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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

APR. 29 1999

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Mardel Rose Belotinsky Soil Chemicals Corporation Products P.O. Box 782 Hollister, CA 95024-0782

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SUBJECT: Review of Amended Labeling Pic-Clor 30 EPA Reg. No. 8536-22 Your Submission Dated January 20, 1999

Dear Ms. Belotinsky:

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The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable subject to the following comments:

- Under TABLE 1 in footnote 2, delete the second sentence because there is no supplemental labeling entitled "For Nematode and Wireworm Control in Soils to be Planted to Potatoes or Onions" for this product. Once the main label is accepted by the Agency, it supercedes all previous labeling including supplemental labels.
- 2. For purposes of microfilming the labels, the Agency requires the registrants to submit labels using 8½" X 11" paper. Do not submit folded labeling that is larger than 8½" X 11" on 8½" X 11" paper. Please resubmit your labeling using 8½" X 11" paper.

A stamped copy is enclosed for your records. Please submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. If you have any questions, then please contact Terri Stowe of my staff at (703) 305-6117.

Sincerely,

Mary J. Walle,

Mary L. Waller Product Manager (21) Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

EFFECT MAY BE SO POWERFUL THAT A PERSON MAY BECOME TEMPORARILY BLINDED AND PANIC-STRICKEN. THAT, IN TURN, MAY LEAD TO ACCIDENTS.

AIR CONCENTRATION LEVEL

The acceptable air concentration level for persons exposed to chloropicrin is 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/M). The air concentration level is measured by a direct reading detection device, such as a Matheson-Kitagewa, Draeger, or Sensidyne.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

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Chemical-Resistant Materials: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category H on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart. PPE constructed of Saranex, neoprene, and chlorinated polyethylene provide short-term contact or splash protection against liquid in this product. Longerterm protection is provided by PPE constructed of Viton, Tellon, and EVAL barrier laminates (for example, Responder suits manufactured by Life-guard or Silvershield gloves manufactured by North). Where chemical-resistant materials are required, leather, canvas, or cotton materials offer no protection from this product and must not be worn when contact with this product is possible. Coveralis must be loose-fitting and constructed of woven fabrics (e.g. tight knot cotton or cotton/ polyester), non-woven fabrics (e.g. Tyvek of Sontara), or fabrics containing microperous Tellon. (1)Handlers Performing Direct-Contact Tasks: Direct-contact tasks are tasks performed outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. They include:

- equipment calibration or adjustment
- equipment cleanup and repair
- product sampling
- any activity less than 6 feet from an unshielded pressurized hose containing this product
- removal of tarp or plastic film
- rinsate disposal
- fumigant transfer
- clean-up of small spills preparing containers for aeration
- any other handling task not otherwise listed in (2), (3), (4), or (5) below.

 any other handling task hol otherwise listed in (2), (3), (4), (7), (5) period.
 Handlers performing direct-contact tasks must wear: (a) Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants. (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Viton. (c) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks. (d) Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure. (e) Chemical-resistant aprov. (f) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-13C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH Sapproved respirator with an organic vacor (OV) contridge or cantister with any N.R.P. or HE prefilter. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" soction of this labot.

(2) Handlers in Enclosed Cabs: Applicators and other handlers in enclosed cabs must wear: (a) Coveralis. (b) Shoes and socks. (c) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N.R. P or HE prefilter. A respirator is not required if the occupants are within an enclosed cab that is in conformance with one of the following :1), ASAE Standard S525 sections 7.1.5, 7.1.7, 7.2.3, and 9, or 2) the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pasticidos ...40 CFR 170.240(d)(5). The cab must be equipped with a vapor-adsorptive filter containing a minimum of 1000 grams activated charcoal. The filter must be changed after no more than 50 hours of application time. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" soction of this tabel. (d) In addition, the PPE specified in (1) for direct-contact activities must be immediately available in the enclosed cab and must be worn if the handler leaves the enclosed cab to perform any direct-contact activity.

(3) Applicators Outside an Enclosed Cab: Applicators applying this soil furnigant product (or sealing the soil following application of this product) who are not inside an enclosed cab that meets requirements specified above must wear: (a) Coveralls over short-sleeved shift and short pants. (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Vilon. (c) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks. (d) Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure. (e) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for posticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number profix TC-23C), or a canister approved for posticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIQSH approved respirate with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N. R. P or HE profiller. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this tabel.

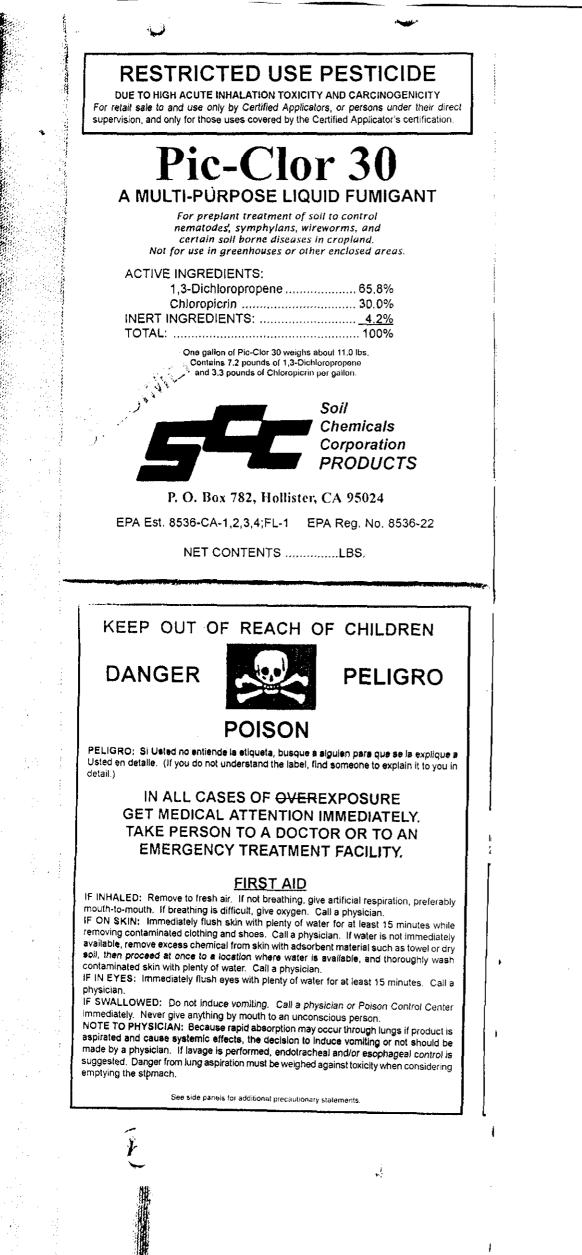
(4) Handlers in Treated Area Within 5 days After Application; Only the following handler tasks may be performed in the treated area within 5 days after the application is complete:

Assessing/adjusting the soil seal

- Assessing pest control, application technique, or application efficacy
- Sampling air or soil for this product

All other tasks are prohibited until the 5 day period has expired. Unless in an enclosed cab as described in (2) above, handlers performing the above tasks in the treated area within 5 days after application must wear: (a) Coveralis. (b) Chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Viton, (c) Chemical-resistant footwear and socks. (d) A full-face raspirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for posticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a cantister approved for posticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (QV) curtiside or canister with any N. R. PortHE prefilter. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this label.

