

#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

October 13, 2015

David Haughey Product Registration Manager BASF Corporation, Agricultural Products P.O. Box 13528 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Subject: Label Amendment – Remove crop subgroup 5B Product Name: FASTAC CS INSECTICIDE EPA Registration Number: 7969-364 Application Date: 10/05/2015 Decision Number: 509760

Dear Mr. Haughey:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance

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with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, you may contact Elizabeth Fertich at 703-347-8560 or via email at fertich.elizabeth@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

>

Kable Bo Davis, Product Manager 3 Invertebrate and Vertebrate Branch 1 Registration Division (7505P) Office of Pesticide Programs

### **RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

#### Toxic to fish and aquatic organisms

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators, or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

Group 3A Insecticide

ACCEPTED

10/13/2015 Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the

EPA Reg. No. 7969-364

**BASF** 

We create chemistry

# Fastac<sup>®</sup> CS

## Insecticide

Microencapsulated product Active Ingredient*: alpha-cypermethrin: mixture of (S)-α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1R,3R)-3- (2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecar and	boxylate
(R)-α-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl (1S,3S)-3- (2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecar	boxylate 9.88%
Other Ingredients**:	<u>90.12%</u>
<b>Total:</b> * Contains 0.83 pound active ingredients per gallon ** Contains petroleum distillate	
EPA Reg. No. 7969-364	EPA Est. No.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for complete **First Aid**, **Precautionary Statements**, **Directions For Use**, **Conditions of Sale and Warranty**, and state-specific crop and/or use site restrictions.

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

#### **Net Contents:**

FIRST AID			
lf on skin	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>		
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Immediately call a poison control center or doctor.</li> </ul>		
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT give any liquid to the person.</li> <li>DO NOT give anything to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>		
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
HOTLINE NUMBER			

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact BASF Corporation for emergency medical treatment information: 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

Note to Physician: May pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains petroleum distillate.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

**CAUTION.** Harmful is absorbed through skin. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, and/or viton)
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **Engineering Controls**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users should:

- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates, oysters, and shrimp. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. **DO NOT** apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops if bees are visiting the treatment area.

#### **Directions For Use**

#### **RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling must be in possession of the user at time of product application.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Observe all precautions and limitations in this label and the labels of products used in combination with **Fastac® CS insecticide**. The use of **Fastac CS** not consistent with this label can result in injury to crops, animals, or persons. Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination.

#### Resistance

Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant strain of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your area.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of **12 hours**.

For early entry into treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants, soil, or water, wear:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves (made of any waterproof material)
- Shoes plus socks

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

#### **Pesticide Storage**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. **DO NOT** store below 0° C (32° F). **DO NOT** use near heat, open flame or hot surfaces. Store in original containers only. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. **DO NOT** put concentrate or dilute material into food or drink containers. **DO NOT** contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Keep out of reach of children and animals.

#### **Pesticide Disposal**

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

#### Container Handling

**Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity  $\leq$  5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

#### Triple rinse containers too large to shake

(capacity > 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

**Pressure rinse as follows:** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (continued)

#### Container Handling (continued)

**Refillable container.** Refill this container with pesticide only. **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose. Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller.

**Triple rinse as follows:** To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

When this container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; return the container to the point of purchase or to a designated location. This container must only be refilled with a pesticide product. **DO NOT** reuse the container for any other purpose. Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transport. **DO NOT** transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, or leaking, or obsolete and not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of container in compliance with state and local regulations.

#### In Case of Emergency

In case of large-scale spill of this product, call:

• CHEMTREC	1-800-424-9300
<ul> <li>BASF Corporation</li> </ul>	1-800-832-HELP (4357)

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

- Your local doctor for immediate treatment
- Your local poison control center (hospital)
- BASF Corporation 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

#### Steps to take if material is released or spilled:

- Dike and contain the spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for disposal.
- Remove contaminated clothing, and wash affected skin areas with soap and water.
- Wash clothing before reuse.
- Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.

#### **Chemigation Use Directions**

Apply this product only through sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems. **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. **DO NOT** connect any irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum-relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Apply **Fastac® CS insecticide** continuously for the duration of the water application. Dilute **Fastac CS** in sufficient volume to ensure accurate application over the area to be treated. Use the appropriate amount of water to carry the product to the target pest. Agitation is not required when a suitable diluent is used.

#### **Vegetative Filter Strips**

Construct and maintain a minimum 10-foot-wide vegetative filter strip of grass or other permanent vegetation between the field edge and down gradient aquatic habitat (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish farm ponds).

