## SEVIN 5 D

## NET WEIGHT FIFTY POUNDS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Carbaryl (1-naphthyl
N-methylcarbamate)
INERT INGREDIENTS,
not more than

5.0%

95.0%

## **CAUTION:**

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. HARMFUL IF IN-HALED OR SWALLOWED.

Avoid breathing of dust. Do Not Take Internally.

Skin Contact May be Harmful. Avoid Contact.

Wash Hands and Face Before Eating Avoid

Contamination of Food.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Carbaryl is a moderate, reversible, cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine is antidotal.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your cooperative Agricultural Extension Service. Do not reuse empty container. Destroy it by burying with wastes or burning. Stay away from smoke.

WARRANTY: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purpose stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use. Any damages arising from a breach of this warranty shall be limited to direct damages, and shall not include consequential commercial damages such as loss of profits or values, etc.

## DIRECTIONS

FEAD TI'ESE ENTIRE DIFECTIONS AND WARRANTY OF SALE. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS.

ASPARAGUS. For ecitrol c' a paragus beetle on sendlings or spears, apply 20 to 40 lbs. of dust per one Apply while necessity first appear

and report as needed but not more often than once every 3 days. Do not apply within 1 day of hervest.

BEANS: (<u>Green beans, Lime beans, Enac</u> beens, Coupeas, and Block-and peas): For control of Missican been beetle, apply 10 the dust per acre. Apply before insect build-up occurs. For control of <u>cucumber</u> bestles, flee beetles, Jananese beetle, leathonners, and tar nished <u>plent bug, apply 20 to 30 lbs. dust per</u> acsa-Apply when insects first appear and repeat nese CABBAGE. COLLARDS. DANDELION. ENDIVE (ESCAROLE), GARDEN BEETS, HORSE RADISH, KALE, MUSTARD GREENS, PARSNIPS radishes. Rutabagas salsify, spinach. SWISS CHARD, and TURNIPS: For control of f<u>lea beetle</u>s, <u>harlequin bur</u>, and l<u>eathopp</u>ers. apply 10 to 20 lbs of dust per acre. To control six-spotted leathoppers (aster yellows vector) apply 20 to 30 lbs. dust per acre at a 5 to 7 day schedule starting when plants are small. For control of armyworms, cabbage caterpillars, corn earworm, tarnished plant bug and stink bugs, apply 20 to 40 lbs. dust per acre. Apply when insects first appear and repeat as needed. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest when tops or leaves are used. Do not apply within 3 days of harvest where only roots of beets, radjabes, horseradish, parsnips, rutabagas, salsify and turnips are used.

LETTUCE AND CARROTS: For control of flea beetles, harleguin bug and leafhoppers, apply 10 to 20 lbs. dust per acre. To control six-spotted leafhopper (aster yellows vector), apply 20 to 30 lbs. dust per acre in a 5 to 7 day schedule starting when plants are small. For control of armyworms, cabbage caterpillars, corn carworm, spittlebugs, tarnished plant bugs and stinkbugs, apply 20 to 40 lbs. of dust per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest on leaf lettuce or 3 days of harvest on head

lettuce. Apply up to harvest on carrots CORN: For control of corn carworm, corn rootworm adults, European corn borer, fall armyworm, flea beetles, Japanese beetle, sap <u>beetle</u>s and leafhoppers. Apply 20 to 40 pounds of dust per acre. For larvae in whorl (budworm damage) and foliage feeders, apply to entire plant, repeat as necessary. For insects attacking silks and ears, apply at 2 to 3 day intervals starting when first silk appears and continuing until silks begin to dry. Timing and good coverage is essential for effective control. NOTE: SWEET CORN. Application of this product to the tassel region of corn during the pollen shed period will seriously reduce bee populations.

CUCHMBEH MELLINS PUMPAIN and SOUASH For cuntral of pichlawer n and maten worm, apply 10 to 20 lbs dust per acre for control of cucumber beetles. Here beetles, leaf huppers and squashbugs apply 20 lbs dust per acre. Avoid excessive applications. Seme leaf injury may occur if treatments are made when tender foliage is wet or in the presence of prolonged high humidity.

POTATOES For control of Colorado potato been tile, leefhongers and flee beetler: apply 20 lbs of dust per acre. Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as needed. Foliage application only.

TOMATOES, EGGPLANT and PEPPER For control of tomato fruitworm, flea beetles, Colorado potato beetle. European correborer and stink bug, apply 20 lbs dust per acre. Apply when insects first appear and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as needed.

BLACKBERRIES. BOYSENBERRIES. LEW-BERRIES, LOGANBERRIES and RASPBERRIES:
For control of Japanese beetle, leaf rollers, leafhoppers and raspberry aphid, apply 40 lbs. dust per acre. Apply when insects or their damage first appear and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals as needed. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest on Dewberries.

TOBACCO: To control flea beetles, hornworms, budworms, and Japanese beetle. Apply 20 to 40 pounds per acre. If late applications are necessary, treat immediately after priming.

POULTRY: Bird treatment Northern fowl mite and lice-Use 1 lb. per 100 birds. Apply thoroughly with a shaker can or hand duster. Repeat in 4 weeks if necessary. Premise treatment -chicken mites, fleas, and bedbugs-use 1 lb. per 40 sq. ft. of litter or floor space and to roosts with a shaker can, hand, or power duster. Force dust into cracks and crevices. Repeat as necessary. Supplement with direct bird treatment for heavy infestations. Do not treat nest litter. Avoid direct contamination of eggs. Sevin does not control spider mites. When infestations are encountered, use a recommended miticide. Do not use on poultry or game birds within 7 days of slaughter. Do not use in a premise treatment within 7 days of slaughter. NOTE: Sevin 5 D does not control mites, but is compatible with all common miticides. Sevin is toxic to honeybees. Avoid using during ering and pollination period. Some phytotoxicity may occur on tender foliage in the presence of rain or high humidity of several days duration following dusting.

NOTE: This pesticide is to be sold ONLY in this original unbroken package.

EPA Reg. No. 8590-120

AGWAY INC.

FERTILIZER — CHEMICAL DIVISION BOX 1333, SYRACUSE, N. Y. 13201