Precautionary Statements continued in third column



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PPE continued: (6) Handlers Exposed to High Concentrations: Handlers exposed to high airborno wincentrations of this product, such as cleanup following large spills and exposure to this product in poorly ventilated areas, must wear: (a) Chemical-resistant suit. (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier teminate (EVAL) or Viton. (c) Chemical-resistant lootwoar plus tocks. (d) Chemical-resistant headgear. (e) Supplied-air respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-19F. See further respirator requirements in the "Usor Safoty Requirements" section of this label.

Note: In-tank cleaning of bulk tanks must be performed only by persons who have been specifically trained for this activity according to OSHA guidelines as described in 29 CFR Part 1910.146. Refer to section on storage tanks in the manual "Telone Soil Fumigant - A Guide to Application", a auide for products containing 1.3-Dichloropropene.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1. Respirator Requirements: When a respirator is required for use with this product, the following criteria must be mel: (a) Full-face respirators must be worn; (b) Cartridges or canisters must be replaced daily or when odor or irritation from this product becomes apparent, whichever is sconer; (c). Respirators must be fit-lested and tit-checkod using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (described in 29 CFR Part 1910.134); (d) Respirator users must be examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn. 2. Never furnigate alone: It is imperative to always have an assistant and proper protective equipment in case of accidents.

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equipment in case of accidents.
3. Drivers' Responsibilities: Drivers of application equipment must advise other workers of all precautions and procedures. In addition, drivers must instruct their holpers in the mochanical operation of the tractor and how to safely work with the tractoer and driver while fumigating.
4. Dispose of Contaminated Clothing: Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with liquid from this product. Do not reuse them.
5. Clean and Maintain PPE: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE separately from other laundry. Wash PPE after each day's use.
6. Contact With Mouth: Never siphon this product by mouth or use mouth to blow out clogged lines, nozzles, etc.

lines, nozzles, etc

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7. Heat Illness Avoidance: Use measures to avoid or minimize heat illness while using this product. These measures include gradual adjustment to heat and respirator stress, fans for cooling, cooling vests, frequent breaks to cool down, frequent intake of drinking water, and maintaining weight from day to day.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

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STORY SHOWER

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

· Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters. See "Storage, Shipment and Disposal" section. In case of spills, properly dispose of contaminated materia

materials. Ground Water Advisory: 1,3-dichtoropropene is known to move through soil and under certain conditions has the potential to reach ground water as a result of agricultural use. Application in areas where soils are permeable and ground water is near the surface, or in-kerst-geology; could result in ground water contamination. <u>Do not apply within 100 feet of any well used for potable</u> water. <u>Do not apply in areas overlying karst geology</u>. In North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, Minnesola, New York, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusatis, Utah, and Montana; Where result used for potable for a for a for the surface of a surface of a surface of the surface. groundwater aquifers exist at a depth of 50 feet or less from the surface, do not apply this product where soils are Hydrologic Group A.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE: Do not use, pour, splii, or store near heat or open flames. Do not cut or weld container.

EMERGENCY

In case of an emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call the 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (800) 424-9300.

STORAGE, SHIPMENT AND DISPOSAL

SHIPPING, STORAGE: Agricultural Chemical. Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or STORAGE: Store in tightly-closed original container in a cool place away from dwellings. Do not allow contamination of seeds, plants, fertilizers, or other pesticide chemicals. Do not contaminate

food, feed stuffs, drugs, or domestic water supplies. DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide and rinsates is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, voltation of redefailable, in these wastes cannol be disposed of by dise according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency, or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance. Because 1,3-dichloropropene is corrosive under certain conditions, flush all application equipment with fuel oil, kerosene or a similar type of petroleum solvent immediately after use. Fill pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oil/fuel oil mixture before storing. Do not use water. Dispose of rinsate by applicable Federal, State and local regulations. Never introduce rinsate or unused product into surface or underground water supplies.

METAL CONTAINER DISPOSAL: To dispose of container emptied during application operation, remove bungs, invert container in the field just treated and ensure that the container is free of tiquid. Orient container such that ventilation of bung holes is not restricted. Allow containers to aerate for at least 14 days. Replace bungs prior to transport. After aeration, offer container to qualified reconditioner or dispose of as directed by State or local regulations. REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Follow cleaning and handling directions in the <u>manual "Telone Soil</u>

Eumigant - A Guide to Application", a guide for products containing 1.3-Dichloropropene

ENGINEERING CONTROLS REQUIREMENTS

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ENGINEERING CONTROLS REQUIRENTS MECHANICAL TRANSFER SYSTEM: Personal protective equipment specified for "Direct Contact Activities" must be worn by the operator of the mechanical transfer system. The operator of the mechanical transfer system must follow instructions on proper operation of the system found in the manual "Telone Soil Fumigant - A Guide to Application", a guide for products containing 1.3-Dichloropropene. Contact your product distributor for more information or these materials. END-ROW SPILLAGE CONTROL: The dispensing system must shut off the food stream when chisels are raised out of the ground. Do not stop or park near any area where dribble from chisel tips has fallen. The applicator must follow instructions on proper operation and maintenance of the system found in the manual "Telone Soil Fumigant - A Guide to Application", <u>a guide for products</u> containing 1.3-Dichloropropene. Contact your product distributor for more information or these containing 1.3-Dichloropropene. Contact your product distributor for more information or these materials. (1) A flow shutoff device must be placed as close as is technically feasible to the fluid discharge point. This can be a ball, poppet, or diaphragm check valve, or full flow shutoff device such as an electric or pneumatically actuated valve. (2) Check valves must be replaced immediately for a such as an electric or pneumatically actuated valve. such as an electric or pneumatically actuated valve. (2) Check valves must be replaced immediately if continuous drip occurs. (3) Place check valves above the orifice. (4) Isolate the check valve from upstream pressure by installing a main line shut off or bypass valve prior to the manifold. (5) Do not exceed 1/4 inch diameter tubing. (6) Do not use any method of end-row spillage control other than that stated on this label. (7) An alternative to shutoff devices is a purgo system which clears the line of all liquid. Consult your product representative for purge system description. Do not use any method-of end-row-spiflage-control-other-than-that stated on this fabel: WITH ALL BULK AND MINI-BULK CONTAINERS: This product must be transferred through connecting hoses, pipes, and/or couplings sufficiently tight to prevent workers or other persons *from coming in contact with the liquid product.* 1. All hoses, piping, and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type appropriate

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All hoses, piping, and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type appropriate for use under the pressure and vacuum conditions to be encountered.
 External sight gauges shall be equipped with valves so that pipes to sight gauge can be shull off

in case of breakage of loakage. 3. The mechanical transfer system must be adequate to make necessary measurements of the pesticide being used.