Only apply products containing alpha-cypermethrin onto fields where a maintained vegetative buffer strip of at least 10 feet exists between the field and down gradient aquatic habitat.

For guidance, refer to the following publication for information on constructing and maintaining effective buffers: *Conservation Buffers to Reduce Pesticide Losses.*  Natural Resources Conservation Services. USDA, NRCS. 2000. Fort Worth, Texas. 21pp. http://www.in.nrcs.usda.gov/technical/agronomy/ newconbuf.pdf.

#### **Spray Buffers**

#### **Ground Application**

#### (groundboom, overhead chemigation, or airblast)

**DO NOT** apply within 25 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

#### **Aerial Application**

- Ultra-low volume (ULV) DO NOT apply within 450 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).
- Non-ULV DO NOT apply within 150 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, permanent streams, marshes, natural ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

#### **Spray Drift Requirements**

#### Wind Direction and Speed

Only apply this product if the wind direction favors ontarget deposition. **DO NOT** apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph.

#### **Temperature Inversion**

**DO NOT** make aerial or ground application into temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the ground surface.

#### **Droplet Size**

Use only medium or coarser spray nozzles (for ground and non-ULV aerial application) according to ASAE (S572) definition for standard nozzles. In conditions of low humidity and high temperatures, applicators should use a coarser droplet size.

## Additional Requirements for Ground Application

- Wind speed must be adjacent to the application site on the upwind side immediately before application.
- For ground boom applications, apply using a nozzle height of no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- For airblast applications, turn off outward-pointing nozzles at row ends and when spraying the outer two rows. To minimize spray loss over the top in orchard applications, spray must be directed into the canopy.

#### Additional Requirements for Aerial Application

- The spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft as to minimize drift caused by wing tip or rotor vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of the wing span or 80% of rotor blade diameter.
- Flight speed and nozzle orientation must be considered in determining droplet size.
- Spray must be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. **DO NOT** release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the crop canopy unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety.
- When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. The applicator must compensate for this displacement at the downwind edge of the application area by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind.

#### **Use Information**

**DO NOT** use any products containing cypermethrin and zeta-cypermethrin during a crop season when using this product.

Use low rate under light-to-moderate infestation. Higher rates should be used under heavy insect pressure. The rate of application is variable according to insect pressure, timing of spray and field scouting. **DO NOT** exceed maximum allowable rate.

#### **Preventive Use**

For cutworm, armyworm, or stalk borer control, **Fastac® CS insecticide** may be applied before, during, or after planting. For soil-incorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control.

#### **Rotational Crops**

With the exception of the following listed crops, rotational crops should not be planted within 30 days of last application.

#### **Tank Mixture**

**DO NOT** tank mix this product with any product containing the active ingredients (ai) cypermethrin or zeta-cypermethrin.

**Fastac CS** can be tank mixed with other crop protection products approved for use on the crops described in this label. Observe all restrictions and precautions which appear on the labels of these products. Test for compatibility of products before mixing.

#### **Restrictions and Limitations**

- Maximum Seasonal Use Rate 11.4 fl ozs/Acre (0.075 lb ai)
- **DO NOT** use any products containing cypermethrin and zeta-cypermethrin during a crop season when using this product.
- Refer to **Table 2** for complete directions and exceptions.

Cron	Maximum Seasonal Total/Acre		Preharvest Interval
Crop	(lb ai)	(fl ozs)	<b>(PHI)</b> (days)
Alfalfa	0.075	11.4	3 (cutting or grazing) 7 (harvesting seed)
<i>Brassica</i> leafy vegetables (except leafy <i>Brassica</i> greens)	0.075	11.4	1
Citrus fruits	0.075	11.4	1
Corn, field Corn, pop Corn, seed	0.075	11.4	30 (grain and stover) 60 (forage)
Corn, sweet	0.075	11.4	3
Cotton	0.075	11.4	14
Cucurbits	0.075	11.4	1
Fruiting vegetables	0.075	11.4	1
Leafy vegetables	0.075	11.4	1
Legume vegetables	0.075	11.4	1 (succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans) 21 (dried shelled peas or beans)
Root and tuber vegetables (except sugar beet)	0.075	11.4	1
Sorghum (and other cereals)	0.075	11.4	14 (grain and stover) 45 (forage)
Soybeans	0.075	11.4	21
Sugar beets	0.075	11.4	50
Tree nuts	0.075	11.4	7
Wheat	0.075	11.4	14

## Table 1. Fastac<sup>®</sup> CS insecticide Crop-specific Maximum Seasonal Use and Preharvest Interval

Refer to **Table 2. Crop-specific Application Instructions** for detailed information on application timing and any use restrictions.

