



卷之三

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need or opportunity. This can be done through market research, competitor analysis, and customer feedback.

## **PRECAUTIONS TO FOLLOW AFTER FIELD FUMIGATION**

19. The following is a list of the names of the members of the Board of Education, their terms of office, and the date of their election.

**NOTE CAREFULLY:**

10. The following table gives the number of individuals in each age group in the population of each town.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD**

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need or opportunity.

## CHEMICAL HAZARD

## **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

**INSTRUCTIONS**  
THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION,  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,  
WASHINGTON, D. C.  
APRIL 1937  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

## SOIL FUMIGATION

1. The first step in the development of a new product is to determine the market potential for the product.

## APPLICATION

the first time in the history of the world, the whole of the human race has been gathered together in one place, and that is the city of Rome.

For example, if you have a function `f` that takes a parameter `x`, you can use `partial(f, x)` to create a new function that always calls `f` with `x` as its first argument.

**RECOMMENDED DOSEAGE:**

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

### STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area under lock and key best as a pesticide storage area. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Persons moving or handling containers should wear protective clothing. Open container only in a well ventilated area wearing protective clothing, and respiratory protection if necessary.

### RETURN OF CYLINDERS

Cylinders are the property of Chemagro Corp., 511 Chemagro Drive, Soil Chemicals Dept., P.O. Box 1000, 8270 Highway 20, 3610 Hwy. 41 N.E., Atlanta, GA 30341. Billister, Calmette, HI 6001.

When cylinder is empty, the valve should be closed, the safety cap reset onto the valve, the net and the protective hood replaced prior to its return to the shipper. Do not ship cylinders without safety cap or valve protection.

When cylinder is partially full and there is no pressure requirement for the cylinder, start all three valves.

Do not puncture or damage the cylinder or valves by rough handling or transport.

### SHIPPING

This product is classified in the U.S. Department of Transportation Hazardous Materials Regulations as Class II poison. Liquid poison in person and no exemptions from specific class packaging, packing, and labeling are allowed. Describe empty cylinders as shipping past contained OSHA respirator liquid. Do not ship with food, feeds, or clothing.

### HANDLING

1. The valve protection bonnet and safety cap should be removed only when fumigant is about to be removed from the cylinder. The safety cap and valve protection bonnet must be replaced when the cylinder is not in use.
2. Cylinders should never be subjected to rough handling or to abnormal mechanical shock such as dropping, bumping, dragging or sliding.
3. Hoops, slings, hooks, tongs, and similar handling devices should not be used for unloading cylinders.
4. A suitable hand truck, fork truck, or similar device to which the cylinders can be firmly secured should be used for transporting the heavier cylinders.

### SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURE

Evacuate immediate area of spill or leak. Use SCBA combination air supplied respirator, or approved cannister respirator for entry into affected area to correct problem. Move leaking or damaged containers outdoors or to an isolated location, observing strict safety precautions. Work upwind if possible. Allow spilled material to evaporate, or to absorb onto vermiculite, dry sand, earth or similar absorbent material which may be disposed of on site, or at an approved disposal facility. Do not permit entry into spill area or cleanup by unprotected persons until concentration of chloropicrin is determined to be less than 0.1 ppm.

### DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, feed, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of wastes, pesticide spray mixture, or residue is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Test Site or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

\* If treated area is covered with a plastic tarpaulin immediately after application, dosage may be reduced by 33%  
\*\*In the case of Mushroom soil, seal with water, film plastic or wet newspapers.

Row or bed applications may be made at the broadcast rates but the amount used will be proportionately less per acre depending on the row spacing and width of treatment in the row or bed.

### EXPOSURE AND AERATION

After application, leave the soil undisturbed for 10 to 14 days. Wet soil retards diffusion of the fumigant thus requiring a longer exposure period. At the end of the exposure period, aerate the soil by plowing or deep cultivation. If heavy rains accompanied by low temperatures occur during the exposure period, working the soil several times is essential for thorough aeration. Aeration is usually complete when the odor of the fumigant is no longer evident.

### FUMIGATION OF ENCLOSED SPACES

When used for fumigation of enclosed spaces, houses and other structures, warehouses, vaults, chambers, greenhouses, trucks, vans, trailers, ships, or other transport vehicles, two persons trained in the use of this product must be present at all times during introduction of the fumigant, fumigant, and aeration periods. Do not fumigate sites which may be used for the storage or transport of raw agricultural commodities.

#### OFF-FAIRWAY PROTECTION STATEMENT

FAIRWAY FUMIGATION (not control of raw agricultural commodities, ticks, flies, cockroaches, silverfish, and fungi) introduce Chloropicrin into a shallow pan or onto burlap sacks, or similar absorbent material located inside the structure or fumigation chamber. Increase dosage rates by 1 pound per 100 cubic feet when absorbent materials are present.