4. Shut-off devices must be installed on the exit end of all hoses and at all disconnect points to provent leakage of this product when the transfer is stoped and heat a more an disconnected. A dry coupler that will minimize pesticide leakage must be installed at the disconnect point. 5. The pressure in hoses used to move this product beyond a pump must not exceed the

5. manufacturer's maximum pressure specification.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying. It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for positicide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and groubhousns, and handlers of agricultural posticides. It contains to jurements for training, decontamination, notification, and emorgoncy assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), restricted-entry intervals, and officiation to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS).

(WPS). ENTRY RESTRICTION: Entry (including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the WPS) by any person-other than a correctly trained and equipped handler who is performing a handling task permitted on this labeling—is prohibited from the start of application until 5 days after application. In addition, if farps are used for the application, non-handler entry is prohibited

after application. In addition, if farps are used for the application, non-handler entry is prohibited while larps are being removed. NOTIFICATION: Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting fumigant warning signs at entrances to treated areas. The sign must bear the skull and crossbones symbol and state: (1) "DANGER/PELIGRO" (2) "Areas under fumigation", "DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRE" (3) the date and time of fumigation, (4) "1,3-Dichloropropone and Chloropicrin fumigants in use," and (5) name, address, and telephone number of the applicator. Post the fumigative warning sign instead of the WPS sign for this application, but follow all WPS requirements pertaining to location, leeibility size and timing of opsiling and removal. legibility, size, and timing of posling and removal. PPE FOR REENTRY DURING THE ENTRY-RESTRICTED PERIOD: PPE for entry that is permitted

by this labeling is listed in the "Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals" section of this labeling.

NOTICE: READ THE ENTIRE LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET. USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET DIRECTIONS. BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, READ "WARRANTY DISCLAIMER" AND "LIMITATION OF REMEDIES".

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

IMPLIED WARRANTY. INHERENT RISKS OF USE: It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.) abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the mannor of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of the soiler. All such risks shall be assured by buyor. LIMITATION OF REMEDIES: The exclusive remedy for losses or damagos resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict lability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at the company's election, one of the following: (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought, or (2) Replacement of amount of product used. The company shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless the ompany is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall the company be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses. The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer above and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements. No employee or sales agent of the company or the spiler is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this company or the seller is authorized to Limitation of Remodes in any manner. is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this

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GENERAL INFORMATION

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This product is a multi-purpose liquid furnigant for preplant treatment of soil to control nematodes, symphylans, wireworms and certain soil borne diseases in cropland. This product, a soil fungleide and nematicide, may be applied as a preplant soil treatment to control or to ald in reducing the damaging effects of certain soil borne diseases [soil rot (soil pox) of sweet potatoes; Granville (bacterial) will, black root rot, black shank diseases of tobacco; Verticillium wilt of mint, pink root of onions, pod rot of peanuts]; plant parasitic nematodes [root-knot, root lesion, oltrus, cyst formers (golden, sugar beet, soybean), burrowing, lance, reniform, ring, spiral, sting, pln, stubby root, stylet, dagger and certain others]; symphylans (garden centipedes) and wireworms. Before fumigation, soil sampling for the type and number of pests present is recommended. In fields where pre-treatment soil samples indicate the presence of high population levels of nematodes, a successful fumigation cannot be expected to eradicate entire populations. Therefore, post-treatment sampling is recommended to determine the need for additional pest management practices. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service specialists for information on other practices, and use of nematode resistant crop varieties that may aid in reducing crop losses from soil borne pests.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

Soil fumigation using this product should be conducted only according to directions and conditions of use described in this labeling.

FORMULATOR USE OF 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE

Labeling for end-use products containing 1,3-dichloropropene that are prepared and sold by formulators must comply with all precautionary statements, use precautions, environmental hazards, handling and protective equipment requirements, maximum application rates and other exposure mitigation measures specified in this product labeling. Any product formulated from this product and/or any product which is formulated from the repackaging of this product must be labeled only as a pre-plant soil injected and/or soil fumigant product. Each formulator is responsible for obtaining EPA registration for each end use product.

RECONTAMINATION PREVENTION

This product will control pests that are present in the soil treatment zone at time of fumigation. It will not control pests that are introduced into soil after fumigation. To avoid reinfestation of treated soil do not use irrigation water, transplants, seed pieces, or equipment that could carry soil borne pests from infested land. Avoid contamination from moving infested soil onto treated beds through cultivation, movement of soil from below the treated zone, dumping contaminated tare soil in treated fields and soil contamination from equipment or crop remains. Clean equipment carefully before entering treated fields.

Do not use containers, pumps or other transfer equipment made of aluminum, magnesium or their alloys, as under certain conditions 1,3-dichloropropene may be severely corrosive to such metals.

EQUIPMENT CLEAN-UP

Because 1,3-dichloropropene is corrosive under certain conditions, flush all application equipment with fuel oil, kerosene or a similar type of petroleum solvent immediately after use. Fill pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oil/fuel oil mixture before storing. Do not use water. Dispose of rinsate by incorporation into field just treated or by other approved means. Never introduce rinsate or unused product into surface or underground water supplies.

CHEMIGATION

Do not apply 1,3-dichloropropene through any type of irrigation system.

FERTILITY INTERACTIONS

Funigation may temporarily raise the level of ammonia nitrogen and soluble satts in the soil. This is most likely to occur when heavy rates of fertilizer and fumigant are applied to soils that are either cold, wet, acid, or high in organic matter. To avoid injury to certain crops including red béets, carfots, cofn, radishes, cole crops, legumes (beáns), letfuce, onions, and sugar beets, fertilize as indicated by soil tests made after fumigation. To avoid ammonia injury or nitrate starvation (or both) to crops grown on high organic soils, do not use fertilizers containing ammonium salts. Use only fertilizers containing nitrates until after the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 degrees F. In mineral soils, do not apply more than 2/3 of the nitrogen requirements from fertilizers containing ammonium salts until the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 degrees F.

When using high rates of this product as required by certain state nursery regulations, liming of highly acid soils before furnigation may stimulate nitrification and reduce the possibility of ammonia toxicity. Certain nursery crops such as citrus seedlings, *Cornus* sp., *Crataegus* sp., spruce, and vegetable crops such as caulifiower have shown evidence of phosphorus deficiency following furnigation. To avoid this possible effect, additional phosphate fertilizer (foliar applied) is recommended where experience indicates a deficiency may occur.