**DO NOT** use any products containing cypermethrin and zeta-cypermethrin during a crop season when using this product.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Alfalfa	Alfalfa caterpillar Alfalfa looper Alfalfa weevil Aphid spp. <sup>1</sup>	2.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.014 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as insects appear; use sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
	Cutworm Egyptian alfalfa weevil (larvae and adult) Flea beetle Green cloverworm		Use higher specified rate for increased pest pressure or for increased residual pest control.
	Hornworm Meadow spittlebug Potato leafhopper Three-cornered alfalfa hopper		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons
	Velvetbean caterpillar Webworm		ULV oil spray application is prohibited.
	Armyworm Grasshopper Plant bugs (including Lygus spp. and stink bug)	2.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.0175 to 0.0250 lb ai)	Higher volumes of finished spray may improve insect control under high tempera- tures, when foliage is dense, and/or when insect pressure is high.
	on Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	per cutting
Maximum Seasonal	Application Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl oz	s of <b>Fastac CS</b> (0.075 lb ai)	
Minimum Application	<b>on Interval</b> - 7 days		
Preharvest Interval	(PHI) - 3 days (cutting or grazing) 7 days (harvesting seed)		

#### Table 2. Crop-specific Application Instructions

<sup>1</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Brassica Leafy Vegetables Head and Stem including: Broccoli Brussels sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower	Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworm Diamondback moth <sup>1</sup> Flea beetle Imported cabbageworm Leafhopper Saltmarsh caterpillar Southern cabbageworm Tobacco budworm <sup>1</sup>	2.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.014 to 0.025 lb ai)	Use sufficient volume of water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 5 gallons • Ground - 15 gallons Use lower rates of Fastac <sup>®</sup> CS insecticide
Cavalo broccolo Chinese broccoli (gai lon, white flowering broccoli) Chinese cabbage (Napa) Chinese mustard cabbage (gai choy) Kohlrabi	Alfalfa looper Aphid <sup>2</sup> Armyworm Cabbage looper Cabbage webworm Cricket Grasshopper Ground beetle Leafminer (adult) Lygus bug Onion thrips Stinkbug Whitefly <sup>3</sup> Wireworm (adult)	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	under light-to-moderate insect pressure. Use higher rates to control heavy to extremely heavy insect populations. In areas where arid climatic conditions persist, such as California and Arizona, high- er than minimum specified rates may be required.
Maximum Application Ra	ate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac	<b>CS</b> (0.025 lb ai)	1
	lication Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl oz	zs of <b>Fastac CS</b> (0.075 lb ai)	
Minimum Application Int	erval - 7 days		
• <b>PHI</b> - 1 day			

<sup>1</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>2</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships. <sup>3</sup>Aids in control

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Citrus Fruits Group Calamondin Citrus citron Citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, tangor) Grapefruit	Asian cockroach Beet armyworm Blue-green citrus root weevil Cutworm Diaprepes root weevil Fire ant Fuller rose beetle	3.8 fl ozs (0.025 lb ai)	Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 10 gallons • Ground - 20 gallons
Kumquat Lemon Lime Mandarin (tangerine) Orange, sour Orange, sweet Pummelo Satsuma mandarin	Glassy-winged sharpshooter Grasshopper Katydid Leafhopper Leafminer* Leafroller Little leaf notcher Looper 1 Orange tortrix Orangedog caterpillar Plant bugs Psyllid Thrips Whitefly		Begin application when pest activity is noted.
	Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac®	, , ,	
	pplication Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl ozs	s of <b>Fastac CS</b> (0.075 lb ai)	
<ul> <li>Minimum Application</li> </ul>	<b>Interval</b> - 14 days		
• PHI - 1 day			
* For adult control only 1 Looper control may be variable	depending on species present and host-pla	ant relationships.	

Table 2. Crop-specific Applicati	on Instructions (continued)
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Сгор	Insects Controlled	Application Rate	Ap	plication M	lethod
At-plant Use: Corn (Field) Field Corn Grown for Seed Popcorn	Cutworm	0.15 fl oz (0.001 lb ai) per 1000 linear feet of row	or T-ba minimu table b <b>Fastac</b>	as an infurro nd treatmer im 4-inch ba elow to deta <b>CS insec</b> tion per acr	nt using a and. Use ermine the sticide
Row Spacing (inches)			40	30	20
Fastac CS (lb ai/acre)         0.012         0.017         0.025				0.025	
Fastac CS (formulated fl oza	Fastac CS (formulated fl ozs/acre)1.82.63.8				3.8
Maximum Application Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.025 lb ai)					

• Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai), including at planting plus foliar applications of Fastac CS.

