7969-184 UNITED STATES

ENVIRON

AL PROTE

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, DC 20460

q/19/2011

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

### NOTIFICATION

APR 1 4 2011

Charlotte A Sanson Product Registration Manager BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Subject Insignia Fungicide EPA Reg No 7969-184 Your notification dated December 10, 2010 EPA Decision No 443856

Dear Ms Sanson

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action(s) requested fall within the scope of PRN 98-10

The Agency acknowledges the column heading correction in Table 6 of the label The label submitted with the application has been stamped 'Notification" and will be placed in our records

Sincerely, En

Tony Kish Product Manager (22) Fungicide Branch Registration Division (7504P)

Enclosure

\$epa		Environmenta <sub>Wash</sub>	United States al Protection nington DC 204	on Agency 460			Registra Amend Other	atior men	n It	OPP Id	entifier	Number
			Application	on for Pestic	ıde - Sec	tion	1			· · · · · · · ·		
1 Company/Product I EPA Reg No 7	Number 7969 1	84		2 EPA Ton	Product Ma y Kish	nager			3 Pro	posed C None	lassific	ation Restricted
4 Company/Product ( Insignia Fungicide)	Name) Ə			РМ# 22							LJ	
<ul> <li>5 Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code)</li> <li>BASF Corporation, Agricultural Products</li> <li>P O Box 13528</li> <li>Research Triangle Park NC 27709</li> </ul>			6 Exp (b)(i) to EPA	6 Expedited Reveiw In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i) my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to EPA Reg No								
			····	Prodi	uct Name							
Amendment Explain below           Resubmission in response to Agency letter dated           Notification           Explanation           Use additional page(s) if necessary           (For section I and Se           Notification to correct table column header           No PRIA category proposed no associated fee           E mail           charlotte sanson@basf com				n I and Section II )	Agency letter dated Agency letter dated Me Too" Application Other Explain below Section II )							
1 Material This Produ	ct Will	Be Packaged in		Section -							<u> </u>	
Child Resistant Packa Yes No * Certification mu	ging vst	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt	No per container	Water Soluble I Yes No If Yes Package wgt	Packaging No per containe		2 Type of	Conta Met Plas Gla Pap Oth	ainer tal stic ss er er (Sj	pecify)		
Location of Net Cor	itents li	nformation	4 Size(s) Ret 1 pin	tail Container	l	5 Lo	cation of Lai	bel Dır	ection	าร		
Label 6 Manner in Which La	bel is A	Affixed to Product	Lithog Paper	raph glued	Othe	 or						
				Section - I	v							<u></u>
1 Contact Point (Con	nplete i	tems directly below	for identificatio	n of individual to E	e contected	if nec	essary to pi	ocess	this a	applicatio	on J	
Name Title Charlotte A Sanson Product			Title Product Registra	Registration Manager (919) 54		ohone ) 547	<b>No (Inc</b> 2983	lude A	rea Code)			
l certify that the I acknowledge t both under appli	statem hat any cable la	nents I have made or / knowlinglly false or aw	Certifica In this form and I misleading sta	tion all attachments th itement may be pu	ereto are tru nishable by f	e accu îne or l	irate and co mprisonmen	mplete it or	,	6 Date Recei (S	Applica ved Stamp	ed)
2 Signature	te	a dam		<b>3 Title</b> Product Registrati	on Manager							
Mulle le Am     5 Date       Typed Name     5 Date			5 Date	combor 1	0.20	110						



The Chemical Company

December 10, 2010

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF) Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P) U S Environmental Protection Agency Room S-4900 One Potomac Yard 2777 South Crystal Drive Arlington, VA 22202-4501

### Subject Insignia® Fungicide EPA Registration No 7969-184

Dear Sır/Madam

On April 26 2010, EPA approved amended labeling for Insignia® Fungicide EPA Registration No 7969-184 (copy attached) The purpose of this notification is to correct an error in the column headers in Table 6 Insignia Dilution Spray Solutions on Ornamentals and in Landscape Maintenance The column headers previously read xx gallons/grams product, rather than grams product/xx gallons " This correction was discussed in a meeting with Mr Tony Kish (PM 22) on December 7 2010 who agreed that BASF may correct this error via notification Also, as instructed in EPA's cover letter dated April 26 2010 BASF has made the following changes to the label 1) changed the second sentence in the first paragraph in the Tank Mix Partners/Components section on page 7 from adhere to rate restrictions label recommendations and precautions to adhere to rate restrictions label recommendations and precautions , and 2) corrected three of the calculated values in Table 6

One copy of the amended label, with the corrected (highlighted) column headers in Table 6 (page 16) is enclosed A completed EPA 8570-1 Registration Application form is also enclosed

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152 46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling of this product I understand that it is a violation of 18 U S C Sec 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152 46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under section 12 and 14 of FIFRA

58875043/25 **Agricultural Solutions** 



1

The Chemical Company

Thank you for your attention to this matter If you have any questions or need further information please contact me directly at (919) 547-2983, or by e-mail at charlotte sanson@basf com

Regards, BASF Corporation Agricultural Products Division

hadotte ( Larsr

Charlotte A Sanson Product Registration Manager

enc

cc Tony Kish EPA PM 22

NVA 2009 04 090 0172

(

q/25



### For disease control and plant health in turfgrass and ornamentals

Active Ingredient pyraclostrobin (carbamic acid [2 [[[1 (4 chlorophenyl) 1*H* pyrazol 3 yi]oxy]methyl]phenyl]methoxy methyl ester) Other Ingredients Total

20 0% <u>80 0%</u> 100 0%

EPA Reg No 7969-184

EPA Est No

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION/PRECAUCION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle (If you do not understand this label find someone to explain it to you in detail)

See inside for complete First Aid Precautionary Statements Directions For Use and Conditions of Sale and Warranty

In case of an emergency endangering life or property involving this product, call 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

**Net Contents** 

BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park NC 27709



	FIRST AID
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow</li> <li>DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor</li> <li>DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person</li> </ul>
If on skin or clothing	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice</li> </ul>
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes</li> <li>Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes then continue rinsing eyes</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for advice</li> </ul>
If inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air</li> <li>If person is not breathing call 911 or an ambulance then give artificial respiration preferably by mouth to mouth if possible</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice</li> </ul>
	HOTLINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment You may also contact BASF Corporation for emergency medical treatment information 1 800 832 HELP (4357)

### **Precautionary Statements**

### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

**CAUTION** Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin Causes moderate eye irritation Avoid contact with skin eyes or clothing

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this prod uct are listed below. For more options, refer to **Category A** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart

### Applicators and other handlers must wear

- Long sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (such as nitrile butyl neoprene and/or barrier laminate)
- Shoes plus socks

