7969 -279

7/23/2012



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON D C 20460

> OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

Craig D Kleppe Ph D Product Registration Manager BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park NC 27709 3528

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JUL 23 2012

Subject Label Amendment Product Name VERDICT Powered by KIXOR Herbicide EPA Reg No 7969 279 Application dated April 23 2012 Decision Number 464216

Dear Dr Kleppe

The labeling referred to above submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) as amended is acceptable

One copy of the label stamped Accepted is enclosed for your records <u>Products released</u> for shipment after 18 months from the date on this notice or the next printing of the label, whichever occurs first, must bear the new revised label Amended labeling will supersede all previously accepted ones

Per 40 CFR 156 10(6) submit one copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment If you have questions or concerns regarding this letter please contact Beth Benbow at (703) 347 8072 or email at <u>benbow bethany@epa gov</u>

Sincerely

Kathryn V Montague Product Manager 23 Herbicide Branch Registration Division (7505P)





JUL 2 3 2012 Ident the Federal Insecticide " ident the Federal Insecticide " ident for a peak cid. H lided for a peak cid. H blc sl - rdg a peak cid. A R & NO 7969-279

TM



For use in field corn (grain, seed, silage), popcorn, sweet corn, grain sorghum, and soybean

 Active Ingredients

 saflufenacil N [2 chloro 4 fluoro 5 (3 methyl 2 6 dioxo 4 (trifluoromethyl) 3

 6 dihydro 1(2H) pyrimidinyl)benzoyi] N isopropyl N methylsulfamide
 6 24%

 dimethenamid P (S) (2 chloro N [(1 methyl 2 methoxy)ethyl] N
 55 04%

 Other Ingredients
 38 72%

 Total
 100 00%

 Contains 0 57 pounds of saflufenacil and 5 0 pounds of dimethenamid P per gallon formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate

Contains petroleum distillates EPA Reg No 7969 279

EPA Est No

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle (If you do not understand the label find someone to explain it to you in detail)

See inside for complete First Aid Precautionary Statements Directions For Use Conditions of Sale and Warranty and state specific crop and/or use site restrictions

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product call day or night 1 800 832 HELP (4357)

Net Contents

BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park NC 27709

	FIRST AID			
 Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing ey Call a poison control center for treatment advice 				
If swallowed	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice • DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to by a poison control center or doctor • DO NOT give any liquid to the person • DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person			
If on skin or clothing	 Take off contaminated clothing Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice 			
If inhaled	 Move person to fresh air If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance then give artificial respiration preferably by mouth to mouth if possible Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice 			
	HOTLINE NUMBER			
	her or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment ASF Corporation for emergency medical treatment information 1 800 832 HELP (4357)			

Note to Physician Contains petroleum distillate Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia

Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

WARNING Causes substantial but temporary eye injury Harmful if swallowed **DO NOT** get in eyes or on clothing Avoid contact with skin Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. For more options refer to **Category F** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart

Applicators and other handlers must wear

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks
- Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate butyl rubber \geq 14 mils nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils neoprene rub ber \geq 14 mils viton \geq 14 mils or selection **Category F** Replace gloves after 8 hours of use (either continuous or intermittent) Thoroughly rinse gloves with water between intermittent uses
- Protective eyewear such as face shield goggles or safety glasses

Follow the manufacturer s instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE If no such instructions for washables exist use detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product s concentrate **DO NOT** reuse them

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems enclosed cabs or air craft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesti cides [40 CFR 170 240(d)(4 6)] the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS

IMPORTANT When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for **applicators and other handlers** and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency such as a spill or equipment breakdown

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should

- Wash hands before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product Wash the outside of gloves before removing As soon as possible wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

Environmental Hazards

For terrestrial uses **DO NOT** apply directly to water areas where surface water is present or intertidal areas below the mean high water mark **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate

Groundwater Advisory Saflufenacil has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable particularly where

the water table is shallow Dimethenamid P has properties that may result in groundwater contamination Application in areas where soils are permeable or coarse and ground water is near the surface could result in groundwater contamination

Surface Water Advisory This product may impact sur face water due to runoff of rainwater. This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow groundwater. This product is classified as having high potential for reach ing surface water via runoff for several weeks after application. A level well maintained buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds streams and springs will reduce the potential loading of this chemical from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoid ing application when rainfall is forecast to occur within 48 hours

Point source Contamination To prevent point source contamination **DO NOT** mix or load this or any other pes ticide product within 50 feet of wells (including abandoned wells and drainage wells) sinkholes perennial or intermit tent streams and rivers and natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs This setback does not apply to properly capped or plugged abandoned wells and does not apply to impervious pad or dike mixing/loading areas described as follows

Mixing loading rinsing or washing operations performed within 50 feet of a well are allowed only when conducted on an impervious pad constructed to withstand the weight of the heaviest load that may be on or move across the pad The pad must be self contained to prevent surface water flow over or from the pad The pad capacity must be maintained at 110% that of the largest pesticide container or application equipment used on the pad and have suffi cient capacity to contain all product spills equipment or container leaks equipment washwaters and rainwater that may fall on the pad The containment capacity does not apply to vehicles delivering pesticide shipments to the mix ing and/or loading site. States may have in effect additional requirements regarding wellhead setbacks and operational containment

Care must be taken when using this product to prevent

- · Back siphoning into wells
- Spills
- Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mixes or rinsates

Check valves or anti siphoning devices must be used on all mixing equipment

Movement Dissolved in Runoff or Through Soil DO NOT apply under conditions that favor runoff DO NOT apply to impervious substrates such as paved or highly compacted surfaces or frozen soils Groundwater contamination may occur in areas where soils are perme able or coarse and groundwater is near the surface To minimize the possibility of groundwater contamination carefully follow application rate specifications as affected by soil type in the **Application Instructions** section of this label **DO NOT** apply if all 3 criteria exist

- 1 Coarse soils classified as sand (does not include loamy sand or sandy loam)
- 2 Less than 3% organic matter (as determined by soil tests if not known)
- 3 Where depth to groundwater is 30 feet or less

Movement by Water Erosion of Treated Soil DO NOT

apply or incorporate this product by flood or furrow irrigation. Ensure treated areas have received at least 1/2 inch of rainfall before using tailwater for subsequent irrigation of other fields.

