log # 8590 - 267

(((FRONT PANEL)))

Net Weight 1 Gal 5 Gal 30 Gal

100.0%

710

AGWAY

METHOXYCHLOR 2EC

INSECTICIDE EMULSIFIABLE CONCENTRATE

For control of various insects on livestock, vegetables, forage crops, agricultural premises, farm buildings, grain storage bins, ornamentals and shade trees.

Product contains 2 lbs. Methoxychlor per gallon.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Methoxychlor:	1,1,1-Trichloro-2,2-bis (P-methoxyphenyl) ethans	24.0%
INERT INGREDIEN	TS*:	76.0%

Total

Equivalent to 22% 1,1,1-trichloro-2,2-bis (p-methoxyphenyl) ethane, 3% other isomers and related compounds.

*Contains xylene range aromatic solvent.

KEEP OUR OF REACH OF CHILDREN (12 PT)

CAUTION (18 PT)

See additional precautionary statements on side panel.

ACCEPTED MAY 1 4 1992

Under the Federal Insecticide, Functionale, and Rodenticido Act, an amanded, for the pesticide registerica under EPA Bra. No.

AGWAY INC. P. O. BOX 4741 SYRACUSE, NY 13221

EPA Reg. No. 8590-267

EPA Est. No. 8590-PA-1

A0683-1

(((REAR PANEL)))

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

2 01

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Avoid contamination of feed, seed and foodstuffs.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If swallowed: Call a physician immediately. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING UNLESS NO OTHER TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia. If it is necessary to induce vomiting, give victim one or two glasses of water and insert finger in back of throat. Repeat until vomit fluid is clear. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an uncenseious person.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration, if indicated.

If on skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water.

If in eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water. See a physician if irritation persists.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Aerial application over such sites is permissible only when they are not visible from above the tree canopy. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not use this product with any spray materials that are not compatible. with oil. Do not apply within 14 days of sulfur or sulfur containing. products.

Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (12 pt)

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container.

STORAGE: Store unused product in original container only. Store in a cool, dry area preferable locked and out of the reach of children and animals. Not for use or storage in or around the home. Protect from excess heat.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: 1 Gal. Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved State and local procedures.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: 5 Gal., 30 Gal.

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

GENERAL INFORMATION: Agway Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide contains 2 lbs. technical methoxychlor per gallon. On mixing with water it forms a stable emulsion for the control of various insects. It is suitable for use in either high or low volume application equipment.

When applying Agway Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide, use sufficient spray volume to thoroughly cover all surfaces to be treated.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

REENTRY

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

Do not enter or allow entry into treated areas until sprays have dried to perform hand labor tasks. A person may enter the area to perform. other tasks only if the person is wearing the personal protective. equipment listed on the label for a pesticide handler.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact unprotected workers, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers wearing long pants, long sleeved shirts, socks, shoes and chemical resistant gloves may be in the area during application. Certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product. Consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

4 2.10

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must be given if there is a reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

FORAGE CROPS: Alfalfa, clover, grass, soybean, cowpea, and peanut forage - Apply the following rates of Agway Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide in 15 to 30 gallons of water per acre. Apply every 10 to 14 days or as needed. Do not apply during blooming. No application later than 7 days before harvesting or grazing.

INSECTS

Leafhopper, spittlebug	l to 2 gts. per acre			
Alfalfa caterpillar, flea beetle	1 1/2 to 2 gts. per acre			
Alfalfa weevil (larvae)*	2 to 3 gts. per acre			
Alfalfa webworm, fall armyworm, cloverleaf weevil, Mexican bean beetle, pea weevil, soybean caterpillar, velvet bean caterpillar	2 to 3 qts. per acre			
Cowpea curculio, Japanese beetle	3 qts. per acre			
Armyworm	3 to 4 qts. per acre			
*For pea aphid as an alternate program for control of alfalfa weevil (larvae), add Malathion (emulsifiable) at 1 to 1 1/4 lbs. active ingre- dient per acre.				
Do not graze or feed treated cowpea vines or cornpea hay to livestock. Do not graze or feed treated soybean hay or straw to livestock.				
VEGETABLES: For the control of the following insects apply 2 to 4 quarts of Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide in 25 gallons of water per atre. Thoroughly spray upper and lower foliage surfaces, as well as the fruit. Begin treatment at first sign of insect infestation and repeat at 7 •to 10 intervals as infestation warrants.				