ACCEPTED with COMMENTS Im EPA Lotter Dated:

APR 29 1999

Under the Foderal Insecticide, Fungfoide, and Rodentielde Act, as annewaded, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 8536-22

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

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APPLICATION TIMING

This product can be applied at any time of the year when soil conditions permit. Conditions that allow rapid diffusion of the fumigant as a gas through the soil normally give best results. Because this product does not provide residual control of soil pests, it should be used as a preplant application before planting each crop. The following soil temperature and moisture conditions should exist at time of treatment. Failure to meet these conditions may result in unsatisfactory product performance.

SOIL CONDITIONS

Soil temperature at the depth of application must be between 40 degrees F and 80 degrees F. In areas where the soil temperature in the Spring may not reach 40 degrees F in time to allow application of this product prior to planting, late summer or early fail treatment is recommended.

Soil moisture: It is critical to manage soil moisture properly before fumigation. Plan fumigation for seasons, crop rotations, or irrigation schedules which leave moisture in the soil. The soil must be moist from two inches below the soil surface to at least 12 inches deep as determined by the feel method (see below). The amount of moisture needed in this zone will vary according to soil type. The surface soil generally dries very rapidly and should not be considered in this determination. If there is insufficient moisture at the two to six inch depth, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If irrigation is not available and there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, it may be brought to the surface by disking or plowing before or during the injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, pretreatment or treatment tillage practices should be done as close to the time of application as possible. For fields with more than one soll texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. Whenever possible, the field should be divided into areas of similar soil texture and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarser textured soils can be furnigated under conditions of higher soil maisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, fumigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be reduced. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be treated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If you do not know how to determine the soil moisture content of the area to be treated, consult your local extension service or soil conservation service specialist or pest control advisor (Ag Consultant) for assistance

In general, no irrigation should immediately precede subsolling or fumigation; however, when irrigation is available and surface soil moisture conditions are not likely to provide an adequate seal against fumigant loss, a very light sprinkler irrigation to wet the top 1 to 2 inches of soil may be used to bring soil moisture content to the desired level.

The following descriptions will aid in determining acceptable soil moisture conditions by the "feel method". For coarse soils (sand and loamy sand), there must be enough moisture to allow formation of a weak ball when compressed in the hand. Due to soil texture, this ball is easily broken with little disturbance. In loamy, moderately coarse, or medium textured soils (coarse sandy loam, sandy loam, and fine sandy loam), a soil sample with the proper moisture content can be formed into a ball which holds together with moderate disturbance, but does not stick between the thumb and forefinger. Fine textured soils (clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, sandy clay, should be pliable and not crumbly, but should not form a ribbon when compressed between the thumb and forefinger.

SOIL PREPARATION

The soil should be free of clods. Large clods can prevent effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of this product. Plant residues should be thoroughly incorporated into the soil prior to treatment to avoid interfering with application. Undecomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by furnigation. Little or no crop residue should be present on the soil surface. Crop residue that is present should lie flat to permit the soil to be sealed effectively. Compacted soil layers within the desired treatment zone should be fractured before or during application of the furnigant. Deviation from the above conditions may result in unsatisfactory results.

PLACEMENT OF FUMIGANT

This product may be applied as either a broadcast (overall) or row treatment. It must be placed at least 12 inches below the final soil surface. When soil conditions allow, placement a minimum of 14 inches below the final soil surface is recommended. Deeper placement is recommended when fumigating soil to be planted to deep-rooted plants, such as perennial fruit and nut crops, or to control deeply distributed pests. For row application, the fumigant must be placed at least 12 inches from the nearest soil/air interface (e.g. furrow).

BUFFER ZONE

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An application of this product shall not be made within 300 feet of an occupied structure, such as a school, hospital, business or residence. No person shall be present at this structure at any time during the seven consecutive day period following application. This buffer zone does not apply to use on soils to be planted with perennial crops that will not experience additional 1,3-dichloropropene treatment for at least three years, for example pineapple, perennial vines, hops, mint, fruit and nut trees.

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APPLICATION METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

BROADCAST APPLICATION

Use chisel (shank), offset wing shank, Nobel (sweep) plow or plow-sole application equipment. For best results when using chisel equipment, use ripper-type, forward-swept shanks. Nobel plow equipment is particularly useful for fall fumigation when the soil still contains some standing undecomposed plant material. Subsoiling may be necessary before application as described under "Soil Preparation". Choose application equipment which allows the deepest application and best soil seal under existing conditions. The fumigant outlet spacing varies with the type of application equipment used;

 With chisel equipment a fumigant shank spacing of 12 to 24 inches is recommended. The outlet spacing for this equipment may be up to 1 1/2 times the application depth but generally should be equal to the application depth and should not exceed the soil-shattering capability of the chisels. The maximum outlet spacing should not exceed 24 inches. • With plow-sole equipment a 12-inch outlet spacing is recommended. Do not exceed an

outlet spacing of 18 inches.

· With Nobel (sweep) plow equipment use an outlet spacing of 9 to 12 inches along the sweeps.

Broadcast application can be made in the same direction or at an angle to the direction of row planting.

ROW APPLICATION (for row spacing greater than 24 inches)

Use chisel equipment to treat a band of soil where the crop is to be planted, i.e. the plant row. In general, when one chisel is used, apply product at twice the flow rates given in Table 1. When multiple chisels per plant row are used, space the chisels (fumigant outlets) 8 to 12 Inches apart and use the flow rates given in Table 1 per outlet (see footnote 1, Table 2). Regardless of the number or spacing of chisels used, the fumigant must be placed at least 12 inches from the nearest soliair interface (e.g. furrow). With certain deeper rooted crops such as potatoes and sugar beets, higher flow rates may be necessary to ensure adequate treatment of the zone of soil where primary root growth occurs; however, in no case should the amount of fumigant applied per acre exceed the maximum gallons per acre rates given in Table 1. To determine the amount (gallons) of product required per acre for various plant row spacings and flow rates, refer to Table 2. Note that as the distance between the plant rows increases the amount of fumigant required decreases and vice versa.

To prevent seed germination problems caused by improper seed-to-soil contact or improper seeding depth, do not place the seed directly over the furrow left by the applicator chisel(s). When one chisel is used per plant row, place the seed about 4 inches to one side of the chisel furrow. When two chisels are used per plant row, plant the seed offset from the chisel trace

SEALING THE SOIL AFTER APPLICATION

Immediately after chisel application of this product, the soil must be "sealed" to prevent fumigant loss and ensure that an effective concentration of fumigant is maintained within the soil for a period of several days.

