#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

### **DANGER**

CORROSIVE CAUSES SEVERE BURNS OF EYES EYE CONTACT MAY CAUSE LOSS OF VISION IRRITATING TO NOSE AND THROAT MAY BURN THE SKIN MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Impact-resistant goggles with side-sheeks, or face sheek, and nubber gloves must be worn when handling. Do not breathe mist or vispor. Use with adequate ventilation

FIRST AID		
if in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.     Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.     Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
if inhaled	Move person to fresh air.     If person is not breething, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.     Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.	
if on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
If swallowed	Call poison control center, or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	
	duct container or label with you when calling a	
poison contr	ol center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN		

# BIOBROM® C-100G

A MICROBIOCIDAL BACTERICIDE, FUNGICIDE, ALGICIDE AND SLIMICIDE USED IN TREATING RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER IN INDUSTRIAL COOLING SYSTEMS, PAPER MILLS, BREWERY PASTEURIZER WATER, METALWORKING CUTTING FLUIDS, NON-POTABLE REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEMS, ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY SYSTEMS, AIR-WASHER SYSTEMS INDUSTRIAL PRESERVATION APPLICATIONS AND PUBLICLY-OWNED TREATMENT WORKS.

	2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrilopropionamide	98%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	TOTAL:	100%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

# DANGER

See side panels for additional precautionary statements

EPA Reg. No. 8622-56

EPA Est. No. 56567-IL-001 EPA Est. No. 15298-IS-1

NET CONTENTS:\_

## WARRANTY

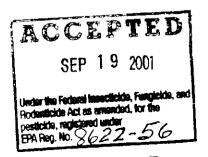
Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to abel instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably forese lable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use

MANUFACTURED IN ISRAEL FOR: AMERIBROM, INC. 2115 LINWOOD AVENUE FORT LEE, NJ 07024 (201) 242-6560

WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING

Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may

contraindicate the use of gastric lavage."



#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and equatic organisms. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakee, streems, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Poliutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge affluent containing this product to sewe systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

#### CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Reaction with strong reducing agents may be explosive. Avoid comminution and destino

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal

Store in a dark, cool, dry, well-ventilated area, in well-closed original containers, away from energy sources, combustible organic meterials, ordizers, and moleture. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are soutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, apray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law, If these wastes carnot be owed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Weste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen dinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary landfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities. If drum is contaminated and cannot be re-used, dispose of in the same manner, if drum is not contaminated and can be re-used, offer for recycling or recorditioning.

When handling or dealing with spills, use impact-resistant goggles with side shields YMAN Interior of committy with learns, over argument extreme grapher with one money or face shield; were body-covering clothes, including impervious nubber gloves and boots; use a clust respirator if clusting occurs. Sivespi up thy spills and dispose of se described for posticide disposes. Cover wet spills with 10% sodium blosthorate solution, water and then an inert absorbent before sweeping up and disposing as deer bod for pestidide disposal. If drum contents are contembated or decompo-ing, toolsts unsealed drum in the open or in a well-ventilated eres; flood with 10% endum bicarbonate existing and large volumes of water if necessary.

DO NOT SHIP WITH FOOD, FEEDS, ORLIGS, OR CLOTHING

KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its

TREATING RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER IN INDUSTRIAL OR COMMERCIAL COOLING SYSTEMS

NOTE: Add BIOSROM C-100G separately to the system. Do not mix it with other additives, so as to avoid decomposition of BIOBROM C-100G due to the high pH of merry aridities formulations.

Add BIOBROM C-100G to the basin (or any other point of uniform mixing). Addition should be made via a matering pump: It may be continuous or intermittent, depending on the severity of the contamination when treatment is begun, and the insystem retention time. Optimum performance with this product is achieved by continuous or intermittent treatment. If "shock" treatment is used, the blowdown should be discontinued for 24-48 hours.

FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.2 - 2.3 ppm active ingredient, depending on the severity of contemination intermittent on slug METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the evetern of \$.2 - 2.3 ppm active ingredient Repeat until control is achieved.

went Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 0.6 - 2.3 ppm BIOBROM C-100G to the system every 4 days, or as needed to maintain control. Bedly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOSROM C-100G to schieve a concentration in the system of 1.2 – 2.3 ppm. Subsequent Dose: Maintain a concentration of 0.2 - 1.2 ppm BIOSROM C-100G in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

FOR CONTROL OF FUNG! AND ALGAE

Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 7.0 - 23 0 ppm active ingredient, depending on the severity of contamination INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration in the system of 11 6 - 23.0 ppm active ingredient. Maintain until control is achieved

Rubsequent Dose; When microbial control is evident, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G delity to maintain a concentration in the system of 7.0 - 23.0 ppm active ingredient, or as needed to maintain control. Budly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-1003 to reach a concentration in the system of 11.8 - 23.9 ppm active ingredient.
Subsectivent Dose: Maintain a continuous feed of 7.0 - 23.9 ppm BIOSROM C-100G in the system. Bedly fouled eystems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

TREATMO PIK P AND PAPER MEI GYSTEMS

NOTE: Add BIOSROM C-199G separately to the system. Do not mix it with other additives, so as to evoid decomposition of BIOBROM C-100G due to the high pH of many additive formulations. For the control of sime-forming becterial, fungal, and yeast growth in pulp, paper, and paperboard mile, add BIOBROM C-100G at levels of 0.03 - 0.10 b./ton (dry) of pulp or paper produced. Addition can be continuous o intermittent, depending upon the type of system and the severity of contamination Addition is vis a metering pump at a point in the system that will ensure uniform distribution of BrOBROM C-1000 in the mass of fiber and water, such as the beaters Jordan injet or discharge broke cheets, furnish cheets, seemalis and white-water fants. Heavily fouled systems must be first boiled out, then treated with 0.03 - 0.07 to of BIOBROM C-100G /ton (dry) of paper or pulp as necessary for control Moderately found systems should be treated continuously with 0.07 - 0.10 lb. of BIOBROM C-100G /ton (dry) of paper or pulp until the silms accumulation is controlled. Subsequent rates can then be reduced to 0.03 = 0.07 lb. of BIOBROM C-100G /ton (dry) of paper on a continuous or intermittent basis as needed for control Datedged elime may cause breaks in the paper and a clean- up of the paper mechine may be advisable. Signify fouled systems should be treated continuously with 0.03 – 0.07 lb. of BIOBROM C-100G /ton (dry) of paper or pulp, until the elime is controlled. then edded on an intermittent beats to maintain control

TREATING HON-POTABLE REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEMS

For controlling bactaris, fungi and algae atimes in non-potable Reverse Cemosic Systems and perpheral equipment, add BIOBROM C-100G to the system inter water or before any other contentration area arised of the Reverse Cemosis unit. BIOBROM C-100G should be added with a metering pump on an intermittent basis depending on the severity of contamination and the guidelines specified by the membrane manufacturer for BIOBROM C-100G. Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to chieve a concentration of 0.2 - 24.0 ppm in the feedwater

During use of BIOBROM C-100G both permente and reject waters should be directed to the drain. Once treatment is completed, rinsing with feedwater should continue until conductivity values in the permente are at or below values before treatment with NOTE: For use only in industrial sir-washer systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components.

BIOBROM C-100G. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOSROM C-190G to achieve a concentration of 1.2 ~ 2.4 ppm active ingradient in the feedwater Ministrum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved to se specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is achieved, maintain a concentration of 0.6 - 2.4 ppm of BIOBROM C-100G in the feedwater, or se specified by guidelines mended by the membrane manufacturer

FOR CONTROL OF FUNGI AND ALGAE

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 12.0 - 24.0 ppm BIOBROM C-100G to the feedwater. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane menués chirer

Bubsequent Dose: When microbial control is achieved, maintain a concentration of 7.2 - 24.0 ppm of BiOBROM C-100G in the feedwater, or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer

TREATING METALWORKING FLUIDS CONTAINING WATER

BLOBROM C-100G is effective in metalworking fluid concentrates which have been diluted in water at ratios of 1,100 to 1:14. For controlling (or inhibiting) the growth of becterie, fungi and yessets that may deteriorate metalworking fluids containing water, add this product to the fluid in the collection tank. Additions should be made with a

initial or Stug Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 60.5 ppm BiOBROM C-100G to the metalworking fluids. Repeat until control is echieved. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, maintain a concentration of 24.4 - 48.4 ppm BLOBROM C-100G in the system, or as needed to maintain control. Additions of BIOBROM C-100G product can be made continuously or intermittently Stud the system as required

TREATING BREWERY PASTEURIZER WATER

For controlling (or shibiting) the growth of bacterial fungion years in brewery pasteurizing water systems, add 8IOBROM C-100G at a point in the system to

