

8033-106

4/16/2010

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND
TOXIC SUBSTANCES

April 16, 2010

John J. Wrubel
Nisso America, Inc.
45 Broadway, Suite 2120
New York, NY 10006

Dear Mr. Wrubel:

Subject: Notification per Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4, dated April 7, 2010, for the following product:

TRISTAR® 8.5 SL Insecticide, EPA Registration Number 8033-106.

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 2007-4, and finds that the label changes requested do fall within the scope of PRN 2007-4. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on non-refillable containers. The code may appear either on the label or durably marked on the container itself, and can be added by non-notification per PRN 98-10.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-308-8735 or email me at chao.julie@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Julie A. Chao".

Julie A. Chao
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

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Please read instructions on reverse before completing form.

Form Approved, CMB No. 2070-0060, Approval expires 05-31-98

 EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460	<input type="checkbox"/> Registration <input type="checkbox"/> Amendment <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other:	OPP Identifier Number
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Application for Pesticide - Section I

1. Company/Product Number <p style="text-align: center;">8033-106</p>	2. EPA Product Manager V. Eagle / J. Chao	3. Proposed Classification <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) TRISTAR 8.5 SL Insecticide	PM# <p style="text-align: center;">Team 1</p>	
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Nippon Soda Co., Ltd. c/o Nisso America Inc. 45 Broadway, Suite 2120 New York, NY 10006 <input type="checkbox"/> Check if this is a new address		6. Expedited Review. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(I), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. _____ Product Name _____

Section - II

<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment - Explain below. <input type="checkbox"/> Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated _____ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notification - Explain below.	<input type="checkbox"/> Final printed labels in response to Agency letter dated _____ <input type="checkbox"/> "Me Too" Application <input type="checkbox"/> Other - Explain below
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NOTIFICATION

APR 16 2010

Explanation: Use additional page(s) if necessary. (For Section I and Section II.)

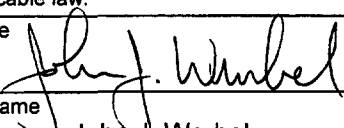
NOTIFICATION of revised disposal statement as per PR 2007-4.
 NO FEE REQUIRED.

This notification is consistent with the guidance in PR Notice 2007-4 and the requirements of EPA's regulations at 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula for this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if the amended label is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR §§ 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146, and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

Section - III

1. Material This Product Will Be Packaged In:				2. Type of Container	
Child-Resistant Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes* <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	Unit Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt. No. per container	Water Soluble Packaging <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No If "Yes" Package wgt. No. per container		<input type="checkbox"/> Metal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic <input type="checkbox"/> Glass <input type="checkbox"/> Paper <input type="checkbox"/> Other (laminated bag)	
*Certification must be submitted		3. Location of Net Contents Information <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Label <input type="checkbox"/> Container		4. Size(s) Retail Container Including but not limited to 16 oz	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product		5. Location of Label Directions			
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On Label <input type="checkbox"/> On labeling accompanying product			
		<input type="checkbox"/> Lithograph <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paper glued <input type="checkbox"/> Stenciled		<input type="checkbox"/> Other _____	

Section - IV

1. Contact Point (Complete items directly below for identification of individual to be contacted, if necessary, to process this application)		
Name John J. Wrubel	Title Regulatory Affairs Director	Telephone No. (Include Area Code) 212-490-0351
I certify that the statements I have made on this form and all attachments thereto are true, accurate and complete. I acknowledge that any knowingly false or misleading statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment or both under applicable law.		6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
2. Signature 	3. Title Regulatory Affairs Director	
4. Typed Name John J. Wrubel	5. Date 4-7-10	

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TriStar® 8.5 SL Insecticide

GROUP **4A** INSECTICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Acetamiprid..... 8.5% by wt.
INERT INGREDIENTS:..... 91.5% by wt.

Contains 0.76 pounds of acetamiprid per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 8033-106

EPA Est. No.

