PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

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CAUTION HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN AVOID BREATHING DUST AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES, SKIN, CLOTHING

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL HAZARDS

Avoid contact with strong oxidizers (except when in use), acids, alkaline, and heavy metal salts.

DO NOT SMOKE, DRINK, OR EAT WHEN HANDLING

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

BROMIDE PLUS is to be used in conjunction with an oxidant such as sodium hypochlorite (12.5%), chlorine gas (99.9%), trichloro-s-triazinetrione (99.0%), sodium dichloro-s-triazinetrione (99.0%), or sodium dichloro-s-triazinetrione dihydrate (99.0%) to produce hypobromous acid. BROMIDE PLUS may be added at the system inlet water or metered into the existing sodium hypochlorite piping to form a solution of sodium hypobromite. BROMIDE PLUS can be added whenever chlorination is applied, for all uses. Consult your feeder manufacturer for correct procedure and proper use of feeder equipment

INDUSTRIAL RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS

Use effectively at dosages recommended to achieve exposures to 0.5 - 5.0 parts per million (ppm) of "active" residual bromine, or as needed to maintain control of algal, bacteria: and fungal slimes in commercial and industrial cooling towers, heat exchange water towers, industrial water scrubbing systems, and influent systems such as flow-through fitters, lagoons, etc.

Dosage Rates

Initial Dose: When noticeably fouled, add sufficient BROMIDE PLUS and oxicant to ackieve the *active* residual bromine level (0.5 - 5.0 ppm), measured about 5 minutes after meatments A Q 5 -2.0 mole ratio of sodium bromide to oxidant is recommended. Typically, the recommended mole ratio may be achieved by using 1.5 - 6.0 pounds of chlorine gas (99.9%). 1.3 - 5.2 gallon's NaUCI (12.5%), 1.7 - 6.7 pounds of trichloro-s-triazinetrione (99.0%), 2.4 - 9.5 pounds of sodium dichloro-striazinetrione (99.0%), or 2.7 - 10.7 pounds of sodium dichloro-s-giazinetrione dihydrate (99.0%) for each gallon of BROMIDE PLUS. (1 F) (

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add sufficient BRC/MDE.PLUS and oxidant to maintain the "active" residual bromine level (0.5 - 5.0 ppm). measured about 5 kninukes after * treatment. Continue as in initial dose,

(Directions for Use continue in right-hand column)

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BROMIDE PLUS

A DISINFECTANT, SANITIZER, BACTERICIDE, SLIMICIDE, AND ALGICIDE FOR TREATING RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER SYSTEMS AND ONCE-THROUGH COOLING WATER SYSTEMS, PULP AND PAPER MILLS, AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT SYSTEMS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Sodium bromide	40%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	60%
TOTAL	100%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

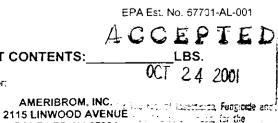
FIRST AID	
ff in eyes	 Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
lf on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
lf swallowed	 Call poison control center, or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.	
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN "Note to Physician: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage."	

EPA Reg. No. 8622-49

NET CONTENTS:

FORT LEE, NJ 07024

Manufactured in Israel for:



3623-49

WARRANTY

Seller warrants that this product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated o the label when used in accordance with label directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty no any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or Implie extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions n reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

DO NOT SHIP WITH FOODS, FEEDS, DRUGS, OR CLOTHING KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (cont'd)

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

ONCE-THROUGH INDUSTRIAL COOLING WATER SYSTEMS

Used for the control of algal, bacterial, and fungal slimes in once-through and closed-cycle fresh and seawater cooling systems. Apply BROMIDE PLUS and oxidant to the system inlet water or before any other contaminated area in the system.

Dosage Rates (Initial and Subsequent)

Same as for Industrial Recirculating Cooling Water Systems (lower left column).

PULP AND PAPER MILLS

Used for the control of algal, bacterial, and fungal slimes, in pulp and paper mill fresh and sea water influent systems, cooling water systems, wastewater treatment systems, nonpotable water systems and other process water. Apply BROMIDE PLUS with oxidant as directed.

Dosage Rates (Initial and Subsequent)

Same as for Industrial Recirculating Cooling Water Systems (lower left column).

WASTEWATER

BROMIDE PLUS, when used as directed, will disinfect wastewater effectively. The amount of sodium bromide required is determined by the degree of fouling. BROMIDE PLUS can be added to one or several locations of the wastewater system. If its construction permits, it is often added at the influent of the final clarifier or at the point in the system where a secondary treatment is given, prior to effluent discharge.

BROMIDE PLUS and an oxidant should be added in quantities sufficient to reach residual bromine levels of 0.3 - 1.0 ppm measured about 5 minutes after treatment. A 0.08 - 2.0 mole ratio is recommended. Typically, the recommended mole ratio may be achieved by using 0.2 - 6.0 pounds of chlorine gas (99.9%), 0.2 - 5.2 gallons of NaOCI (12.5%), 0.3 -6.7 pounds of trichloro-s-triazinetrione (99.0%), 0.4 - 9.5 pounds of sodium dichloro-striazinetrione (99.0%), or 0.4 - 10.7 pounds of sodium dichloro-s-triazinetrione dihydrate (99.0%) for each gallon of BROMDE PLUS. The treatment with BROMDE PLUS can be evaluated by determining whether the total number of coliform bacteria and/or fecal coliform bacteria (using the MPN procedure) has been reduced to a level permitted by governing regulations.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area, in well-closed original containers. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use in accordance with label instructions, contact your Regional Office of the EPA for guidance.

METAL CONTAINERS

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or punture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

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