-8

CIDE

ENTRATE

SE AND STORAGE
ROL APPLICATORS

....	72.0%
....	21.0%
....	7.0%
TAL	100.0%

ANOTETRAHYDROIDANE

E PER GALLON.

NSULT THE LATEST EDITIONS
NIMUM PROPERTY STANDARDS.

F CHILDREN
G

EATMENT

Center immediately. Drink
nduce vomiting by touching
possible, vomiting should
ion. DO NOT induce vomiting
unconscious person

artificial respiration if

wash affected areas with

Call a physician immediately

L STATEMENTS

TURE

HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

NET CONTENTS GALLONS

5220

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (cont.)

PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

[illegible]

... gallon of BCC 8 EC ... 95 gallons of water to produce a 1% water emulsion (or solution).

After grading is completed ... of the slab ... porches or entrance platforms, make the following treatments. Applications shall be made by a low pressure spray for horizontal barriers ... areas ... critical areas.

Establish a vertical barrier in areas such as around the base of foundations, plumbing, back filled soil against foundation walls and other critical areas.

1. Where it is necessary to provide a horizontal barrier, apply the emulsion (or solution) at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet to fill dirt. If fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, apply at 1 1/2 gallons per 10 square feet. It is important that the emulsion (or solution) reaches the soil substrate.
   - A. If concrete slabs cannot be poured over soil the same day it has been treated, a waterproof cover, such as polyethylene sheeting, should be placed over the soil. This is not necessary if foundation walls have been installed around the treated soil.

2. To produce a vertical barrier, apply the emulsion (or solution) at the rate of 4 gal. per 10 linear feet per foot of depth.
   - A. Rodding and/or trenching applications should not be made below the top of the footing.
   - B. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches.
   - C. Rod holes should extend from the base of the trench to the top of the footing and should be spaced (about a foot) to provide a continuous barrier.
   - D. Emulsion (or solution) should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench. Cover treated soil with a layer of untreated soil, or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.

3. Hollow block foundations or voids of masonry should be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier in voids. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion (or solution) per 10 linear feet so it will reach the footing.

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated

DEC 2 1982

Under the ... Insecticide,
Fungicide, ... Act
as amended ... pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.
5612-86

[illegible]

POSTCONSTRUCTION TREATMENTS

Use a 1% emulsion (or solution) for subterranean ... BCC 8 EC ... 95 gallons of water to produce a 1% emulsion (or solution).

Postconstruction applications shall be made by injection, rodding, and/or trenching (using low pressure spray).

Do not apply emulsion (or solution) until location of heat or air conditioning ducts, vents, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Extreme caution must be taken to avoid contamination of these structural elements and airways.

1. For slab on ground construction, apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion (or solution) per 10 linear feet. Applications may be made by sub-slab injection and/or trenching. Injectors should not extend beyond the tops of the footings. Treat along the outside of the foundation and where necessary just beneath the slab on the inside of foundation walls. Treatment may also be required just beneath the slab along one side of interior partitions and along all cracks and expansion joints.
   - A. Drill holes about 12 to 36 inches apart in the slab to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
   - B. Where necessary, drill through the foundation walls from the outside and force the emulsion (or solution) just beneath the slab either along the inside of the foundation or along all the cracks and expansion joints and other critical areas.
   - C. For shallow foundations, 1 foot or less, dig a narrow trench approximately 6 inches wide along the outside of the foundation walls. Do not dig below the bottom of the foundation. The emulsion (or solution) should be applied to the trench and the soil at 4 gallons per 10 linear feet as the soil is replaced in the trench. Cover the treated soil with a layer of untreated soil.
   - D. For foundations deeper than 1 foot, follow rates for basements.

2. Hollow block foundations or voids of masonry should be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier in voids. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion (or solution) per 10 linear feet

[illegible]

... 4 gallons of emulsion ... per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. Treat outside of foundation walls ... beneath the basement floor ... walls ... basement floors, along interior load bearing walls ... sewer lines, conduits and pipes.

[illegible] ... rodding ... low pressure spray). Treat ... pipes.

- A. Rod holes should be spaced (about a foot) to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
- B. Trench need not be wider than 6 inches nor below the foundation. The emulsion (or solution) should be mixed with the soil as it is replaced in the trench. Cover the treated soil with a layer of untreated soil or other suitable barrier such as polyethylene sheeting.
- C. In inaccessible crawl spaces, treat soil by an alternate method such as drilling and rodding through foundation walls from the outside.

All treatment holes drilled in construction elements in commonly occupied areas of structures must be securely plugged.

RETREATMENT RESTRICTIONS

1. Retreatment for subterranean termites should only be made when there is evidence of re-infestation subsequent to the initial treatment, or there has been a disruption of the chemical barrier in the soil due to construction, excavations, landscaping, etc. Reapplication should be made as a spot treatment to these areas.

