JUN 18 2001

Dr. Martin F. Kovacs, Jr. TONCEL, Agent for AMERIBROM, INC. 7545 Presidential Lane Manassas, Virginia 20109

Dear Dr. Kovacs:

Subject:

Label Update-Revised First Aid Statements

BIOBROM® C-100G

EPA Registration Number 8622-56 Your Letter Dated May 30, 2001

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. as amended, is acceptable. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

Note that all other information requested in EPA letter dated June 14, 2001 are still required.

Sincerely,

dam Heyward

Product Manager (34)

Regulatory Management Branch II Antimicrobials Division (7510W)

CONCURRENCES										
SYMBOL	X									
SURNAME	X									
DATE)				******************					
EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)				Printed on Recycled Paper			OFFICIAL FILE COPY			
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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS TIAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER

CORROSIVE **CAUSES SEVERE BURNS OF EYES** EYE CONTACT MAY CAUSE LOSS OF VISION IRRITATING TO NOSE AND THROAT MAY BURN THE SKIN MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing, impact-resistant goggles with side-shields, or face shield, and rubber gloves must be worn when handling. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Use with adequate ventitation.

FIRST AID						
if in eyes	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a polson control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. 					
If on skin or clothing	Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.					
If swallowed	Cali poison control center, or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person					
	NOTE TO PHYSICIAN					
	tian: Probable mucosal damage may the use of gastric lavage."					

WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING

BIOBROM® C-100G

A MICROBIOCIDAL BACTERICIDE, FUNGICIDE, ALGICIDE AND SLIMICIDE, USED IN TREATING RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER IN INDUSTRIAL COOLING SYSTEMS, PAPER MILLS, BREWERY PASTEURIZER WATER, METALWORKING CUTTING FLUIDS, NON-POTABLE REVERSE OSMOSIS SYSTEMS, ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY SYSTEMS, AIR-WASHER SYSTEMS INDUSTRIAL PRESERVATION APPLICATIONS AND PUBLICLY-OWNED TREATMENT WORKS.

	2,2-Dibromo-3-nitrifopropionamide			
INERT INGREDIENTS:	- management and an extreme and an extreme	29		
	TOTAL:	100		

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

See side panels for additional precautionary statements

EPA Reg. No. 8622-56

EPA Est. No. 56567-L-001 EPA Est. No. 15298-IS-1

NET CONTENTS:___

WARRANTY

Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not sasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use

MANUFACTURED IN ISRAEL FOR: AMERIBROM, INC. 2115 LINWOOD AVENUE FORT LEE, NJ 07024 (201) 242-6560

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not contaminate water by rienning of equipment or disposal of waste. Do not discharge effigent containing this product but labor alreages proude polyories compare to other waters traber to accordance will the requirements of a National Polistant Decision Etimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge affluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Reaction with strong reducing agents may be explosive. Avoid comminution and

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. STORAGE

Store in a dark, cool, dry, well-ventilated area, in well-closed original containers away from energy sources, combustible organic materials, oxidizers, and moisture. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous, improper disposal of excess pesticide.

spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the negrest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Completely empty liner by shaking and tapping sides and bottom to loosen clinging particles. Empty residue into application equipment. Then dispose of liner in a sanitary tandfill or by incineration if allowed by State and local authorities, if drum is contactly insted and local authorities. If drum is not contactly insted and beautiful by ra-used, discuss of in the same triender. If from is not contaminated and can be re-used, offer for recycling or reconditioning

When handling or dealing with spills, use impact-resistant googles with side shields, or face shield; wear body-covering clothes, including impervious rubber gloves and linois, use a this respirator of dusting occurs. Sweep up dry spills and dispose of as described for positious disposal. Cover wer spills with 10% so time, bicarbagate. solution, water and then an inert absorbent before sweeping up and disposing as described for nesticide disposal. If drum contents are contaminated or decorposal ing, isolate unsealed drum in the open or in a well-ventilated area; flood with 10% sodium bicarbonate solution and targe volumes of water if necessary.

DO NOT SHIP WITH FOOD, FEEDS, DRUGS, OR CLOTHING

KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its

TREATING RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER IN INDUSTRIAL OR COMMERCIAL COOLING SYSTEMS

NOTE: Add BIOBROM C-100G separately to the system. Do not mix it with other additives, so as to avoid decomposition of BIOBROM C-100G due to the high pH of

Add BIOBROM C-100G to the basin (or any other point of uniform mixing). Addition should be made via a metering pump; if may be continuous or intermittent. depending on the seventy of the contamination when treatment is begun, and the in-system retention time. Optimum performance with this product is achieved by continuoces or intermittent treatment. If "shock" treatment is used, the blowdown should be siscontinued for 24-48 hours.

FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

add sulficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.2 = 2.3 pom active-togredient, depending on the severity of contamination HITERIMITYENT OR SLUG METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIQBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 1.2 - 2.3 poin active ingredient Receal until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 0.6 - 2.3 ppm BIOBROM C-100G to the system every 4 days, or as needed to maintain control. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. CONTINUOUS PEEL METHOD

mittai Dode; Whelf the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration in the system of 1.2 - 2.3 ppm.

Subsequent Desir: Maintain a concentration of 0.2 - 1.2 ppm BIOBROM C-100G in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before freatment is begun

FOR CONTROL OF FUNDI AND ALGAE

Anti griffe famil Bill of the BM s. State to reach a nanomonation in the system of 7.0 - 23.0 ppm active ingredient, depending on the severity of contamination

INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration in the system of 11.6 - 23.0 ppm active ingredient. Sainfain (sold control is probley est

Subsemplant three What intended could be exident will entire Att April M. 1000 daily to maintain a concentration to the system of 7.0 - 23 trigging active ingredient, or as needed to maintain control. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is bequi

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BiOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 11.6 – 23.0 ppm active ingredient. Subsequent Dose: Maintain a continuous feed of 7.0 - 23.0 ppm BIOBROM C-100G in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

TREATING PULP AND PAPER MILL SYSTEMS

NOTE: Add BIORROM C-100G separately to the system. Do not mix it with other additives, so as to avoid decomposition of BIOBROM C-100G due to the high pH of many additive formulations. For the control of slime-forming bacterial, fungal, and yeast growth in pulp, paper, and paperboard mills, add BIOBROM C-100G at levels of 0.03 - 0.10 lb./ton (dry) of pulp or paper produced. Addition can be continuous or intermittent, depending upon the type of system and the seventy of contamination. Addition is vid a meleting pump at a point in the system that will ensure uniform distribution of BIOBROM C-100G in the mass of fiber and water, such as the beaters, Jordan inlet or discharge, broke chests, furnish chests, save-alls and white-water tanks. Heavily fouled systems must be first boiled out, then treated with 0.03 - 0.07 ib. of BIOBROM C-100G fron (dry) of paper or pulp as necessary for contro Moderately fouled systems should be trested continuously with 0.07 - 0.10 lb. of BIOBROM C-100G /ton (dry) of paper or pulp until the slime accumulation is controlled. Subsequent rates can then be reduced to 0.03 - 0.07 lb. of BIOBROM C-100G fron (doc) of paper on a continuous or intermittent basis as needed for control Distributed with a question to a second will be proper solut a clean: up of the paper machine may be advisable. Slightly fouled systems should be treated continuously with 0.03 0.07 b. of BIOBROM C-100G /ton (dry) of paper or pulp, until the skime is controlled, then added on an intermittent basis to maintain control.

TREATING NON-POTABLE REVERSE OSMORIS SYSTEMS

Lot controlling bacteria, fungi and algae alimes in non-potable Reverse Demosts
Systems and perpheral equipment, add BIOBROM C-100G to the system kniet water or before any other contamination area ahead of the Reverse Osmosis unit. BIOBROM C-100G should be added with a metering pump on an intermittent basis depending on the seventy of contamination and the guidelines specified by the membrane manufacturer for BIOBROM C-100G. Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration of 0.2 - 24.0 ppm in the feedwater.

During use of BIOBROM C-100G both permeate and reject waters should be directed to the drain. Once treatment is completed, rinsing with feedwater should continue until conductivity values in the permeate are at or below values before treatment with NOTE: For use only in industrial air-washer systems that maintain effective mist eliminating components.

BIOBROM C-100G. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.
FOR CONTROL OF BACTERIA

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration of 1.2 – 2.4 ppm active ingredient in the feedwater. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer. Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is achieved, maintain a concentration of 0.6 - 2.4 ppm of BIOBROM C-100G in the feedwater, or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufacturer

FOR CONTROL OF FUNGI AND ALGAE

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 12.0 - 24.0 ppm BIOBROM C-100G to the feedwater. Minimum treatment intervals should be 15 minutes. Repeat until control is achieved or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is achieved, maintain a concentration of 7.2 - 24.0 ppm of BIOBROM C-100G in the feedwater, or as specified by guidelines recommended by the membrane manufactures

TREATING METALWORKING FLUIDS CONTAINING WATER

BIOBROM C-100G is effective in metalworking fluid concentrates which have been diluted in water at ratios of 1:100 to 1:14. For controlling (or inhibiting) the growth of bacteria, lungi and yeasts that may deteriorate metalworking fluids containing water. add this product to the fluid in the collection tank. Additions should be made with a

Initial or Slug Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add 60.6 ppm BIOBROM C-100G to the metalworking fluids. Repeal until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, maintain a concentration of 24.4 - 48.4 ppm BIOBROM C-100G in the system, or as needed to maintain control Additions of BIOBROM C-100G product can be made continuously or intermittently. Slug the system as required

ACCEPTED

JUN 18 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenboide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No.