Follow the manufacturers instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist use detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

### Users should

- Wash hands before eating drinking chewing gum using tobacco or using the toilet
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product Wash the outside of gloves before removing As soon as possible wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing

### **Engineering Controls Statement**

When handlers use closed systems enclosed cabs or air craft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170 240(d)(4 6)] the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS

### **Environmental Hazards**

This product may contaminate water through drift of spray in wind This product has a potential for runoff for several months or more after applications Poorly draining soils and soils with shallow water tables are more prone to produce runoff that contains this product A level well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features such as ponds streams and springs will reduce the potential for contamination of water from rainfall runoff Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecast to occur within 48 hours Sound erosion control practices will reduce this product s contribution to surface water contamination

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas **DO NOT** apply directly to water to areas where surface water is present or to inter tidal areas below the mean high water mark **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters or rinsate

### **Directions For Use**

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a man ner inconsistent with its labeling

For use only by commercial applicators or persons under their direct supervision

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift

Only protected handlers may be in the area during applica tion For any requirements specific to your state or tribe consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard 40 CFR part 170 This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms forests nurseries and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides It contains requirements for training decontamination notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equip ment (PPE) notification of workers and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of **12 hours** 

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is per mitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated such as plants soil or water is

- Coveralls
- Chemical resistant gloves made of any waterproof material (such as nitrile butyl neoprene and/or barrier laminate)
- Shoes plus socks

### NONAGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are **NOT** within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard of agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170) The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms nurseries or greenhouses

### DO NOT enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water food or feed by storage or disposal

### **Pesticide Storage**

Store in original containers only Keep container closed when not in use **DO NOT** store near food or feed

### **Pesticide Disposal**

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be dis posed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility if these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance

### **Container Disposal**

Nonrefiliable Container (for paper or plastic bags) DO NOT reuse or refill this container After completely emptying container into application equipment dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

Nonrefillable Container (for rigid containers) DO NOT reuse or refill this container Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities

Triple rinse containers small enough to shake (capacity  $\leq$  50 pounds) as follows Empty the remain ing contents into application equipment or a mix tank Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap Shake for 10 seconds Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip Repeat this procedure two more times

**Pressure rinse as follows** Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip

### In Case of Emergency

In case of large scale spillage regarding this product call

- CHEMTREC 1 800 424 9300
- BASF Corporation
   1 800 832 HELP (4357)

In case of medical emergency regarding this product call

- Your local doctor for immediate treatment
- · Your local poison control center (hospital)
- BASF Corporation 1 800 832 HELP (4357)



- In case of spill on floor or paved surfaces mop and remove to chemical waste storage area until proper dis posal can be made if product cannot be used according to label
- Dike and contain spill with inert material (sand earth etc) and transfer liquid and solid diking material to sepa rate containers for disposal
- Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin areas with soap and water
- · Wash clothing before reuse
- · Keep spill out of all sewers and open bodies of water

### **General Information**

**Insignia® fungicide** is a broad spectrum fungicide for the control of many important diseases of turfgrass and ornamentals For maximum efficacy apply **Insignia** pre ventively Preventive applications optimize disease control resulting in improved plant health **Insignia** may be applied as a solo treatment or in tank mixes with other registered fungicides **DO NOT** exceed the specified application rate or fail to comply with use restrictions listed in the **Resistance Management** and **Restrictions and Limitations** sections All applications must be made according to the use directions that follow Failure to follow directions and precautions on this label may result in injury and/or inferior disease control

This package contains **Insignia** a water dispersible gran ule (WG) The active ingredient in **Insignia** pyraclostrobin is **a member of the strobilurin class of chemistry** and is derived from a natural antifungal substance Optimum disease control is achieved when **Insignia** is applied in a regularly scheduled protective spray program and used in a rotation program with other fungicides Because of its high specific activity **Insignia** has good residual activity against target fungi

**Mode of Action** Pyraclostrobin the active ingredient in **Insignia** belongs to the group of respiration inhibitors classified by the U S EPA and Canada PMRA as **Quinone Outside Inhibitors (QoI)** or target site of action **Group 11** fungicides

### **Application Information**

### **Use Sites**

### Turfgrass

**Insignia** may be used for disease control in the following turf use sites

- Golf courses
- Residential institutional commercial and municipal lawns
- · Parks
- · Recreational areas including sports and athletic fields
- Cemeteries

Sod farms

### **Ornamental Plants**

**Insignia may be used for disease** control on ornamen tals including flower bulbs and forest and conifer nurseries and plantations. Use sites include

- Outdoor nurseries
- Retail nurseries
- Greenhouses
- · Lathhouses and shadehouses
- Containers
- Residential and commercial landscapes
- Interiorscapes
- Recreational areas including golf courses

### **Application Instructions**

- Apply the specified rate of **Insignia** as instructed in the **Use Directions** sections with ground or aerial spray equipment. Use the shorter specified application interval and/or the higher specified rate when prolonged favor able disease conditions exist.
- Apply **Insignia** using sufficient water volume and pres sure for adequate coverage of the foliage
- · Calibrate spray equipment prior to use
- For maximum efficacy apply **Insignia** prior to or in the early stages of disease development. Use of **Insignia** as a late curative or eradicant treatment may not result in satisfactory disease control.
- After application allow foliage to dry prior to mowing or irrigating (exceptions see brown ring patch fairy ring and Pythium root dysfunction)
- Actual length of disease control will vary depending on environmental conditions disease pressure and man agement practices

### **Ground Application**

Apply **Insignia** at the rates indicated in the **Use Directions** sections in 2 to 4 gallons of water per 1000 square feet (87 to 174 gallons per acre) Repeat applications at the specified interval as necessary

### **Aerial Application**

Aerial application is permitted only on sod farms and the following production ornamentals

- Container and field nurseries
- Flower bulb production
- Forest and conifer nurseries

Apply **Insignia** at the rates indicated in the **Use Directions** sections in no less than 10 gallons of spray solution per acre Repeat applications at the specified interval as necessary **DO NOT** apply when conditions favor drift from target area

DO NOT apply by air in New York State except as permitted under FIFRA Section 24(c), Special Local Need Registration

### **Spray Drift Management**

**DO NOT** spray when conditions favor drift beyond area intended for application Conditions that contribute to drift include thermal inversion wind speed and direction spray nozzle/pressure combinations spray droplet size temper ature/humidity etc Contact your state extension agent for spray drift prevention guidelines in your area All applica tion equipment must be properly maintained and calibrat ed using appropriate carriers Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator

### **Aerial Application Methods and Equipment**

The interaction of many equipment related and weather related factors determines the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions

**DO NOT** apply under circumstances where possible drift to unprotected persons to food forage or other plantings that might be damaged or crops thereof rendered unfit for sale use or consumption can occur

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops

- 1 The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the fixed wingspan or rotor blade diameter
- 2 Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the airstream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees

Where states have more stringent regulations they must be observed

### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets Use the largest droplet size consistent with acceptable efficacy Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see **Wind Temperature and Humidity** and **Temperature Inversions**)

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the high est practical spray volume Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets
- Pressure DO NOT exceed the nozzle manufacturers recommended pressures For many nozzle types lower pressure produces larger droplets When higher flow rates are needed use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure
- Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larg er droplets than other orientations and is recommended practice Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential

 Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application With most nozzle types nar rower spray angles produce larger droplets Consider using low drift nozzles Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the low est drift

### Wind

Drift potential is lowest when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph However many factors including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed Application must be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator must be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift

### **Temperature and Humidity**

Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evapo ration of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift

Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperatures When making applications in low rela tive humidity set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation

Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry

#### **Temperature Inversions**

Applications must not occur during a temperature inver sion because drift potential is high Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning Their presence can be indicated by ground fog however if fog is not present inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke genera tor Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concen trated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dis sipates indicates good vertical air mixing

#### **Sensitive Areas**

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e g bodies of water or nontarget crops) is minimal and when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas

### Use Precautions for Sprinkler and Drip Irrigation Applications

### **Drip Irrigation**

**Insignia® fungicide** may be applied through drip irrigation systems to potted ornamentals or to bedded field grown ornamentals for soilborne disease control Apply 8 to

16 ozs **Insignia® fungicide** per acre as a preventive dis ease application. The soil or potting media should have adequate moisture capacity prior to drip application.

Terminate drip irrigation at fungicide depletion from the main feed supply tank or after 6 hours from start whichever is shorter. For maximum efficacy subsequent irrigation (water only) should be delayed for at least 24 hours following drip application

### **Sprinkler Irrigation**

**Insignia** may be applied through sprinkler irrigation to turf to potted ornamentals or to bedded field grown orna mentals Apply this product through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot lateral move end tow side [wheel] roll traveler big gun solid set or hand move irrigation systems **DO NOT** apply this product through any other type of irrigation system except as specified on this label

Apply with center pivot or continuous move equipment distributing 1/2 acre inch or less during treatment in gen eral use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage if stationary systems (solid set handlines or wheel lines other than continuous move) are used inject this product into no more than the last 20 to 30 minutes of the set **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment Plant injury lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform treated water Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control Maintain good agitation during the entire application peri od If you have questions about calibration contact a State Extension Service specialist equipment manufactur ers or other experts The system must contain a functional check valve vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic guick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. The pesticide inject tion pipeline must also contain a functional normally closed solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system inter lock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pes ticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock Allow sufficient time for pesticide to be flushed through all lines and all nozzles before turning off irrigation water A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of

the responsible person shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise **DO NOT** connect an irrigation system (including green house systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place

## Specific Instructions for Public Water Systems

- 1 Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or reg ularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year
- 2 Chemigation systems connected to public water sys tems must contain a functional reduced pressure zone back flow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.
- 3 The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a func tional automatic quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump
- 4 The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a func tional normally closed solenoid operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being with drawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down
- 5 The system must contain functional interlocking con trols to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected
- 6 Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e g diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fit ted with a system interlock
- 7 **DO NOT** apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment

### **Resistance Management**

**Insignia** contains pyraclostrobin a **Group 11** fungicide and is effective against pathogens resistant to fungicides with modes of action different from those of **QoI** fungi cides (target site of action **Group 11**) such as the dicarboximides sterol inhibitors benzimidazoles or phenylamides Fungal isolates resistant to **Group 11** fungicides such as pyraclostrobin azoxystrobin and trifloxystrobin may eventually dominate the fungal population if **Group 11** fungicides are used predominantly and repeatedly in the same area in successive years as the primary method of control for the targeted pathogen species This may result in reduction of disease control by **Insignia® fungicide** or other **Group 11** fungicides

To maintain the performance of **Insignia DO NOT** exceed the total number of sequential applications of **Insignia** Adhere to the label instructions regarding the consecutive use of **Insignia** or other target site of action **Group 11** fungicides that have a similar site of action on the same pathogens

### The following recommendations may be considered to delay the development of fungicide resistance

- 1 **Tank mixtures** Use tank mixtures with fungicides from different target site of action groups that are registered/permitted for the same use and that are effective against the pathogens of concern. Use at least the minimum labeled rates of each fungicide in the tank mix
- 2 **IPM Insignia** should be integrated into an overall dis ease and pest management program Follow cultural practices known to reduce disease development **Insignia** may be used in advisory (disease forecasting) programs which recommend application timing based on environmental factors favorable for disease develop ment
- 3 **Monitoring** Monitor efficacy of all fungicides used in the disease management program against the targeted pathogen and record other factors that may influence fungicide performance and/or disease development. If a **Group 11** target site fungicide such as **Insignia** appears to be less effective against a pathogen that it previously controlled or suppressed contact a BASF representative or local expert for further investigation

**In turfgrass DO NOT** make more than two (2) sequential applications of **Insignia** for Pythium blight gray leaf spot dollar spot or anthracnose Then alternate to an effective nonstrobilurin fungicide before reapplying **Insignia** 

**DO NOT** make more than three (3) consecutive applica tions of **Insignia** for all other turfgrass diseases Then alternate to an effective nonstrobilurin fungicide before reapplying **Insignia** 

**In ornamental plants, DO NOT** make more than two (2) sequential applications of **Insignia** Then alternate with a fungicide of a different mode of action before reapplying **Insignia DO NOT** alternate **Insignia** with other **Group 11** fungicides

### Addition of Additives

**DO NOT** use with organosilicate based adjuvants or injury may occur Because of the large number of additives or adjuvants that may be used, neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined whether **Insignia** can be used safely with all additives

### **General Tank Mixing Information**

### Tank Mix Partners/Components

**Insignia** is compatible with most fungicide insecticide and fertilizer products if tank mixtures are used adhere to rate restrictions label recommendations and requirements and precautions on all labels

Physical incompatibility reduced disease control or plant injury may result from mixing **Insignia** with fungicides her bicides insecticides additives or fertilizers To improve control of certain diseases **Insignia** may be tank mixed with other effective (nonstrobilurin) fungicides

### Compatibility Test for Tank Mix Components

Add components in the following sequence using 2 tea spoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of label rate per acre

