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DATE 08-11-2010 BY 60322 UCBAW/BJS

A fungicide for agricultural or commercial use only.

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See additional recognition statements below.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

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HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION May cause irritation of nose, throat, eyes and skin. Do not breathe dust or spray mist. May be absorbed through skin.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

in case of skin contact wash with water for eyes wash thoroughly with water and get medical attention on

Wear protective clothing, i.e. pants, long sleeve shirt, gloves and boots during mixing and loading.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is not to be used in water. Do not use in
open water. Do not use in open water. Do not use in open water.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Keep away from fire and sparks. Do not store in place that is not allowed to become wet or overheated in storage. This may cause chemical changes which will impair the effectiveness of the product and may also generate flammable vapors. Keep containers closed when not in use.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

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 1. A maximum of 100 mg of this product should be used
 2. Suspension is for oral use only

READ THESE ENTIRE DIRECTIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY
IN ACCORDANCE WITH LABEL INSTRUCTIONS AND DIRECTIONS

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

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[illegible]

...state and local authorities.

and a rate of 1.15 per 100 was observed. The former state's cause-specific disease rate (which excludes metastatic disease) is 2.15 per 100,000. In the state, metastatic applications were estimated at a Max Scatterer State rate of 4.6 per 100,000. Washburn, a member of the state's screening committee, said that the screening rate is "not high."

[illegible]

VEGETABLES:

Tomatoes: For control of late blight and early blight, apply Stemphylum and antracnose. Apply when fruit of first clusters is well formed. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals. (Do not use on young seedlings in greenhouses as injury may occur.) When weather conditions favor disease, more frequent applications may be necessary starting when plants are set in fields. Treated tomato plants tend to develop heavy foliage and spiny gallions should be decreased accordingly to assure complete coverage. In areas where antracnose is a serious problem on canning tomatoes, apply 3 lbs. per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

Potatoes: Early and late blight (late blight) were the most important diseases. Late blight was caused by *Phytophthora infestans* and early blight by *Alternaria solani*. The most important insect pests were Colorado potato beetle and Colorado potato root weevil.

[illegible]

Celery is a root vegetable that is often eaten raw in salads or cooked in soups. It is a good source of fiber and potassium. Celery is also a good source of antioxidants, which can help to reduce the risk of heart disease. Celery is also a good source of vitamin K, which is important for bone health. Celery is a low-calorie food that is easy to digest. It is a good food to eat for people who are looking to lose weight or who have digestive problems. Celery is also a good food to eat for people who are looking to improve their heart health. Celery is a good food to eat for people who are looking to improve their bone health. Celery is a good food to eat for people who are looking to improve their overall health.

Carrots: Feeds, like eat sprouts and leafy greens. Eighty percent of all cancers are linked to when disease threatens, especially in the last days.

Watermelons: Heavy to dew at the time. (See page 14) Spotted by stem blight. **Cucumbers:** Downy mildew with anthesis. Pathogen from South Carolina. Use 2-4 lbs per acre. Apply at 10-15 days prior to when disease threatens. Repeat at 10-15 days if needed under severe conditions. Interval is to 3-5 days. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

LeMace and Emrise (1994) used a sample of 144 U.S. firms to examine the effect of the degree of internationalization on the relationship between the size of the firm and the degree of internationalization. They found that the relationship between the size of the firm and the degree of internationalization is positive and significant. The relationship is also positive and significant for firms that are more internationally oriented. The relationship is also positive and significant for firms that are more internationally oriented. The relationship is also positive and significant for firms that are more internationally oriented.

BEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

Onions Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Squash Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Asparagus Rust Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Peppers Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Tomatoes Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Anthracnose and Grey Rot Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Pumpkins Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Corn (Sweet) Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Beans (Field and Snap) Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Kohlrabi Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Cantaloupe, Melons, Squash Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Cabbages, Kale, Mustard Greens, Turnips Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Equipment Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

FRUITS:

Apples Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Oranges Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Strawberries Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Grapes Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

ORNAMENTALS AND TURF

Chrysanthemums Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Flowering Dogwood Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Panicle Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Coronation Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Twist Grasses Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Sclerotinia Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Melting out Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

Rhizoctonia Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.

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DISCLAIMER Apply Agway 2000 to foliage and soil around plants. Repeat application every 14 days.



AGWAY INC.
CHEMICAL DIV.
PO BOX 4933
SYRACUSE, NY 13221

NET WT. 50# **A 5 83**