

#### U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention
Office of Pesticide Programs
Registration Division (7504P)
1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.
Washington, DC 20460

#### **NOTICE OF PESTICIDE:**

X Registration
Reregistration
(under FIFRA, as amended)

**EPA Reg. Number:** 

Date of Issuance:

7969-355

OCT 2 2 2012

Term of Issuance: Unconditional

Name of Pesticide Product:

EMPRESS INTRINSIC BRAND FUNGICIDE

Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): BASF Corporation PO Box 13528 26 Davis Dr

Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Mailed to:
David Haughey
Product Registration Manager

**Note:** Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration of your product under FIFRA sec 3(c)(5) when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data; and submit acceptable responses required for reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 4.

Page 1 of 2

Signature of Approving Official:

Date:

OCT 2 2 2012

Tony Kish, Product Manager (22)

Fungicide Branch/Registration Division/OPP/OCSPP (7504P)

EPA Form 8570-6

Notice of Pesticide Registration EMPRESS INTRINSIC BRAND FUNGICIDE EPA Reg. No. 7969-355 Page 2 of 2

- 2. Make the following change to the label:
  - a. Change the product registration number to "EPA Reg. No. 7969-355"
- 3. Submit one copy of the revised final printed label for the record before the product is released for shipment.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A copy of the label stamped "Accepted" is enclosed for your records.

Tony Kish Product Manager (22) Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7504P)

Enclosure:

Label stamped "Accepted"

Group

11

**Fungicide** 

# **Empress**<sup>TM</sup>

Intrinsic<sup>™</sup> brand fungicide

## For use as a drench for soilborne disease control and improved plant health in production ornamentals

#### **Active Ingredient\*:**

pyraclostrobin: (carbamic acid, [2-[[1-(4-chlorophenyl)-1 <i>H</i> -pyrazol-3-	
yl]oxy]methyl]phenyl]methoxy-,methyl ester)	23.3%
Other Ingredients:	76.7%
Total:	100.0%

\* Equivalent to 2.08 pounds of pyraclostrobin per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 7969-xxx

EPA Est. No.

## WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for complete First Aid, Precautionary Statements, Directions For Use, Conditions of Sale and Warranty, and state-specific crop and/or use site restrictions.

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call day or night 1-800-832-HELP (4357).

**Net Contents:** 

BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709 ACCEPTED

OCT 2 2 2012

Under the Federal Insecticide.
Fungicide. and Rodenticide Act.
as amended, for the posticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 20/9-266.



FIRST AID		
<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>DO NOT give anything to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes; then continue rinsing eyes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for advice.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance; then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth to mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>		

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call: BASF at 1-800-832-HELP (4357), the National Poison Control Center at 1-800-222-1222, or dial 911.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### **Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

WARNING. May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. For more options refer to Category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

#### Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene and/or barrier laminate)
- · Shoes plus socks

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. DO NOT reuse them.

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothina.

#### **Engineering Controls Statement**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind. This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after applications. Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product. A level, well-maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features, such as ponds, streams, and springs, will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall runoff. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecast to occur within 48 hours. Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product's contribution to surface water contamination.

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. **DO NOT** apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate.

#### **Directions For Use**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Unless otherwise directed in supplemental labeling, all applicable directions, restrictions, precautions and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** are to be followed. This label must be in the user's possession during application.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), notification of workers, and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI) of **12 hours**.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (such as nitrile, butyl, neoprene, and/or barrier laminate)
- Shoes plus socks

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

#### **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. **DO NOT** store near food or feed.

#### Pesticide Disposal

To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

#### Container Handling

Nonrefillable Container. DO NOT reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying; then offer for recycling, if available, or reconditioning, if appropriate, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (5 gallons or less) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Triple rinse containers too large to shake (more than 5 gallons) as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank, or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank, or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Container is not safe for food, feed or drinking water.