- 1 Water For 87 gallons per acre spray volume use 14 4 cups (3 5 liters) of water For other spray volumes adjust rates accordingly Use only water from the intended source at the source temperature
- 2 Water-dispersible products (dry flowables wettable powders suspension concentrates or suspo emulsions) Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles
- 3 Water-soluble products Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles
- 4 **Emulsifiable concentrates** (oil concentrate or methylated seed oil when applicable) Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles
- 5 Water-soluble additives Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles
- 6 Let the solution stand for 15 minutes
- 7 **Evaluate** the solution for uniformity and stability The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom nor thick (clabbered) texture **DO NOT** use any spray solu tion that could clog spray nozzles

### **Mixing Order**

Limit amount of spray mixture prepared to that needed for immediate use

- **1 Water** Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank half full of clean water
- 2 **Products in PVA bags** Place the water soluble PVA bag into the mixing tank. The water soluble PVA bag will dissolve in water to allow the contents to disperse. Wait until all water soluble PVA bags have fully dis solved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- 3 Water-dispersible products (dry flowables such as **Insignia** wettable powders suspension concentrates or suspo emulsions)
- 4 Water-soluble products
- 5 **Emulsifiable concentrates** (oil concentrate or methy lated seed oil when applicable)

- 6 Water-soluble additives (AMS or UAN when applicable)
- 7 Remaining quantity of water

Maintain maximum constant agitation during application

### DO NOT allow mixture to stand for extended periods prior to application

### **Cleaning Spray Equipment**

Spraying equipment must be cleaned thoroughly before and after applying this product particularly if a product with the potential to injure turfgrass was used prior to **Insignia® fungicide** 

### Turfgrass Use Directions

**Insignia** controls anthracnose bentgrass dead spot Bermudagrass decline brown patch brown ring patch dollar spot (suppression only) fairy ring Fusarium patch gray leaf spot gray snow mold large patch leaf spot melting out necrotic ringspot pink patch pink snow mold powdery mildew Pythium blight Pythium root dysfunction rapid blight red thread Rhizoctonia leaf or sheath spot rust summer patch take all patch and yellow tuft (downy mildew)

**Insignia** provides significant suppression but not complete control of dollar spot When used to control other diseases and dollar spot pressure is moderate to severe tank mix **Insignia** with another effective (nonstrobilurin) fungicide For optimum control of gray snow mold and pink snow mold tank mix **Insignia** with another effective (nonstrobil urin) fungicide

### **Turfgrass Uses and Tolerance**

Due to variability within turfgrass species application tech niques and possible tank mixes neither the manufacturer nor the seller has determined if **Insignia** can safely be used on all turfgrasses under all conditions

Therefore it is recommended that the user determine if **Insignia** can be used safely before broad use Apply the specified labeled use rate of **Insignia** on a small test area under conditions expected to be encountered Monitor for any adverse effects during a 14 day period after application

### Rate

Use the application rates specified for each disease as list ed in **Table 1** Apply **Insignia** in 2 to 4 gallons of water per 1000 square feet (87 to 174 gallons per acre)

### **Restrictions and Limitations**

- Maximum seasonal use rate DO NOT apply more than a total of 5 5 ounces of **Insignia** per 1000 sq ft per year (15 0 pounds **Insignia** per acre per year)
- Refer to **Table 1** for sequential application intervals for **Insignia**

- DO NOT use on crops intended for food or feed use
- **DO NOT** apply through any type of **irrigation** equip ment to **turfgrass**
- DO NOT apply by air in turf uses other than sod farms
- **DO NOT** use this product to **formulate** or reformulate any other pesticide product

## ( ( Table 1 Insignia<sup>®</sup> fungicide Application Rates and Intervals on Turfgrass

13/25

Disease Pathogen	Use Rate (oz Product/ 1000 sq ft)	Use Rate (ozs Product/A)	Application Interval (days)	Comments
Anthracnose <sup>1</sup> Colletotrichum graminicola	0 5 to 0 9	22 to 40	14 to 28	Use preventively Begin application when con ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
Bentgrass dead spot Ophiosphaerella agrostis	0 5 to 0 9	22 to 40	14 to 28	Use preventively Begin application when con ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
Bermudagrass decline Gaeumannomyces graminis var graminis	09	40	Not Applicable (see <b>Comments</b> )	Aids in control of Bermudagrass decline when integrated with appropriate cultural practices such as raised mowing height proper fertiliza tion and core aeration Make one application in the spring following greenup and a second application in the fall when air temperatures remain above 80° F and humidity is 75% or higher Apply in 4 gallons of water per 1000 sq ft
<b>Brown patch</b> Rhizoctonia solani	0 5 to 0 9	22 to 40	14 to 28	Apply when conditions are favorable for dis ease development
Brown ring patch Rhizoctonia circi nata var circinata aka Waitea patch	09	40	14 to 28	Apply when early yellow ring development is symptomatic Late curative applications will not be effective Brown ring patch symptoms may take 2 to 3 weeks to disappear following appli cation Use 2 to 4 gallons of spray volume per 1000 sq ft and appropriate soil wetting agent at time of application Reapplication after 28 days may be required Provide short irriga tion cycle directly following treatment to move fungicide through thatch
Dollar spot <sup>1</sup> Sclerotinia homoeocarpa Suppression Only	09	40	14	Insignia provides significant suppression but not complete control of dollar spot When used to control other diseases and dollar spot pressure is moderate to severe tank mix Insignia with another effective dollar spot fun gicide such as Curalan <sup>®</sup> EG fungicide Emerald <sup>®</sup> fungicide Iprodione Pro 2SE fungicide or Trinity <sup>™</sup> fungicide Begin applications when conditions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
Fairy ring various Basidiomy cete fungi	09	40	28	Apply as soon as possible after fairy ring symptom development Fairy ring symptoms may take 2 to 3 weeks to disappear following application Use 2 to 4 gallons of spray volume per 1000 sq ft and appropriate soil wetting agent at time of application Reapplication after 28 days may be required Provide short irriga tion cycle directly following treatment to move fungicide through thatch
Fusarium patch Microdochium nivale	0 5 to 0 9	22 to 40	14 to 28	In the absence of snow cover use preventively Begin applications when conditions are favor able for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development