Initial or Slug Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient SIGBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration of 60 6 ppm active ingredient in the system. Repeat until control is achieved

quant Dose: When recrobial control is evident, maintain a concentration of 24.4 - 48.4 porn BiOSROM C-100G in the system, or as needed to maintain control Additions of BIOBROM C-100G product can be made continuously or intermittently Stug the system as required. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is because

#### TREATING ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY SYSTEMS

NOTE And BIOBROM C-100G separately to the system. Do not mar it with other additives, so as to avoid decomposition of BIOBROM C-100G due to the high pH of many addition formulations. Addition of BIORROW C-100G may be made at the free water knockouts, before or after the injection pumps and injection well headers. For controlling stime-forming bacteria, suffide-producing bacteria, yeasts and fungrin of field water polymer or moeter floods, water-disposal systems, or other of field water systems, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to softere a concentration in feedwater of 0.2 - 18.0 poin depending on the severity of contamination. Additions arould be made with a metering pump either continuously or intermittently.

When the system is noticeably fouled, add 2 - 16 ppm BiOBROM C-100G. continuously until the desired degree of control is achieved. Subsequently, frest with 0.2 - 3.9 ppm SIOSROM C-100G continuously or as needed to maintain control INTERMITTENT OR SUNG METHOD

When the system is noticeably fouled or to mention control of the system, add 2.0 -15 0 ppm BIOBROM C-100G intermittently for 4-8 hours per day and from 1-4 times per week or as needed depending on the severity of contamination NOTE: For control of bacteria, years, and fungs in aqueous solutions of biopolymer used in flooding operations, add 3 - 16 ppm BIOBROM C-100G. Additions of BIOBROM C-100G should be made with a metering pump immediately after preparation of the aqueous biopolymer solution to reduce loss of viscosity

#### DIRECTIONS FOR TREATING AIR-WASHER SYSTEMS

Add sufficient BIOSROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.35 -22 1 ppm active

ingredient, depending on the severity of contemination to control elime-forming bacteris and fungi in industries air washing systems.
INTERSETT ENT OR SLUG METHOD

Initial Dage: When the system a noticeably found, add sufficient BIOSROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.7 - 22.1 ppm active ingredient

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add sufficient BIOBROM C-190G every 2 days to reach a concentration in the system of 0.35 - 10.9 ppm active argredient, or as needed to maintain control. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned haters transment in herein

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration in the system of 0.7 - 22.1 ppm active ingredient Subsequent Dose: Maintain this level by pumping a continuous feed of 0.35 - 10.9 ppm active ingradient in the system per day. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun

#### DIRECTIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRESERVATION **APPLICATIONS**

BIOBROM C-100G may be used to reduce microbiological contamination in raw materials and/or products such as: aqueous paints and coatings, polymers, slurries, adhesives, latex and resin emulsions, sizing, caulk, process water, along with specialty industrial products including: inks, polishes, waxes, detergents, and cleansers.

TO REDUCE MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTAMINATION Add BIOBROM C-100G to the raw material or product at a concentration of 5 to 408 ppm by weight. This concentration is equivalent to 0.036 to 2.894 lbs. SIOBROM C-100G per 1,000 gallons. The required concentration will depend on the material being treated and the level of contamination present.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR TREATING PUBLICLY-OWNED TREATMENT WORKS TO CONTROL COLIFORM AND OTHER BACTERIA

Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.2 to 2.0 ppm active ingredient by weight of water being treated, depending on the severity and contamination in the system. Addition should be CONTINUOUS and should be made with a metering pump at a point in the system where mixing will be rapid and thorough, Add BIOBROM C-100G to the system in a location where contact time will be 30 minutes or greater before reaching the outfall.

TO USE AS A CO-TREATMENT WITH CHLORINE

Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.1 to 0.3 ppm BIOBROM C-100G active ingredient by weight of water treated. Chlorination should result in a minimum detectable residual (i.e., greater than zero but less than the NPDES permit level). Addition should be CONTINUOUS and made at a point just after initial chlorine mixing. Rapid mixing is necessary for maximum effectiveness. BIOBROM C-100G should be added at a location where a contact time of 10 minutes or longer will be provided before reaching the outfall.

ACCEPTED

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SFP 1 9 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the

in stickle, registaged under EPA No. 1 8622-56