#### Spills

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call:

• CHEMTREC

1-800-424-9300

BASF Corporation

1-800-832-HELP (4357)

## Steps to be taken in case this material is released or spilled:

- Wear personal protective equipment (see Precautionary Statements) and avoid exposure when managing a spill.
- Dike and contain spill with inert material (sand, earth, etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to separate containers for disposal.
- Remove contaminated clothing, and wash affected skin areas with soap and water. Wash clothing before reuse.
- Keep spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water.

#### **Product Information**

Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide is a broadspectrum fungicide applied as a drench for the control of certain soilborne seedling and crown diseases in production ornamentals, forest and conifer nurseries, and plantations in the following use sites:

- Greenhouses
- Interiorscapes
- · Lathhouses and shadehouses
- Outdoor nurseries (container or field)
- Retail nurseries

Applications of **Empress** prior to disease development (preventively) optimize disease control, resulting in improved plant health. Apply **Empress** solo or in tank mixes with other registered fungicides. **DO NOT** exceed the specified application rate or fail to comply with use restrictions listed in this label. Failure to follow directions and precautions on this label can result in injury and/or inferior disease control.

**Empress** is a suspension concentrate (SC) containing the active ingredient pyraclostrobin, a member of the strobilurin class of chemistry derived from a natural antifungal substance. To maximize disease control, apply **Empress** in a regularly scheduled protective spray program and use in a rotation program with other fungicides. **Empress** has good residual activity against target fungi.

#### **Resistance Management**

#### **Mode of Action**

Pyraclostrobin, the active ingredient in **Empress** belongs to the group of respiration inhibitors classified as Quinone Outside Inhibitors (QoI) or target site of action **Group 11** fungicides. **Empress** is effective against pathogens resistant to **Non-Group 11** fungicides, such as the dicarboximides, sterol inhibitors, benzimidazoles, or phenylamides. Repeated use of **Group 11** fungicides, including pyraclostrobin, azoxystrobin, fluoxastrobin and trifloxystrobin, can lead to fungal populations that are resistant to these fungicides. **Empress** will be less effective in controlling diseases where resistant fungi are present.

#### **Resistance Management Advisory**

The following instructions can delay the development of fungicide resistance:

- 1. Limited sequential applications To maintain performance in ornamental plants, DO NOT make more than 2 sequential applications of Empress. Alternate with a fungicide(s) of a different mode of action, such as Orvego™ fungicide, Stature® SC fungicide, Segway™ fungicide or Subdue® Maxx® fungicide before reapplying Empress. DO NOT alternate Empress with other Group 11 fungicides.
- 2. Tank mixtures Tank mixing with fungicides from different target site of action groups that are registered/permitted for the same use and that are effective against the pathogens of concern can delay resistance development. Use at least the minimum labeled rates of each fungicide in the tank mix.
- 3. Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Integrate Empress into an overall disease and pest management program. Follow cultural practices known to reduce disease development. Empress can be used in advisory (disease forecasting) programs, which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease development.
- 4. Monitoring Monitor the success of each fungicide in controlling the targeted pathogen and record other factors that can influence fungicide performance and/or disease development. If a Group 11 target site fungicide, such as Empress, appears to be less effective against a pathogen than in previous applications, contact a BASF representative or local expert for further investigation.

#### **Plant Tolerance**

**Empress** has been applied to a wide variety of common ornamental plants without observed plant injury. Not all cultivars, varieties or species have been tested for tolerance to **Empress**. Refer to **Table 4** for the list of plants shown to be tolerant to **Empress**.

- Many cultivars within a plant species vary in tolerance to growing conditions and chemical applications. The grower must recognize these differences and test the product accordingly.
- DO NOT tank mix combinations with other pesticides or additives that have not been tested for tolerance under local conditions. If tank mixed with another product, always test a small group of representative plants for tolerance prior to large-scale use.
- **DO NOT** tank mix **Empress** with an organophosphate insecticide or a plant growth regulator.
- Local conditions can also influence plant tolerance and may not match those under which BASF has conducted testing. Always test a small group of representative plants for tolerance to **Empress** under local growing conditions prior to large-scale use.
- The use of an adjuvant or surfactant is not necessary when making a drench application.