• PHI - 30 days (grain and stover) 60 days (forage)

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Corn (Field) Field Corn Grown for Seed Popcorn	Cutworm	1.3 to 2.8 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.018 lb ai)	Make applications when insect populations reach
	Corn earworm <sup>1</sup> Green cloverworm Meadow spittlebug Western bean cutworm <sup>1</sup>	1.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.011 to 0.025 lb ai)	<ul> <li>economic thresholds. Refer to local Cooperative</li> <li>Extension Pest Management</li> <li>Guidelines and/or scouting</li> <li>results.</li> </ul>
	Aphid <sup>3</sup> Bean leaf beetle Cereal leaf beetle Corn borer, European	2.7 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.017 to 0.025 lb ai)	Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
	Corn borer, Southwestern Corn rootworm beetle Flea beetle Grasshopper Hop vine borer		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons
	Hornworm Japanese beetle (adult) Sap beetle (adult) Southern corn leaf beetle Stalk borer Stink bug spp. Tobacco budworm <sup>2</sup> Webworm		Chinch bug control: Scout corn fields and make applications when bugs migrate from small grains or wild grasses to small corn. Direct spray to base of plant. Repeat applications at 3-day to 5-day intervals if needed.
	Armyworm (including fall armyworm) Chinch bug	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	<b>Fastac® CS insecticide</b> may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subse- quent migrations.

Table 2. Crop-specific Application Instructions (continued)

• Maximum Application Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.025 lb ai)

- Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai), including at planting plus foliar applications of Fastac CS.
- Minimum Application Interval 3 days
- **PHI** 30 days (grain and stover) 60 days (forage)

<sup>1</sup> For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk or ear

<sup>2</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>3</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Table 2. Crop-specific Application	Instructions (continued)
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Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Corn, Sweet	Chinch bug Corn rootworm (adult) Corn silkfly	2.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.014 to 0.025 lb ai)	Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
	Cutworm Flea beetle Japanese beetle (adult) Leafhopper Sap beetle (adult) Tarnished plant bug		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 20 gallons Apply at 3-day to 5-day
	Aphid <sup>1</sup> Armyworm Corn borer Corn earworm Grasshopper	2.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.018 to 0.025 lb ai)	intervals or as needed for control.

• Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai)

- Minimum Application Interval 3 days
- PHI 3 days (harvest of ears or forage, or livestock grazing)

<sup>1</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Preemergence Use: Cotton	Cutworm	1.3 to 1.9 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.012 lb ai)	Use <b>Fastac CS</b> in the time period from 14 days before planting up to emergence of the crop. Apply as a broad- cast spray by ground or air, banded (including T-band), or infurrow spray using suffi- cient spray volume to achieve adequate coverage. Reduced volume of water may be used with special- ized equipment. Use the higher rate of <b>Fastac CS</b> when incorporating into the soil.

• Maximum Application Rate/Acre - 1.9 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.012 lb ai)

• Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai), including preemergence plus foliar applications of Fastac CS.

- Application Timing 14 days before planting up to crop emergence
- **DO NOT** graze or feed cotton for forage.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Cotton	Cutworm Soybean (banded) thrips Tobacco thrips	1.3 to 1.9 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.012 lb ai)	Fastac <sup>®</sup> CS insecticide may be applied in water or refined vegetable oil.
	Armyworm, fall Armyworm, yellow-striped Boll weevil Cabbage looper Corn borer, European Cotton bollworm Cotton fleahopper Cotton leaf perforator Pink bollworm Saltmarsh caterpillar Stink bug Tarnished plant bug (other plant bugs) Tobacco budworm <sup>1</sup>	2.6 to 3.6 fl ozs (0.017 to 0.023 lb ai)	<ul> <li>Minimum Spray Volume/Acre</li> <li>Aerial - 1 gallon. A mini- mum of 1 quart of emulsifiable oil may be substituted for 1 quart of water.</li> <li>Ground - 5 gallons. A minimum of 1 quart of emulsifiable oil may be substituted for 1 quart of water.</li> <li>Lepidopteran egg controls</li> </ul>
	Aphid spp. <sup>2</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>3</sup> Lygus bug Whitefly <sup>4</sup>	2.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.018 to 0.025 lb ai)	<ul> <li>May be achieved with proper timing of applications.</li> <li>Boll weevil control: Apply Fastac CS at</li> </ul>
	Grasshopper	3.0 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.019 to 0.025 lb ai)	3-day to 4-day intervals until pest numbers are reduced to acceptable levels.

