. Methyl Parathion per gallon.

FOR CONTROL OF APHIDS, BOLL WEEVIL, BOLL WORM, COTTON LEAFWORM, CUTWORMS, FLEAHOPPER, PLANT BUGS AND THRIPS.

### ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Terpene Polychlorinates (65% Chlorine)*	52.57%
O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate **	26.29%
Xylen	14.4%
<b>Total Active Ingredients</b>	<b>93.00%</b>

### INERT INGREDIENTS:

<b>Total Inert Ingredients</b>	<b>7.00%</b>
--------------------------------	--------------

**TOTAL** ..... **100.00%**

\* Strobane consisting of polychlorinates of Camphene, Pinene and related terpenes.

\*\* O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate is otherwise known as Methyl Parathion.

### NOTE FOR METHYL PARATHION POISONING.

Consult your physician about obtaining an adequate supply of 1 100 grain atropine tablets for emergency use. Protopam Chloride (pralidoxime chloride) is recommended as a supplement to atropine after cyanosis is overcome. The manufacturer's directions on the package should be followed.

CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING.

#### INTERNAL:

If the material has been swallowed, induce vomiting immediately. This may be done by introducing a finger into the throat or by giving warm salt water (1 tablespoon of salt to glass of water). NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

#### EXTERNAL:

If the material has been spilled on the skin, immediately remove patient from the vicinity of the Methyl Parathion, remove all contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and running water. If the material gets into the eyes, wash immediately with running water for at least 10 minutes.

IF WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR Administer two 1 100 grain atropine tablets immediately. NEVER ADMINISTER ATROPINE UNLESS WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR.

SOLD BY:  
**STAPLE COTTON SERVICES ASSOCIATION A.A.L.**  
**FARM CHEMICALS DIVISION**  
**GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI**

STROBANE is Trademark of Tenneco Chemicals, Inc.

U.S.D.A. Reg. No. 8648-22



(See WARNING SYMPTOMS below)  
Keep patient prone and quiet. Start artificial respiration immediately if patient is not breathing. Transport the patient immediately to the nearest physician.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Methyl Parathion is a cholinesterase inhibitor and treatment of poisoning should include the use of atropine. Strobane produces central nervous system excitation which responds to the barbituric acid derivatives.

#### WARNING SYMPTOMS

Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin-point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal cramps.

#### TREATMENT

Atropine is the specific therapeutic antagonist of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine sulfate should be injected at 10-minute intervals, in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams, until complete atropinization has occurred. Morphine is contra-indicated. Clear chest by postural drainage. Oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until the time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood test.

Made and Printed in U.S.A.

# STROBANE - METHYL PARATHION INSECTICIDE

Strobane and 3 lbs. Methyl Parathion per gallon.

OF APHIDS, BOLL WEEVIL, BOLL WORM, COT-  
TON CUTWORMS, FLEAHOPPER, PLANT BUGS

## INGREDIENTS:

Polychlorinated (65% Chlorine)*	52.57%
O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate **	26.29%
.....	14.4 %
Active Ingredients	93.00%
.....	
Inert Ingredients	7.00%
.....	
Total	100.00%

Consisting of polychlorinated of Camphene, Pinene and  
Terpenes.

O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate is otherwise  
known as Methyl Parathion.



### DOTS FOR METHYL PARATHION POISONING

Consult your physician about obtaining an adequate supply of 1:100 grain atropine tablets for emergency use. Protopam Chloride (pralidoxime chloride) is recommended as a supplement to atropine after cyanosis is overcome. The manufacturer's directions on the package should be followed.

CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED POISONING.

#### INTERNAL:

If the material has been swallowed, induce vomiting immediately. This may be done by introducing a finger into the throat or by giving warm salt water (1 tablespoon of salt to glass of water). NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

#### EXTERNAL:

If the material has been spilled on the skin, immediately remove patient from the vicinity of the Methyl Parathion, remove all contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and running water. If the material gets into the eyes, wash immediately with running water for at least 10 minutes.

IF WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR Administer two 1:100 grain atropine tablets immediately.

NEVER ADMINISTER ATROPINE UNLESS WARNING SYMPTOMS APPEAR.

(See WARNING SYMPTOMS below)  
Keep patient prone and quiet. Start artificial respiration immediately if patient is not breathing. Transport the patient immediately to the nearest physician.

#### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Methyl Parathion is a cholinesterase inhibitor and treatment of poisoning should include the use of atropine. Strobane produces central nervous system excitation which responds to the barbituric acid derivatives.

#### WARNING SYMPTOMS

Symptoms include weakness, headache, tightness in chest, blurred vision, non-reactive pin point pupils, salivation, sweating, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal cramps.

#### TREATMENT

Atropine is the specific therapeutic antagonist of choice against parasympathetic nervous stimulation. If there are signs of parasympathetic stimulation, atropine sulfate should be injected at 10 minute intervals, in doses of 1 to 2 milligrams, until complete atropinization has occurred. Morphine is contraindicated. Clear chest by postural drainage. Oxygen administration may be necessary. Observe patient continuously for 48 hours. Repeated exposure to cholinesterase inhibitors may, without warning, cause prolonged susceptibility to very small doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor. Allow no further exposure until the time for cholinesterase regeneration has been allowed as determined by blood test.

SOLD BY:

**STAPLE COTTON SERVICES ASSOCIATION A.A.L.  
FARM CHEMICALS DIVISION  
GREENWOOD, MISSISSIPPI**

STROBANE - Trademark of Tenneco Chemicals, Inc.