#### Table 1 Insignia® fungicide Application Rates and Intervals on Turfgrass (continued) **Use Rate** Application Disease **Use Rate** (oz Product/ Interval Comments (ozs Product/A) Pathogen 1000 sq ft) (days) Gray leaf spot<sup>1</sup> 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Use preventively Begin applications when con ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior Pyricularia grisea to disease symptom development Gray snow mold 09 40 14 to 28 Make 2 applications 14 to 28 days apart in late Typhula incarnata fall just prior to snow cover For optimum control before extended periods of snow cover make 1 or 2 applications of Insignia at 0 7 to 0 9 oz per 1000 so ft tank mixed with another effective (nonstrobilurin) fungicide such as Curalan<sup>®</sup> EG fungicide Iprodione Pro 2SE fungicide or Trinity™ fungicide Large patch 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Apply prior to or directly at initial signs of infec (Brown patch of tion in fall Make one sequential application prior to turf dormancy with Honor™ fungiwarm season cide or other effective fungicide such as turfgrasses) Rhizoctonia solani **Trinity** Reapplication in spring at time of greenup can be made if necessary For control of brown patch of St Augustinegrass cen tipedegrass kikuyugrass seashore paspalum and zoysiagrass (aka zoysia patch) 22 to 40 Leaf spot 05 to 09 14 to 28 Apply when conditions are favorable for dis Bipolaris spp ease development Rotate with other effective Drechslera spp fundicides such as Curalan EG or Iprodione and Exserohilum Pro spp Melting out 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Apply when conditions are favorable for dis Drechslera poae ease development Rotate with other effective fungicides such as Curalan EG or Iprodione Pro Necrotic ringspot 09 40 14 to 28 Aids in control of necrotic ring spot when com bined with a nonstrobilurin fungicide such as Leptosphaeria Trinity thiophanate methyl or chlorothalonil korrae Make applications in spring fall or winter when conditions are present for outbreaks 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Apply when conditions are favorable for dis Pink patch Limonomyces ease development roseipellis Pink snow mold 09 40 14 to 28 Make 2 applications 14 to 28 days apart in late fall just prior to snow cover. For optimum Microdochium control before extended periods of snow nivale cover make 1 or 2 applications of Insignia at 0 7 to 0 9 oz per 1000 sq ft tank mixed with another effective (nonstrobilurin) fungicide such as Curalan EG Iprodione Pro or Trinity 14 to 28 Use preventively Begin applications when con **Powdery mildew** 05 to 09 22 to 40 ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior Blumeria graminis to disease symptom development

#### Table 1 Insignia® fungicide Application Rates and Intervals on Turfgrass (continued) **Use Rate** Application Disease Use Rate (oz Product/ Interval Comments Pathogen (ozs Product/A) 1000 sq ft) (days) 09 Pythium blight<sup>1</sup> 40 10 to 14 Use preventively Begin applications when con Pythium ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior aphanidermatum to disease symptom development Tank mix Pythium spp Insignia with another (nonstrobilurin) fungicide labeled for Pythium blight control during severe disease pressure or when symptoms are already present Pythium root 09 40 14 to 28 Apply preventively or early curative for control dysfunction<sup>1</sup> Following sequential application rotate to Pythium volutum other effective fungicides for this disease prior Pythium spp to additional Insignia application Irrigate immediately following application Rapid blight 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Use preventively Begin applications when con Labyrinthula ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior terrestris to disease symptom development Follow the shorter spray interval when using the lower application rate **Red thread** 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Apply when conditions are favorable for dis Laetisaria fuci ease development formis Rhizoctonia leaf 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Rhizoctonia infection can occur under warm or sheath spot humid conditions on both cool season turf R oryzae R zea grass and warm season turfgrass This dis ease has been associated with localized dry spots and necrotic (brown) ring symptoms can form Apply when conditions are favorable for disease development. Use of soil wetting agent may be appropriate 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Rust Apply when conditions are favorable for dis Puccinia spp ease development Uromyces spp Summer patch 05 to 09 22 to 40 14 to 28 Initiate applications in the spring when soil Magnaporthe poae temperatures reach 60° to 65° F at a 2 inch soil depth or as dictated by local recommen dations Use preventively Begin applications when con Take-all patch 09 40 28 ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior Gaeumannomyces to disease symptom development Make 2 graminis var avenae applications 28 days apart in the fall and 2 applications 28 days apart in the spring Yellow tuft (Downy 22 to 40 14 to 28 Use preventively Begin applications when con 05 to 09 mildew) ditions are favorable for fungal infection prior Sclerophthora to disease symptom development

**DO NOT** apply more than two (2) sequential applications of **Insignia** for anthracnose dollar spot gray leaf spot or Pythium For all other diseases when anthracnose dollar spot or Pythium are not present **DO NOT** apply more than three (3) sequential applications of **Insignia** Then alternate to an effective nonstrobilurin fungicide before reapplying **Insignia** 

### Table 2 Insignia® fungicide Dilution Spray Solutions on Turfgrass

Insignia (oz Product/100 gallons spray solution)				
Use Rate (oz Product/1000 sq ft)Spray Volume (2 gallons/1000 sq ft)Spray Volume (3 gallons/1000 sq ft)Spray Volume 				
05	25	167	12 5	
07	35	23 3	17 5	
09	45	30 0	22 5	

### Production Ornamentals and Landscape Maintenance Use Directions

Use **Insignia** for control of certain pathogens causing foliar aerial and crown rot diseases including scab blights leaf spots powdery and downy mildews anthrac nose and rust of ornamental plants and flower bulbs

Begin applications of **Insignia** prior to disease develop ment and continue throughout the season at specified intervals following resistance management guidelines **Insignia** works best when used as part of a preventive disease management program. Use of **Insignia** as a late curative or eradicant treatment may not always result in satisfactory disease control

Integrate **Insignia** into an overall disease and pest man agement program that includes selection of varieties with disease tolerance optimum plant populations proper fer tilization pruning plant residue management proper timing and placement of irrigation and manipulation of environmental conditions to prevent fungal development where possible

### **Plant Tolerance**

The phytotoxic potential of **Insignia** has been assessed on a wide variety of common ornamental plants with no phytotoxicity observed Refer to **Table 7** for the list of plants shown to be tolerant to **Insignia** Not all plant species and their varieties and cultivars have been tested for tolerance to **Insignia** possible tank mix combinations of **Insignia** pesticide treatments preceding or following those of **Insignia** and combinations of **Insignia** with adjuvants or surfactants Local conditions can also influ ence plant tolerance and may not match those under which BASF has conducted testing Therefore before using **Insignia** test the product on a sample of the plant to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur prior to large scale use

### **Use with Additives**

Label directions are based on data without additives Additives or spray adjuvants are usually not necessary for use with **Insignia** if additives or spray adjuvants are included use only surfactants approved for ornamental plants in combination with **Insignia** Test the product on a sample of the plant to be treated to ensure that injury will not occur prior to large scale use **DO NOT** use organosilicone based adjuvants with **Insignia** or injury may result on certain ornamental species Always test tank mixes on a small group of representative plants prior to broadscale use