Table 2. Crop-specific Application Instructions (continued)

(continued)

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Cotton (continued)	Cutworm Soybean (banded) thrips Tobacco thrips	1.3 to 1.9 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.012 lb ai)	<b>Grasshopper control:</b> Applications should be made based on careful field
	Armyworm, fall Armyworm, yellow-striped Boll weevil Cabbage looper Corn borer, European Cotton bollworm Cotton fleahopper Cotton leaf perforator Pink bollworm Saltmarsh caterpillar Stink bug Tarnished plant bug (other plant bugs) Tobacco budworm <sup>1</sup>	2.6 to 3.6 fl ozs (0.017 to 0.023 lb ai)	<ul> <li>scouting. Make treatment decisions based on evi- dence of feeding damage and presence of grasshop- pers in cotton. Loss of cotyledon leaves in seedling cotton should be considered more important than leaf loss in older cotton.</li> <li>Applications should be made on a broadcast basis because grasshoppers are highly mobile.</li> <li>Adjust rates based on populations of grasshoppers found in fields. Make appli- cations on a 3-day to 5-day schedule until grasshopper</li> </ul>
	Aphid spp. <sup>2</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>3</sup> Lygus bug Whitefly <sup>4</sup>	2.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.018 to 0.025 lb ai)	
	Grasshopper	3.0 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.019 to 0.025 lb ai)	populations are under con- trol or until foliage loss subsides.
			Increase application rates a grasshopper size and population density increases.

Table 2. Crop-specific Application Instructions (continued)

- Maximum Application Mater Acre 0.0 in 023 of 1 astac 00 insecticide (0.025 lb ai)
- Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai), including preemergence plus foliar applications of Fastac CS.
- Minimum Application Interval 3 days
- PHI 14 days
- **DO NOT** graze or feed cotton for forage.

<sup>1</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>2</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

<sup>3</sup>For control of beet armyworm only in the high plains of Texas, Arizona, and California

<sup>4</sup>Aids in control

Group Includes all types and hybrids of: Chayote (fruit) Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Pumpkin Watermelon Edible Gourd Chinese okra Cucuza Hechima Hyotan	Cutworm spp. Cabbage looper Cucumber beetle spp. (adult) Leafhopper spp. Melonworm Pickleworm Rindworm Squash bug	1.4 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.016 to 0.025 lb ai) 3.0 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.019 to 0.025 lb ai)	threshold levels. Use sufficient water to
hybrids of:Chayote (fruit)Chinese waxgourd(Chinese preserving melon)Citron melonCucumberGherkinPumpkinWatermelonEdible GourdChinese okraCucuzaHechimaHyotan	Cucumber beetle spp. (adult) Leafhopper spp. Melonworm Pickleworm Rindworm Squash bug		<ul><li>insect populations reaching</li><li>locally determined economic</li><li>threshold levels.</li><li>Use sufficient water to</li></ul>
Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon) Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Pumpkin Watermelon Edible Gourd Chinese okra Cucuzza Hechima Hyotan	Cucumber beetle spp. (adult) Leafhopper spp. Melonworm Pickleworm Rindworm Squash bug		
Citron melon Cucumber Gherkin Pumpkin Watermelon Edible Gourd Chinese okra Cucuzza Hechima Hyotan	Leafhopper spp. Melonworm Pickleworm Rindworm Squash bug		
Pumpkin P Watermelon R Edible Gourd S Chinese okra Cucuzza Hechima Hyotan A	Pickleworm Rindworm Squash bug		foliage.
Edible Gourd S Chinese okra Cucuzza Hechima Hyotan A	Squash bug		Minimum Spray
Hyotan A	Squash vine borer		<ul> <li>Volume/Acre</li> <li>Aerial - 2 gallons</li> <li>Ground - 10 gallons</li> </ul>
	Aphid spp. <sup>1,2,3</sup>	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs	_
Balsam apple C Balsam pear L Bitter melon P	Armyworm, beet <sup>1,3</sup> Corn earworm Leafminer <sup>3</sup> Plant bug spp. Stinkbug spp.	(0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	
MuskmelonCantaloupeCasabaCrenshaw melonGolden pershaw melonHoneydew melonHoney ballsMango melonPersian melonPineapple melonSanta Claus melonSnake melonTrue cantaloupe			
Summer Squash Crookneck squash Scallop squash Straightneck squash Vegetable marrow Zucchini			
Winter Squash Acorn squash Butternut squash Calabaza Hubbard squash Spaghetti squash			
Maximum Application Rate	e/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac	<b>CS insecticide</b> (0.025 lb ai)	<u> </u>
Maximum Seasonal Applica			