Annual retreatment of the entire premises must be avoided.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL Pesticides, spray mixture, or rinse water that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to Federal or approved State procedures under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation & Recovery Act.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL Triple rinse (or equivalent), then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved State and Local procedures.

IMPORTANT

Seller's guarantee shall be limited to the terms of this label and, subject thereto, the buyer assumes any risks to persons or property arising out of the use or handling and accepts the product on these conditions.

466 | 84-254
17 | 2

DEC 27 1982

B & G Company
P. O. Box 26372
Dallas, TX 75220

Attention: Richard Rogers

Gentlemen:

Subject: Termiticide L.I.P.--Revision
BGC-8 Termiticide
EPA Registration No. 8612-86
Your Application Dated November 12, 1962

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. A stamped copy is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager (15)
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (TS-767)

TS-767:CTLAROCCA:DCR-39846:WANG-1456C:lwy:Raven:479-2013:12/2/82

SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

[illegible] FOR SALE TO AND USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL PEST CONTROL APPLICATORS

[illegible] BGC-8 EC Emulsifiable [illegible]

It is necessary for the effective use of this [illegible] that the applicator be familiar with the [illegible] including mechanical [illegible] and the low pressure spray application. These techniques must be strictly employed to prevent or control infestations by subterranean termite species of **Reticulitermes**, **Zootermopsis**, **Heterotermes** and **Coptotermes**. [illegible] includes consideration of such variable factors as the design of the structure, existence of air [illegible] soil type, [illegible] grade conditions, and the location and type of domestic water supply. The [illegible] of the [illegible] termite species are important factors to be known as well as suspected location of the colony and severity of the infestation within the structure to be protected. [illegible] current control practices for specific local conditions [illegible] structural pest control.

Contamination of public and private water supplies must be avoided by [illegible] these [illegible] use antiback flow equipment or procedures to prevent siphonage of pesticide back into water supplies. Do not treat structures that contain cisterns or wells within the foundation. Soil around structure with well or cistern close to the foundation [illegible] treated as [illegible] Do Not Apply Under Pressure. Soil should be removed to an area safe from well or domestic water contamination, treated, allowed to stand undisturbed for two to four hours then returned to the trench which has been lined with 4 mil plastic sheeting. Be careful not to puncture plastic sheeting when returning soil to the trench. Do not treat soil that is water saturated or frozen. Consult state and local specifications for recommended distances of treatment and refer to Federal Housing Administration specifications for further guidance.

All nonessential wood and cellulose containing materials including stumps and form boards should be removed from around foundation walls, crawl spaces, and porches. This does not include existing structural wood or wood that either has been or needs to be treated.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
WARNING

May be fatal if swallowed. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Avoid contamination of feed or foodstuffs. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. Clean clothing should be used daily.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

B & G

BGC-8

TERMITICIDE

EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE

ONLY FOR SALE TO AND USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL PEST CONTROL APPLICATORS

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS :	
*Technical Chlordane	72.0%
Petroleum Distillate	21.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS :	7.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

*EQUIVALENT TO 43.2% OCTACHLORO 4, 7 METHANOTETRAHYDROIDANE AND 28.8% RELATED COMPOUNDS.

CONTAINS 8.0 LBS. ACTUAL CHLORDANE PER GALLON.

TERMITE CONTROL

TO MEET FHA TERMITE PROOFING REQUIREMENTS, [illegible] OF THE HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT [illegible] MINIMUM [illegible] STANDARDS.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED	[illegible] two glasses of water and induce vomiting [illegible] with finger [illegible] NOT [illegible]
IF INHALED	Remove [illegible] fresh air. Apply [illegible] indicated.
IF ON SKIN	[illegible]
IF IN EYES	[illegible]

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

CAUTION: COMBUSTIBLE MIXTURE

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

EPA REG. NO. 8612-86
EPA EST. NO. 8612-TX-1

NET CONTENTS ______ GALLONS

B & G
COMPANY
DALLAS, TEXAS 75220

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (cont.)
PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREAT[illegible]

[illegible] BGC-8 EC [illegible]

After [illegible] critical areas.

[illegible]

1. Where it is necessary [illegible] barrier, apply the emulsion [illegible] at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet [illegible] or 1 1/2 gallons per 10 square feet. [illegible] substrate.

   A. [illegible]

2. [illegible] barrier, apply the [illegible] at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth.

   A. [illegible]

   B. [illegible]

   C. [illegible]

   D. [illegible]

[illegible] should be treated to make a continuous chemical barrier [illegible]. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons of emulsion for solution per 10 linear feet [illegible].