Endangered Species Protection Requirements

This product may have effects on federally listed threatened or endangered plant species or their critical habitat. When using this product, you must follow the measures contained in the Endangered Species Protection Bulletin for the county or parish in which you are applying the pesticide. To determine whether your county or parish has a Bulletin, and to obtain that Bulletin, consult http://www.epa.gov/espp/ or call 1 800 447 3813 no more than 6 months before using this product. Applicators must use Bulletins that are in effect in the month in which the pesticide will be applied. New Bulletins will generally be available from the above sources 6 months prior to their effective dates

Directions For Use

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a man ner inconsistent with its labeling. This label must be in the possession of the user at time of herbicide application

DO NOT apply this product in a way that will contact work ers or other persons either directly or through drift Only protected handlers may be in the area during application For any requirements specific to your state or tribe consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation

Observe all precautions and limitations in this label and the labels of products used in combination with **Verdict[™] herbicide** The use of **Verdict** not consistent with this label can result in injury to crops animals or persons Keep containers closed to avoid spills and contamination

Unless otherwise directed in supplemental labeling all applicable directions restrictions precautions and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** are to be followed

BASF Corporation does not recommend or authorize the use of this product in manufacturing processing or prepar ing custom blends with other products for application in crops

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170 This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms forests nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training decontamination noti fication and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equip ment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this prod uct that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard

DO NOT enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of **12 hours**

EXCEPTION If the product is soil injected or soil incor porated the Worker Protection Standard under certain circumstances allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is per mitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants soil or water is

Coverails

Chemical resistant gloves such as barrier laminate butyl rubber ≥ 14 mils nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils or viton ≥ 14 mils

- Shoes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water food or feed by storage or disposal Open dumping is prohibited

Pesticide Storage

DO NOT use or store near heat or open flame Store in original container in a well ventilated area separately from fertilizer feed or foodstuffs and away from other pesti cides Avoid cross contamination with other pesticides Groundwater contamination may be reduced by diking and flooring of permanent liquid bulk storage sites with an impermeable material

Pesticide Disposal

Wastes resulting from this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility Improper disposal of excess pesticide spray mix or rinsate is a vio lation of federal law If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions contact the state agency responsible for pesticide regulation or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

Container Handling

Nonrefiliable Container DO NOT reuse or refill this container Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying then offer for recy cling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by inciner ation or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity \leq 5 gallons) as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap Shake for 10 sec onds Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Repeat this pro cedure two more times

Triple rinse containers too large to shake

(capacity > 5 gallons) as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank Fill the container 1/4 full with water Replace and tighten clo sures Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth ensuring at least one complete revolution for 30 seconds Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal Repeat this procedure two more times

(continued)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (continued)

Container Handling (continued)

Pressure rinse as follows Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and con tinue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip

Refillable Container Refill this container with pesticide only **DO NOT** reuse this container for any other purpose Triple rinsing the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller

Triple rinse as follows To clean the container before final disposal empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection tion system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

When this container is empty replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use return the container to the point of purchase or to a designated location. This container must only be refilled with a pesticide product. Prior to refilling inspect carefully for damage such as cracks punctures abrasions worn out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transport. **DO NOT** transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged or leaking or obsolete and not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location. triple rinse emptied container and offer for recycling if available or dispose of container in compliance with state and local regulations.

In Case of Emergency

In case of large scale spillage regarding this product call

- CHEMTREC 1 800 424 9300
- BASF Corporation 1 800 832 HELP (4357)

In case of medical emergency regarding this product call

- · Your local doctor for immediate treatment
- Your local poison control center (hospital)
- BASF Corporation 1 800 832 HELP (4357)

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled

- Dike and contain the spill with inert material (sand earth etc.) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to sepa rate containers for disposal
- Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin areas with soap and water
- Wash clothing before reuse
- · Keep the spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water

Product Information

Verdict[™] herbicide is a selective residual preemergence herbicide for controlling most annual grasses broadleaf weeds and sedges in field corn popcorn sweet corn grain sorghum and soybean (refer to **Table 1** for a list of weeds controlled preemergence) Residual preemergence applications of **Verdict** must be activated by at least 1/2 inch of rainfall or sprinkler irrigation prior to weed seedling emergence When **Verdict** is not activated a labeled postemergence herbicide or cultivation may be needed to control weed escapes

Verdict also provides contact burndown of many broadleaf weeds (refer to **Table 2** for a list of weeds con trolled by a burndown application) An adjuvant (refer to **Additives** section for details) is required with **Verdict** for optimum broadleaf burndown activity Burndown applica tions of **Verdict** should be made when broadleaf weeds are small and actively growing Burndown activity may be slowed or reduced under cloudy and/or foggy or cooler weather conditions or when weeds are growing under drought or other stress conditions When targeting dense weed populations and/or larger broadleaf weeds use a higher application rate within an application rate range and/or higher spray volumes Angling nozzles forward (to 45 degrees) may improve penetration of denser weed canopies

Tank mixtures with contact herbicides (e g carfentrazone paraquat) may reduce the burndown activity of **Verdict**

Table 1 Weeds Controlled by a Residual Preemergence Application of Verdict[™] herbicide

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Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression	
Annual Broadleaf Weeds			
Amaranth Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri	С	
Amaranth Powell	Amaranthus powelli	C	
Beggarweed Florida	Desmodium tortuosum	C	
Buckwheat wild	Polygonum convolvulus	C	
Buffalobur	Solanum rostratum	С	
Burcucumber	Sicyos angulatus	S	
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	С	
Chamomile mayweed	Anthemis cotula	С	
Chickweed common	Stellaria media	С	
Cocklebur common	Xanthium strumarium	Ċ	
Copperleaf Virginia	Acalypha virginica	С	
Devil s claw	Proboscidea Iouisiana	S	
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata	S	
Fleabane hairy	Conyza bonariensis	С	
Galinsoga smallflower	Galinsoga parviflora	С	
Groundcherry cutleaf	Physalis angulata	С	
Horseweed (marestall)	Conyza canadensis	С	
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	С	
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	С	
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	С	
ambsquarters common	Chenopodium album	С	
Mallow Venice	Hibiscus trionum	С	
Marestail (horseweed)	Conyza canadensis	С	
Norningglory entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var integriuscula	С	
Vorningglory ivyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	С	
Morningglory palmleaf	Ipomoea wrightii	С	
Norningglory pitted	Ipomoea lacunosa	С	
Morningglory tall	lpomoea purpurea	С	
Mustard wild	Sinapis arvensis	С	
Nightshade black	Solanum nıgrum	С	
Nightshade cutleaf	Solanum triflorum	С	
Nightshade Eastern black	Solanum ptycanthum	С	
Nightshade hairy	Solanum sarrachoides	С	
Pennycress field	Thlaspi arvense	С	
Pigweed prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides	С	
Pigweed redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	С	
Pigweed smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	С	
Pigweed tumble	Amaranthus albus	С	
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	S	
Purslane common	Portulaca oleracea	С	
Pusley Florida	Richardia scabra	С	

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Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3 = Suppression
Annual Broadleaf Weeds (contil	nued)	
Ragweed common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	C
Ragweed giant	Ambrosia trifida	С
Sida prickly	Sida spinosa	С
Smartweed Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	С
Sowthistle annual	Sonchus arvensis	С
Spurge nodding	Chamaesyce nutans	Ċ
Spurge spotted	Chamaesyce maculata	С
Starbur bristly	Acanthospermum hispidum	С
Sunflower common	Helianthus annuus	С
Thistle Russian	Salsola kalı	С
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	С
Waterhemp Amaranthus tuberculatus		С
Annual Grasses		
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus galli	С
Bluegrass annual	Poa annua	С
Bluegrass roughstalk	Poa trivialis	С
Brome California	Bromus carinatus	С