NOTIFICATION

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KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle.
(If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

For MEDICAL and TRANSPORTATION Emergencies ONLY Call 24 Hours A Day 1-800-424-9300
For PRODUCT USE Information Call 1-212-490-0350

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. • Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. • Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. • Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
IF INHALED:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.
IF IN EYES:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

For MEDICAL Emergencies Call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: There is no specific antidote. All treatment should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS SEE INSIDE BOOKLET

CAUTION

HAZARDS TO HUMANS (& DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, or inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Keep out of reach of children and domestic animals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical resistant gloves, and shoes plus socks.

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Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife. This product is very toxic to bees. Do not apply this product while bees are visiting the treated area. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. Do not contaminate water used for irrigation or domestic purposes.

SPRAY DRIFT

Avoid spray drift. Do not apply when weather conditions may cause drift. Do not allow this product to drift on to non-target areas. To avoid spray drift, DO NOT apply aerially when wind speed is greater than 10 mph or during periods of temperature inversions. For aerial application, select nozzles and pressure that deliver **MEDIUM** spray droplets as indicated in nozzle manufacturer's catalogs and in accordance with ASAE Standard S-572.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target movement from aerial applications to agricultural crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.
2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory below:

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY

[This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.]

INFORMATION ON DROPLET SIZE

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply **MEDIUM** droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

CONTROLLING DROPLET SIZE

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

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Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

Number of nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM LENGTH

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

APPLICATION HEIGHT

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

SWATH ADJUSTMENT

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator should compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

WIND

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2 - 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. NOTE: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

SENSITIVE AREAS

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops, and areas where bees are foraging) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling.
Read entire label before using this product.**

Ornamentals and vegetable transplant use only; not for woodlands or forest management.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is coveralls, chemical resistant gloves (made of any waterproof material), and shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep children and pets off treated areas until dry.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Do not store in or around the home. Store unused product in a cool, ventilated, dry, locked area. Do not allow prolonged storage in areas where temperatures frequently exceed 115° F (46° C). NEVER TRANSFER THIS PRODUCT TO ANOTHER CONTAINER FOR STORAGE.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Contamination with this product will render water, food or feed unfit for human or animal consumption. Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL

Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Offer for recycling, if available.

COMPATIBILITY

TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide, when diluted with an equal volume of water, is physically compatible with a wide range of commonly used spray products, but the full range of compatibilities under local conditions is not known. Therefore, it is essential that before using TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide in any tank mixture the compatibility of the mixture be established. Add a small amount of this product to an equal volume of water in a small container and then add the other pesticide or spray product and mix thoroughly. DO NOT USE MIXTURES THAT CURDLE, PRECIPITATE, OR GREASE. FOR BEST RESULTS, SPRAY MIXTURES SHOULD BE USED IMMEDIATELY AFTER MIXING WITH ADEQUATE AGITATION.

SPECIFIC USE DIRECTIONS

INTENDED FOR USE BY PROFESSIONAL APPLICATORS

FOR USE ON ORNAMENTAL PLANTS, FLOWERING PLANTS, AND VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS GROWN OUTDOORS AND IN GREENHOUSES, SHADEHOUSES AND LATHHOUSES: bedding plants, flowers grown for cuttings, foliage plants, potted flowering plants, ornamental trees, listed vegetable transplants and non-bearing fruit and nut trees (Non-bearing crops are perennial crops that will not produce a harvestable raw agricultural commodity during the season of application). Do not apply to bearing fruit and nut trees.

For control of insect pests, apply either as foliar broadcast spray to obtain thorough and uniform spray coverage of the plants or via a basal bark or injection treatment. For foliar broadcast sprays, choose a finished spray volume appropriate for the size of the plants and amount of foliage which will provide thorough coverage throughout the canopy. For optimum control, allow at least 6 hours before overhead irrigation of foliage. Do not allow public use of treated area during application.

FOR FOLIAR BROADCAST SPRAYS.

Mix TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide with sufficient water and apply as a foliar spray to obtain thorough and uniform spray coverage of the plants. Choose a finished spray volume appropriate for the size of the plants and amount of foliage which will provide thorough coverage throughout the canopy. Apply as soon as insects reach treatment thresholds. See resistance management section if multiple sprays are needed.

TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide mixes quickly in water. This product has been found to be compatible with many commonly used surfactants, miticides and insecticides. Check physical compatibility using the correct proportion of products when combining products without prior history of use.