 DO NOT expose plants listed in Table 5 to spray or drift containing Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide as injury can result.

#### **Restrictions and Limitations**

- For outdoor uses, DO NOT apply more than 1.5 gals of Empress product/acre/year, or 4.4 fl ozs per 1,000 sq ft/year. See Table 2 as a guide for maximum number of applications based on rate and spray volumes.
- For greenhouse uses, DO NOT make more than 8 applications of Empress per crop per year.
- DO NOT apply to plants exhibiting injury (leaf phytotoxicity or plant stunting) produced by prior pesticide applications.
- DO NOT tank mix Empress with an organophosphate insecticide or a plant growth regulator when making an application.
- DO NOT use on crops intended for food or feed use grown in or for agricultural production.
- DO NOT use on crops grown in greenhouses for agricultural production or transplants grown in greenhouses for agricultural fields.
- DO NOT apply to ornamentals planted in landscape areas, including residential areas, parks, golf courses, cemeteries, roadside plantings or other similar areas.
- DO NOT apply by overhead irrigation to fruit and nut trees, blackberries, cranberries, or grapes (see Table 3).
- Resistance Management To limit the potential for development of resistance in ornamental plants,
   DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of Empress. Rotate to a different mode of action before reapplying Empress.
- DO NOT expose plants listed in Table 5 to spray or drift containing Empress as injury can result.
- DO NOT apply by aircraft.

#### **Mixing Instructions**

**Empress** is mixed with water and applied as a soil drench treatment using ground-type application equipment, overhead irrigation equipment, backpack or hand-held equipment.

- Clean spray equipment thoroughly before and after applying this product, particularly if a product with the potential to injure ornamentals was used prior to Empress.
- · Calibrate spray equipment prior to use.
- Prepare only the amount of spray mix needed for immediate use.
- · Maintain maximum constant agitation during application.

#### Tank Mix Partners/Components

**Empress** is compatible with most fungicide, insecticide and fertilizer products. To improve control of certain

diseases, Empress can be tank mixed with other effective (nonstrobilurin) fungicides such as Orvego™ fungicide, Stature® SC fungicide, Segway™ fungicide or Subdue® Maxx® fungicide. If tank mixtures are used, follow rate restrictions, label recommendations and precautions on all labels. Always follow the most restrictive label.

Physical incompatibility, reduced disease control, or plant injury can result from mixing **Empress** with fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, additives, or fertilizers. Always conduct a jar test and test the tank mixes on a small group of representative plants prior to large-scale use.

**DO NOT** tank mix **Empress** with an organophosphate insecticide or a plant growth regulator.

#### **Additives**

The use of additives or spray adjuvants when making a drench application is not necessary with Empress.

If additives or spray adjuvants are included, use only surfactants approved for ornamental plants in combination with **Empress**. **DO NOT** use organosilicone-based adjuvants with **Empress** because injury can result on certain ornamental species. Always test the additives and tank mixes on a small group of representative plants prior to large-scale use.

#### Compatibility Test (Jar Test)

Before mixing a new combination of products or additives in the spray tank, perform a compatibility test. Begin with a quart-sized jar. Add products in the same order as the **Mixing Order** section. Start with 3.5 cups of water from the intended source at the source temperature. For each dry product, add 2 tsp per pound of product per acre. For each liquid product, add 1 tsp per pint of product per acre.

- Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between component additions.
- When the components have all been added to the jar, let the solution stand for 15 minutes.
- Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, fine particles that precipitate to the bottom or thick (clabbered) texture. **DO NOT** use any spray solution that could clog spray nozzles.