For Broadcast Treatment (flat fumigation) sealing can be accomplished with equipment that will uniformly mix the soil to a depth of 3 to 4 inches to effectively eliminate chisel or plow traces which can allow direct escape of the fumigant. A tandem disc or similar equipment may be used for this purpose. To maximize sealing, steps should also be taken to compact the soil surface to further retard the rate of furnigant loss by following with a ring roller, cultipacker or roller in combination with tillage equipment. Compaction of the soil surface alone does not effectively disrupt chisel or plow traces.

For Row Treatment forming the beds at the time of application should be accomplished in a manner that places the fumigant at least 12 inches from the nearest soil/air interface (e.g. furrow). The closest soil/air interface could be the furrow for multiple knife applications or the top of the bed for single knife applications. Row treatments into preformed beds must be sealed by disrupting the chisel trace using press sealers, ring rollers or by reforming the beds.

and following with such equipment. • Sealing can also be improved by applying non-perforated plastic film, such as polyethylene, over the entire area or in strips. Use of a film to seal the soil surface does not eliminate the need to eliminate chisel traces prior to application of the plastic film unless simultaneous application and tarp laying by the same piece of equipment occurs and the tarp is a minimum of 1 mil thick

 Proper soil conditions at the time of application (see Soil Preparation section) are important to ensure proper placement of fumigant (see Placement of Fumigant section) and to obtain adequate sealing. Prior tillage should be adequate to eliminate clods and thoroughly mix crop residues into the soil.

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SOIL FUMIGATION INTERVAL

eave the soil undisturbed and unplanted for at least 7 days after application of the fumigant. A longer undisturbed interval is required if the soil becomes cold or wet, and for deep-rooted tree, shrub and vine planting sites.

tree, shrub and vine planting sites. After the fumigation interval, to prevent phytotoxicity, allow the fumigant to dissipate completely before planting the crop. Under optimum soil conditions for dissipation, 1 week for each 10 gallons/acre is recommended. To hasten dissipation, especially if heavy rains or low ismperatures occur during the treatment period, till the soil to the depth of fumigant application. Use a knife-like chisel without turning the soil to reduce the possibility of recontaminating the treated coll. Dissipation is usually complete when the oder of the product is no longer evident treated soil. Dissipation is usually complete when the odor of the product is no longer evident at the application depth. Seed may be used as a bloassay to determine if the product is present in the soil at concentrations sufficient to cause plant injury. Do not plant if the odor of the product is the product is present within the zone of fumigation.

APPROVED USES

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This product is recommended for control of nematodes, symphylans and wireworms in soils to be planted to vegetable crops, field crops, fruit and nut crops, and nursery crops.

TABLE 1
PIC-CLOR 30
Broadcast Application Rates and Use Information for
Control of Nematodes, Symphylans, Wireworms and
Certain Soll-Borne Diseases in Soils Planted to Crops Listed

		Application Rates (a)			
Сгор	Soil Type	Broadcast Gallons/Acre	Fi oz per/1000' of Row/Outlet'		
Vegelable Crops ²	Mineral	12.0 to 19.53	35 to 55		
	Muck or Peat	31 04 to 34.0	89 to 98		
Field Crops	Mineral	12.0 to 19.5	35 to 55		
	Muck or Peat	24.5	70		
Fruit and Nut Crops*	Mineral, Muck, or Peat	37.0 to 48.0	105 to 137		
Nursery Crops	Mineral, Muck, or Peat	57.5 to 75.5	164 to 215		

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¹⁺Do not exceed specified maximum application rates.
¹⁺Flow rates are based on 12-inch outlet spacing. Flow rates for alternate spacings can be calculated using the following formula: It oz/1000 ft of row/outlet = 0.245 x rate in gallons/acre x outlet spacing in inches. For row treatment refer to Table 2.
¹⁺Row treatment is not recommended for potatoes in irrigated areas of western and northwestern states. In Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Washington, refer to supplemental labeling entitled: ¹⁺For Nematode and Wireworm Control in Solis to be Planted to Potatoes or Onions" for diroctions for use. For row treatment set, increase dosage to 24 gallons per acre (70 ft oz/1000 ft row por chisel).
¹⁺For muck solis containing less than 30% organic matter, use 24 gallons/acre.
¹⁺For muck solis containing less than 30% organic matter, use 24 gallons/acre.
¹⁺For muck solis to be planted to Potatoes in 18-inch centers, 12 inches deep. Keep free of plants susceptible to burrowing nematodes for 2 years before replanting to citrus.
¹⁺Note: To control symphylans (garden centipedes), use only overall at 23.5 or more gallons per acre and apply during late Summer or early Fall, when the soli is warm.
¹⁺To control wireworms, use dosages recommended for nematodes in overall or broadcast treatments. For wireworm control in solis to be planted to potatoes in dato, Nevada, Oregon, Utah and Washington, refer to supplemental labeling referenced in footnole 2, above.

				TAB	LE 2					
	Ra	te Conv	ersion/	Chart f	or Vario	us Row	v Spacir	igs		
	And Fumigant Flow Rates									
Note:	In no cas	se should	the amou	unt of fum	igant app	lied per a	cre excee	d the gail	ons per	
acre ra	ites for br	oadcast l	treatment	given in	Table 1.					
FI Oz/	Plant Row Spacing (Inches)									
1000	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	
of Row			L	Gallons	Per Acre					
52	7.6	6.6	5.9	5.3	4.8	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5	
60	8.8	7.7	6.6	6.1	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.1	
68	9.9	8.7	7.7	6.9	6.3	5,8	5.3	4.9	4.6	
76	11.1	9.7	8.6	7.8	7.0	6.5	6.0	5.5	5.2	
84	12.3	10.7	9.5	8.6	7.8	7.1	6.6	6.1	5.7	
92	13.4	11.7	10.4	9.4	8.5	7.8	7.2	6.7	6.3	
100	14.6	12.8	11.3	10.2	9.3	8.5	7.8	7.3	6.8	
108	<u>15.8</u>	13.8	12.2	11.0	10.2	9.2	8.5	7.9	7,3	
116	16.9	14.8	13.2	11.8	10.8	9.9	9.1	8.5	7.9	
124	18.1	15.8	14.1	12.7	11.5	10.5	9.7	9.0	8.4	
132	19.3	16.8	15.0	13.5	12.2	11.2	10.4	9.6	9.0	
140	20,4	17.9	15.9	14.3	13.0	11.9	11.0	10.2	9.5	
148	21.6	18.9	16.8	15.1	13.7	12.6	11.6	10.8	10.1	
156	22.8	19.9	17.7	15.9	14.5	13.3	12.2	11.4	10,6	
164	23.9	20.9	18.6	16.7	15.2	13.9	12.9	11.9	11.2	
172	25.1	21,9	19.5	17.6	16.0	14.6	13,5	12,5	11.7	
180	26.3	23.0	20.4	18.4	16.7	15.3	14.1	13.1	12.2	
188	27.4	24.0	21.3	19.2	17.4	16.0	14.8	13.7	12.8	
196	28.6	25.0	22.2	20.0	18.2	16.7	15.4	14.3	13.3	
204	29.8	26.0	23.1	20.8	18.9	17.4	16.0	14,9	13,9	
212	30.9	27.0	24.0	21.6	19.7	18.0	16.6	15.4	14.4	

¹For row spacing of 24 inches or lass, apply as a broadcast treatment. For treatments with row spacing greater than 24 inches, refer to Table 1 for the rate needed for a specific crop and/or soil texture. To determine gallons per acre for row treatments, double the flow rate in Table 1 and look up the corresponding gallons per acre in Table 2.