- Minimum Application Interval 7 days
- PHI 1 day
- <sup>1</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>2</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Fruiting Vegetables Group (except Cucurbits) Eggplant Groundcherry Okra Pepino (melon pear)	Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, true Armyworm, yellow-striped Celery leaf tier Colorado potato beetle Corn borer, European Corn borer, Southwestern	2.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.014 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing. Base timing and frequency of applications on insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
Pepper (includes bell pepper, chili pepper, cooking pepper,	Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworm spp.		Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage o foliage.
pimento, sweet pepper) Tomatillo Tomato	Flea beetle Garden webworm Green stink bug Hornworm Leafhopper spp. Leafminer (adult) Meadow spittlebug Pepper maggot (adult) Pepper weevil Plant bug spp. Tobacco budworm <sup>2</sup> Tomato fruitworm Tomato pinworm		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons
	Aphid spp. <sup>2.3</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>2</sup> Armyworm, fall Brown stink bug Cabbage looper Grasshopper Lygus bug Thrips spp. <sup>1.2</sup> Tomato psyllid Whitefly spp. <sup>1.2</sup>	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	
	te/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac <sup>®</sup> ication Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl oz	,	
Minimum Application Interview	erval - 7 days		
• <b>PHI</b> - 1 day			
<sup>1</sup> Aids in control <sup>2</sup> See <b>Resistance</b> in <b>Directions For</b> <sup>3</sup> Aphid control may be variable depen	<b>Use</b> section. Inding on species present and host-pla	nt relationships.	

Table 2. Crop-specific Application	n Instructions (continued)
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Сгор	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Leafy Vegetables (except <i>Brassica</i> Vegetables) Group	Corn earworm Cucumber beetle Cutworm	2.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.014 to 0.025 lb ai)	Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala) Arugula (roquette) Cardoon Celery Celery, Chinese Celtuce Chervil Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved, garland) Corn salad Cress, garden Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress) Dandelion Dock (sorrel) Endive (escarole) Fennel, Florence (finochio) Lettuce (head, leaf) Orach Parsley Purslane (garden, winter) Radicchio (red chicory) Rhubarb Spinach	Diamondback moth Flea beetle Imported cabbageworm Leafhopper Saltmarsh caterpillar Tobacco budworm <sup>2</sup> Whitefly spp. <sup>1,2</sup> Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm Cricket Ground beetle Looper Lygus bug Onion thrips Stink bug Wireworm (adult)	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 5 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons Use lower rates of Fastac® CS insecticide under light-to-moderate insect pressure. Use higher rates to control heavy to extremely heavy insect populations. In areas where arid climatic conditions persist, such as California and Arizona, high- er than minimum specified rates may be required.
(New Zealand, vine [Malabar, Indian]) Swiss chard			
Maximum Application Ra	ate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac	<b>CS</b> (0.025 lb ai)	1
Maximum Seasonal Appl	lication Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl o:	zs of <b>Fastac CS</b> (0.075 lb ai)	
Minimum Application Interview		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
• PHI - 1 day			

• PHI - 1 day

<sup>1</sup>Aids in control <sup>2</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section. <sup>3</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Legume Vegetables, Succulent or Dried (except Dried Soybeans) Adzuki bean	Cutworm spp. Saltmarsh caterpillar Silverspotted skipper Thistle caterpillar (painted lady)	1.3 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Base timing and frequency of applica- tions on insect populations
Asparagus bean Blackeyed pea Broad bean (fava bean) Catjang Chickpea (garbanzo bean) Chinese longbean Cowpea Crowder pea Dwarf pea Edible-podded pea English pea Field bean Field bean Field pea Garden pea Garden pea Guar Jackbean Kidney bean Lablab bean Lentil Lima bean Moth bean Mung bean Navy bean Pigeon pea Pinto bean Rice bean Runner bean Snap bean Snow pea Southern pea Soybean (immature seed) Sugar snap pea	Alfalfa caterpillar Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, true Armyworm, yellow-striped Bean leaf beetle Blister beetle spp. Colorado potato beetle Corn borer, European Corn borer, Southwestern Corn earworm Corn rootworm beetle (adult) Cowpea curculio Cucumber beetle Flea beetle Green cloverworm Ground beetle Imported cabbageworm Japanese beetle Leafminer (adult) Leaf skeletonizer spp. Mexican bean beetle Pea leaf weevil Pea weevil Plant bug spp. Potato leafhopper Seedcorn beetle Seedcorn maggot (adult) Spittlebug Three-cornered alfalfa hopper Tobacco budworm <sup>2</sup> Velvetbean caterpillar	2.7 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.017 to 0.025 lb ai)	reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons
Sweet lupin Swordbean Tepary bean Urd bean Wax bean White lupin White sweet lupin Yardlong bean	Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>2</sup> Armyworm, fall Grasshopper Lesser cornstalk borer <sup>1</sup> Looper spp. <sup>2</sup> Stink bug spp. Thrips spp. <sup>1,2</sup> Whitefly spp. <sup>1,2</sup>	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	