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Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus galli	С
Bluegrass annual	Poa annua	С
Bluegrass roughstalk	Poa trivialis	С
Brome California	Bromus carınatus	С
Brome downy	Bromus tectorum	С
Crabgrass large	Dıgıtarıa sanguınalıs	С
Crabgrass smooth	Dıgıtarıa ıschaemum	С
Cupgrass Southwestern	Eriochloa gracilis	С
Cupgrass woolly	Eriochloa villosa	S
Fescue rattail	Vulpia myuros	С
Foxtail giant	Setaria faberi	С
Foxtail green	Setaria viridis	С
Foxtail yellow	Setaria pumila	С
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	С
Johnsongrass (seedling)	Sorghum halepense	S
Millet wild proso	Panicum miliaceum	S
Panicum fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	С
Panicum Texas	Panicum texanum	S
Rice red	Oryza sativa	C
Ryegrass Italian	Lolium multiflorum	С
Sandbur	Cenchrus spp	S
Shattercane	Sorghum bicolor	S
Signalgrass broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla	S
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare	С
Sedges		
Flatsedge rice	Cyperus Iria	С
Nutsedge yellow	Cyperus esculentus	S
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To complement control Verdict should be used in tank mixes or sequential applications with other labeled herbicides that provide additional control of noted weeds

Table 2 Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by a Burndown Application of Verdict[™] herbicide

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9/22

Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression	Maximum Height or Diameter (inches)
Amaranth Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri	C	6
Bedstraw catchweed	Galium aparine	С	3
Beggarticks hairy	Bidens pilosa	С	6
Beggarweed Florida	Desmodium tortuosum	С	6
Bindweed field	Convolvulus arvensis	S1	6
Buckwheat wild	Polygonum convolvulus	С	3
Canola volunteer (rapeseed)	Brassica spp	С	6
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	С	6
Chickweed common	Stellaria media	S	3
Cocklebur common	Xanthium strumarium	С	6
Cotton volunteer	Gossypium hirsutum	С	growing from seed less than or equal to 12 leaves
Cowcockie	Vaccaria pyramidata	С	4
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale	S ¹	6
Eveningprimrose cutleaf	Oenothera lacınıata	С	4
Falseflax smallseed	Camelina microcarpa	С	4
Filaree broadleaf	Erodium botrys	С	4
Filaree redstem	Erodium cicutarium	S	3
Filaree whitestem	Erodium moschatum	С	4
Fleabane hairy	Conyza bonariensis	С	6
Flixweed	Descurainia sophia	С	6
Goosefoot nettleleaf	Chenopodium murale	С	3
Groundcherry cutleaf	Physalis angulata	С	6
Groundsel common	Senecio vulgaris	С	4
Hawksbeard narrowleaf	Crepis tectorum	С	6
Hemlock poison	Conium maculatum	С	6
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	S	3
Horseweed (marestail)	Conyza canadensis	С	6
Knotweed prostrate	Polygonum aviculare	С	3
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	С	3
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	С	6
Lambsquarters common	Chenopodium album	С	6
Lambsquarters narrowleaf	Chenopodium pratericola	С	6
Lettuce miner s	Claytonia perfoliata	С	6
Lettuce prickly	Lactuca serriola	С	6
Mallow common	Malva neglecta	С	6
Mallow little (cheeseweed)	Malva parviflora	С	6
Mallow Venice	Hibiscus trionum	С	6
Marestail (horseweed)	Conyza canadensis	С	6
Morningglory entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var integriuscula	С	6
Morningglory ivyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	С	6

(continued)

Table 2 Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by a Burndown Application of Verdict[™] herbicide (continued)

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Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control S = Suppression	Maximum Height or Diameter (inches)	
Morningglory pitted	Ipomoea lacunosa	С	6	
Morningglory tall	lpomoea purpurea	С	6	
Mustard black	Brassica nigra	С	6	
Mustard tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum	С	6	
Mustard wild	Sinapis arvensis	С	6	
Nettle burning	Urtica urens	С	4	
Nightshade black	Solanum nıgrum	С	6	
Nightshade cutleaf	Solanum triflorum	С	6	
Nightshade Eastern black	Solanum ptycanthum	С	6	
Nightshade hairy	Solanum saccharoides	С	6	
Parthenium	Parthenium hysterophorus	С	6	
Pennycress field	Thlaspi arvense	С	6	
Pigweed prostrate	Amaranthus blitoides	С	6	
Pigweed redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	С	6	
Pigweed smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	С	6	
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	С	6	
Purslane common	Portulaca oleracea	С	3	
Pusley Florida	Richardia scabra	S	3	
Ragweed common ²	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	С	6	
Ragweed giant	Ambrosia trifida	С	6	
Rocket London	Sisymbrium irio	С	6	
Sesbania hemp	Sesbanıa exaltata	С	4	
Shepherd s purse	Capsella bursa pastoris	С	6	
Sida prickly	Sida spinosa	С	6	
Smartweed Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	С	6	
Sowthistle annual	Sonchus oleraceus	С	6	
Sowthistle spiny	Sonchus asper	С	6	
Spurge garden	Chamaesyce hırta	С	6	
Spurge prostrate	Chamaesyce humistrata	С	6	
Spurge spotted	Chamaesyce maculata	С	6	
Sunflower common	Helianthus annuus	С	6	
Tansymustard green	Descurainia incana	С	6	
Tansymustard pinnate	Descurainia pinnata	С	6	

Control of seedling stage and suppression of perennial growth stage

Cirsium arvense

Abutilon theophrasti

Amaranthus tuberculatus

Epilobium adenocaulon

Salsola kalı

Thistle Canada

Thistle Russian

Velvetleaf

Waterhemp²

Willowweed

Populations of noted weeds exist that are known to be resistant to burndown applications of **Group 14/Group E** herbicides and will not be controlled by herbicides like **Verdict**. See the **Resistance Management** section for practices to manage and minimize the impact of resistant weeds (e.g. tank mixes or alternation with other herbicide modes of action crop rotation and mechanical control)

S1

С

С

С

С

6

3

6

6

3

Mode of Action

Verdict[™] herbicide combines the two active ingredients saflufenacil a potent inhibitor of protoporphyrinogen oxidase belonging to herbicide mode of action Group 14 (WSSA)/Group E (HRAC) and dimethenamid P a chloroacetamide belonging to the herbicide mode of action Group 15/Group K₃ Saflufenacil is rapidly absorbed by roots and foliage Following inhibition of the protoporphyrinogen oxidase plant death is the result of membrane damage Under active growing conditions sus ceptible emerging weed seedlings usually develop chlorotic and necrotic injury symptoms within hours and die within a few days Susceptible germinating weed seeds will usually die as they reach the soil surface or shortly after emer gence Dimethenamid P is a root and shoot inhibitor that controls susceptible weed seedlings before or soon after they emerge from the soil

Resistance Management

While weed resistance to protoporphyrinogen oxidase inhibiting herbicides is relatively infrequent populations of resistant biotypes are known to exist Resistance manage ment practices include

- 1 Following labeled application rate and weed growth stage recommendations
- 2 Avoiding repeated applications of herbicides with the same mode of action
- 3 Utilizing tank mixes and sequential applications with other effective herbicides possessing different modes of action
- 4 Using crop rotation so that crop competition tillage or herbicides with alternative modes of action can be used to control weed escapes

Crop Tolerance

Field corn popcorn sweet corn grain sorghum and soy bean are tolerant to **Verdict** when applied according to label directions as a preplant to preemergence treatment and under normal environmental conditions Crop injury may occur under stressful growing conditions (e g low soil fertility seedling disease extreme hot or cold weather excessive moisture high soil pH high soil salt concentra tion or drought)

Severe crop injury will result if **Verdict** is applied post emergence (over the top) to corn sorghum or soybean