For single chisel applications: the flow rates are double those listed in Table 1. For example, for veg-etable crops in mineral soil, the flow rate (or a single chise) row treatment is 63.6 to 100.4 fl oz per 1000 fl of row (note the broadcast rate is 31.8 to 50.2 fl oz per 1000 ft of row).

For multiple chisel applications: use the flow rate given in Table 1 per outlet. For example, for vegetable crops in mineral soil using 2 chisels per row, the flow rate per outlet is 63.6 to 100.4/2 or 31.8 to 50.2 ft oz per 1000 ft of row per outlet.

To obtain the gallons por acro used for a row spacing not shown in this table, use the following equation:

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fl oz/1000 ft of row -- x 4.08* = gallons per acre row spacing (inches)

12 inches x 43.56 (no. 1000 ft/acre) °4.08 = 128 (fl oz per gallon)

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS PELIGRO DANGER HAZARDOUS LIQUID AND VAPOR

• DO NOT SWALLOW ANY OF THIS PRODUCT. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. • DO NOT GET IN EYES. CAUSES SEVERE EVE INJURY. • DO NOT GET ON SKIN. MAY BE FATAL IF ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN. CAUSES SKIN BURNS. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

SKIN BURNS. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. • DO NOT BREATHE VAPOR. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE LUNG, LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE, AND RESPIRATORY SYSTEM IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED CONTACT. • THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE, WHICH HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO CAUSE TUMORS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. RISKS CAN BE REDUCED BY EXACTLY FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS, AND BY WEARING THE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS LABELING. • THIS FUMIGANT HAS THE CAPACITY TO CAUSE MARKED IRRITATION TO THE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. A STRONG LACHRYMATOR (TEAR-PRODUCING EYE IRRITATION. THE EFFECT MAY BE SO POWERFUL THAT A PERSON MAY BECORE TEMPORARILY BLINDED

EFFECT MAY BE SO POWERFUL THAT A PERSON MAY BECOME TEMPORARILY BLINDED AND PANIC-STRICKEN. THAT, IN TURN, MAY LEAD TO ACCIDENTS.

AIR CONCENTRATION LEVEL

The acceptable air concentration level for persons exposed to chloropicrin is 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/M). The air concentration level is measured by a direct reading detection device, such as a Matheson-Kilagawa, Draeger, or Sensidyne

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Chemical-Resistant Materials: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for calegory H on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart. PPE constructed of Saranax, neoprene, and chlorinated polyethylene provide short-term contact or splash protection against liquid in this product. Longer-term protection is provided by PPE constructed of Viton, Teffon, and EVAL barrier laminates (for example, Responder suits manufactured by Life-guard or Silvershield gloves manufactured by North). Where chemical-resistant materials are required, leather, canvas, or cotton materials offer no protection from this product and must not be worn when contact with this product is possible. Coveralls must be loose-fitting and constructed of woven fabrics (e.g. tight knot cotton or cotton/ polyester), non-woven fabrics (e.g. Tyvek or Sontara), or fabrics containing microporous Teflon. (1)Handlers Performing Direct-Contact Tasks: Diroct-contact tasks are tasks performed outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. They include:

equipment calibration or adjustment

equipment cleanup and repa

product sampling

any activity less than 6 feet from an unshielded pressurized hose containing this product removal of tarp or plastic film

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clean-up of small spills preparing containers for aeration

preparing containers for aeration
 any other handling task not otherwise listed in (2), (3), (4), or (5) below.
 Handlers performing direct-contact tasks must wear: (a) Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants. (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Viton. (c) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks. (d) Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure. (v) Chemical-resistant aprov. (f) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge.
 (2) Handlers In Enclosed Cabs: Applicators and other handlers in enclosed cabs must wear: (a) Coveralls. (b) Shoes and socks. (c) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister is an enclosed Cabs: Applicators and other handlers in enclosed cabs must wear: (a) Coveralls. (b) Shoes and socks. (c) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-24C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-24C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-24C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-24C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14C), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N. R. P or HE prefilter

approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N. R. P. or. HE prefilter. A respirator is not required if the occupants are within an enclosed cab that is in conformance with one of the following (1). ASAE Standard S525 sections 7.1.5, 7.1.7, 7.2.3, and 9, or 2) the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides... 40 CFR 170.240(d)(5). The cab must be equipped with a vapor-adsorptive filter containing a minimum of 1000 grams activated charcoal. The filter must be changed after no more than 50 hours of application time. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this labet. (d) In addition, the PPE specified in (1) for direct-contact activities must be immediately available in the enclosed cab and must be worn if the handler leaves the enclosed cab to perform any of-contact activity

direct-contact activity.
(3) Applicators Outside an Enclosed Cab: Applicators applying this soil humigant product (or sealing the soil following application of this product) who are not inside an enclosed cab that meets requirements specified above must wear: (a) Coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants. (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Viton. (c) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks. (d) Chemical-resistant headgent for overhead exposure. (e) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). <u>Or a NIOSH approved ToPspirator</u> with an organic wapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any N. R. P or HE prefilter Soe further with an organic vapor (OV) carridge or canister with any N. R. P or HS prefilter Soe further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this label. (4) Handlers in Treated Area Within 5 days After Application: Only the following handler tasks may be performed in the treated area within 5 days after the application is complete:

