

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (H7505C) 401 "M" St., S.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

EPA Reg. Number: 8378-61 Date of Issuarce:

NOV - 6 2001

Term of Issuance:

Conditional

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:

x Registration
 Reregistration

(under FIFRA, as amended)

Name of Pesticide Product:

SHAW'S TURF FOOD WITH Crabgrass Control RONSTAR® 100

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code):

KNOX FERTILIZER COMPANY

P.O. Box 248

Knox, IN 46534

Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in connecte. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA sec. 3(c)(7)(A) provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data required for the registration of this product when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of this product under FIFRA section 4.
- 2. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No.8378-61" to the label before you release the product for shipment.
- 3. Submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.
- 4. Submit required Storage Stability (Guideline No. 830.6317 and Corrosion characteristics (Guideline No. 830.6320) within 1 year from the date of this Notice.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure

Joanne I. Miller Product Manager (23) Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

NOV - 6 2001

Joanne D. Miller

# - Shaw's Turf Food with Crangrass Control RONSTAR® 100

FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL NURSERY, TURF MANAGE-MENT AND LANDSCAPE PERSONNEL ONLY, NOT FOR USE ON HOME LAWNS, FOR USE ON GOLF COURSES, NURSERIES, PARKS, SOD FARMS, ATHLETIC FIELDS, AND OTHER RECREATIONAL AND ORNAMENTAL TURFGRASS

A Pre-emergent Weed Control Product plus a Quality Fertilizer for use on varieties of Perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Bermuda grass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustine grass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue and Zoysiagrass. Also For Use Around Ornamental Shrubs, Vines, Trees & Ground Covers.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Oxadiazor\* -OTHER INGREDIENTS: - - -99.00% 100.00%

[19666-30-9] Contains RONSTAR® Herbicide. A Reg. T.M. of Aventis, Inc. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

WARNING - AVISO Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail,

**FIRST AID** IF SWALLOWED - Call a Poison Control Center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF IN EYES - Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. IF ON SKIN - Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately

with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes. Call a poison control center of I doctor for treatment advice. IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth it possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Have this product container or label with you when calling a poison control center, or doctor, or when going

SEE SIDE/BACK PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield or safety glasses). Causes skin irritation. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing dust, contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Do not allow domestic animals to graze treated areas. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear coveralls over short-sleeved shirt and short pants; chemical resistant gloves and footwear, plus socks; protective eyewear, chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure; chemical resistant apron when cleaning equipment. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

User Safety Recommendations

User Safety Recommendations

Users should: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly of through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigations system. Apply only as specified on this label

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this productionly in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on sod farms, and nurseries, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) notification to workers, and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

<u>Do not enter</u> or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of 12 hours. <u>PPE required</u> for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls; chemical resistant gloves, and footwear, plus socks, protective eyewear, and chemical resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

# KNOX FERTILIZER CO.

KNOX, IN 46534

## ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated

NOV - 6 200i

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 8378-61

Label Page 1 of 3 14 EPA Reg. No. 8378-- /

EPA EST. NO. 8378-IN-1

**NET WEIGHT** 50 POUNDS

Controls Crabgrass, Goosegrass, Poa Annua, Annual Sedge and other weeds as listed, on Golf Courses, Commercial Lawns, and other Athletic, Recreational, Omamental Turf. WHERE, HOW MUCH AND WHEN TO USE ON TURFGRASS

This product may be used at full rate or as a \*\*split application in established perennial Bluegrass, Bentgrass (see restrictions), Bermudagrass, Buffalograss, Perennial Ryegrass, St. Augustinegrass, Seashore Paspalum, Tall Fescue, and Zoysiagrass turf, at apartment/condominium complexes, corporate and public parks, golf courses, sod farms, athletic fields, playgrounds, cemeteries and other ornamental and recreational turfgrass area. <u>Not for use on home lawns.</u> The turf should be free of leaves and thatch and in condition to allow granules to reach the soil surface. Know the square footage of the area to be treated and uniformly apply using a granule spreader. Do not apply to turf when it is wet. When using at full rate do not overlap spreader applications, especially on St. Augustinegrass since discoloration "streaking" may temporarily occur from the "doubled rate".