Application Instructions

Verdict may be applied preplant surface preplant incorpo rated or preemergence to field corn popcorn sweet corn grain sorghum and soybean Apply **Verdict** only prior to crop emergence

Application Rates

Application rates of **Verdict** for residual preemergence weed control may vary depending on soil texture and organic matter Refer to **Table 3** for soil texture groups used in this label

Table 3 Soil Texture Groups

Coarse	Medium	Fine
Sand	Sılt	Sandy clay
Loamy sand	Silt Ioam	Silty clay
Sandy loam	Loam	Silty clay loam
	Sandy clay loam	Clay loam
		Clay

Refer to the **Crop specific Information** section for spe cific application directions and the restrictions and limitations by crop use and pattern

Application Methods and Equipment

Verdict[™] herbicide may be applied by either ground or air Good spray coverage is important for optimum weed control and can be improved with proper adjuvant nozzle and spray volume selection

Use and configure application equipment to provide an adequate spray volume an accurate and uniform distribution of spray droplets over the treated area and to avoid spray drift to nontarget areas. Adjust equipment to main tain continuous agitation during spraying with good mechanical or bypass agitation. Avoid overlaps that will increase rates above the use rates specified in this label

Verdict may be applied using either water or sprayable fluid nitrogen fertilizer solutions as the spray carrier Additionally **Verdict** may be impregnated on and applied with dry bulk fertilizer

Aerial Application Requirements

Water Volume Use 3 or more gallons of water per acre

The following measures must be followed to reduce the potential of spray drift to nontarget areas from aerial applications

- 1 The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the fixed wingspan or 90% of rotor blade diameter
- Use low drift nozzles such as straight stream nozzles
 (D 8 or larger) **DO NOT** use nozzles producing a mist droplet spray
- 3 Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the airstream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees
- 4 Without compromising aircraft safety applications should be made at a height of 10 feet or less above the crop canopy or tallest plants

- 5 **DO NOT** apply during periods of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions
- 6 Avoid potential adverse effects to nontarget areas by maintaining a (120) foot buffer between the point of direct application and the **closest downwind edge** of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands forest ed areas shelter belts woodlots hedgerows riparian areas shrub lands and crop lands)

The buffer zone size is determined by use rate Refer to the following table for the minimum buffer zone distance required for the intended use rate. Utilize the appropriate buffer zone distance from the following table in the buffer zone statement above.

NOTE This footnote and table will only appear on master label it will be removed from the final print container label after the appropriate buffer zone distance is selected

Verdict Use Rate (fl ozs/A)	Saflufenacıl Use Rate (lb aı/A)	Saflufenacıl Use Rate (g aı/ha)	Buffer Zone Distance (feet)
5	0 022	25	26
10	0 044	50	66
12	0 054	60	80
13	0 058	65	87
15	0 067	75	100
16	0 071	80	100
18	0 080	90	100
20	0 089	100	100
25	0 111	125	120

Ground Application Requirements

Spray Carrier Volume Use 3 or more gallons of water per acre or 20 or more gallons of sprayable fluid fertilizer per acre Thorough coverage of existing vegetation is essential for burndown applications and higher spray vol umes may be necessary for better performance

The following measures must be followed to reduce the potential of spray drift to nontarget areas from ground applications

- 1 Apply this product using nozzles which deliver medium to coarse spray droplets as defined by ASAE standard S 572 and as shown in nozzle manufacturers catalogs Flat fan nozzles are recommended for burn down applications while flood jet type nozzles are recommended for residual soil surface applications Nozzles that deliver coarse spray droplets may be used to reduce spray drift provided spray volume per acre (GPA) is increased to maintain coverage of target (i e weeds or soil surface) DO NOT use nozzles that produce fine (e g cone) spray droplets
- 2 Apply this product only when the potential for drift to adjacent nontarget areas is minimal (e g when the wind is **10 MPH or less and is blowing away** from sensitive areas) **DO NOT** apply during periods of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions
- 3 Avoid potential adverse effects to nontarget areas by maintaining a (60) foot buffer between the application area and the **closest downwind edge** of sensitive ter restrial habitats (such as grasslands forested areas shelter belts woodlots hedgerows riparian areas shrub lands and crop lands)

The buffer zone size is determined by use rate. Refer to the following table for the minimum buffer zone distance required for the intended use rate. Utilize the appropriate buffer zone distance from the following table in the buffer zone statement above.

NOTE This footnote and table will only appear on master label. It will be removed from the final print container label after the appropriate buffer zone distance is selected.

Verdict™ herbicide Use Rate (fl ozs/A)	Saflufenacıl Use Rate (lb aı/A)	Saflufenacıl Use Rate (g aı/ha)	Buffer Zone Distance (feet)
5	0 022	25	13
10	0 044	50	33
12	0 054	60	40
13	0 058	65	43
15	0 067	75	50
16	0 071	80	50
18	0 080	90	50
20	0 089	100	50
25	0 111	125	60

Ground Application (dry bulk fertilizer)

Verdict may be impregnated or coated onto dry bulk gran ular fertilizer carriers for residual soil surface applications Impregnation or coating may be conducted by either in plant bulk or on board systems Perform the mixing operation in well ventilated areas 13/22

Addition of a drying agent may be necessary if the fertilizer and herbicide blend is too wet for uniform application because of high humidity high urea concentration or low fertilizer use rate Slowly add the drying agent to the blend until a flowable mixture is obtained Drying agents are not recommended for use with on board impregnation systems

Under some conditions fertilizer impregnated with **Verdict** may clog air tubes or deflector plates on pneumatic appli cation systems Mineral oil may be added to **Verdict** before blending with fertilizer to reduce plugging **DO NOT** use drying agents when mineral oil is used To avoid sepa ration of **Verdict** and mineral oil mixes in cold temperatures either keep mixture heated or agitated prior to blending with fertilizer Mineral oil may be used at in plant blending stations or on board injection systems

Generally fertilizer application rates of at least 200 lbs to 700 lbs per acre of herbicide and fertilizer blend will provide adequate distribution or coverage for **Verdict** across the soil surface Application must be made uniformly to the soil to prevent possible crop injury and offer satisfactory weed control Impregnated fertilizer spread at 1/2 rate and over lapped to obtain a full rate will offer a more uniform distribution A shallow (less than 2 inches) incorporation is desirable for improved weed control Deeper incorporation will dilute the herbicide layer near the soil surface and may result in unsatisfactory weed control

Use the following formula to determine the herbicide rate when using dry bulk fertilizer applications

 $\frac{\text{fl ozs herbicide per acre}}{\text{pounds fertilizer per acre}} \times 2000 = \frac{\text{fl ozs herbicide}}{\text{per ton of fertilizer}}$

Chemigation Applications via Sprinkler Irrigation Systems

Verdict may be applied as a chemigation treatment through sprinkler irrigation systems Apply this product ONLY through a sprinkler irrigation system of the following type center pivot end tow hand move lateral move side (wheel) roll or solid set **DO NOT apply this product through any other type of sprinkler irrigation system** Applications may be made alone or in tank mixtures with other herbicides on this label that are registered for use in specified sprinkler irrigation systems Applications must be made within specific crop stage timings and product use rates given in the container directions for use label

Uniform distribution of **Verdict** treated irrigation water is the sole responsibility of the applicator and is required to avoid crop injury lack of herbicide effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop If you have questions about calibration contact State Extension Service specialists equipment manufacturers or other experts