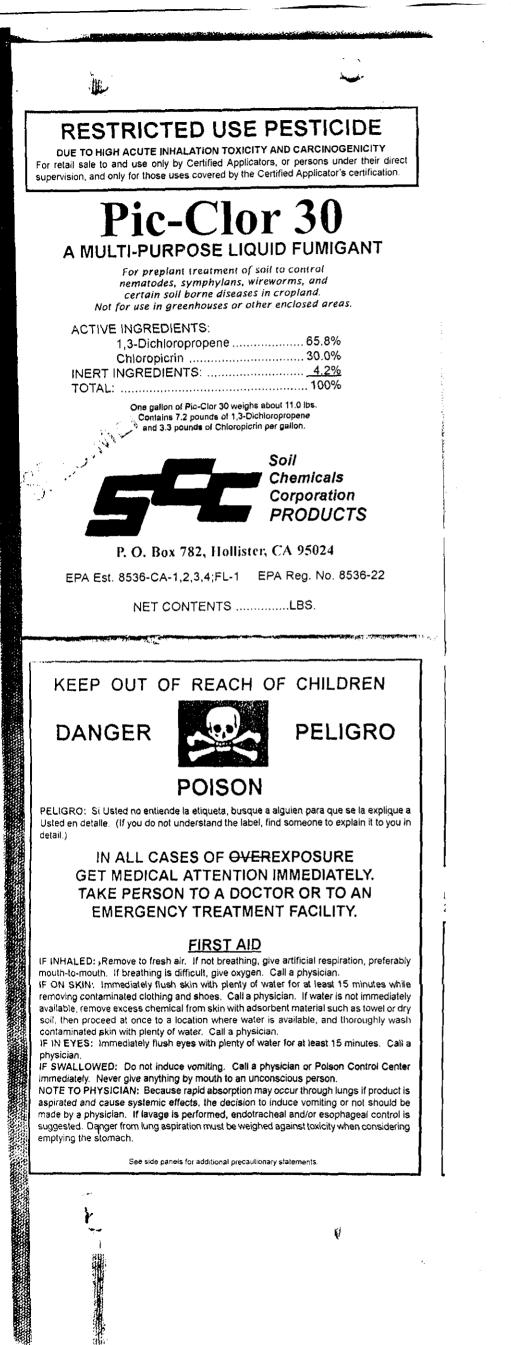
Assessing/adjusting the soil seal

Assessing pest control, application technique, or application efficacy Sampling air or soil for this product

• Sampling air or soil for this product All other tasks are prohibited until the 5 day period has expired. Unloss in an enclosed cab as described in (2) above, handlers performing the above tasks in the treated area within 5 days after application must wear: (a) Coveralls. (b) Chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Viton, (c) Chemical-resistant footwear and socks. (d) A full-face respirator with an organic-vapor-removing carriage with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this label.

Precautionary Statements continued in third column

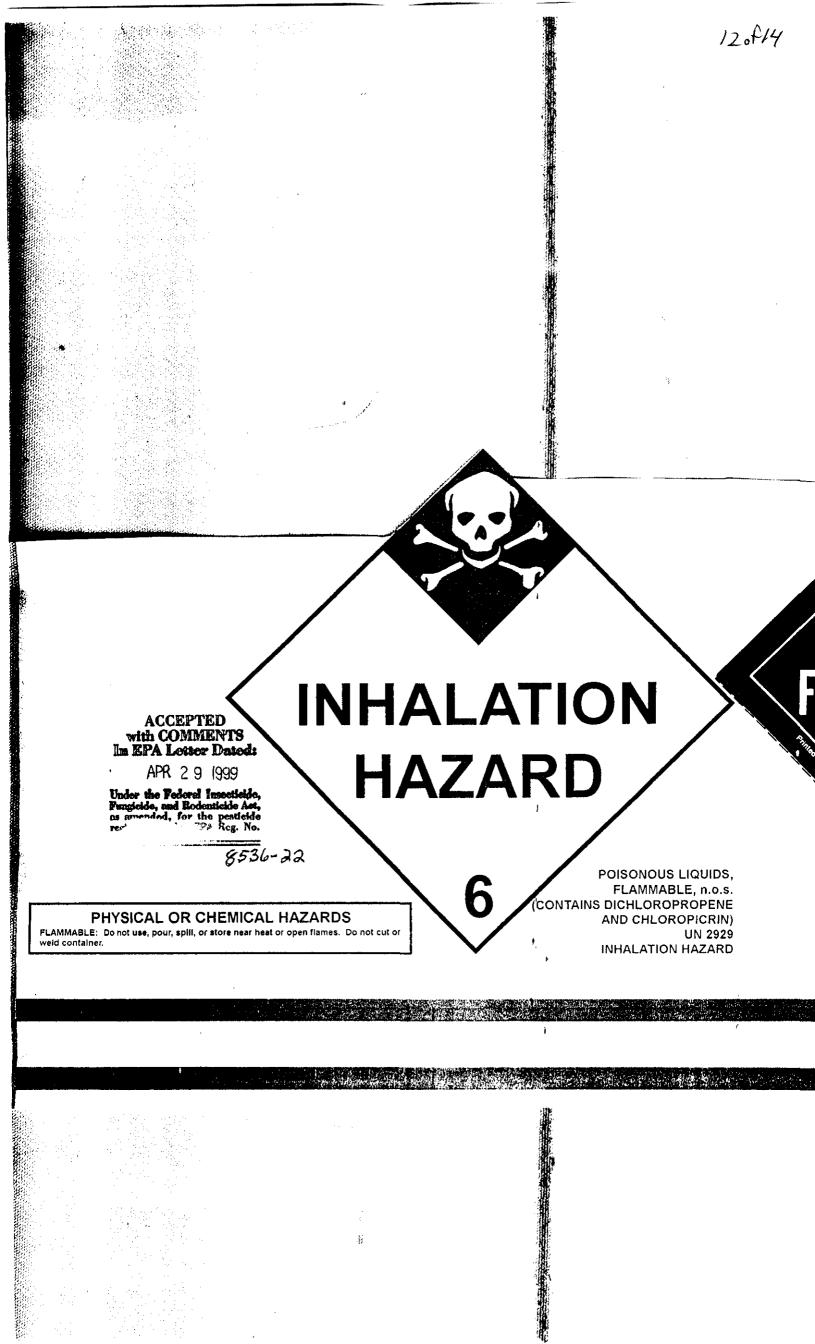
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5) Handlers Exposed to High Concentrations: Handlers exposed to high airborne concentrations of this product, such as cleanup following large spills and exposure to this product in poorly ventilated areas, must wear: (a) Chemical-resistant suit; (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or Viton; (c) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks; (d) Chemical-resistant headgear; (e) Supplied-air respirator with footwear plus socks; (d) Chemical-resistant headgear; (e) Supplied-air respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-19C or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-13F. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this label. Note: In-tank cleaning of bulk tanks must be performed only by persons who have been specifically trained for this activity according to OSHA guidelines as described in OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.146. Refer to section on storage tanks in the manual "Telone Soll Fumigant - A Guide to Application", a guide for products containing 1.3-Dichloropropene.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1. <u>Respirator Requirements</u>: When a respirator is required for use with this product, the following criteria must be met: (a) Full-face respirators must be worn; (b) Cartridges or canisters must be replaced daily or when odor or irritation from this product becomes apparent, whichever is sooner; (c) Respirators must be fit-tested and fit-checked using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (described in 29 CFR Part 1910.134); (d) Respirator users must be trained using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (described in 29 CFR Part 1910.134); (e) Respirator users must be examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn style of respirator to be worn.