See section on this label entitled; PRECAUTIONS IN USING ON TURFGRASS for the maximum rate for St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass of 3 lbs. a.i. per acre which is equiv. to 6.9 lbs. of this product

per 1,000 sq.ft.). After applications if rain is not expected within 24 hours sprinkle irrigate the treated turf with up to a 1/4 inch of water to get maximum weed control and quicker response from the fertilizer nutrients. This product is a pre-emergence herbicide and must be applied prior to weed seed germination. It will not control growing weeds. \*\*See section on this label entitled; FOR SPRING APPLICATION ON GOLF COURSES for instructions to apply the 3 lb. or 4 lb. a.i. per acre rate as

a Split Application

# Pre-emergence Weed Control

ı	vveeas Controllea	ROS. a.I. / ACTE 1	ios. Or Ptoqua	Initections - Keier to Map of U.S
ŀ	Crabgrass (Digitaria, spp.)	lbs.product/acre	per 1,000 sq.ft.	Apply in late winter or early spring prior to
۱	Goosegrass (Éleusine indica)	2 to 4 lbs. a.i.≱\	4.6 to 9.2 lbs.	weed seed germination. See map. In
l	Field Sandbur (Canchus incertus)			areas 4 & 5 applications made afte
ļ	Annual Sedge(Cyperus compressus)			April or May, may not be fully effective
l	Annual Biegrass (Poa annua spp.)		4.6 to 9.2lbs.	Apply in late summer to early fall prior to
ł	(See Note Below)	200 to 400 lbs /=		weed seed cermination.
١	Virginia Buttonweed (Diodia	4 lbs. a.iJA	9.2 lbs.	Apply in early spring prior to weed seed
l	virginiana)	400 lbs.product		germination.
i	Pigweed (Amaranthus spp,)	/acre		
ı	Florida Pusley (Richardia scabra)			i
١	Oxalis (Oxalis spp.)			
ļ	Stinging Nettle (Urtica dioica)			
1	Carpetgrass (Axonapus offinis)	İ		
l	Fall Application to	r Spring Wee	d Control in	Cool Season Turt

3 to 4 lbs. a.t/A; 6.9 to 9.2 lbs For use in Bluegrass, Bentgrass, Crabgrass, Goosegrass and

300 to 400 lbs. other annual weeds as listed. 11,000 perennial Ryegrass and Tall Fescue. Make application in the fall product/acre after turf has become dormant. For late fall applications, seeding

into treated areas should be delayed until 4 months after greenup.

Annual Bluegrass Control in Bermudagrass Farways Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass only. Annual Bluegrass (Poa annua spp.) 2 lbs. a.i./A 4.6 lbs. /1,000 Apply in late summer to early fall

prior to Poa annua spp., seed ger-200 lbs/acre NOTE: In many areas annual bluegrass exists as at least two biotypes mination. Any Poa annua spp. esor subspecies of Poa Annua. The true annual biotype. "Poa Annua spp. tablished when this product is apannua" which germinates from seed every year is controlled, while the plied will not be controlled. It biotype, "Poa Annua spp. raptans" which behaves like a <u>perennial</u> and should not be applied closer than survives through the summer, as an established plant, cannot be 60 days to overseeding. Do not use controlled. Consult the extension service or University weed specialist where poa trivialis is present in the In your area for more information concerning your locale. overseed modure. Apply the full

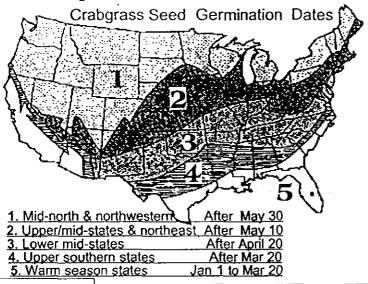
2 b. a.i. rate in one application.

Annual Weed Control during establishment from "Sprigs", of Bermudagrass, Zoysiagrass, and Seashore Paspalum.

2 to 3 lbs. a.i./A 4.6 to 6.9 lbs. Directions - Refer to Map of U.S. 200 to 300 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft. on this label. For Bermudagrass Crabgrass and Goosegrass, Annual Sedge and other annual per acre makeapplication immediately prior

to, or, immediately after sprigging. For Seashore Pascalum and Zoysia make application 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. For best results sprintder irrigate the "sprigged" area with up to 1/4 inch water after application.

SHAW'S TURF FOOD WITH CRABGRASS CONTROL RONSTAR® 100 EPA Reg. No. 8378- .EPA EST. NO. 8378-IN-1



#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USES REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, or nurseries. Thoroughly wash face and hands with soap and water after exposure and before eating or smoking. Wear protective clothing including long-sleeved shirt and chemical resistant gloves when handling. Launder exposed clothing before reuse.