Proper calibration is the responsibility of the applicator The system must be properly calibrated (with water only) to ensure that the amount of **Verdict[™] herbicide** applied corresponds to the specified rate Apply **Verdict** in volume minimums of 0 33 to 0 67 inches of water using the lower volume for coarser textured soils and the higher volume for finer textured soils Applications made in high volumes of water (more than 1 inch) may result in reduced weed control

Meter herbicide dilution into irrigation water through the entire time of water application for center pivot and lateral move systems. For solid set and hand move irrigation sys tems apply **Verdict** through system at the beginning of the set then follow with additional water to reach volume minimums as listed by soil type. To increase calibration accuracy of injection metering equipment dilute **Verdict** in a minimum of 3 parts water to 1 part **Verdict**. Maintain agi tation in injection nurse tanks to keep a uniform herbicide suspension during application

Special precautions for chemigation

- 1 **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment
- 2 DO NOT connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place
- 3 A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise
- 4 Tail water (runoff water) from chemigation that contains Verdict should be recirculated and/or contained in the field in a cistern or holding reservoir from the initial appli cation and/or used only on adjacent approved crops for which Verdict is registered for this type of application
- 5 The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a function al automatic quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. It must also contain a functional normally closed solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irri gation system is either automatically or manually shut down
- 6 The sprinkler chemigation system must contain a func tional check valve vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. In addition systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock
- 7 The sprinkler chemigation system must contain function al interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor

stops or in cases where there is no water pump when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected

8 The irrigation line or water pump must include a func tional pressure switch that will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems

- 1 Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year
- 2 Chemigation systems connected to public water sys tems must contain a functional reduced pressure zone backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesti cide introduction As an option to the RPZ the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3 All chemigation systems connected to public water sys tems must also follow restrictions listed in the preceding section

Cleaning Spray Equipment

Clean application equipment thoroughly by using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer s directions followed by triple rinsing the equipment before and after applying this product

Spray Drift Management

It is the responsibility of the applicator to avoid spray drift at the application site especially onto nontarget areas. The interaction of many equipment related and weather related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applica tor and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the following spray drift reduction advisory information

Controlling Droplet Size The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control

Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets

Pressure DO NOT exceed the nozzle manufacturers rec ommended pressures For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets When higher flow rates are needed use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increas ing pressure **Number of Nozzles** Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage

Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types narrower spray angles produce larger droplets

Swath Adjustment When applications are made with a crosswind the swath will be displaced downwind Therefore on the upwind and downwind edges of the field the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the application equipment (e g air craft ground) upwind Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind smaller droplets etc.)

Wind Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 3 to 10 mph. However many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. If applying at wind speeds less than 3 mph. the applicator must determine if

- 1 Conditions of temperature inversion exist or
- 2 Stable atmospheric conditions exist at or below nozzle height

DO NOT make applications into areas of temperature inversions or stable atmospheric conditions

NOTE Local terrain can influence wind patterns Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift

Wind Erosion Avoid treating powdery dry or light sandy soils when conditions are favorable for wind erosion. Under these conditions the soil surface should first be settled by rainfall or irrigation.

Additives

For optimum burndown activity with **Verdict[™] herbicide** an adjuvant system must be used that includes the following

Adjuvant	Rate
Methylated seed oil (MSO)	
or	1 gal/100 gals (1% v/v)²
Crop oil concentrate (COC)	
PLUS	PLUS
Ammonium sulfate (AMS)	8 5 to 17 0 lbs/100 gals (1% to 2% w/v)
or	or
Urea ammonium nitrate (UAN)	1 25 to 2 5 gals/100 gals (1 25% to 2 5% v/v)

MSO based adjuvant **MUST** contain at least 60 / methylated seed oil Poor performance may occur with adjuvants containing less than 60 / methylated seed oil

DO NOT use less than 1 pint/A of MSO with low volume (less than 12 5 gallons/A) aerial or ground applications

When fluid fertilizer is used as the spray carrier add 1 pint/A of MSO for optimum burndown activity

The use of AMS fertilizer is highly recommended when mix ing **Verdict** with glyphosate based herbicides

DO NOT use a nonionic surfactant (NIS) as a substitute for COC or MSO or poor performance on broadleaf weeds will occur

When an adjuvant is to be used with this product BASF recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association (CPDA) certified adjuvant

Tank Mixing Information

Verdict may be tank mixed with one or more registered herbicide products according to the specific tank mixing instructions in this label and respective product labels Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing Always follow the most restrictive label use direc tions Refer to the **Crop specific Information** for tank mixing details

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Before mixing components always perform a compatibility jar test

- 1 For 20 gallons per acre spray volume use 3 3 cups (800 ml) of water For other spray volumes adjust rates accordingly Only use water from the intended source at the source temperature
- 2 Add components in the sequence indicated in the **Mixing Order** section using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of labeled use rate per acre
- 3 Always cap the jar and invert 10 cycles between compo nent additions
- 4 When the components have all been added to the jar let the solution stand for 15 minutes
- 5 Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface or fine particles that precipitate to the bottom or thick (clabbered) texture If the spray solution is not compatible repeat the compatibility test with the addition of a suitable compatibility agent If the solution is then compatible use the compatibility agent as directed on its label If the solution is still incompatible **DO NOT** mix the ingredients in the same tank

Mixing Order

- 1 Water Fill tank 1/2 to 3/4 full with clean water and start agitation
- 2 Agitation Maintain agitation throughout mixing
- 3 **Inductor** If an inductor is used rinse it thoroughly after each component has been added
- 4 **Products in PVA bags** Place any product contained in water soluble PVA bags into the mixing tank. Wait until all water soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing
- 5 Water soluble additives (including dry and liquid fertil izers such as ammonium sulfate or urea ammonium nitrate)

- 6 Water dispersible products (such as dry flowables wettable powders suspension concentrates or suspo emulsions)
- 7 Water soluble products
- 8 **Emulsifiable concentrates** (including crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil adjuvants)

9 Remaining quantity of water

Maintain agitation throughout application until spraying is completed if the spray mixture is allowed to settle for any period of time thorough agitation is essential to resuspend the mixture before spraying is resumed. Continue agitation while spraying

Use Precautions

Maximum seasonal use rate Refer to Crop specific Information section for the maximum cumulative amount of Verdict ^M herbicide per cropping season A cropping season is defined as the period following har vest of the preceding crop through the harvest of the planned or current crop

- If additional dimethenamid P is applied **DO NOT** exceed a maximum cumulative amount of 0 98 lb ai/A dimethenamid P per cropping season
- DO NOT apply Verdict after crop emergence because severe crop injury will occur
- Rainfastness Verdict is rainfast 1 hour after applica tion Burndown activity may be reduced if rain or irrigation occurs within 1 hour of application
- DO NOT contaminate irrigation ditches or water used for domestic purposes

Verdict is not for sale distribution or use in Nassau and Suffolk counties in New York State

Crop Rotation and Emergency Replanting Intervals

 Fall seeded cereal crops may be planted 4 months or more following treatment

There are no rotational crop restrictions the spring follow ing the previous year s application of **Verdict**

