

WESTERN FLY-TROL

Mineral Mix For Self Feeding

(With RABON Oral Larvicide)

To prevent the development of Horn Flies, Face Flies, House Flies, and Stable Flies in the manure of treated cattle.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT	BY WEIGH
2-chloro-1-(2, 4, 5-trichlorophenyl) vinyl dimethyl	
phosphate	1.5%
INTERT INGREDIENTS	98.5%
•	100.0%
*Refers only to ingredients which are not larvicidal.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

Phosphorus (P), min.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	AND TO THE
Calcium (Ca)	min. 8.0%	6224 Q 694
todine, min		
Salt	tnin. 25.0%	20 APA
Vitamin A. min		,000 USP Un (s/ib.

INGREDIENTS

Dicalcium Phosphate, Monocalcium Phosphate. Ground Limestone, Sait, Sodium Bentonite, Grain Products, Ened Yeast Culture, Cane Molasses, Mangangus Oxide, Cohalt Carbonate, Copper Oxide, Ferrous Carbonate, Ethylenediamine Dihydrorodide, Magnesium Oxide, Zinc Oxide, Iron Oxide, Calcium Iodate, Vitamin A Supplement (stability improved), Natural and Artificial (1876).

DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON REVERSE SIDE KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

See reverse of tag for additional precautionary statements.

EPA Reg. No. 8188-3

RABON is the registered trademark of Shell Oil Company - U.S. Patent Nc. 3,102,842

Manufactured By

WESTERN RANCH PRODUCTS, INC.

Industrial Park

P.O. Box 31

Gering, Nebraska 69341 Phone (308) 436-3156

NET WEIGHT 50 LBS.



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS CAUTION

Keep out of reach of children. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating or smoking. If in eacs, wash with plenty of water for 15 minutes. If Irritation persists, see a physicien

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of takes, streams and ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE GENERAL CLASSIFICATION

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Allow free choice to cattle. Cattle should consume an average of 5 oz. of the mineral per 100 lbs. of body weight per month. This will supply the recommended average daily intake of 70 mg. RABON* Oral Larvicide per hundred pounds body weight. Animals should not be starved for minerals before initiation of the RABON Cattle Mineral Mix program but OMIT all salt from other feed after the program is started. Do not feed other free choice sources of salt or mineral containing salt in any form. Allow one mineral feeder for each 15-20 head, and place near watering and loafing areas. Put out no more than one month's supply at a time, and protect from rain.

If consumption of WESTERN FLY-TROL Mineral Mix above 5 oz. per 100 lbs. of body weight per month, reduce the number of feeding locations or relocate. If consumption is below 5 oz. per 100 lbs. of body weight per month, increase the number of feeding locations. Start feeding WESTERt1 FLY-TROL Mineral Mix early in the spring before flies begin to appear, and continue feeding throughout the summer and into fall. WESTERN FLY-TROL Mineral Mix may be fed up to slaughter and to lactating dairy cows.

WESTERN FLY-TROL Mineral Mix prevents the development of horn flies, face flies, house flies and stable flies in the manure of treated cattle but is not effective against existing adult flies. When starting a feeding program during the fly season, it may be necessary to use other control measures to reduce the population of existing adult flies.

Supplemental fly control measures may be needed in and around cattle lots and buildings to control adult tiouse flies and stable flies which can breed not only in cattle manure but in other decaying vegetable matter or silage on the premises. In order to achieve optimum fly control, WESTERN FLY-TROL Mineral Mix should be used in conjunction with other good management and sanitation practices.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Presticide that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides or buried in a safe place away from water supplies.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Dispose of in an incinerator or landfill approved for posticide containers, or bury in a safe place.

Consuit Federal, State or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures such as timited open burning.

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ACCEPTED

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Under the Federal Inscoticide,

Emploide, and Rodonicide Act, as amended, for the pesticide