ACCEPTED

AUG 2 0 1973

fresh cut stumps and brush stubs can be a red done at any time of the year. Sprayings us should be done as soon as possible after cutting, using a knapsack sprayer. Use 1-1/2 pi-ts Brush Killer in 3 gallons of fuel, diesel, kerosene or transformer oil. Stumps and stubs should be wet thoroughly until run down or run-off is noticeable. Both cut surfaces and all exposed bark should be sprayed. Should regrowth occur a second application may be necessary.

BASAL BARK TREATMENT - This method of treatment can be done either during growing or dormant season. The advantage of this treatment is that brush work can be done when time is available and in crop areas after the susceptible crop has been harvested. Care should be taken not to spray valuable plants which are susceptible to injury, even in the dormant stage. A knapsack sprayer using low pressures is desirable. Use 1½ pints Brush Killer in 3 gallons of fuel, diesel, kerosune or transformer oil. Spray all brush from an area 12 to 18 inches above the ground thoroughly covering all sides until run-off is noticeable.

CAUTION

May cause skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid inhaling spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

WARNING

This product will kill or seriously injure many desirable forms of vegetation. Do not apply directly to flowers, fruits, vegetables, grapes, ornamentals, cotton or other desirable plants. Do not use when there is hazard from drifting mists. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.)

NET CONTENTS



BRUSH KILLER

SOW VOLATILE FORMULA

CONTAINS 2 POUNDS 2,4-D ACID AND 2 POUNDS 2.4.5-TP ACID PER GALLON

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: *Isooctyl ester of 2-(2,4,5,-(richlorophenoxy) propionic acid	31.16%
**Isooctyl ester of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid	33.15%
INERT INGREDIENTS	35.69%
TOTAL	100.00%

^{*}Equivalent to 22% SILVEX (2-(2,4,5-trichlorophenoxy) Propionic Acid

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN See Other Warnings on Side Panel

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Brush Killer will control certain woody plants and brush more effectively than will the use of 2,4-D alone. Such plants as the following are susceptible to a foliage spray containing 3 to 4 querts Brush Killer in 100 gallons of water. Use coarse spray and cover all foliage and branches to run off point. Use on range-lands, ditches, feace rows, right-of-ways, pastures and similar non-crop areas.

Aspen	Current	Horsechestnyt	Raspberry
Apple, American Crab	Elderberry	Juneberry	Rose, Cherokee
Birch	Elder, box	Locust, black	Sagebrush
Blackberry	Elm	Locust, honey	Sassafras
Brambles	Gum, black	Mesquite	Silverberry
Buckbush	Gum, sweet	Mulberry	Skunkbrush
Catalpa	Hackberry	Oaks	Shadebrush
Ceder, Selt	Hawthorne	Osage Orange	Spicebrush
Cherry, choke	Hazel	Pine	Sumac
Cherry, wild	Herculesclub	Poison Ivy	Sweetfern
Chestnut	Hickory	Poison Oak	Wild grape
Chinaberry	Honeysuckle	Poplar	Willow
Cu tonwood	Hornbeam	Prickly Ash	

For knapsack sprayers use 1 pint Brush Killer in 10 gallons of water. Some highly resistant woody plants such as Ash, Basswood, Beech, Red Maple, Mesquite, Persimmon, Rhododendron and Spruce can be best controlled by cutting and spraying the cut stubs with a solution of 3 to 4 quarts in 20 to 25 gallons of kerosene, fuel, diesel or transformer oil. For knapsack sprayers use 1½ pints in 3 gallons of fuel, diesel, kerosene or transformer oil.

E.P.A. REG. NO. 8123-43

SOLD BY
FRANK MILLER & SONS INC.
13831 S. Emerald Avenue

Chicago, 11. 60627

Excessive amounts of this product

Avoid contamination of water used for domestic purposes and irrigation ditches. Excessive amounts of this product in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and plant growth.

WARNING (Continued)

Vapors from this product may injure sus-

ceptible plants in the immediate vicinity.

This product not for use on lawns.

Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas for 7 days after treatment.

Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides.

Do not reuse empty drum. Return to drum reconditioner or destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place away from water supplies.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams or ponds. Do not apply where runcif is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specif. d on this label.

Spray equipment used in applying this product should be thoroughly cleaned before using for any other purpose. Use repeated flushing with soap and warm water or suitable chemical cleaner. It is best to use a separate sprayer for application of insect cides and fungicides.

NOTICE

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

^{**}Equivalent to 22% 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid



STUMP TREATMENT - Treatment of fresh cut stumps and brush stubs can be done at any time of the year. Spraying should be done as soon as possible after cutting, using a knapsack sprayer. Use 1-12 pints Brush Killer in 3 gallons of fuel, diesel, kerosene ar transformer oil. Stumps and stubs should be wet thoroughly until run down or run-off is noticeable. Both cut suffaces and all exposed bark should be sprayed. Should regrowth accur a second application may be necessary.

BASAL BARK TREATMENT . This method of treatment can be done either during growing or dormant season. The advantage of this treatment is that brush work can be dene when time is available and in crop areas after the susceptible crop has been harvested. Care should be taken not to spray valuable plants which are susceptible to injury, even in the dormant stage. A knapsack sprayer using low pressures is desirable. Use 11/2 pints Brush Killer in 3 gallons of fuel, diesel, kerosene or transformer oil. Spray all brush from an area 12 to 18 inches above the ground thoroughly covering all sides until run-off is noticeable.

CAUTION

May cause skin irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid inhaling spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

WARNING

This product will kill or seriously injure there is hazard from drifting mists. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.)