# FOR SPRING APPLICATION ON GOLF COURSES

FOR SPRING APPLICATION ON GOLF COURSES

The 3 lb. and 4 lb. a.i. per acre rates may be applied as a split application. Weed control and better turf management can be programmed by splitting the a.i. per acre rate of active ingredient into "two" separate applications. For example to accomplish this in region #5 (See map of U.S.on this label); first apply 1.5 lbs. a.i.(for required 3 lbs. a.i./acre rate) or first apply 2 lbs.a.i acre (for a 4 lb. a.i./acre rate) as the 1st application 1 to 2 weeks before estimated weed seed germination or in late December or early January; Then follow with the second "1/2 rate" of a.i. in 60 days or the first of March. The timing for these applications should be closely programmed to the geographic region; (see map of U.S.on this label) and adjusted to an "early" or "late" spring. Do not split the 2 lb. a.i./acre rate. The 3 lb. a.i. / acre rate should not be split if applied to new turf areas first under turf management where weed pressure is expected to be heavy. pressure is expected to be heavy.

Bermuda & Paspalum Directions - Refer to U.S. Map on this label. For Bermudagrass make application immediately prior to or after sprigging. For Seashore Paspalum apply 10 to 14 days after sprigging. Applications made close to the time of sprigging may cause objectionable paspalum injury. Disturbance of the soil surface after application may disrupt the herbicide barrier and reduce effectiveness. For best results sprinkler irrigate the "sprigged" area with up to 1/4 inch water after application.

For St. Augustinegrass and Bentgrass turf, DO NOT exceed the rate of 3 lbs. of active ingredient per acre which is equal to 6.9 lbs. of this product per 1 000 so ft. DO NOT apply to Bottomark of Smoke. product per 1,000 sq.ft. DO NOT apply to Bentgrass turf mowed less than 3/8 inch. This product may cause discoloration of Bentgrass, Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitation Bermudagrass and St. Augustinegrass but this discoloration is of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks. Avoid contact following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties, and Limitations of Liability. temporary and normally outgrown within 2 to 3 weeks. Avoid contact with flowers and shrubs except as recommended elsewhere for ornamental plants on this label. <u>DO NOT</u> apply to newly seeded areas. Seeding into treated areas believe that the property of treatment. DO NOT apply to Dichondra or Centipedegrass. DO NOT use on golf course putting greens or tees because of the varying cultural practices used.

**GUARANTEED FERTILIZER ANALYSIS** Total Nitrogen (N)....... variable \_% Nitrate Nitrogen variable\_% Ammoniacal Nitrogen variable Water Soluble Nitrogen and/or Urea Nitrogen variable Water Insoluble Nitrogen variable Available Phosphoric Acid (P2O5). . variable -% Soluble Potash (K2O). variable\_% Derived from Ammonium Sulfate, Ureaform, Muriate of Potash; Manganese as Mn\_%; Iron as Fe \_%; Chlorine < \_%

# WEEDS CONTROLLED

**Annual Bluegrass** Annual Sedge \*Barnyardgrass **Bittercress** Carpetweed Carpetgrass Common Groundsel **Common Purslane** Crabgrass \*Evening Primrose Fireweed Field Sandbur Foxtail; Green, Bristly Fall Panicum Florida Pusley \*Galinsoga Golden Ragwort \*Goosegrass

Label Page 2 of 3 \*\*Jungle Ricegrass Lambsquarter \*\*Liverwort **Oxalis** \*\*Panama Paspalum Pennsylvania Smartweed Redroot Pigweed Sensitive plant Shepardspurse Sow thistle Speedwell-**Spotted Catsear** Spurge; Garden, Petty, \*\*Prostrate Stinging Nettle \*Swinecress Virginia Buttonweed Yellow Woodsorrel.

\*For the weeds with 1 asterisk\* above, use 3 to 4 lbs. a.i. per acre (equal to 300 lbs. to 400 lbs. of this product per acre or 6.9 lbs. to 9.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.).
\*\*For the difficult-to-control weeds with 2 asterisks\*\* above, use the 4 lbs. a.i. per

acre (equal to 400 lbs. of this product /acre or 9.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.) NOTE: For newly seeded lawns do not apply this product until after the second cutting. For best turf management, place new grass seed in the fall of the year. Spring pre-emergence weed control can then be applied

SPREADER SETTINGS

Spreader settings are calculated to apply the recommended rates of active ingredient per acre based on this product bulk density of 50 to 60 lbs. per cubic foot. Settings will vary if your turfgrass requires this EPA registered herbicide/fertilizer combination product with a lighter bulk density. To check your spreader settings refer to the spreader manual or manufacturer. Test apply enough product to cover 500 sq.ft. based on the amount of product a.i. you wish to apply per acre. Select a suitable rate from in the Pre-emergence Weed Control chart, on this label. Adjust and record the setting if required. Apply as directed on this label.