Note: Since plant varieties are numerous and constantly changing and may react differently at various sites, test the product and any tankmixes on a small scale before making large-scale applications if there is not local experience.

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ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING PLANTS

PESTS	OUNCES of TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide per 100 GALLONS*	COMMENTS
Aphids, such as Green Peach, Wooly, Melon, and Cotton aphid European pine sawfly Psyllids	4.0	Apply as a full coverage foliar spray with a non-ionic spreader-sticker adjuvant. When mixing with surfactant treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.
Tentiform leaf miner Mealybugs, such as Citrus, Obscure, Longtail, Pink Hibiscus, and Maderia mealybugs Leafhoppers, such as Glassy Wing Sharpshooter and Potato Leaf Hopper	8.5	Tank mixing with a surfactant may improve the control of mealybugs. Tank mixing with a surfactant or a pyrethroid may improve control of adult whiteflies. When mixing with surfactants, treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.
Caterpillars, such as Gypsy Moth, Tobacco Bud Worm, Fall Army Worm, Southern Army Worm, Cabbage Looper, and Diamondback Moth Hard and Soft Scales, such as Caribbean Black Scale, Pine Needle Scale, Green Shield Scale, San Jose Scale, Oyster Shell Scale, Tea Scale, Fletcher Scale, Florida Wax and Indian Wax Scales, Cottony Maple Scale, Euonymus Scale and Asian Cycad Scale Plant bugs, Adelgids Whiteflies, such as Greenhouse, Sweet Potato, Silverleaf, Banded, and Giant	8.5 – 16.5**	
Swede Midge	8.5 – 16.5**	Apply as a preventative spray to control the first generations if Swede Midge has been found in your area. Preventative applications will decrease the chance of quick population increases later in the season.
Fungus gnat larvae, Crane fly larvae	8.5 – 16.5**	Apply as a directed spray to thoroughly wet the upper ½ to 1 inch of soil media
Citrus thrips Other thrips, such as Cotton, Palm, and Western Flower thrips Leaf Eating Beetles (adults), such as Japanese Beetle, European Chafer and Oriental Beetle**, Strawberry Weevils	12.5 – 25.3**	Tank mixing with a surfactant will improve control. When mixing with surfactant treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.
Leaf miners, such as Chrysanthemum and Citrus Leaf Miner	21.0 – 25.3**	Rotate or tank mix with Avid®, Conserve™, Pedestal™, Distance®, Enstar®, or Talus®. Tank mixing with a surfactant may improve control. When mixing with surfactant treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.

*Product can be applied with the water volume needed to provide thorough coverage.

**Use the higher rate when insect pressure is high.

USE RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR ORNAMENTAL AND FLOWERING PLANTS

- Do not make more than 4 applications per year.
- Do not reapply more than once every 7 days. To determine if application is necessary, monitor pest densities. Consult local extension experts for thresholds.
- Do not apply more than 25.3 ounces of TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide per acre (0.15 lbs ai/A) in a single application.
- Do not apply more than 92.5 ounces of TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide per acre (0.55 lb ai/A) per year.
- Do not apply to bearing fruit trees.

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VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS

VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS	PESTS	OUNCES of TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide per 100 GALLONS*	COMMENTS
LEAFY VEGETABLES (within Crop Group 4) Amaranth, Arrugula, Cardoon, Celery, Chinese celery, Celluce, Chervil, Chrysanthemum (edible leaved, garland), Corn Salad, Cress (garden, upland), Dandelion, Dock, Endive, Florence Fennel, Lettuce (head, leaf), Orach, Parsley, Purslane (garden, winter), Radicchio, Rhubarb, Spinach (leaf, vine, New Zealand), Swiss Chard	Aphids , such as Green Peach, Wooly, Melon, and Cotton aphid Psyllids	4.0	Apply as a full coverage foliar spray with a non-ionic spreader-sticker adjuvant. When mixing with surfactant treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.
	Mealybugs , such as Citrus, Obscure, Longtail, Pink Hibiscus, and Maderia mealybugs Leafhoppers , such as Glassy Wing Sharpshooter and Potato Leaf Hopper	8.5	Tank mixing with a surfactant may improve the control of mealybugs. Tank mixing with a surfactant or a pyrethroid may improve control of adult whiteflies. When mixing with surfactants, treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.
FRUITING VEGETABLES (within Crop Group 8) Eggplant, Groundcherry, Pepino, Pepper (bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper, pimento, sweet pepper), Tomatillo, Tomato	Caterpillars , such as Gypsy Moth, Tobacco Bud Worm, Fall Army Worm, Southern Army Worm, Cabbage Looper, and Diamondback Moth Hard and Soft Scales , such as Caribbean Black Scale, Pine Needle Scale, Green Shield Scale, San Jose Scale, Oyster Shell Scale, Tea Scale, Fletcher Scale, Florida Wax and Indian Wax Scales, Cottony Maple Scale, Euonymus Scale and Asian Cycad Scale Plant bugs , Whiteflies , such as Greenhouse, Sweet Potato, Silverleaf, Banded, and Giant	8.5 – 16.5**	
COLE CROPS (within Crop Group 5) Broccoli, Chinese Broccoli (gai lan), broccoli raab (rapini), Brussel Sprouts, Cabbage, Chinese Cabbage (bok choy, napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Cavalo broccolli Cauliflower, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Mizuna, Mustard Greens, Mustard Spinach, Rape Greens		Swede Midge	8.5 – 16.5**
CUCURBITS (within Crop Group 9): Chayote (fruit), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Gourd (edible), <i>Mormordica</i> spp., Muskmelon (hybrid and/or cultivars of <i>Cucumis melo</i>), Pumpkin, Squash (summer and winter), Watermelon	Fungus gnat larvae, Crane fly larvae	8.5 – 16.5**	Apply as a directed spray to thoroughly wet the upper 1/2 to 1 inch of soil media
ONIONS AND OTHER BULB VEGETABLES (within Crop Group 3-07): Chives, fresh leaves; Chinese chives, fresh leaves; daylily bulbs, Elegans hosta, Fritillaria leaves and bulbs; bulb garlic; great headed bulb garlic, serpent bulb garlic; kurrat; lady's leek; leek; wild leek; lily bulb; Beltsville bunching onion; bulb onion; Chinese bulb onion; fresh onion; green onion; macrostem onion; pearl onion; potato bulb onion; treetops onion; Welsh onion tops; shallot bulb and fresh leaves; and cultivars, varieties, and/or hybrids of these.	Thrips , such as Citrus Cotton, Palm, and Western Flower thrips Leaf Eating Beetles (adults) , such as Japanese Beetle, European Chafer and Oriental Beetle**, Strawberry Weevils	12.5 – 25.3**	Tank mixing with a surfactant will improve control. When mixing with surfactant treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.
	Leaf miners , such as Chrysanthemum and Citrus Leaf Miner	21.0 – 25.3**	Tank mixing with a surfactant may improve control. When mixing with surfactant treat a small area first to make sure the surfactant does not cause phytotoxicity.

*Product can be applied with the water volume needed to provide thorough coverage.

**Use the higher rate when insect pressure is high.

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USE RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS FOR VEGETABLE TRANSPLANTS:

- Do not make more than 1 application per crop prior to transplanting.
- Do not apply more than 25.3 ounces of TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide (0.15 lb a.i.) per acre per crop.
- Do not apply more than 0.55 lb a.i. per acre per year of any product containing acetamiprid on any outdoor field or in any greenhouse, shadehouse, or lathhouse.
- Do not harvest for food use within seven days following the last application (7 day PHI).
- For vegetable transplants, the total maximum seasonal a.i. use rate for each crop, including pre-transplant applications, cannot exceed the maximum post-transplant seasonal a.i. use rate for each respective crop.

Use the following Chart to convert the amount of product per 100 gallons above into smaller spray volume units to accommodate smaller volume application equipment.