#### Mixing Order

- 1. **Water** Fill tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water and start agitation.
- 2. Agitation Maintain agitation throughout mixing.
- Products in PVA bags Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- Water-soluble additives Including dry and liquid fertilizer, such as ammonium sulfate or urea ammonium.
- Water dispersible products Including dry flowables, dry wettable granules, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions. For containers 5 gallons or less, shake well prior to use. For containers greater than

**5 gallons, recirculate prior to use.** Consult BASF Representatives for additional information regarding agitation and recirculation.

- 6. Water soluble products
- 7. **Emulsifiable concentrates** Including oil concentrates or methylated seed oil.
- 8. Remaining quantity of water

If mixture stands for more than 2 hours, thoroughly agitate prior to application.

## Application Directions and Diseases Controlled

Apply Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide as a preventive drench application for control of specific soilborne pathogens causing root rot, stem rot, and crown rot in ornamental plants. Follow directions for use found in Tables 1, 2 and 3.

For containers 5 gallons or less, shake well prior to use. For containers greater than 5 gallons, recirculate prior to use. Consult BASF Representatives for additional information regarding agitation and recirculation.

#### **Drench Application Instructions**

- Drench the soil with a solution of Empress using Tables
   1, 2 and 3. Thorough saturation and wetting of root zone, crown and base of the plant, and surrounding growth media is necessary for optimum control.
- Drench DO NOT apply to dry soil media. Applications are best made when soil media has good moisture but not saturated. Use enough solution to wet the root zone of the plant. Avoid watering plants for several hours after application to facilitate product uptake and maximize fungicide contact.
- For Seedling Ornamentals DO NOT apply Empress until after the first true leaf emergence.
- DO NOT use Empress after symptoms of soilborne disease have become evident. Control may not be satisfactory.
- Repeat applications as needed 7 to 28 days after the initial application.
- Resistance Management To limit the potential for development of resistance in ornamental plants,
   DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications of Empress. Rotate to a different mode of action before reapplying Empress.
- Empress can be applied by ground-type application equipment, overhead irrigation (see Table 3), backpack or hand-held equipment.
- For applications to containers smaller than 6 inches,
   DO NOT exceed 400 gals drench solution per acre.
- See Table 2 for instructions on total number of applications per rate and spray volume for outdoor use.

Table 1. Empress Mixing Rate and Diseases Controlled

Crown, Root and Soilborne Pathogens	Product Use Rate per 100 Gal (fl ozs)	Pot Size and Plant Material Size
Fusarium spp. Phytophthora spp. Pythium spp.	1.0 to 3.0	Unrooted cuttings Seedlings Plugs
Rhizoctonia spp.	1.0 to 6.0	Herbaceous plants in 2 to 6 inch containers
	1.0 to 6.0	Herbaceous or Woody ornamentals in 4 inch to 1 gallon containers
	3.0 to 12.0	Herbaceous or Woody ornamentals in 1 gallon containers or larger

Table 2. Empress Maximum Seasonal Applications by Rate and Volume

Plant Type or Container Size	Maximum Gal/A	Maximum Rate per 100 Gal/ Application* (fl ozs)	Maximum Rate per Application (fl ozs/A)
Cuttings – propagation	400	3	12
Seedling trays Plug trays	400	3	12
Containers 2 to 6 inches	600	4	24
Containers	1,000	6	60
greater than	800	8	64
6 inches	600	10	60
	400	12	48

\* DO NOT apply more than 1.5 gals of Empress product/acre/year, or 4.4 fl ozs per 1,000 sq ft/year. DO NOT exceed the spray volume maximum per acre and the maximum rate mixed per 100 gal when making applications.

Resistance management dictates a maximum of two sequential applications then rotate to a **non-group 11** fungicide with a different MOA.