TREATING BREWERY PASTEURIZER WATER

For controlling (or inhibiting) the growth of bacterie, fungl or yeasts in brewery pasteurizing water systems, add BIOBROM C-100G at a point in the system to insure uniform military. The property of the system is noticeably found, add sufficient

Initial or \$1ug Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration of 80.6 ppm active ingredient in the system. Repeat until covirol is achieved.

Buse-equent Dose: When microbial control is evident, maintein a concentration in 24.4 - 4.6 4 pps titotitiCM C-1000 in the system, or se needed to maintein control Additions of BIOBROM C-1000 product can be made continuously or intermittently. Stug the system as required. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

TREATING ENHANCED OIL RECOVERY SYSTEMS

NOTE: Add BiOBROM C-100G separately to the system. Do not mix it with other additives, so as to avoid decomposition of BiOBROM C-100G due to the thirty pH of many additive formulations. Addition of BiOBROM C-100G may be made at the free water knockouts, before or after the injection pumps and injection well headers. For controlling altime-forming bacteria, swestes and fungit of fined water, polymer or micellar floods, water-disposal systems, or other oil field water polymer or micellar floods, water-disposal systems, or other oil field water systems, and sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration in fleedwater of 0.2 = 15.0 ppm depending on the severity of contamination. Additions should be made with a metering pump either continuously or intermittendly. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOO

When the system is noticeably fouled, add 2 - 16 ppm BIOBROM C-100G continuously until the desired degree of control is achieved. Subsequently, treat with 0.2 - 3.9 ppm BIOBROM C-100G continuously or as needed to maintain control. INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

When the system is noticeably found or to maintain control of the system, add 2.0 - 16.0 ppm BIOBROM C-100G intermittently for 4-hours per day and from 1-4 times per week or as needed depending on the severity of contamination. NOTE: For control of bacterte, years, and fung in equecus solutions of biopolymer used in flooding operations—add 3 - 16 pm BIOBROM C-100G. Additione of BIOBROM C-100G should be matter with a matering pump Immediately after preparation of the adjustus biopolymer solution to reduce lose of viscoety.

DIRECTIONS FOR TREATING AIR-WASHER SYSTEMS

Add sufficient BIOBROM C-1000 to reach a concentration in the system of 0.35 -22.1 ppm active increases a system of 0.35 ingredient, depending on the severity of contemination to control stime-forming.

bacteria and fungli in industrial eli washing systems.

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BiOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.7 ± 22.1 ppm active ingredient. Repeat unit control is achieved.

Repeat time conjust is sursevery as Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add sufficient BiOBROM C-100G every 2 days to reach a concentration in the system of 0.35 - 10.9 ppm active ingredient, or as needed to maintain control. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

Convinced by the first system is noticeably fouled, add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to achieve a concentration in the system of 0.7 – 2.2.1 ppm active ingredent. Subsequent Dose: Maintain this level by pumping a continuous feed of 0.35 – 10.9 ppm active ingredent in the system per day. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

DIRECTIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRESERVATION APPLICATIONS

BIOBROM C-100G may be used to reduce microbiological contamination in raw materials and/or products such as: aqueous paints and coatings, polymers, siurries, adhosives, latex and resin emulsions, sizing, caulik, process water, along with specialty industrial products including: inks, polishes, waxes, detergents, and cleansers.

TO REDUCE MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTAMINATION Add BIOBROM C-100G to the raw material or product at a concentration of 5 to 408 ppm by weight. This concentration is equivalent to 0.036 to 2.894 lbs. BIOBROM C-100G per 1,000 gallons. The required concentration will depend on the material being troated and the level of contamination present.

DIRECTIONS FOR TREATING PUBLICLY-OWNED TREATMENT WORKS TO CONTROL COLIFORM AND OTHER BACTERIA

Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.2 to 2.0 ppm active ingredient by weight of water being treated, depending on the severity and contamination in the system. Addition should be CONTINUOUS and should be made with a metering pump at a point in the system where mixing will be rapid and thorough, Add BIOBROM C-100G to the system in a location where contact time will be 30 minutes or greater before reaching the outfall, TO USE AS A CO-TREATMENT WITH CHLORINE Add sufficient BIOBROM C-100G to reach a concentration in the system of 0.1 to 0.3 ppm BiOBROM C-100G active ingredient by weight of water treated. Chlorination should result in a minimum detectable residual (i.e., greater than zero but less than the NPDES permit level). Addition should be CONTINUOUS and made at a point just after initial chlorine mixing. Rapid mixing is necessary for maximum effectiveness. BIOBROM C-100G should be added at a location where a contact time of 10 minutes or longer will be provided before reaching the outfall.

ACCEPTED

JUN 18 2001

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 2622-56