ENTIRE DIRECTIONS AND DIS-STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE **AUTIONS, WARNINGS AND**

APPLICATION WHEN INSECTS AMAGE IS OBSERVED. Repeat as est results, apply full coverage used parts of plants, especially leaf surfaces.

RWISE SPECIFIED, APPLICATION ON THE DAY OF HARVEST.

S - East of the Rocky Mountains: For , codling moth, green apple aphid, hopper - Use 1 tsp. For aphids (rosy ple), apple maggot, bagworm, eastern European apple sawfly, eye-spotted ree leaf roller, green fruitworm, mites (apple rust, peaf-leaf blister. sylla, periodical cicada, plum ded leaf roller, scales (forbes, shell, San Jose), tarnished plant of miners - Use 2 tsp. Apply at ry 10 to 14 days thereafter, until d. When heavy aphid infestations ated applications may be necessary itrol. To control rosy apple aphids es are curled. For optimum scale then crawlers are present. Apply at for apple maggot control. Applicalays after full bloom may also nning. To avoid this, delay use ays after bloom. May cause foliar ore second cover on York and

Mointosh apples. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

APRICOTS, NECTARINES, PEACHES: For contingement, cucumber beetles, European earwig, fruit beet leaf roller, Japanese beetle, June beetles, lesser peach tree borer, periodical cicada, platynota flaventiana, plum curculio, red-banded leaf roller, scales (lecanium SEP 19 olive, San Josel, tarnished plant bug, tussock moth -G - MIX CONTENTS THOROUGHLY

DR SHAKING. Use the required by Liquid Sevin 4F in a gallon of core the diluted spray.

Seving San Uses, terminated printing and severy 10 to 4 made. Federal days thereafter until control is achieved. For epithmum, scale control - apply when crawlers are present. For example, for the plant of the property of the propert lesser peach tree borer control - make applications during appearance of moths in early to late summer displayed and Garden Insectic de - Aqueous Suspension during appearance of moths in early to late summer displayed by the summer description of the particle of the par limbs timed to moth flight. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest of peaches, 3 days of harvest of apricots and nectarines.

> BLACKBERRIES, BOYSENBERRIES, DEWBERRIES LOGANBERRIES, RASPBERRIES: For Japanese beetle, leafhoppers, leaf rollers, raspberry aphid - Use 4 tsp. A dilute spray of 100-200 gals, water per acre is suggested. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

BLUEBERRIES: For blueberry magget, European fruit lecanium, fruitworms (cherry, cranberry), Japanese beetle - Use 3 to 4 tsp. A dilute spray of 125-150 gals, water per acre is suggested. Apply 3 weeks before harvest and repeat 10 days later or as necessary.

CHERRIES, PLUMS, PRUNES: For aphids (black) cherry, mealy plum), cherry fruit fly, cherry fruitworm, eye-spotted bud moth, fruit tree leaf roller, Japanese beetle, lesser peach tree borer, peach twig borer, plum curculio, prune leafhopper, redbanded leaf roller, scales (brown soft, forbes, lecanium, oystershell, San Jose) - Use 2 tsp. For codling moth, eastern tent caterpillar, grange tortrix, tussock moth - Use 1½ tsp. For optimum scale control, apply when crawlers are present. For lesser peach tree borer control, make applications during appearance of moths in early to late summer. Apply 2 to 3 sprays to trunk from ground to scaffold limbs timed to moth flight. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

(1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate) INERT INGREDIENTS:

42.6% 57.4% 100.0%

*Trademark of Union Carbide Corporation for the active ingredient 1-naphthyl N-methylcarbamate. U.S. Pat. Number 2,903,478

CAUTION: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Harmful if inhaled or Swallowed. Do not breathe spray mist or take internally. Avoid contact with skin. Wear gloves and long sleeved work clothing. Wash hands and face before eating or smoking. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not contaminate food or feed.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Carbaryl is a moderate, reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. ATROPINE IS ANTIDOTAL.

Do not reuse this empty container. Destroy by burying with wastes or burning. Stay away from smake and furnes.

PRODUCT FREEZING: 32°F, Satisfactory utility may generally be restored after thawing and mixing a product which has frozen. Repeated freezingthavving cycles may impair utility.

NET CONTENTS 1 QUART

GRAPES: For European fruit lecanium, grape leaf folder, grape leafhoppers, grape leaf skeletonizer - Use 2 to 4 tsp. For grape berry moth, Japanese beetle, June beetles, red-banded leaf roller - Use 4 tsp. Spray just before first brood leaf folder larvae emerge from rolls and as needed for leafhoppers.

STRAWBERRIES: For meadow spittlebug, strawberry leaf roller, strawberry weevil - Use 2 to 4 tsp. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

VEGETABLE CROPS

Where a dosage range is indicated on vegetables, use lower rate on young plants; higher rate on mature plants. Apply when insects or their damage appear and repeat at 7 to 14 day intervals or as necessary unless shorter interval is specified.

ASPARAGUS: For asparagus beetle on seedlings or spears - Use 2 to 4 tsp. Do not apply more often than once every 3 days. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. Post-harvest: For asparagus beetle and apache cicada on the ferns or brush growth - Use 4 to 8 tsp.