- Field corn popcorn sweet corn and grain sorghum (according to application rates in Crop specific Information) may be replanted immediately after crop failure (because of environmental factors such as drought frost hail etc.)
- Soybean (according to the application rates in Crop specific Information) may be replanted (according to the intervals in the chart following) after crop failure (because of environmental factors such as drought frost hail etc)

Replanting Intervals to Soybean Following Crop Failure

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		Verdict /	Applicat (fl ozs/A)	ion Rate	•
Soil Description	5	75	10 to 12	13 to 15	16 to 18
	Replanting Interval (months after application				
Coarse soils ≤ 2% organic matter	1	1	15	3	4
All other soils	0	05	1	2	4

• Determine the rotational crop interval for tank mix prod ucts and follow the most restrictive interval of all products applied

Crop-specific Information

This section provides directions for **Verdict** in specific crops Read product information mixing application weeds controlled and adjuvant instructions in preceding sections of the label Read and follow tank mix product labels for restrictions precautions instructions and rota tional crop restrictions

Depending on specific crop application directions **Verdict** may be applied for residual control of germinating weed seedlings before planting (preplant) or after planting but before crop emergence (preemergence) (refer to **Table 1** for list of weeds controlled) or burndown control of emerged broadleaf weeds (refer to **Table 2** for list of weeds controlled)

Thorough spray coverage is required for control of emerged broadleaf weeds High populations and/or varia tions in weed size can prevent adequate spray coverage Controlling fall germinated weeds in the spring (e g horseweed/marestail) will also require thorough spray coverage Use higher spray volumes (e g 15 to 20 gallons of water per acre) in these situations to increase spray cov erage and optimize burndown activity

Field Corn (grain, seed, silage), Popcorn, and Sweet Corn

Verdict may be applied preplant surface preplant incorpo rated or preemergence to corn Corn in this label refers to field corn (grown for grain silage or seed) popcorn and sweet corn (not including sweet corn grown for seed) Before applying **Verdict** to seed corn sweet corn or pop corn verify the selectivity of **Verdict** on your inbred line or hybrid with your local seed company (supplier) to help avoid potential injury to sensitive inbreds or hybrids

Application Rate

Verdict[™] herbicide can be applied as part of a one pass or planned sequential (two pass) weed control program A one pass weed control program should be used where no cultivation or postemergence herbicide application is anticipated. One pass application rates for Verdict when applied alone in tank mix or sequentially are provided in Table 4 for field corn and Table 5 for popcorn and sweet corn

Table 4 Residual Preemergence Rates of Verdict inField Corn

Rate by Soil Texture and Organic Matter Content (fl ozs/A)		
Soil Texture	Organic Matter	
	≤ 1 5%	> 1 5%
Coarse ²	12	13
Medium	18	20
Fine	20	25

Refer to Table 3 for definitions of soil texture groups

Use on coarse soils with less than 1 5 $\prime\,$ organic matter may result in crop injury

Table 5 Residual Preemergence Rates of Verdict inPopcorn and Sweet Corn

Rate by Soil Texture and Organic Matter Content (fl ozs/A)		
Soil Texture ¹	Organic Matter	
	≤ 1 5%	> 1 5%
Coarse	DO NOT USE	10
Medium	13	15
Fine	15	20

Refer to Table 3 for definitions of soil texture groups

Verdict use rates applied as the residual component of a planned sequential (two pass) program (see **Table 6**) will provide control or suppression of listed weeds (**Table 1**) through early to mid season. For full season weed control apply a labeled postemergence treatment such as **Status®** herbicide plus glyphosate as the sequential component.

Table 6 Residual Preemergence Rates of Verdict in a Planned Sequential Program¹ in Field and Seed Corn

Soil Texture ²	Rate by Soil Texture (fl ozs/A)
Coarse	10 to 12
Medium	13 to 15
Fine	16 to 18

Application rates in **Table 6** will eliminate early season weed interference until cultivation or a labeled postemergence herbicide is applied However application rates in **Table 4** should be applied if **Verdict** is being used to control weeds resistant to another herbicide in the tank mix or sequential weed control program

Refer to Table 3 for definitions of soil texture groups

Application Timing

Fall Applications For use only in Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, and Wisconsin

Verdict may be applied in the fall to control weeds in conventional minimum tillage or no till corn production systems planted the following spring Apply from 20 to 25 fluid ounces of **Verdict** per acre to medium textured and fine textured soils with greater than 2 5% organic mat ter Fall applications must be made after October 1

Broadcast surface apply **Verdict** in the fall after crop har vest when soil temperatures at the 4 inch depth are sustained at less than 55 F and before the ground freezes Tillage operations may be conducted before or after apply ing **Verdict** If following an application tillage should be no more than 2 inches to 3 inches deep to uniformly incorpo rate the herbicide into the upper soil surface. If a sequential application program (fall application followed by spring application of **Verdict**) is used the maximum combined rate of **Verdict** that may be applied is 25 fluid ounces per acre per crop season

Early Preplant Surface Application (15 to 30 days prior to planting)

Application rates in **Table 4** should be used when making early preplant surface applications using the highest appli cation rate for a given soil texture Early preplant surface applications are not recommended on coarse soils in areas where average annual rainfall (or rainfall plus irriga tion) typically exceeds 40 inches or for popcorn or sweet corn Cultivation or a labeled postemergence herbicide application may still be required under certain conditions for complete weed control

Early preplant surface applications may be applied as part of a split application program where applications are made as part of the application timings described in this label However the cumulative total of sequential application rates must not exceed the maximum labeled rate for a given soil texture

Preplant Surface and Preplant Incorporated Application (up to 14 days prior to planting)

Verdict can be applied at use rates specified in Table 4 Table 5 or Table 6 to the soil surface or incorporated up to 14 days before planting on all soil types. For preplant incorporated applications apply Verdict and incorporate into the upper soil surface (1 to 2 inches). Use a harrow rolling cultivator field cultivator or other implement capable of providing uniform shallow incorporation. Avoid deeper incorporation or reduced weed control may result

Preemergence Surface Application

Apply **Verdict** at use rates specified in **Table 4 Table 5** or **Table 6** as a broadcast treatment to the soil surface after planting and before crop emergence **Verdict** must be applied before crop emergence or injury will occur

Burndown plus Residual Weed Control

In addition to residual weed control obtained at any of the application timings described above **Verdict[™] herbicide** will also provide burndown of emerged broadleaf weeds listed in **Table 2** An adjuvant system (refer to **Additives** section for details) is required for optimum burndown activity Burndown control of emerged grasses or additional broadleaf weeds not listed on the label will require a tank mix with another herbicide (such as glyphosate)

Residual preemergence application rates of **Verdict** can follow a fall or early preplant burndown application of **Sharpen® herbicide** (at 1 0 to 2 0 fl ozs/A) However **DO NOT** exceed the cropping seasonal maximum cumula tive amount of saflufenacil per acre from all product sources A minimum of 14 days is required between **Verdict** and **Sharpen** applications

Burndown Weed Control Only

If limited or no residual broadleaf weed control is desired Verdict can be applied at 5 0 fl ozs/A (all soil types) with an adjuvant system any time prior to corn emergence to provide burndown of broadleaf weeds listed in **Table 2** A burndown application of Verdict can be followed by residual rates of Verdict (**Table 4** or **Table 6**) or **Sharpen** Separate sequential applications by at least 14 days However **DO NOT** exceed the cropping seasonal maximum cumulative amount per acre of saflufenacil from all product sources per cropping season