## Table 3. Drench Applications To Fruit and Nut Trees, Blackberries, Cranberries, or Grapes

**DO NOT** use on crops intended for food or feed use grown in or for agricultural production.

**DO NOT** apply using overhead irrigation or other equipment that delivers application to foliage. **Target drench application to container surface or soil only.** 

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Almond	Prunus dulcis	
Apple	Malus spp.	
Apricot	Prunus armeniaca	
Blackberry	Vaccinium myrtillus	
Cherry	Prunus avium, P. cerasus	
Chestnut, American	Castanea pumila	
Citrus	Citrus spp.	
Cranberry, American	Vaccinium macrocarpon	
Grape, European*	Vitis vinifera	
Nectarine	Prunus persica	
Peach	Prunus persica	
Pear	Pyrus spp.	
Pistachio	Pistacia vera	
Plum	Prunus domestica	
Walnut, black	Juglans nigra	
Walnut, common	Juglans regia	

<sup>\*</sup> DO NOT expose these Grape species or varieties to Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide: Concord, Fredonia, Niagara, Noiret, (NY73.0136.17), Rougeon, Steuben and Worden.

#### **Overhead Irrigation Systems**

**DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Applications made by through irrigation systems must deliver rates of **Empress** consistent with the rates specified in **Tables 1** and **2** of this label.

**DO NOT** apply **Empress** through any type of drip irrigation system.

**DO NOT** apply by overhead irrigation to fruit and nut trees, blackberries, cranberries, or grapes (see **Table 3**).

Apply this product through sprinkler irrigation systems, including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side [wheel] roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move irrigation systems.

Plant injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform treated water. Thorough **soil drench** is required for good control. Maintain good agitation during the entire application period. If you have questions about calibration, contact a state extension service specialist, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

 The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum-relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.

- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

**DO NOT** connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

#### Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems

- Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.
- Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, discharge the water from the public water system into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump

when the water pump motor stops, or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

- Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

## Table 4. Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide Tolerant Plant Species

Plants in this table have been found to be tolerant to **Empress** when applied according to the use instructions stated in this label.

Common Name	Scientific Name	
African violet	Saintpaulia ionantha	
Ajuga	Ajuga reptans	
Almond, nonbearing	Prunus dulcis	
Aloe vera	Aloe vera	
Apple, nonbearing	Malus spp.	
Apricot, nonbearing	Prunus armeniaca	
Arborvitae	Thuja spp.	
Ardisia	Ardisia spp.	
Arrowwood	Viburnum dentatum	
Ash, red	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	
Asian trache	Lospermum spp.	
Asparagus fern	Asparagus densiflorus	
Astilbe	Astilbe spp.	
Aucuba	Aucuba japonica	
Avens	Geum chiloense	
Azalea	Rhododendron spp.	
Baby's breath	Gypsophila repens	
Bachelor button	Centaurea montana	
Balloon flower	Platycodon grandiflorus	
Barbados lily	Hippeastrum vittatum	
Barberry, Japanese	Berberis thunbergii	
Basket-of-gold	Aurinia saxatilis	
Bayberry, wax myrtle	Myrica cerifera	
Bee balm	Monarda didyma	
Begonia*	Begonia spp.	
Bellflower	Campanula glomerata	
Blackberry	Vaccinium myrtillus	
Black-eyed Susan	Rudbeckia spp.	
Blanket flower	Gaillardia grandiflora	
Blue lily turf	Liriope spp.	
Boxwood, Japanese, common	Buxus - B. japonica,	
	B. sempervirens	
Brachycome, blue	Brachycome spp.	
Bridal wreath	Spiraea vanhouttei	
Butterfly bush	Buddleia spp.	
Caladium	Caladium spp.	
Camellia, Japanese	Camellia japonica	
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Table 4. Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide Tolerant Plant Species (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Canna	Canna x generalis
Carnation	Dianthus caryophyllus
Cedar, Japanese	Cryptomeria japonica
Chamaecyparis	Chamaecyparis pisifera
Cherry, nonbearing	Prunus avium, P. cerasus
Cherry, flowering, Kwanzan	Prunus serrulata
	'Kwanzan'
Cherry, flowering, Mt. Fuji (Shirotae)	Prunus serrulata 'Mt. Fuji' (Shirotae)
Chestnut, American	Castanea dentata
China, rose	Hibiscus spp.
Chinquapin	Castanea pumila
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum spp.
Citrus, nonbearing	Citrus spp.
Columbine	Aquilegia spp.
Cone flower	Rudbeckia hirta
Coral bells	Heuchera spp.
Cortaderia	Cortaderia spp.
Cotoneaster, cranberry	Cotoneaster apiculatus
Crabapple	Malus spp.
Cranberry, American	Vaccinium macrocarpon
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica
Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria spp.
Cupid's dart	Catananche cerulea
Cyclamen	Cyclamen spp.
Daffodil	Narcissus
	pseudonarcissus
Dahlia	Dahlia spp.
Daylily	Hemerocallis spp.
Deutzia	Deutzia spp.
Dietes	Dietes vegeta
Dogwood	Cornus spp.
Douglas fir	Pseudotsuga spp.
Dusty Miller	Centaurea cineraria
Enkianthus, redvein	Enkianthus campanulatus
Echinacea	Echinacea purpurea
Elaeagnus, Russian olive	Elaeagnus angustifolia
Elder, water	Sambucus spp.
Euonymus	Euonymus alata
Fern, Kimberly Queen	Nephrolepis obliterata
Fern, wood	Dryopteris spp.
Forsythia	Forsythia spp.
Fountain grass	Pennisetum
Touritain grass	alopecuroides
Foxglove	Digitalis spp.
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides
Gayfeather	Liatris spp.
Gazania	Gazania spp.
Geranium	
Geranium	Pelargonium spp.