ANIMAL INFORMATION Refer to Application. All windows, doors and other openings should be sealed to make the building gas tight. Temperature at time of application should be 50 degrees F. or higher. Introduce Chloropicrin into a shallow pan or onto burlap sacks, or similar absorbent material located inside the structure or fumigation chamber. Increase dosage rates by 1 pound per 100 cubic feet when absorbent materials are present.

ANIMAL FUMIGATION For the control of fleas, mice, silverfish, cockroaches, and moths in furniture and clothing use 1 to 2 pounds of Chloropicrin. In heavily infested vaults, increase dosage rates by an additional 1 pound per 100 cubic feet.

ANIMAL FUMIGATION Introduce the desired amount of Chloropicrin into a shallow pan or onto burlap sacks or similar absorbent material located inside the structure or vault. Use fans to hasten evaporation of Chloropicrin and to keep fumigant circulation. Exposure time is 24 hours. Ventilate by opening doors and using fans for 12 to 24 hours prior to re-entry.

#### OFF FAIRWAY STATEMENT

**TREATMENT OF WOOD, TIMBERS, POLES, PILES  
AND GLUE-LAMINATED BEAMS FOR CONTROL OF  
INTERNAL WOOD DECAY BY FUNGI AND INSECTS**

Carefully pour or inject Chloropicrin into drilled holes, then plug the holes with a 2 1/2" x 3" treated wood plug. When pouring or injecting fumigant and plugging holes wear safety goggles to avoid spattering any liquid into the eyes. Holes in poles and piles should be positioned in a spiral pattern by drilling each hole 6-12° vertically from the preceding hole and rotating it by 90 degrees. Drill holes at a steep downward angle and avoid drilling through sawn lumber checks. If a treating tool intersects an internal rot pocket, plug that hole and drill new hole in solid wood down and, if possible, below the rot. For unspayed poles, the first hole should be drilled at the ground level. Fill and plug the lowest hole before filling next higher hole. The suggested number of holes per treated structural timber and dosage are indicated in the following table.

HOLE CIRCUMFERENCE	HOLE DIAMETER	LENGTH OF HOLE	HOLDS PER POLE	HOLDS OF TREATED POLE
118" DIA. 42"	5.8"	15"	6	64
	5.8"	18"	5	44
	3.4"	15"	4	44
32" DIA. 42"	3.4"	15"	6	1
	3.4"	18"	5	1
	3.4"	21"	4	1
	3.4"	24"	3	1
More than 42"	3.4"	21"	3	1
	3.4"	24"	2	2
	2.8"	21"	3	2
	2.8"	24"	4	2

For poles treated near the cutoff tops, cap them at 12" as recommended by the American Wood Preservers' Association MC-1 to contain the fumes and prevent reinfestation.

To treat glue-laminated beams, use at least 10 parts of chemical per cubic foot of wood to be treated. Drill treating holes into the beam diagonally through all laminae when treatment is done. Study tables to determine strength reductions of timbers. A vapor control soap may be needed to reduce chemical vapor loss from a building under construction.

For more detailed directions with appropriate safety precautions, refer to the "Fumigation Manual for Protection of Wood Products Against Decay Fungi."

**RECORDING OF TREATMENT CONVENTION**

- The applicator must placard or post all entrances to the fumigated area with signs bearing in English and Spanish:
1. The signal word DANGER/HAZARD and the skull and crossbones symbol
  2. The statement "Area under fumigation DO NOT ENTER/NO ENTRÉE"
  3. The date of fumigation
  4. Name of fumigant used
  5. Name, address and telephone number of applicator

Only a certified applicator may remove placards, and only when the concentration of chloropicrin is below 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/cu m).

**AERATION AND REENTRY**

After fumigation treatment areas must be aerated until the level of chloropicrin is below 0.1 ppm. Do not allow entry into treated area by any person before this time unless provided with a respiratory protection device (SCBA, a combination air-supplied/SCBA, or approved canister respirator).

**WARNING AGENT**

Chloropicrin may be used for clearing structures prior to fumigating with methyl bromide or sulfuryl fluoride. Prepare structure for fumigation and seal all except one entrance. Use 1 ounce per 10,000 - 15,000 cubic feet of space to be fumigated. When building is evacuated, seal the entrance and start the fans. Check seals for tightness. Five to ten minutes later introduce methyl bromide or sulfuryl fluoride.

CHLOROPICRIN 100 is compatible when mixed with Chlorinated C<sub>6</sub> Hydrocarbons.

**WARRANTY**

**NOTICE:** Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on its label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to seller, and buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

**SPECIMEN**



**POISON**

**INHALATION HAZARD**

**6**

UN 1580  
CHLOROPICRIN  
LIQUID

ACCEPTED  
8536-2  
21 NOV 1988

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE,  
MOULDER AND RODENTICIDE ACT  
BOTH EXCLUDING POISON PREPARATIONS  
UN-NEW NC