Enhanced Burndown in Seed Corn Apply **Verdict** pre plant surface or preemergence at 5 0 to 10 0 fl ozs/A with an adjuvant system for enhanced burndown broadleaf weed control in seed corn prior to crop emergence **DO NOT** exceed 5 0 fl ozs/A on coarse soils A sequential application of **Verdict** may be made with a minimum of 30 days between applications

Crop-specific Restrictions and Limitations

- DO NOT apply Verdict after corn emergence or severe crop injury will occur
- Verdict may result in delayed corn emergence and stunting under certain environmental conditions including cool temperatures excessive rainfall/irrigation and/or persistent wet soil conditions occurring after application
- Ensure that the corn seed row is closed Soil conditions that cause poor seed furrow closure and coverage may result in delayed corn emergence or stunting
- **DO NOT** apply **Verdict** where an at planting application of an organophosphate or carbamate insecticide(s) is planned and/or has occurred because severe injury may result **Verdict** may be applied with all other classes of at planting insecticides including pyrethroids neonicotinoids and fipronil

EXCEPTION Verdict may be applied when Aztec[®] 2 1% Granular Insecticide AZTEC[®] 4 67 G granular insecticide Fortress[®] 5G granular insecticide or SmartChoice[™] 5G granular **insecticide** is applied at planting as a BAND TBAND or IN FURROW

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- **DO NOT** apply more than a maximum cumulative amount of 0 134 lb of saflufenacil per acre from all prod uct sources per cropping season
- DO NOT apply more than a maximum cumulative amount of 25 fl ozs/A of Verdict per cropping season
- Corn popcorn or sweet corn forage and silage can be harvested fed or grazed 80 or more days after application

Tank Mixtures

Verdict may be tank mixed or applied sequentially with one or more of but not limited to the following herbicide products

- Clarity® herbicide
- G Max Lite ^M herbicide
- Guardsman Max[®] herbicide
- Sharpen® powered by Kıxor® herbicide
- Status[®] herbicide
- atrazine
 - glyphosate (e g Roundup® herbicide)

NOTE Refer to the tank mix product labels to confirm that the respective tank mix products are registered for use on specific corn types not all corn products are registered for use on seed corn popcorn and sweet corn

Fallow

Verdict may be used as a burndown treatment to control broadleaf weeds at any time of the year during the fallow period following crop harvest and before the following crop is planted

Application Rates and Timings

Apply **Verdict** as a broadcast burndown spray at 5 to 10 fl ozs/A plus recommended adjuvants (refer to **Additives** section for details) Best product performance is obtained when broadleaf weeds are small and actively growing (refer to **Table 2** for list of weeds controlled) Thorough coverage of existing weeds is essential and high er spray volumes may be needed for best performance

Sequential applications may be made with a minimum of 14 days between applications **DO NOT** exceed a maxi mum seasonal cumulative amount of 25 fl ozs/A of **Verdict** per cropping season

For residual weed control **Verdict** may be applied at 10 to 25 fl ozs/A

Specific rotational crop intervals must be observed between an application of **Verdict** and planting of the following crop (see **Crop Rotation and Emergency Replanting Intervals** section for crop rotation restrictions)



Tank Mixtures

Broad spectrum burndown control of grasses and/or addi tional broadleaf weeds will require a tank mix with another herbicide **Verdict[™] herbicide** may be tank mixed or applied sequentially with one or more of but not limited to the following herbicide products

- Clarity® herbicide
- Distinct[®] herbicide
- glyphosate (e g Roundup® herbicide)

Grain Sorghum

Verdict may be applied preplant surface preplant incorpo rated or preemergence to grain sorghum All **Verdict** applications must only be made to sorghum seed that has been properly treated by the seed company with an approved chloroacetamide herbicide safener or severe injury may occur

Under high soil moisture and/or cool conditions **Verdict** application may cause temporary stunting or leaf wrapping of grain sorghum Grain sorghum will normally outgrow these symptoms within 10 to 14 days

Application Rate

Application rates for **Verdict** in grain sorghum are dependent on use pattern

See **Table 7** for application rates in grain sorghum for **Verdict** when applied alone in tank mix or sequentially

Table 7 Residual Rates of Verdict in Grain Sorghum

Rate by Soil Texture and Organic Matter Content (fl ozs/A)		
Soil Texture	Organic Matter	
	≤ 1 5%	> 1 5%
Coarse	DO NOT USE	10
Medium	13	15
Fine	15	20

Refer to Table 3 for definitions of soil texture groups

For grain sorghum grown in Nebraska and

South Dakota see Table 8 for application rates for Verdict when applied alone in tank mix or sequentially

Table 8 Residual Rates of Verdict in Grain Sorghum In NE and SD¹

Rate by Soil Texture and Organic Matter Content (fl ozs/A)		
Soil Texture ²	Organic Matter	
	≤15%	>15%
Coarse	DO NOT USE	10 to 12
Medium	DO NOT USE	13 to 15
Fine	DO NOT USE	16 to 18

Application rates in **Table 8** will eliminate early season weed interfer ence Full season weed control will require a labeled tank mix partner sequential postemergence herbicide application and/or cultivation Refer to **Table 3** for definitions of soil texture groups

Application Use Rates for Tank Mix Program

For grain sorghum grown in all states apply Verdict at 10 fl ozs/A in a tank mixture with **Guardsman Max®** herbicide or **G Max Lite[™] herbicide** at the use rates list ed in **Table 9** and **Table 10** respectively

Table 9 Use Rates for Guardsman Max when Tank Mixed with Verdict in Grain Sorghum¹

Soil Texture	Guardsman Max Use Rate (pints/A)	
Coarse	DO NOT USE	
Medium	2 00	
Fine	2 75	

Application rates in **Table 9** will eliminate early season weed interfer ence Full season weed control will require additional atrazine up to the maximum atrazine rate allowed for the soil texture and/or field Refer to **Table 3** for definitions of soil texture groups

Table 10Use Rates for G Max Lite whenTank Mixed with Verdict in Grain Sorghum

Soil Texture ²	G Max Lite Use Rate (pints/A)	
Coarse	DO NOT USE	
Medium	15	
Fine	20	

Application rates in **Table 10** will eliminate early season weed interfer ence Full season weed control will require additional atrazine up to the maximum atrazine rate allowed for the soil texture and/or field Refer to **Table 3** for definitions of soil texture groups

Application Timings

Early Preplant Surface Application (15 to 30 days prior to planting)

Application rates in **Table 7** should be used when making early preplant surface applications using the highest appli cation rate for a given soil texture Early preplant surface applications are not recommended on coarse soils or in areas where average annual rainfall (or rainfall plus irriga tion) typically exceeds 40 inches Cultivation or a labeled postemergence herbicide application may still be required under certain conditions for complete weed control

Early preplant surface applications may be applied as part of a split application program where applications are made as part of the application timings described in this label However the cumulative total of sequential application rates must not exceed the maximum labeled rate for a given soil texture

Preplant Surface and Preplant Incorporated Application (up to 14 days prior to planting)

Verdict[™] herbicide can be applied at use rates specified in **Table 7** to the soil surface or incorporated up to 14 days before planting on all soil types. For preplant incorporated applications apply **Verdict** and incorporate into the upper soil surface (1 to 2 inches). Use a harrow rolling cultivator field cultivator or other implement capable of providing uni form shallow incorporation. Avoid deeper incorporation or reduced weed control may result