Gerbera

Gerbera spp.

## Table 4. Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide Tolerant Plant Species (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Germander, Wall	Teucrium chamaedrys
Gladiolus	Gladiolus spp.
Globe thistle	Echinops ritro
Goldbell tree, Chinese	Forsythia viridissima
Grape, European, nonbearing	Vitis vinifera
Hawthorn, Indian	Rhaphiolepis spp.
Hazel	Corylopsis spp.
Heavenly bamboo	Nandina domestica
Hemlock, Canada	Tsuga Canadensis
Holly, Chinese, Japanese,	llex - I. cornuta,
Yaupon	I. crenata, I. vomitoria
Hosta	Hosta spp.
Hydrangea	Hydrangea spp.
Impatiens*, New Guinea,	Impatiens spp.
balsam	ппрацена эрр.
Iris	Iris spp.
Ivy, common, California, English	Hedera spp.
Jasmine, star	Trachelospermum jasminoides
Jessamine	Gelsemium sempervirens
Juniper, creeping, Chinese	Juniperus -
	J. horizontalis,
	J. chinensis
Lamb's ear	Stachys byzantina
Lantana	Lantana montevidensis
Larkspur	Delphinium elatum
Leopard's bane	Doronicum cordatum
Leucophyllum ·	Leucophyllum spp.
Lilac, common	Syringa spp.
Lily	Lilium spp.
Liriope, variegated	Liriope muscari variegata
Lisianthus	Eustoma grandiflora
Lobelia	Lobelia spp.
Loropetalum	Loropetalum chinense
Lupine	Lupinus spp.
Magnolia, star, saucer	Magnolia -
magnona, star, saassi	M. stellata,
	M. soulangiana
Maidenhair tree	Gingko biloba
Mandevilla	Mandevilla spp.
Maple, amur, Japanese,	Acer spp
Norway, sugar, soft, negundo	A. ginnala,
	A. palmatum,
	A. platanoides,
	A. saccharum,
	A. saccharinum,
	A. negundo
Marigold	Tagetes spp.