 
 Spreader Settings
 for 2 lbs. a l/Acre
 for 3 lbs. a l/Acre
 for 4 lbs. a l/Acre

 Cyclone B3-Pro
 # 2.50
 # 3.00
 # 3.5

 Scotts Pro R-8A
 # H
 # I
 # J
 Scotts Pro R-8A Plan on an approximately 3 mph spreader speed to obtain best coverage. Know the exact square footage before application. Incorrect application will result in poor weed control.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. STORAGE: Store product in its original bag, in a cool, dry, locked place out of reach of children. In case of spill, sweep up, and use according to directions or dispose of as follows. <u>PESTICIDE DISPOSAL</u>: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance. CONTAINER DIS-

# READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and should be followed carefully. However it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or

of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Knox Fertilizer Company. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

<u>Disclaimer of Warrantles</u>: There are no warranties express or implied, of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose or otherwise, which extend beyond the statements made on this tabel. No agent of Knox Fertilizer Company is authorized to make any warranties beyond those contained herein or to modify the warranties contained herein.

Platte Chemical Company disclaims any liability whatsoever for special, incidental, or consequential damages resulting from the use or handling of this product.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTIES: The exclusive remedy of the user or buyer for any and all losses, injuries or damages, resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in

losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product, whether in contract warranty, tort, negligence, strict liability or otherwise, shall not exceed the pruchase price, or at Knox Fertilizer Company's option, the replacement of the product.

FOR THE FOLLOWING EMERGENCY, PHONE 24 HOURS A DAY TRANSPORTATION: CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

Knox Fertilizer Company P.O. Box 248 - Knox IN-46534

For a Wide Variety of listed Woody \*Ornamental Shrubs, Vines, Trees, and Ground Covers in Landscape Plantings and for Container and Field Grown Nursery Plants.

> \*For use only on plants that will not bear edible fruit within one year of application.

# ESTABLISHED ORNAMENTALS and GROUND COVERS COMMON NAMES

Abutilon Acacia Agapanthus Allamanda, Common Andromeda Aralia Andromeca
Aralia
Arborvita
Arsh, Green
Azalea
Baby's Breath
Bald Cypress
Bamboo, Feathery
Banyan, Weeping
Barberry
Becfisteak Plant
Bearberry
Beech, European
Birch, Paper
Blanket Flower
Blazing Star
Boxwood, Japanese

Boxwood, Common Bouganvillea Brassaia, Dwarf Buddela Bugleflower Callistemon Camellia, Common, Jap Camcllia, Sasanque Candyruft Carissa Carnation Ceanothus Cedar, Red Cedar, Atlas Cistus Omamental\* Grapetrult Lemon Lime Mandarin Tangelo Tangerine Temple Cuban Shaddock

Valencia Washington Navel Washington Nat Cleyera Coreopsis Coromandel Cotoneaster Crabappie Crapemyrile Chrysanthemum Cypress Cypress Cypress
Cypress
Cypress, Leyland
Dahlia
Daphne, Fragrant
Deutzia, Slender
Dieffenbachia
Dogwood, Common
Dogwood, Redisser
Dogwood, Kousa
Douglas fir
Elm
Escallonia
Eucalyptus Escalionia
Euralyphus
Euryops, Gray Leaved
Euronymus, Spreading
Euonymus, Wintercreper
Falsecypress, Hinoki
Falsecypress, Japanese
Flowering Quince
Forsythia
Gardenia
Gardenia
Gardenia Gardenia
Gazania Trailing
Ginko
Gladiolas
Golden Raintree
Heath, Spring

Heather, Scotch Hellotroplum Hemlock, Canada Hibiscus Honeysuckle Holly Ice Plant Ice Plant
Ilima
Ivy, Algerian
Ivy, English
Jasmine, Orange
Jasmine, Primrose
Jasmine, Star
Jasmine, Showy Jasmine, Showy
Juniper
Juniper
Justica
Kwanzan Cherry
Lamb's Ear
Lantana, Tralling
Lapalapa
Larch, European
Laurel, English
Leopards - Bane
Leucothoe, Coast
Leucothoe, Drooping