NET CONTENTS

LOW VOLATILE FORMULA

CONTAINS 2 POUNDS 2,4-D ACID AND 2 POUNDS 2.4.5-TP ACID PER GALLON

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS. *Isoactyl ester of 2 (2.45. Trich crophenoxy) propionic acid **Isooctyl ester of 2.4 Dichlorophenoxyecetic acid

TOTAL

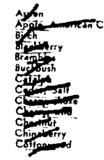
*Equivalent to 22% SILVEX (2-(2.4.5 trichlorophenoxy) Propionic Acid

**Equivalent to 22% 2.4 Dichle-ophenoxyacetic acid

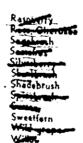
WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN See Other Warnings on Side Panel

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Brush Killer will control certain woody plants and brush more effectively than will the use of 2,4-0 alone. Such plants as the following are susceptible to a foliage spray containing 3 to 4 querts. Brush Killer in 100 gallons of water. Use coarse spray and cover all foliage and branches to run off point. Use on range lands, ditches, fegot rows, right dways, pastyres and similar non-sep







many desirable forms of vegetation. Do Fer knapsack sprayers use 1 pint Brush Killer in 10 gallons of water. Some highly resistent woody not apply directly to flowers, fruits, vege-tables, grapes, ornamentals, cotton or other desirable plants. Do not use when gallons of fuel, diesel, kerasene or transformer oil.

E.P.A. REG. NO. 8123-43

SOLD BY

FRANK MILLER & SONS INC. 13831 S. Emerald Avenue Chicago, 11. 50627

WARNI

Vapors from this ceptible plants in

Avoid contamina domestic purpose Excessive amount soil may temporar. tion and plant gro-

31 16% This product not fo 33 154

35 69°. Do not graze dai. areas for 7 days at 100.00%

> Do not store nat secticides or fungic

Do not reuse empty crushing and burying from water supplies.

This product is tox of lakes, streams or where runoff is like: apply when weathe drift from areas trea ingte water by clear disposal of wastes. only as specified on

Spray equipment us product should be before using for any repeated flushing wi water or suitable che best to use a separat cation of insecticides

Seller makes no warr implied, concerning to uct other than indic Buyer assumes all re handling of this mate and/or handling is co structions.

ACCEPTED

ENT - Treatment of

nd brush stubs can be

of the year. Spraying

soon as possible after apsack sprayer. Use

iller in 3 gallens of

ne or transformer oil.

ould be wet thoroughly

run-off is noticeable.

and all exposed back

Should regrowth occur

in may be necessory.

REATMENT - This

can be done either

timent season. The

eatment is that brush

nen time is evailable

ifter the susceptible

injusy, even in the

speack sprayer using

irable. Use 1½ pints lons of fuel, diesel,

mer all. Spray all

? to 18 inches above

/ covering all sides

tation. Harmful if

haling spray mist.

in, eyes or clothing.

or seriously injure

of vegetation. Do

owers, fruits, vege-

nentals, cotton or

Do not use when

m drifting mists.

i likely to drift.)

able.

ION

ING

ited. Care should be sluable plants which SI23-43 BRUSH

BRUSH KILLER

LOW VOLATILE FORMULA

CONTAINS 2 POUNDS 24-D ACID AND 2 POUNDS 24-5 TP ACID PER GALLON

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: *Isoactyl ester of 2-1245. Trich prophenosy) propionic acid

**Isoactyl ester of 2.4 Di-hlorophenoxyacetic acid

INERT INGREDIENTS

TOTAL

35 69°.

31 16%

33 15%

*Equivalent to 22% SILVEX (2-(2.4.5-trichiorophenoxy) Propionic Acid

**Equivalent to 22% 2,4-Dichtorophenoxyacetic acid

WARNING: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN See Other Warnings on Side Panel

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Brush Killer will control certain woody plants and brush more effectively than will the use of 2,4.D alone. Such plants as the following are susceptible to a foliage spray containing 3 to 4 querts Brush Killer in 100 gallons of water. Use coarse spray and cover all foliage and bronches to run off point. Use on range lands, ditches, legal rows, right-plaways, pastyles and similar non-perparens.



Coront Elderberry Edder box Gunnandt Halletry Hauttery Herattelub History

Hosenestnut
Jung Lawry
L

Rashingty
Roachesta
Sanaka
Sanaka
Sili Times
Shadebrush
Sweetleen

For knapsack sprayers use 1 pint Brush Killer in 10 gallons of water. Some highly resistant weady plants such as Ash, Basswood, Beech, Red Maple, Mesquite, Persimmon, Rhododendron and Spruce can be best controlled by cutting and spraying the cut stubs with a solution of 3 to 4 quans in 20 to 25 gallons of kerosene, fuel, diesel or transformer oil. For knapsack sprayers use 17 pints in 3 gallons of fuel, diesel, kerosene or transformer oil.

E.P.A. REG. NO. 8123-43

SOLD BY
FRANK MILLER & SONS INC.
13831 S. Emerald Avenue
Chicago, II. 60627

WARNING (Continued)

V.pors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the immediate vicinity.

Avoid contamination of water used for domestic purposes and irrigation ditches. Excessive amounts of this product in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination and plant growth.

This product not for use on lawns.

Do not graze dairy animals on treated areas for 7 days after treatment.

Do not store near fertilizers, seeds, insecticides or fungicides.

Do not reuse empty drum. Return to drum reconditioner or destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place away from water supplies.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lokes, streams or pends. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not conteminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Spray equipment used in applying this product should be thoroughly cleaned before using for any other purpose. Use repeated flushing with soap and warm water or suitable chemical cleaner. It is best to use a separate sprayer for application of insecticides and fungicides.

NOTICE

Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.

FAK-88