A0683-4

5910

<u>CROP</u>	<u>INSECTS</u>	INTERVAL FROM LAST APPLICATION TO HARVEST		
Potato	Blister beetle, Colorado potato beetle, Flea beetle, Leafhopper	0 Days		
Asparagus	Asparagus beetle	3 Days If applied later remove residues by washing or blanching spears.		
Beans	Bean leaf beetle, corn earworm, fall armyworm, Japanese beetle, leafhopper, rose chafer, Mexican bean beetle	3 Days		
Black-eyes Peas Cabbage	Cowpea curculio, Imported cabbage worm, cross-striped cabbage worm, flea beetle	3 Days		
Beets	Blister beetle, flea beetle	7 Days. 14 Days if tops are to be used as food or feed.		
Carrots	Leafhopper	7 Days. 14 Days if tops are to be used as. food or feed.		
Cantaloupes Cauliflower	Cucumber beetle, melon worm, Imported cabbage worm, cross-striped cabbage worm, flea beetle	7 Days		
Cucumber	Cucumber beetle	7 Days **		
Eggplant	Flea beetle, learhopper	7 Days ••••		
Kohlrabi	Flea beetle	7 Days		
Melons	Cucumber beetle, melon worm	7 Days		
Peas	. Pea weevil	7 Days		

Do not graze or feed treated pea vines or pea hay to livestock.

•

6910

CROP	INSECTS	INTERVAL FROM LAST APPLICATION <u>TO HARVEST</u> 7 Days		
Peppers	flea beetle, leafhopper rose chafer			
Pumpkins	Cucumber beetle, squash vineborer	7 Days		
Radishes	Flea beetle	7 Days		
Rutabaga	Flea beetle	7 Days		
Squash	Cucumber beetle, squash vineborer	7 Days		
Tomatoes	Blister beetle, Colorado potato beetle, flea beetle, leafhopper, fall armyworm, tomato fruitworm, Japanese beetle. tomato hornworm	7 Days		
Corn (field & sweet)	Fall armyworm, flea beetle, Japanese beetle, rose chafer	7 Days		
Corn (sweet)	Corn earworm, apply to silks as soon as they appear. Make 3 to 4 applications at 2 to 3 day intervals as infestation warrants. Re-apply immediately after a rain.	7 Days		
Do not feed treat	ted corn to livestock.	·:·		
Broccoli	Imported cabbage worm. cross-striped cabbage worm. flea beetle	14 Days		
Brussels Sprouts	Imported cabbage worm, cross-striped cabbage worm, flea beetle	14 Days		
Collards	Flea beetle	14 Days		
Kale	Flea beetle	• •• 14 Days		
Turnips	· Flea beetle	14 Days		

LIVESTOCK (Beef and Dairy Cattle, Goats, Sheep and Swine) - Apply the following rates of Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide for the control of hornflies, lice, ticks, keds and fleas.

Beef Cattle - Mix 2 quarts in 25 gallons of water. As a spray, use 2 quarts of the mixture per head for larger animals and proportionally less for smaller ones. Thoroughly wet animals. Do not use in dipping vats.

Spot Treatment for Tail Lice - Mix 4 to 6 quarts in 25 gallons of water and apply as a spray on the infested tail only. Do not apply to animals being finished for slaughter. Do not contaminate feed or water.

Dairy Cattle (Non-Lactating) - mix 2 quarts in 25 gallons of water. As a spray use 2 quarts of the mixture per head for large animals and proportionally less for smaller ones. Thoroughly wet animals Do not use as a dip. Do not apply during lactation or within 2 weeks of freshening. Goats, sheep and swine - Mix 2 quarts in 25 gallons of water. As a spray thoroughly wet animals. Do not apply to lactating goats.

AGRICULTURAL PREMISES: Insects requiring control measures- houseflies, stableflies, cadelles, confused flour beetle, flat headed grain beetle, grassy weevil, hairy fungus beetle, lesser grainborer, long headed flour beetle, red flour beetle, rice weevil, sawtoothed grain beetle and grain moths. Apply the following rates as specified for various areas.

Farm Buildings (Barns, Milk Rooms, Pens, Stalls, Alleys and Dumps) - Mix 1 quart Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide in 2 1/2 gallons of water. Use as a residual spray applying 1 gallon of the prepared spray to 500 sq. ft. Repeat applications are required for effective control. Exclude dairy animals while treating barns. Do not contaminate milk, feed or drinking water.

Grain Storage Bins - Mix 1 quart Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide in 2 $1/2^{\circ}$ gallons of water. Apply 1 gallon of mixture to 500 sq. ft. Apply as $a^{\circ} = a^{\circ}$ residual spray to all exposed surfaces paying attention to all cracks and crevices. Allow bins to air and d y before refilling with grain, 2 to 4 weeks.

Elevator Tunnels, Gallery Floors, Head Houses - Mix 1 quart Methoxychic. 2EC Insecticide in 2 1/2 gallons of water. Apply 1 gallon of mixture to 500 sq. ft. Clean area thoroughly before spraying. Treat about 3 times per season (summer).