• Maximum Application Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac® CS insecticide (0.025 lb ai)

- Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai)
- Minimum Application Interval 5 days
- PHI 1 day (succulent shelled or edible-podded peas or beans)
  - 21 days (dried shelled peas or beans)

Aids in control

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Table 2. Crop-specific Application	Instructions (continued)
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Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Root and Tuber Vegetables Group	Cutworm spp.	1.3 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing. Base timing and
<b>(except Sugar Beet)</b> Arracacha Arrowroot Artichoke	Cabbage looper Cucumber beetle European corn borer Fleabeetle spp. Leafhopper spp. Southern corn rootworm (adult) Vegetable weevil	1.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.012 to 0.025 lb ai)	<ul> <li>frequency of applications or insect populations reaching locally determined economic threshold levels.</li> <li>Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.</li> </ul>
(Chinese and Jerusalem) Black salsify Carrot Cassava (bitter and sweet)			
Celeriac (celery root) Chayote (root)	Whitefringed beetle (adult)		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre
Chicory Chufa Dasheen (taro) Edible burdock Edible canna Garden beet Ginger Ginseng Horseradish Leren Oriental radish (daikon) Parsnip Potato Radish Rutabaga Salsify (oyster plant) Skirret Spanish salsify Sweet potato Tanier (cocoyam) Turmeric Turnip Turnip-rooted chervil Turnip-rooted parsley Yam bean Yam (true)	Aphid spp. <sup>1,2,3</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>1,3</sup> Armyworm, yellow-striped Cabbage maggot Colorado potato beetle <sup>1</sup> Grasshopper spp. Imported cabbageworm Potato leafhopper Tarnished plant bug	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	
	ate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac	· · · ·	
	lication Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl oz	s of <b>Fastac CS</b> (0.075 lb ai)	
Minimum Application Int	ervai - 4 uays		
• PHI - 1 day	and tubor vogotables for food	orfood	
See Resistance in Directions For	t and tuber vegetables for food <b>Use</b> section. anding on species present and host-pla		

<sup>3</sup>Aids in control

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Sorghum (Grain) and Millet	Cutworm spp. Sorghum midge	1.3 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing. Base timing and
	Armyworm, fall Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, true Armyworm, yellow-striped	1.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.012 to 0.025 lb ai)	frequency of applications or insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.
	Corn borer, European <sup>1</sup> Corn borer, Southwestern <sup>1</sup> Corn earworm		Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage c foliage.
	Flea beetle spp. Hornworm Stink bug spp. Webworm spp.		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons. Addition
	Aphid spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>3</sup> Chinch bug False chinch bug Grasshopper spp. Lesser cornstalk borer <sup>1</sup> Thrips spp. <sup>3,4</sup> Whitefly spp. <sup>3,4</sup>	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	<ul> <li>of 1 quart to 2 quarts of emulsifiable oil/acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposition and insect control.</li> <li>Ground - 10 gallons. Addition of 1 quart to 2 quarts of emulsifiable oil/acre to the spray solu- tion may improve spray deposition and insect control.</li> </ul>
			<b>Sorghum midge control:</b> Begin applications when 25% of sorghum heads have emerged and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 10-day intervals if needed.
			Chinch bug control: Begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of plants with sufficient spray volume to penetrate the soil/stem inter face, leaf collars, and sheaths.

• Minimum Application Interval - 10 days

• PHI - 14 days (grain and stover) 45 days (forage)

<sup>1</sup> For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk

<sup>2</sup>Aphid control may be variable depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

<sup>3</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>4</sup>Aids in control