### **Restrictions and Limitations**

- For outdoor uses **DO NOT** apply more than a total of 15 pounds of **Insignia** per acre per year
- For greenhouse uses **DO NOT** make more than 8 applications of **Insignia** per year
- **DO NOT** apply to plants that show injury (leaf phytotoxicity or plant stunting) produced by prior pesticide applications
- DO NOT use on crops intended for food or feed use
- **DO NOT** apply by air in ornamental uses other than pro duction ornamentals. Use sites permitted include Container and field nurseries Flower bulb production Forest and conifer nurseries
- **DO NOT** use in vegetables grown in greenhouses for crop production or in vegetable production of trans plants for outdoor use
- **DO NOT** expose wintercreeper (*Euonymus vegetus*) and nine bark (*Physocarpus opulifolius*) to spray or drift con taining **Insignia** or injury may result
- **DO NOT** expose Concord Worden Fredonia or Niagara grapes, or related varieties to spray or drift containing **Insignia** or injury may result
- Be cautious when applying **Insignia** to impatiens (*Impatiens* spp) and petunia (*Petunia* spp) during flow ering as discoloration may occur
- **Resistance Management** To limit the potential for development of resistance **DO NOT** make more than two (2) sequential applications of **Insignia** Then alter nate to a labeled fungicide with a different mode of action

### **Application Information**

Apply **Insignia® fungicide** according to the rate timing resistance management and adjuvant use recommenda tions in **Tables 3** and **4** in this label **Insignia** may be applied by ground sprayer aerial equipment or through sprinkler and drip irrigation systems

### Foliar-directed and Crown-directed

Apply **Insignia** at use rates and intervals stated in **Tables 3** and **4** Under light to moderate disease pres sure use the lower rates on a 7 day interval or the higher rates on a 14 day interval Under environmental conditions that promote severe disease development use the higher rates on a 7 day interval Apply **Insignia** as a broadcast or banded spray targeted at the foliage or crown of the plant Apply to runoff in sufficient water to ensure complete cov erage of the target plant Thorough coverage and wetting of foliage crown and base of the plant and growth media surrounding the crown is necessary for best control Refer to **Table 3** for specific use directions for control of specific diseases Repeat applications at specified intervals (plus alternations for resistance management) for as long as required

### Drench

Apply **Insignia** preventively as a drench treatment for con trol of certain sollborne seedling and crown diseases in production ornamentals For control of *Rhizoctonia solani* and *Phytophthora* spp drench the soil with a solution of 8 to 16 ounces of **Insignia** per 100 gallons Thorough cov erage and wetting of root zone crown and base of the plant and surrounding growth media is necessary for best control Repeat applications as needed within 7 to 21 days See **Table 4** for more information regarding drench treatments BASF does not recommend using **Insignia** after symptoms of soilborne disease have become evident because control may not be satisfactory

### **Dip Application for Bulbs**

Clean and treat bulbs within 24 to 48 hours of digging Prepare suspension in water with the amount of **Insignia** stated in **Table 5** Submerge the bulbs completely in the dipping suspension for 15 to 30 minutes Discard suspen sion (1) when it becomes dirty (2) after using five times or (3) after 24 hours whichever occurs first **DO NOT** discard the runoffs and wastes from the dipping operation in a drainage that could contaminate public water systems

# Table 3 Insignia® fungicide Application Rates and Intervals on Ornamentals and in Landscape Maintenance for Foliar and Crown Diseases

(

18/25

(

<b>Disease</b> Pathogen	Use Rate/Application (ozs Product/100 gallons)	Application Interval (Days) <sup>1</sup>	Comments
Anthracnose Colletotrichum spp Gloeosporium spp	8 to 16	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
<b>Blossom blight</b> Monilinia blossom blight <i>Monilinia</i> spp	8 to 16	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
<b>Crown and basal rot</b> <i>Rhizoctonia solani</i> <i>Pythium</i> spp <i>Phytophthora</i> spp <i>Fusarium</i> spp	8 to 16	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development. The crown and base of the plant and the soil or potting medium surrounding the crown must be thoroughly cov- ered.
			Use 8 to 12 ozs on herbaceous plants such as bedding plants Use 8 to 16 ozs on woody ornamentals
Downy mildew Peronospora spp	4 to 8	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
Leaf spot Alternaria spp Cercospora spp Mycosphaerella spp Myrothecium spp Phyllosticta spp	2 to 8	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to or at the first disease symptom development For control of <i>D</i> rosae tank mix with a triazole or mancozeb containing fungicide
<i>Didymellina</i> spp <i>Ramularia</i> spp <i>Septoria</i> spp	4 to 8		
Diplocarpon rosae Entomosporium sp	8 to 16		
Phytophthora and Pythium aerial blight Phytophthora spp Pythium spp	8 to 16	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
Sudden oak death (SOD)	16		bedding plants Use 8 to 16 ozs on woody ornamentals
Phytophthora ramorum			For management of SOD, make a preventive application as a foliar spray providing good cov erage of foliage and stems A wetting agent such as a spreader sticker is recommended on plants with hard to wet leaf surfaces and cover age of stems <b>DO NOT</b> apply this product in a curative manner or post infection situation Following two applications of <b>Insignia</b> rotate to <b>Stature® SC fungicide</b> or <b>Subdue Maxx®</b> <b>fungicide</b>

### Table 3 Insignia® fungicide Application Rates and Intervals on Ornamentals and in Landscape Maintenance for Foliar and Crown Diseases (continued)

19/25

<b>Disease</b> Pathogen	Use Rate/Application (ozs Product/100 gallons)	Application Interval (Days)1	Comments
<b>Powdery mildew</b> <i>Erysiphe</i> sp <i>Microsphaera</i> sp <i>Oidium</i> sp <i>Phyllactinia</i> sp <i>Podosphaera</i> sp <i>Sphaerotheca</i> sp <i>Uncinula</i> sp	4 to 8	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to or at the first disease symptom development
Rhizoctonia blight Rhizoctonia solani	8 to 16	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
			Use 8 to 12 ozs on herbaceous plants such as bedding plants Use 8 to 16 ozs on woody ornamentals
Rot Botrytis rot Botrytis cinerea B tulipae Sclerotinia rot	8 to 16	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
<i>Sclerotinia</i> spp			
<b>Rust</b> <i>Puccinia</i> spp	4 to 8	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development
<i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp <i>Melamspora</i> spp	8 to 16		Use higher rates on <i>Gymnosporangium</i> spp and <i>Melamspora</i> spp
<b>Scab</b> Venturia spp Cladosporium spp	4 to 8	7 to 14	Use preventively Begin application when condi- tions are favorable for fungal infection prior to disease symptom development

<sup>1</sup> The stated interval applies to conditions under which moderate to high disease pressure is expected. If conditions are unfavorable for infection, or if disease pressure is absent, the interval may be extended up to 28 days.