Conversion Guide for Small Volume (less than 100 gallon) Application Equipment

Label Rates Ounces/100 Gallon	Milliliters (mL) TriStar 8.5 SL per Volume			
	3 Gal Tank	5 Gal Tank	10 Gal Tank	25 Gal Tank
4.0	3.6	6.0	12.0	30.0
8.5	7.5	12.5	25.0	62.5
12.5	11.1	18.5	37.0	92.5
16.5	14.7	24.5	49.0	122.5
21.0	18.9	31.5	63.0	157.5
25.3	22.5	37.5	75.0	187.5

FOR BASAL BARK TREATMENT OF TREES (ORNAMENTAL OR NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NUT)

TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide may be applied as an external basal bark application to ornamental and non-bearing fruit and nut trees for control of borers (such as Flathead Apple Borer), scale insects (such as Calico Scale, Gloomy Scale, Azalea Bark Scale) and Hemlock Woolly Adelgids in hard to spray or environmentally sensitive areas. This application involves wetting the bark of the tree starting from a height of approximately 8 feet downwards to the exposed root flair with a directed spray to completely wet the application area. Depending on the specific bark characteristics, use 3-4 fluid ounces of spray per inch Diameter Breast Height (DBH at 4.5 feet) of the intended target.

Application Instructions

1. Depending on insect target, treatments may begin at bud break through full leaf expansion in early to mid-Spring. Consult your local extension service recommendations for the target pest. Make applications as required for preventative or curative management of pest.
2. Using a low pressure (10-25 PSI), small volume handcan or backpack sprayer, mix 12.5 – 25.3 oz of TriStar 8.5 SL per gallon of water with an organo-silicate adjuvant according to the adjuvant product instructions. Apply as a full coverage spray starting at the top of the application zone and working downwards to the root flair. One gallon should treat approximately 36-42 total inches of treatment DBH depending on bark surface.
3. Do not apply to wet bark, or during rainfall, or if rain is expected within 12 hours after application.
4. Do not apply as a drench to the soil.

FOR TREE INJECTION APPLICATION TO ORNAMENTAL OR NON-BEARING FRUIT AND NUT TREES

TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide may be applied by injection directly into ornamental or non-bearing fruit and nut trees for control of borers (such as Flathead Apple Borer), scale insects (such as Calico Scale, Gloomy Scale, Azalea Bark Scale) and Hemlock Woolly Adelgids in hard to spray or environmentally sensitive areas using the Arborjet IV, Wedge Direct-Inject or similar compatible systems.

General Directions:

Depending on the injection equipment used, multiple injection sites may be required. To determine the initial number of injection holes, measure the DBH using a standard forestry tape measure. For circumference, divide the measurement by six (6) to determine the number of holes needed. For Diameter, divide the measurement by two (2) to determine the number of holes needed. Initial injection sites should be in active sapwood, evenly spaced around the tree at the root buttress region and avoiding the root valleys. Follow manufacturer instructions for the specific device for proper injection practices and to minimize tree damage.

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Application Instructions

1. Depending on insect target, treatments may begin at bud break through full leaf expansion in early to mid-May based on local extension service recommendations. Make applications as required for preventative or curative management of pest.
2. Mix 9 – 12 milliliters (mL) of TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide per inch DBH of target tree in sufficient water for use following the manufacturer's instructions for the specific injection device.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some insects are known to develop resistance to insecticides after repeated use. As with any insecticide, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Avoid treating these insects with consecutive applications of insecticides within the same class of chemistry. Resistance to other neonicotinoids, such as Merit and Marathon may result in resistance to TriStar 8.5 SL Insecticide. Therefore, to minimize the potential for neonicotinoid resistance, rotate with other classes of insecticides. Consult your agricultural advisor for resistance management strategies and recommended pest management practices for your area.

ENDANGERED SPECIES NOTICE: Under the Endangered Species Act, it is a Federal Offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. Consult your local county bulletin, County Extension Agent, or Pesticide State Lead Agency for information concerning endangered species in your area.

IMPORTANT: READ BEFORE USE

Read the entire Directions for Use, Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once. By using this product user or buyer accepts the following Conditions, Disclaimer of Warranties and Limitations of Liability.

CONDITIONS: The directions for use of this product are believed to be adequate and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of Nippon Soda Co., Ltd. All such risks shall be assumed by the user or buyer.

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Nippon Soda Co., Ltd.
c/o Nisso America Inc.
45 Broadway, Suite 2120
New York, NY 10006

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