MOSQUITO CONTROL: Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide is effective for controlling both adult and larval mosquitoes on non-croplands such as parks, beaches, public dumps and residential areas. Adult Mosquitoes - Thermal fogging is effective if applied during the active periods of the adults (morning and evening). Avoid fogging when winds exceed 5 miles per hour as its effectiveness is reduced.

For fogging large areas, prepare a 100 gallon batch of spray material. Mix 3 1/2 gallons of Methoxychlor 2EC Insecticide in 96 1/2 gallons of light fuel oil (No. 2 diesel, HAN, etc.) and apply 5 to 7 gallons per acre.

For fogging smaller areas, mix 1 pint of Methoxychlor 2EC in 4 7/8 gallons of light fuel oil (5 gallon batch) and apply 5 gallons per acre.

Adult Mosquitoes - Mist blowers or sprayer equipment require mixing of the Methoxychior 2EC with water. For mist blowers or sprayers, mix 4 gallons of Methoxychlor 2EC with 96 gallons of water and apply 5 to 7 gallons per acre.

For spraying smaller areas, mix 1 1/2 pints of Methoxychlor 2EC in 4 7/8 gallons of water (5 gallon batch) and apply 5 gallons per acre.

For aerial application over large land masses at low volume, mix 1 gallon of Methoxychlor 2EC in 15 gallons of light fuel oil and apply approximately 4 gallons per acre.

For mosquito larval control, dilute 1 pint of Methoxychlor 2EC in sufficient water or light fuel oil to provide accurate coverage. Apply to 1 acre of marshland, swamp or low lying areas. Thorough, even coverage is essential for effective control. Repeat application as infestation warrants. Apply only to known mosquito breeding sites.

NOTE: DO NOT APPLY TO WATER USED FOR IRRIGATION, RECREATIONAL AND DOMESTIC PURPOSES.

FOREST AND SHADE TREES: For control of the following insects, use a 6% methoxychlor solution with a mist blower at rates recommended in the following table.

Mix 1 gallon Methoxychlor 2EC per 3 gallons of water for mist blower solution or 1 to 2 quarts of Methoxychlor 2EC per 100 gallons of water for conventional sprayer.

		PINTS 6%			
<u>SOLUTION PER TREE</u> TREE HEIGHT					GALLONS 6% SOLUTION
<u>INSECTS</u>	35-50'	50-65′	65-80′	80-120'	<u>PER ACRE</u>
Cankerworm Eastern tent	2	2	3	4	2
caterpillar	2	2	3	4	2
Elm leaf beetle Fall webworm Forest tent	2 5	4	6 2	8 2	1
caterpillar	1	1.5	2	3	2
Gypsy moth	0.5	1	2	-	2
Japanese beetle Lace bug (Oaks &	2	4	4	4	3
Sycamore)	1.5	2	3	4	2
May beetle	1.5	2	3	4	2
Tussock moth	2	2	3	4	2

0

Control of Elm Bark Beetle - (Vectors of Dutch Elm Disease) - Apply first application before elm flowers or leaves sprout using a 12% spray solution of Methoxychlor 50W Insecticide with a mist blower, or a 2% spray solution in a conventional sprayer. This application will usually be applied in March in the southern states and in April in the northern states. Use 2 to 3 gallons of spray solution wetting all surfaces thoroughly.

Second application should be made 2 1/2 to 3 months after the first treatment. Reduce the active ingredient to 6% for mist blower, and 1% for conventional sprayer Cover all leaf and bark surfaces.

CONTROL OF ELM LEAFHOPPER (Vectors of Elm Phioem Necrosis) - Apply first application when leaves are fully grown. Use a 6% spray solution of Methoxychlor 50W Insecticide with a mist blower, or a 1% spray solution in a conventional sprayer. This application will be made in May in the souther, states and in June in the northern states. Thoroughly cover all leaf surfaces.

When second flush of growth appears usually 1 to 2 months after first treatment, repeat the above application covering all leaf surfaces, theroughly.

In those states where both the elm leafhopper and elm leaf beetle are known to be present, a three spray schedule will provide effective. control. Apply protective spray before elm flowers or leaves sprout. Follow with second protective spray 2 1/2 to 3 month after the first. Then apply the third protective spray about 1 to 3 months after the second protective spray. Be sure to thoroughly cover all bark and foliage with each protective spray.

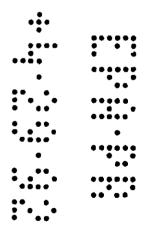
Preparation of Spray Solutions: 12% spray - dilute 1 part Methoxychlor 2EC with 1 part water. 6% spray - dilute 1 part Methoxychlor 2EC with 3 parts water. 2% spray - dilute 1 part Methoxychlor 2EC with 12 parts water. 1% spray - dilute 1 part Methoxychlor 2EC with 24 parts water.

A0683-9

10 9 10

DISCLAIMER: Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

NOTE: This pesticide is to be sold <u>only</u> in this original, unbroken package.



-