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Soybeans	Cutworm spp. Painted lady (thistle) caterpillar Saltmarsh caterpillar Silverspotted skipper	1.3 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing. Base timing and frequency of applications on insect populations reaching locally determined economic
	Alfalfa caterpillar Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, true Armyworm, yellow-striped Bean leaf beetle <sup>1</sup> Blister beetle spp. Colorado potato beetle Corn borer, European Corn earworm	2.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.018 to 0.025 lb ai)	<ul> <li>thresholds.</li> <li>Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of plant and foliage.</li> <li>Minimum Spray</li> <li>Volume/Acre</li> <li>Aerial - 2 gallons. Addition of 1 quart to 2 quarts of</li> </ul>
	Corn rootworm beetle (adult) Cowpea curculio Cucumber beetle European corn borer Flea beetle Green cloverworm Hornworm Imported cabbageworm Japanese beetle Leaf skeletonizer spp. Leafhopper spp. Leafhopper spp. Leafminer (adult) Mexican bean beetle Pea leaf weevil Plant bug spp. Potato leafhopper Seedcorn maggot (adult) Soybean aphid Spittlebug Three-cornered alfalfa hopper Tobacco budworm <sup>2</sup> Velvetbean caterpillar		<ul> <li>emulsifiable oil/acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposition and insect control.</li> <li>Ground - 10 gallons. Addition of 1 quart to 2 quarts of emulsifiable oil/acre to the spray solution may improve spray deposition and insect control.</li> </ul>
	Armyworm, beet Armyworm, fall Grasshopper spp. Kudzu bug Lesser cornstalk borer <sup>3</sup> Looper spp. <sup>2</sup> Stink bug spp. Thrips spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Whitefly spp. <sup>2,3</sup>	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	

• Maximum Application Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac® CS insecticide (0.025 lb ai)

- Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai)
- Minimum Application Interval 7 days
- PHI 21 days

• **DO NOT** graze or harvest treated soybean forage, straw, or hay for livestock feed.

<sup>1</sup>Use higher specified dosage for increased pest pressure, increased residual pest control, or later-season applications. <sup>2</sup>See **Resistance** in **Directions For Use** section.

<sup>3</sup>Aids in control

Table 2. Crop-specific Application	Instructions (continued)
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Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Sugar Beets	Aphids <sup>1</sup> Armyworms Cutworm spp. Flea beetle Grasshopper Heliothis spp. Loopers Sugar beet root maggot (adult)	2.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.014 to 0.025 lb ai)	Make applications when insect populations reach economic thresholds. Refer to local Cooperative Extension Pest Management Guidelines and/or scouting results. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
			Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons

- Maximum Application Rate/Acre 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac<sup>®</sup> CS insecticide (0.025 lb al)
- Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai)
- Minimum Application Interval 4 days
- PHI 50 days
- DO NOT graze or harvest treated sugar beet tops for livestock feed.

<sup>1</sup>Aphid control may vary depending on species present and host-plant relationships.

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Tree NutsBlack pecan ag Codling moth Filbert worm Hickory shucky Leaffooted bug Navel orangew Oblique-bande Pecan leaf cas Pecan nut case Pecan nut case Pecan weevil Plant bug Stink bug Walnut (black, English)	0	3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing. Base timing and frequency of applications or insect populations reaching locally determined economi threshold levels. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage.
	Plant bug Stink bug		Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons

• Maximum Seasonal Application Rate/Acre - 11.4 fl ozs of Fastac CS (0.075 lb ai)

- Minimum Application Interval 7 days
- PHI 7 days

Crop	Insects Controlled	Application Rate/Acre	Application Method
Wheat and Triticale	Cutworm spp. (including army cutworm) Painted lady (thistle) caterpillar	1.3 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.008 to 0.025 lb ai)	Apply as required by scout- ing. Base timing and frequency of applications on insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of foliage. Minimum Spray Volume/Acre • Aerial - 2 gallons • Ground - 10 gallons Chinch bug control: Begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds. Apply sufficient spray vol- ume to penetrate the soil/stem interface, leaf col- lars, and sheaths.
	Armyworm, Southern Armyworm, true Armyworm, yellow-striped Cereal leaf beetle Flea beetle spp. Pale Western cutworm Plant bug spp. Spittlebug Webworm spp. Aphid spp. <sup>1,2</sup> Armyworm, beet <sup>2</sup> Armyworm, fall Chinch bug Grass sawfly Grass sawfly Grass sawfly Grasshopper spp. Greenbug <sup>2,3</sup> Leafhopper spp. Stink bug spp. Thrips spp. <sup>2,3</sup> Wheat stem sawfly (adult) <sup>3</sup> Whitefly spp. <sup>2,3</sup>	1.8 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.012 to 0.025 lb ai) 3.2 to 3.8 fl ozs (0.020 to 0.025 lb ai)	
	Rate/Acre - 3.8 fl ozs of Fastac		)
Minimum Application			
• PHI - 14 days (grain, fo	-		
	depending on species present and host-pla	nt relationships.	

Table 2. Crop-specific Application Instructions (continued)

<sup>3</sup>Aids in control

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#### **Conditions of Sale and Warranty**

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

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007969-00364.20151002.**NVA 2015-04-357-0146** Supersedes: NVA 2013-04-357-0290

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