BEANS (GREEN, LIMA, SNAP): For Mexican bean beetle - Use 1 tsp. For bean leaf beetle, cucumber beetles, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, leafhoppers, velvet bean caterpillar, western bean cutworm - Use 2 tsp. For armyworms, cutworms, corn earworm, stink bugs, tarnished plant bugs - Use 2 to 3 tsp.

CARROTS, CHINESE CABBAGE, COLLARDS, DANDELION, ENDIVE (ESCAROLE), GARDEN BEETS, HORSERADISH, KALE, LETTUCE, MUSTARD GREENS, PARSLEY, PARSNIPS, RADISHES, RUTABAGAS, SALSIFY, SWISS CHARD, TURNIPS: For flea beetles, harlequin bug, leafhoppers - Use 1 to 2 tsp. For Six-spotted leafhopper (aster yellows vector) - Use 2 to 3 tsp. on a 5 to 7 day schedule. For armyorms, imported cabbage worm, diamond-back moth larvae and loopers, corn earworm, tarnished plant bug, stink bugs - Use 2 to 4 tsp. For optimum control of corn earworm after lettuce heads begin to form - Use 2 to 4 tsp. in a 5 to 7 day schedule. To avoid possible injury to lettuce, co not apply when foliage is wet or when rain or excessive humidity is expected during

the next 2 days. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest of head lettuce, garden beets (roots), horseradish, radishes, parsnips, rutabagas, salsify (roots) and turnips (roots). Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of chinese cabbage, collards, dandelion, endive (escarole), garden beets (tops), kale, leaf lettuce, mustard greens, parsley, salsify (tops), spinach, swiss chard and turnips (tops).

COLE CROPS (BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER, KOHLRABI): For flea beetles, hadequin bug - Use 1 to 2 tsp. For armyworms, imported cabbage worms, diamondback larvae and loopers, com earworm - Use 2 to 4 tsp.

CORN: For corn earworm, corn rootworm adults, European corn borer, fall armyworm, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, leafhoppers, sap beetles - Use 2 to 4 tsp. For larvae in whorl (budworm damage) and foliage feeders - Apply to entire plant, repeat as necessary. For insects attacking silks and ears - Apply at 2 to 3 day intervals starting when first silks appear and continuing until silks begin to dry. Three or more applications may be required depending on severity of infestation. Timing and good coverage are absolutely essential for effective control. For cutworms - Use 4 tsp. Application to the tassel region of corn during the pollen shed period will seriously reduce bee populations.

CUCUMBERS, MELONS, PUMPKINS, SQUASH: For melonworm, pickleworm - Use 1 tsp. For cucumber beetles, flea beetles, leafhoppers, squash bugs - Use 2 tsp. Avoid excessive application. To avoid possible injury on tender foliage, do not apply when foliage is wet or when rain or excessive humidity is expected during the next 2 days.

GARDEN PEAS: For Colorado potato beetle, leafhoppers - Use 2 tsp. For armyworms, grasshoppers Use 2 to 3 tsp.

POTATOES, TOMATOES, EGGPLANTS, PEPPERS: For Colorado potato beetle, flea beetles, leafhoppers 2 Use 1 to 2 tsp. For European com borer, fall armyworm, lace bugs, stink bugs, tarnished plant bugs, tomato fruit worm, tomato hornworm - Use 2 to 4 tsp. For cutworms (on potatoes, tomatoes, eggplants) - Use 4 tsp.

SPECIALTY USES

LAWN: For ants, chinch bugs, earwigs, fall armyworms, fleas, leafhoppers, mosquitoes, sod webworms (lawn moths), millipedes - Apply 4 oz. in 15 to 20 gals. water for each 500 sq. ft. of established lawn area. Use garden hose sprayers or pressure type equipment and apply full water volume to insure good penetration of turf. For best results, mow lawn and apply immediately after rain or watering. Repeat in 2 to 3 weeks, if necessary.

ORNAMENTAL PLANTS, FLOWERS, SHRUBS AND SHADE TREES: For rose, carnation, gladiolus, zinnia, chrysanthemum, lilac, arbor vitae, juniper, hydrangea, azalea, elm, maple, oak, dogwood, birch and pines - (Do not use on Boston Ivv) - Apply 2 tsp. per gal, water when insects or their damage appear. Repeat weekly or as needed to control: Apple aphid, bagworm, birch leaf miner, blister beetles, boxelder bug, boxwood leaf miner, elm leaf aphid, elm leaf beetle, flea beetles, gypsy moth, Japanese beetle, June beetles, lace bugs, leafhoppers, leaf rollers, mealybugs, mimosa webworm, oak leaf miners, orange tortrix, periodical cicada, plant bugs, puss caterpillars, psyllids, rose aphid, roseslug, scale insects, tent caterpillars, thorn bugs, thrips (exposed) and willow leaf beetles.

DISCLAIMER: Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

NOTE: This pesticide is to be sold ONLY in this original, unbroken package.

EPA Fig. No. 8890-479 EPA Est. No. 8590-PA-1

AGWAY INC. — FERTILIZER-CHEMICAL DIVISION BOX 4933 SYRACUSF, NEW YORK 13221

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