Table 4. Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide Tolerant Plant Species (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name	
Maudlin, blue	Ageratum houstonianum	
Meadow sage	Salvia x superba	
Monkey grass	Ophiopogon japonicus	
Morningglory	Ipomoea spp.	
Moss, rose	Portulaca grandiflora	
Mountain laurel	Kalmia latifolia	
Myrica cerifera	Myrica cerifera	
Myrtle	Myrtus spp.	
Narcissus	Narcissus pseudonarcissus	
Nectarine, nonbearing	Prunus persica	
Oak, bur, red	Quercus spp	
	Q. macrocarpa, Q. rubra	
Oleander	Nerium oleander	
Olive, fragrant tea	Osmanthus fragrans	
Pampas grass	Cortaderia spp.	
Pansy	Viola spp.	
Peach, nonbearing	Prunus persica	
Pear, nonbearing	Pyrus spp.	
Pecan, nonbearing	Carya illinoensis	
Periwinkle, Madagascar	Catharanthus roseus	
Periwinkle, perennial	Vinca major, V. minor	
Petunia*	Petunia spp.	
Phlox	Phlox spp.	
Pine, black, white, blue, mugo	Pinus spp	
	P. thunbergiana,	
	P. strobus, P. pinea,	
	P. mugo	
Pine, European	Abies alba	
Pistachio, nonbearing	Pistacia vera	
Pittosporum, Japanese	Pittosporum tobira	
Plum, nonbearing	Prunus domestica	
Plum, purple leaf	Prunus cerasifera	
Poinsettia	Euphorbia pulcherrima	
Poplar	Populus spp	
	P. trichocarpa,	
	P. deltoides	
Primrose	Oenothera speciosa	
Privet	Ligustrum spp.	
Purslane	Portulaca spp.	
Quince	Chaenomeles spp.	
Ranunculus	Ranunculus spp.	
Rhaphiolepis	Rhaphiolepis spp.	
Redbud	Cercis spp.	
Redtip photinia	Photinia fraseri	
Rhododendron	Rhododendron spp.	
Rock cress	Arabis caucasica	
Rose	Rosa spp.	

Table 4. Empress™ Intrinsic™ brand fungicide Tolerant Plant Species (continued)

Common Name	Scientific Name
Rose mallow	Hibiscus moscheutos
Ruellia	Ruellia spp.
Russian arborvitae	Microbiota decussata
Sage, silverado	Leucophyllum spp.
Sago	Cycas revoluta
Salvia	Salvia coccinea
Scabious, sweet	Scabiosa atropurpurea
Sedum	Sedum spp.
Snapdragon	Antirrhinum spp.
Speedwell	Veronica spicata
Spindle tree, burning bush	Euonymus spp.
Spirea	Spiraea spp.
Spruce	Picea spp.
Spurge, Japanese	Pachysandra terminalis
St. John's wort	Hypericum calycinum
Stonecrop	Sedum spp.
Sweetspire	Itea spp.
Sweet William	Dianthus barbatus
Thrift	Armeria maritima
Tick seed	Coreopsis spp.
Tulip	Tulipa spp.
Verbena	Verbena spp.
Viburnum, water elder	Viburnum spp.
Vinca, annual	Catharanthus roseus
Viola	Viola spp.
Walnut tree, black, common	Juglans spp
	J. nigra, J. regia
Wormwood	Artemisia spp.
Yarrow	Achillea spp.
Zinnia	Zinnia spp.

<sup>\*</sup> Begonia, impatiens and petunia occasionally have shown discoloration on the flowers following Empress applications made directly onto the flowers. Be cautious with Empress applications when these species are flowering. Not all cultivars and flower colors have been evaluated. Before making Empress applications on the entire area, treat a small area first to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur.

## Table 5. Plant Species NOT Tolerant to Empress DO NOT expose these species or varieties to Empress.

Scientific Name	
Vitis sp.	
a,	
orden	
Physocarpus opulifolius	
Euonymus vegetus	

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