Jly of the Nile Lliac Linicleaf Linden Littleteaf Linden
Loquat\*
Magnolia
Mahonia, Grape Holly
Maple
Metallic Plant
Mexican Orange
Mock Orange
Money Tree
Murraea
Murraea Murraea Myoporum Myrtle Nandina Oak Nandina
Oak
Ochana
Ohai
Oleander
Orthosiphon
Osmanihus
Pachysandra
Palm, Bamboo
Palm, Fishtall
Palm, Licuala
Palm, Macarthur
Palm, Maclarthur
Palm, Manlia
Palm, Parlor
Palm, Ratran
Palm, Scaling Wax
Paperbark Tree
Peony
Periwinkle, Common
Periwinkle, Large
Photinia, Frasiers
Poinclana
Pine
Pitrosporum, Japanese Pine
Pittosporum, Japanese
Pium, Natal
Podocarpus, Yew
Pomegranite
Popiar
Potentilla
Potentilla
Potentilla Protea species

Pyracantha Raphiolepis Redwood, Dawn Rhododendron Rose, spp. Russian Olive Sargent Cherry Scotch Broom Sedum Serviceberry, Saskatoon Serviceberry, Sassanour Spruce Statice St. Johnswort, Golden St. Johnswort, Goldencup Strawberry Tree Sumac, Stagnom Sweet William Syzydium Sweet william Syzyglum Trailing African Daksy Vibumum Wedelia Wisteria, chinese Witchhazel, common Woodwaxen, common Woody Thyme Xvlosma

# WHERE, HOW MUCH, AND WHEN TO USE AROUND ORNAMENTALS

Can be applied anytime of the year prior to weed seed germination to both newly transplanted and established actively growing or dormant ornamental plants where both weed control and fertilization is desired. Rainfall or overhead impation 1/4 inch water will improve weed control activity. Do not mix into soil. Disturbing or cultivating the soil after treatment may reduce weed control. Do not apply granules to wet foliage or under conditions in which granules will collect on leaves, if so, sprinkler-irrigate the plants to move granules off foliage and down to soil level. Do not apply in greenhouses as plant injury may likely result. Use the higher application rates for areas that have a history of heavy weed pressure. For best weed control around ornamentals first remove any existing weed growth and if possible rake, cultivate and smooth the soil surface by breaking-up clumps, Broadcast the granules evenly over the prepared soil by applying 2 lbs. to 4 lbs. active ingredient per acre, equal to 200 to 400 lbs. of this product /acre or 4.6 to 9.2 lbs. per 1,000 sq.ft.respectively.

# NEWLY TRANSPLANTED ORNAMENTALS AND GROUND COVERS

COMMON NAMES Blanket Flower Brassala, Dwarf Camellia Carnation Cedar, Red Coromandel Dogwood, Flowering Elm Forsythia Gazania, Trailing Hackberry Ivy, Algerian Ivy, English Hemlock, Canada Hellinock, Holly Ice Plant Juniper Leopards -Bane Metallic plant Oak Periwinkle, Common Periwinkle, Large

Rhododendron Russian Olive Spruce Trailing African Dalsy Wedelia Wisteria, Chinese

Pine Poplar Privet

Protea Species

FOREST NURSERY APPLICATION

COMMON NAME Pine, Lobiolly Pine, Eastern White Pine, Slash

SCIENTIFIC NAME Pinus, teada Pinus, Strobus Pinus, Canbaea

SENSITIVE PLANTS Under certain growing conditions, the plant varieties listed below may be sensitive to this product. Growers should evaluate usage on a small scale prior to large scale applications. COMMON NAMES PLANT SPECIES VARIETIES

Andromeda (Pieris japonica) Azalea

Cotoneaster

Pink Champagne, Hershey, (Rhodendren spp. Leuchtenfuer, Memolre John Hearrens, Hino Crimson, Everest, Girard Eichholz, Himalayan, Shangri-Ia (Cotocaster spp) Petite Red Imperial, and Seminole Bush Mediterranean Pink

Mediterranean Pink

Pendula

Red Heart

Snowdrift, Temple Bell

Crape myrtle (Lagerstroemis Indica) Heath, Spring (Erica cameo) Hemlock, Canada (Tsuga canadensis) Hibiscus (Hibiscus Syrlacus) Rhododendron

Spruce, Norway (Picea ables) Spruce, White (Picea glauca) Vibumum

Daphnoides, Nova Zembia, (Rhododendron spp), Catawba Album Pumila

Densara Davidii Viburnum spp)

EPA Reg. No. 8378-\_\_\_ EPA EST. NO. 8378-IN-1 **NET WEIGHT 50 POUNDS** 

> KNOX FERTILIZER CO. O.O. Box 248 · KNOX IN 46534