Preemergence Surface Application

Apply **Verdict** at use rates specified in **Table 7** as a broad cast treatment to the soil surface after planting and before crop emergence **Verdict** must be applied before crop emergence or injury will occur

Burndown plus Residual Weed Control

In addition to residual weed control obtained at any of the application timings described above **Verdict** will also provide burndown of emerged broadleaf weeds listed in **Table 2** An adjuvant system (refer to **Additives** section for details) is required for optimum burndown activity Burndown control of emerged grasses or additional broadleaf weeds not listed on the label will require a tank mix with another herbicide (such as glyphosate)

Residual preemergence application rates of **Verdict** can follow a fall or early preplant burndown application of **Sharpen® herbicide** (at 1 0 to 2 0 fl ozs/A) However **DO NOT** exceed the cropping seasonal maximum cumula tive amount of saflufenacil per acre from all product sources A minimum of 30 and 60 days is required between **Verdict** applications and **Sharpen** applications of 1 0 and 2 0 fl ozs/A respectively

Burndown Weed Control Only

Verdict can be applied at 5 0 to 10 0 fl ozs/A (all soil types) with an adjuvant system (refer to the **Additives** sec tion for details) any time before sorghum emergence to provide burndown of weeds listed in **Table 2** A burndown application of **Verdict** can be followed by residual rates of **Verdict** Sequential applications must be separated by at least 14 days However **DO NOT** exceed the cropping seasonal maximum cumulative amount per acre of saflufenacil from all product sources

Crop-specific Restrictions and Limitations

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- DO NOT apply Verdict after grain sorghum emergence or severe crop injury will occur
- **DO NOT** apply **Verdict** where an at planting application of an organophosphate or carbamate insecticide(s) is planned and/or has occurred or severe injury may result
- **DO NOT** apply more than a maximum cumulative amount of 0 111 lb of saflufenacil per acre from all prod uct sources per cropping season
- **DO NOT** apply more than a maximum cumulative amount of 25 fl ozs/A of **Verdict** per cropping season

Verdict is not registered for use on sweet or forage sorghum

• Sorghum forage and silage can be harvested fed or grazed 70 or more days after application

Tank Mixtures

Verdict may be tank mixed or applied sequentially with one or more of but not limited to the following herbicide products

- Clarity® herbicide (preplant only)
- Sharpen® powered by Kıxor® herbicide
 atrazine
- glyphosate (e g Roundup® herbicide)

Soybean

Verdict may be applied in the fall and/or in the spring as a preplant or preemergence burndown application in conventional and reduced till or no till soybean for broadleaf weed control. An adjuvant system (refer to **Additives** section for details) is required for optimum burndown activity

Under high soil moisture and/or cool conditions an **Verdict** application may cause temporary stunting or leaf chlorosis/necrosis of soybean Soybean will normally out grow these symptoms within 10 to 14 days

Application Rates and Timings

Fall Applications

Apply **Verdict** at 5 to 10 fl ozs/A (0 022 to 0 044 lb ai/A of saflufenacil) for burndown broadleaf weed control after the prior crop is harvested. For residual weed control **Verdict** may be applied up to 15 fl ozs/A. Applications must be made prior to the first killing frost.

Spring Applications

For all spring applications of **Verdict** refer to **Soybean Planting Interval** information for minimum planting intervals

Apply **Verdict** early preplant through preemergence at 5 fl ozs/A for burndown broadleaf weed control prior to crop emergence

For early preplant enhanced burndown broadleaf weed control apply **Verdict** at 5 0 7 5 or 10 0 fl ozs/A

Sequential Applications

Apply **Verdict[™] herbicide** following a fall or early preplant burndown application of either **Verdict** (at 5 to 10 fl ozs/A) or **Sharpen® herbicide** (at 1 0 to 2 0 fl ozs/A) or **OpTill® herbicide** (at 2 0 ozs/A) However **DO NOT** exceed the cropping seasonal maximum cumulative amount of saflufe nacil per acre from all product sources (see **Crop specific Restrictions and Limitations** section) A minimum of 30 and 60 days is required between product applications totaling 0 044 lb ai/A and 0 067 lb ai/A of saflufenacil respectively

Soybean Planting Interval

Depending on **Verdict** use rate soil texture and organic matter an interval between **Verdict** application and planti ng may be required (see chart following) This interval must be observed prior to planting soybean or crop injury may occur

Vorduat	Soil Texture	
Verdict Use Rate (fl ozs/A)	Coarse Soils with ≤ 2 0% Organic Matter	All Other Soils
50	30	0
75	30	14
100	44	30

Refer to Table 3 for definition of soil texture groups

Enhanced Burndown and Residual Control Program

Some soybean varieties can tolerate higher use rates of **Verdict** Consult a BASF representative crop advisor or seed company agronomist for varietal information On these varieties **Verdict** may be applied up to 10 fl ozs/A preplant through preemergence for enhanced burndown and residual weed control. This rate will eliminate early sea son weed interference until cultivation and/or a labeled postemergence herbicide is applied. For these varieties a minimum preplant interval of 30 days is required for coarse (sand loamy sand and sandy loam) soils with less than or equal to 2 0% organic matter. No preplant interval is required for coarse soils with greater than 2 0% organic matter and all medium/fine soils.

There is no preplant interval restriction on any soil when **Verdict** is applied at 5 fl ozs/A for burndown broadleaf weed control on these varieties

Crop-specific Restrictions and Limitations

- DO NOT apply Verdict when soybean has reached the cracking stage or after emergence or severe crop injury will occur
- **DO NOT** apply more than a maximum cumulative amount of 20 0 fl ozs/A of **Verdict** (0 089 lb ai/A of saflufenacil) per cropping season Sequential applications **MUST** be separated by at least 30 days
- **DO NOT** apply more than a maximum cumulative amount of 0 089 lb of saflufenacil/A from all product sources per cropping season
- **DO NOT** apply **Verdict** within 30 days of planting where an at planting application of an organophosphate or carbamate insecticide(s) is planned and/or has occurred because severe injury may result
- Ensure that the seed row is sufficiently covered with soil to avoid washing and concentration of the herbicide in the seed zone
- Always use the most restrictive preplant interval of all inclusive herbicides when applying **Verdict** as part of a tank mix
- DO NOT graze or feed forage hay or straw to livestock
- DO NOT use Verdict in soybean in California
- DO NOT apply Verdict with other products containing Group 14/Group E herbicides (such as sulfentrazone or flumioxazin) as a tank mix or a sequential spring applica tion within 30 days of planting because crop injury may result
- When applying Verdict at 10 0 fl ozs/A in a sequential spring application with other products containing Group 14/Group E herbicides separate applications by at least 44 days
- Group 14/Group E herbicides labeled for post emergence application in soybean may be used 14 days or more after soybean emergence

Tank Mixtures

Verdict may be tank mixed or applied sequentially with one or more of but not limited to the following herbicide products

- Clarity® herbicide (preplant only)
- OpTill[®] powered by Kixor[®] herbicide
- Sharpen[®] powered by Kixor[®] herbicide
- glyphosate (e g Roundup® herbicide)

Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions presence of other materials or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION (BASF) or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use** subject to the inherent risks referred to above

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