 Never Fumigate Alone: It is imperative to always have an assistant and proper protective equipment in case of accidents.
 Drivers' Responsibilities: Drivers of application equipment must advise other workers of all precautions and procedures. In addition, drivers must instruct their helpers in the mechanical operation of the tractor and how to safely work with the tractor and driver while fumigating.

4. <u>Dispose of Contaminated Clothing</u>: Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with liquid from this product. Do not reuse them.

Feuse them. 5. <u>Glean and Maintain PPE</u>: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Wash PPE after each day's use. 6. <u>Contact With Mouth</u>: Never siphon this product by mouth or use mouth to blow out choosed these northese ate

clogged lines, nozzles, etc.

Cloged lines, nozzles, etc.
7. <u>Heat Iliness Avoidance</u>: Use measures to avoid or minimize heat illness while using this product. These measures include gradual adjustment to heat and respirator stress, fans for cooling, cooling vests, frequent breaks to cool down, frequent intake of drinking water, and maintaining weight from day to day.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put

Remove PPE Immediately in pesicide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
 Remove PPE Immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters. See "Storage, Shipment and Disposal" section. In case of spills, properly dispose of contaminated materials. Ground Water Advisory: 1,3-dichloropropene is known to move through soil and under certain or different to the the the section.

conditions water Advisory: 1,3-dichloropropene is known to move through soit and under certain conditions has the potential to reach ground water as a result of agricultural use. Application in areas where soits are permeable and ground water is near the surface, or in karst goology; could result in ground water contamination. Do not apply within 100 feet of any well used for potable water. Do not apply in areas overlying karst geology. In North Dakota, South Dakota, Wisconsin, Minnesota, New York, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Utah, and Montana:. Where groundwater aguifers exist at a depth of 50 feet or less from the surface, do not apply this product where soils are Hydrologic Group A.

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ENGINEERING CONTROLS REQUIREMENTS

MECHANICAL TRANSFER SYSTEM: Personal protective equipment specified for "Direct Contact Activities" must be worn by the operator of the mechanical transfer system. The operator of the mechanical transfer system must follow instructions on proper operation of the system found in the manual "Telone Soil Fumigant - A Guide to

operation of the system found in the manual "Telone Soil Funigant - A Guide to Application", <u>aguide for products containing 1.3-Dichloropropene</u>. Contact your product distributor for more information or these materials. END-ROW SPILLAGE CONTROL: The dispensing system must shut off the feed stream when chisels are raised out of the ground. Do not stop or park near any area where dribble from chisel tips has fallen. The applicator must follow instructions on proper operation and maintenance of the system found in the manual "Telone Soil Funigant - A Guide to Application", <u>a guide for products containing 1.3-Dichloropropene</u>. Contact your product distributor for more information or these materials. (1) A flow shutoff device must be placed as close as is technically feasible to the fluid discharge point. This can be a bail, poppel, or diaphragm check valve, or full flow shutoff device such as an electric be a bail, poppet, or diaphragm check valve, or full flow shutoff device such as an electric or pneumatically actuated valve. (2) Check valves must be replaced immediately if continuous drip occurs. (3) Place check valves above the orifice. (4) Isolate the check valve from upstream pressure by installing a main line shut off or bypass valve prior to the manifold. (5) Do not exceed 1/4 inch diameter tubing. (6) Do not use any method of end-row spillage control other than that stated on this label. (7) An alternative to shutoff devices is a purce system which clears the line of all liquid. Consult your product devices is a purge system which clears the line of all liquid. Consult your product representative for purge system description. Do not use any method of ond row spillage control other than that stated on this label. WITH ALL BULK AND MINIBULK CONTAINERS: This product must be transferred through

connecting hoses, pipes, and/or couplings sufficiently tight to prevent workers or other persons from coming in contact with the liquid product. 1. All hoses, piping, and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type

All hoses, piping, and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type appropriate for use under the pressure and vacuum conditions to be encountered.
 External sight gauges shall be equipped with valves so that pipes to sight gauge can be shut off in case of breakage or leakage.
 The mechanical transfer system must be adequate to make necessary measurements of the pesticide being used.
 Sul-off devices must be installed on the exit end of all hoses and at all disconnect points. To reacent leakage of this preduct when the transfer is atomic and best hoses.

points to prevent leakage of this product when the transfer is stopped and hose is removed or disconnected. A dry coupler that will minimize pesticide leakage must be installed at the disconnect point.

The pressure in hoses used to move this product beyond a pump must not exceed the manufacturer's maximum pressure specification

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

READ ALL DIRECTIONS FOR USE CAREFULLY BEFORE APPLYING. IT IS A VIOLATION O FEDERAL LAW TO USE THIS PRODUCT IN ANY MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH ITS LABELINC DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT IN A WAY THAT WILL CONTACT WORKERS OR OTHE PERSONS, EITHER DIRECTLY OR THROUGH DRIFT. ONLY PROTECTED HANDLERS MAY B IN THE AREA DURING APPLICATION. FOR ANY REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO YOUR STAT OR TRIBE, CONSULT THE AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR PESTICIDE REGULATION.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170, Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Directions for Use section for information about this standard.

EMERGENCY

In case of an emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, ca the 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (800) 424-9300.



SHIPPING, STORAGE: Agricultural Chemical. Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

STORAGE: Store in tightly-closed original container in a cool place away from dwellings. Do not allow contamination of seeds, plants, fertilizers, or other pesticide chemicals. Do not contaminate food, feed stuffs, drugs, or domestic water supplies.

not contaminate food, feed stuffs, drugs, or domestic water supplies. DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide and rinsates is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency, or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance. Because 1,3-dichloropropene is corrosive under certain conditions, flush all application equipment with fuel oil, kerosene or a similar type of petroleum solvent immediately after use. Fill pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oil/fuel oil mixture before storing. Do not use water. Dispose of rinsate by applicable Federal, State and local regulations. Never Introduce rinsate or unused product into surface or underground water supplies. METAL CONTAINER DISPOSAL: To dispose of container emptied during application operation, remove bungs, Invert container in the field just treated and ensure that the container is free of liquid. Orient container such that ventilation of bung holes is not restricted. Allow containers to aerate for at least 14 days. Replace bungs prior to transport. After aeration, offer container to qualified reconditioner or dispose of as directed by State or local regulations. REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Follow cleaning and handling directions in the manual

REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Follow cleaning and handling directions in the <u>manual</u> <u>"Telone Soil Fumigant - A Guide to Application", a guide for products containing 1.3-</u> <u>Dichloropropene</u>.

NOTICE: READ THE ENTIRE LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET. USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET DIRECTIONS. BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, READ "WARRANTY DISCLAIMER" AND "LIMITATION OF REMEDIES". REFER TO LABEL BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY INFORMATION AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with the directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

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January 18, 1999

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