## Table 4 Insignia® fungicide Drench Treatment Rates to Control Specified Soilborne Disease

Disease Pathogen	Use Rate/Application (ozs Product/100 gallons)	Comments
<b>Soilborne disease</b> Fusarium spp Phytophthora spp Pythium spp Rhizoctonia solani	8 to 16	Use as a preventive treatment Drench the soil with a solution of 8 to 16 ounces of <b>Insignia</b> per 100 gallons Thorough cover age and wetting of root zone crown and base of the plant and surrounding growth media is necessary for best control <b>Suggested drench volume</b> 200 to 250 ml per 6 inch pot Repeat applications as needed within 7 to 21 days

(

20/25

### Table 5 Insignia Dip Treatment Rates on Ornamental Bulbs

(

ł

Disease Pathogen	Use Rate/Application (ozs Product/100 gallons)	Comments
<b>Bulb rot and mold</b> <i>Fusarium</i> spp <i>Penicillium</i> spp	5 to 10	Clean and treat bulbs within 24 to 48 hours of digging Prepare suspension in water of specified labeled amount of <b>Insignia</b> Submerge the bulbs completely in the dipping suspension for 15 to 30 minutes Discard suspension (1) when it becomes dirty (2) after using five times or (3) after 24 hours whichever occurs first <b>DO NOT</b> discard the runoff and waste from the dipping operation in a drainage area which could contaminate public water systems

### Table 6 Insignia Dilution Spray Solutions on Ornamentals and in Landscape Maintenance

Insignia (ozs Product/100 gallons of spray solution)					
<b>Use Rate</b> (ozs Product/100 gallons)	Spray Volume (grams product/2 gallons)	Spray Volume (grams product/3 gallons)	Spray Volume (grams product/4 gallons)		
2	1 13	1 70	2 26		
4	2 26	3 4	4 52		
8	4 52	68	9 04		
12	6 80	10 2	13 61		
16	9 04	13 6	18 14		

### Table 7 Insignia® fungicide Tolerant Plant Species

Plants in this table have been found to be tolerant to **Insignia** when it is applied according to the use instructions stated in this label

21/25

The phytotoxic potential of **Insignia** has been assessed on a wide variety of common ornamental plants with no phyto toxicity observed. Not all plant species and their varieties and cultivars have been tested for tolerance to **Insignia** possible tank mix combinations of **Insignia** pesticide treatments preceding or following those of **Insignia** and combinations of **Insignia** with adjuvants or surfactants. Local conditions can also influence plant tolerance and may not match those under which BASF has conducted testing. Therefore, before using **Insignia** test the product on a sample of the plant to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur prior to large scale use

Additives or spray adjuvants are usually not necessary for use with **Insignia** If they are needed use only surfactants approved for ornamental plants in combination with **Insignia** Test the product combination on a sample of the plant to be treated to ensure that a phytotoxic response will not occur prior to large scale use **DO NOT** use organosilicone based adjuvants with **Insignia** or plant phytotoxicity may result on certain ornamental species

Host Common Name	Scientific Name
African violet	Saintpaulia ionantha
Ajuga	Ajuga reptans
Almond (nonbearing)	Prunus dulcis
Aloe vera	Aloe vera
Apple (nonbearing)	Malus sp
Apricot (nonbearing)	Prunus armeniaca
Arborvitae	Thuja sp
Ardısıa	Ardisia sp
Arrowwood	Viburnum dentatum
Ash red	Fraxinus pennsylvanica
Asian trache	Lospermum sp
Asparagus fern	Asparagus densiflorus
Astilbe	Astilbe sp
Aucuba	Aucuba japonica
Avens	Geum chiloense
Azalea	Rhododendron sp
Babys breath	Gypsophila repens
Bachelor button	Centaurea montana
Balloon flower	Platycodon grandiflorus
Basket of gold	Aurinia saxatilis
Barbados IIIy	Hippeastrum vittatum
Barberry Japanese	Berberis thunbergii
Bayberry (wax myrtle)	Myrica cerifera
Bee balm	Monarda didyma
Begonia	Begonia x superflorenscultorum
Bellflower	Companula glomerata
Blackberry	Vaccinium myrtillus
Black eyed Susan	Rudbeckia sp
Blanket flower	Gaillardia grandiflora
Blue IIIy turf	Liriope sp
Boxwood (Japanese common)	Buxus B japonica B sempervirens
Brachycome blue	Brachycome sp
Bridal wreath	Spiraea vanhouttei
Butterfly bush	Buddleia sp
Caladium	Caladium sp
Canna	Canna x generalis
Camellia Japanese	Camellia japonica
Carnation	Dianthus caryophyllus
Cedar Japanese	Cryptomeria japonica
Chamaecyparis	Chamaecyparis pisifer
Chestnut American	Castanea dentata
China (rose)	Hibiscus sp

### Table 7 - Insignia<sup>®</sup> fungicide - Tolerant Plant Species (continued)

(	$\left( \right)$	1
· (		22/25
Table 7 Insugnie® fungiaida Talevent P	lant Spaciae (assimuted)	
Table / - Insignia® fungicide - Tolerant P	(ant Species (continued)	·
Host Common Name	Scientific Name	
Chinquapin	Castanea pumila	
Cherry (nonbearing)	Prunus avium P cerasus	
Cherry flowering (Kwanzan)	Prunus serrulata Kwanzan	
Cherry flowering (Mt Fuji [Shirotae])	Prunus serrulata Mt Fuji (Shirotae)	
Chrysanthemum	Chrysanthemum sp	
Citrus (nonbearing)	Citrus spp	
Columbine	Aquilegia sp	
Cone flower	Rudbeckia hirta	
Coral bells	Heuchera sp	
Cortadena	Cortaderia sp	
Cotoneaster cranberry	Cotoneaster apiculatus	
Crabapple	Malus sp	
Cranberry American	Vaccinium macrocarpon	
Crape myrtle	Lagerstroemia indica	
Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria sp	
Cupid's dart	Catananche cerulea	
Cvclamen	Cvclamen sp	
Daffodil	Narcissus pseudonarcissus	
Dahlia	Dahlia sp	
Daylily	Hemerocallis sp	
Deutzia	Deutzia sp	
Dietes	Dietes vegeta	
Dogwood	Cornus sp	
Douglas fir	Pseudotsuga sp	
Dusty Miller	Centaurea cineraria	
Echinacea	Echinacea purpurea	
Elaeagnus (Russian olive)	Elaeagnus augustifolia	
Elder water	Sambucus sp	
Euonymus	Euonymus alata	
Fern Kimberly Queen	Nephrolepis obliterata	
Fern wood	Dryopteris sp	
Forsythia	Forsythia sp	
Foxglove	<i>Digitalis</i> sp	
Gardenia	Gardenia jasminoides	
Gayfeather	Liatris sp	
Gazania	Gazania sp	
Geranium	Pelargonium sp	
Gerbera	Gerbera sp	
Gladiolus	Gladiolus sp	
Globe thistle	Echinops ritro	
Goldbell tree Chinese	Forsythia viridissima	
Grape European (nonbearing)	Vitis vinifera	
Hawthorn (Indian)	Rhaphiolepis sp	
Hazel	Corylopsis sp	
Heavenly bamboo	Nandina domestica	
Hemlock Canada	Tsuga Canadensis	
Holly (Chinese Japanese Yaupon)	llex (I cornuta I crenata I vomitoria)	
Hosta	Hosta sp	
Hydrangea	Hydrangea sp	
Impatiens (New Guinea balsam [non flowering])	Impatiens spp (non flowering)	
Ins	Ins sp	l
Ivy (common California English)	Hedera sp	
Jasmine star	Trachelospermum jasminoides	1
Jessamine	Gelsemium sempervirens	
Juniper (creeping Chinese)	Juniperus - J hortizontalis J chinensis	

(

### Table 7 - Insignia® fungicide - Tolerant Plant Species (continued)

(

ŧ

Host Common Name	Scientific Name
Lambs ear	Stachys byzantina
Lantana	Lantana montevidensis
Larkspur	Delphinium elatum
Leopard s bane	Doronicum cordatum
Leucophyllum	Leucophyllum sp
Lilac common	Syringa sp
Lily	Lilium sp
Liriope (variegated)	Liriope muscari variegata
Lisianthus	Eustoma grandifiora
Lobelia	Lobelia sp
Loropetalum	Loropetalum chinense
Lupine	Lupinus spp
Magnolia (star saucer)	Magnolia (M stellata M soulangiana)
Maidenhair tree	Gingko biloba
Mandevilla	Mandevilla sp
Maple (Amur Japanese Norway	Acer (A ginnala A palmatum A platanoides
sugar soft negundo)	A saccharum A saccharınum A negundo)
Marıgold	Tagetes sp
Maudlin blue	Ageratum houstonianum
Meadow sage	Salvia x superba
Monkey grass	Ophiopogon japonicus
Morningglory	lpomoea sp
Moss rose	Portulaca grandıflora
Mountain laurel	Kalmıa laıfolia
Myrica cerifera	Myrica cerifera
Myrtle	Myrtus sp
Narcissus	Narcissus pseudonarcissus
Nectarine (nonbearing)	Prunus persica
Oak (bur red)	Quercus sp (Q macrocarpa Q Rubra)
Oleander	Nerium oleander
Olive fragrant tea	Osmanthus fragrans
Pansy	<i>Viola</i> sp
Peach (nonbearing)	Prunus persica
Pear (nonbearing)	Pyrus sp
Pecan (nonbearing)	Carya Illinoensis
Periwinkle Madagascar	Catharanthus roseus
Periwinkle perennial	Vinca major V minor
Petunia (non flowering)	Petunia spp (non flowering)
Phlox	Phlox sp
Pine (black white blue Mugo)	Pinus (P thunbergiana P strobus P pinea P mugo)
Pine European	Abies alba
Pistachio (nonbearing)	Pistacia vera
Pittosporum (Japanese)	Pittosporum tobira
Plum (nonbearing)	Prunus domestica
Plum purple leaf	Prunus cerasifera
Poinsettia	Euphorbia pulcherrima
Poplar	Populus trichocarpa P deltoides
Primrose	Oenothera speciosa
Privet	Ligustrum sp
Purple ornamental grass	Pennisetum alopecuroides
Purslane	Portulaca sp
Quince	Chaenomeles sp
Ranunculus	Ranunculus sp
Raphiolepis	Raphiolepis sp
Redbud	Cercia sp
Redtip photinia	Photinia fraseri
Redvein enklanthus	Enkianthus campanulatus

23/25

(

#### 24/25 Table 7 Insignia® fungicide - Tolerant Plant Species (continued) Host common name Scientific name Rhododendron Rhododendron sp Rock cress Arabis cancasica Rose Rosa sp Rose mallow Hibiscus moscheutos Ruellia *Ruellia* sp Russian arborvitae Microbiota dueussata Sage silverado Leucophvllum sp Sago Cycas revoluta Salvia Salvia coccinea Scabious sweet Scabiosa atropurpurea Sedum Sedum sp Snapdragon Antırrhınum sp Speedwell Veronica spicata Spindle tree (Burning bush) Euonymus sp Spirea Spiraea sp Picea sp Spruce Spurge Japanese Pachysandra terminalis St Johns wort Hypericum calycinum Stonecrop Sedum sp Sweetspire *Itea* sp Sweet William Dianthus barbatus Thrift Armeria maritina Tick seed Coreopsis sp Tulip Tulipa sp Verbena Verbena sp Viburnum (Water elder) Viburnum sp Vinca Annual Catharanthus roseus Viola Viola sp Wall germander Tenchrium canadense Walnut tree (black common) Juglans (J nigra J regia) Wormwood Artemisia sp Yarrow Achillea sp Zinnia Zinnia sp

### Table 8 Plant Species NOT Tolerant to Insignia\* DO NOT expose these species or varieties to Insignia

Grape Concord Worden Fredonia Niagara or related varieties	<i>Vitis</i> sp
Nine bark	Physocarpus opulifolius
Wintercreeper	Euonymus vegetus
*See Restrictions and Limitations for precautions regarding use on impatiens and petunia during flowering	

### **Conditions of Sale and Warranty**

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and must be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions presence of other materials or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION (BASF) or the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law all such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use** subject to the inherent risks referred to above

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BASF MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BUYER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND BASF'S EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE, SHALL BE LIMITED TO REPAYMENT OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, BASF AND THE SELLER DISCLAIM ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, EXEMPLARY, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT

BASF and the Seller offer this product and the Buyer and User accept it subject to the foregoing **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of BASF 1108 Curalan Emerald Insignia and Stature are registered trademarks of BASF

Honor and Trinity are trademarks of BASF

*Maxx* and *Subdue* are registered trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company

© 2009 BASF Corporation All rights reserved

007969 00184 20091211b **NVA 2009 04-090 0172** Supersedes NVA 2008 04 090 0236

> BASF Corporation 26 Davis Drive Research Triangle Park NC 27709



The Chemical Company