

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

MAR 26 1999

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Tom Nelson
BASF Corporation
26 Davis Drive
P.O. Box 13528
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-3528

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Subject: Label Revisions

Paramount Herbicide

EPA Registration No. 7969-113

Your Submission Dated March 25, 1999

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is conditionally approved provided that you:

- 1. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling:
 - a. Please note that 40 CFR 156.10(I)(I)(ii) only allows that the Directions For Use may appear on printed or graphic matter which accompanies the pesticide. If all of the Precautionary Statements and First Aid Statements cannot appear on the container label due to size constraints, you should formally submit a request for a size exemption from the regulations.
 - b. Note if a state has accepted aerial application as a Special Local Need, the 24(C) product's labeling must have the appropriate directions for use and precautionary statements for aerial application. In addition, any 24(C)'s submitted to the Agency to allow aerial application of Paramount Herbicide in fallow, preplant wheat and sorghum must include a complete assessment of the risks to non-target plants including Federally listed Endangered Species.
 - c. In the Environmental Hazards section delete "Keep out of lakes, ponds and streams".

Refer to PR Notices 93-3 and 93-8.

d. On page 2 under "Directions for Use" delete "Conditions of Sale and Warranty" from "All applicable directions, restrictions, precautions and Conditions of Sale and Warranty are to be followed." Enforcement of the "Conditions of Sale and Warranty" is not an appropriate Federal Regulatory function.

- e. Section VIII General Restrictions and Limitations delete "Paramount cannot be used to formulate or reformulate any other pesticide product. Your label may not require the Federal Government to enforce a prohibition of an activity that is permitted under FIFRA.
- Conduct and submit guideline (163-1) leaching adsorption/desorption studies on two metabolites (BH514-2-OH and BH514-Me ester)
 - b. If requested by the Agency, conduct and submit a smallscale prospective groundwater study using a protocol and sites approved by the Agency.
 - c. If requested by the Agency, conduct and submit an Agency approved non-guideline study to investigate the potential for off-site transport of quinclorac to cause non-target crop and wild plant damage both near to and at various distances from treated fields. This study should address secondary transport of quinclorac.
 - d. If requested by the Agency, conduct and submit an Agency approved non-guideline study to investigate the accumulation of endogenous produced cyanide in plant species sensitive to guinclorac.
- 3. Submit a copy of a "Master Label for EPA registration number 1969-113" containing all the registered uses for both Facet and Paramount.
- 4. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

James A Tompkins Aroduct Manager (25)

Herbicide Branch

Redistration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

3/23/99 NVA 98-4-82-0197



Paramount® herbicide

For weed control in fallow, preplant wheat and sorghum in the following states: CO, ID, KS, MT, ND, NE, NM, OK, OR, SD, UT, WA, WY, and the High Plains of TX.

Active Ingredients:
3,7-Dichloro-8-quinolinecarboxylic acid
100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 7969-113

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. CAUTION

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated

MAR 26 1999

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 7569-113

See inside label for complete **Precautionary Statements**, **Statements** of Practical **Treatment**, **Directions For Use**, and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty**.

Net contents: 5 pounds

I. Precautionary Statements

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals
Hamful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through the
skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid
breathing dust or spray mist. Causes moderate eye
injury. May cause allergic skin response.

Statement of Practical Treatment

If swallowed: Contact a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat or, if available, by administering syrup of ipecac. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If on skin: Wash thoroughly with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

If in eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants

Waterproof gloves

Shoes plus socks

Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

 Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.

 Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.
 As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

Keep out of lakes, ponds and streams. Do not apply directly to water, areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of rinsate.

II. Directions For Use

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. All applicable directions, restrictions, precautions and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** are to be followed. This labeling must be in the user's possession during application.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treafed, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

Coveralls

• Waterproof gloves

Protective eyewear

Shoes plus socks

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. •

Container Storage: Do not store bag under wet conditions.

Container Disposal: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of packaging in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burning, stay out of smoke

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

In Case of Emergency

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call:

CHEMTREC BASE Corporation 800-424-9300 800-832-HELP

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

- Your local doctor for immediate treatment.
- Your local poison control center (hospital).
- BASF Corporation (800-832-HELP)

III. General Information

Paramount® herbicide is a dry flowable product intended for use in fallow, pre-plant or postemergence sorghum, and pre-plant in wheat. Visual symptoms of weed control with Paramount include twisting, stunting, reddening, and chlorosis followed by necrosis and death. Weeds controlled by Paramount are listed in Table 1. See Figure 1. for application regions for Paramount.

Table 1. Target Weeds

Table 1. Target Weeus			
Weeds Controlled	Weeds Suppressed*		
barnyardgrass bindweed, field and hedge broadleaf signalgrass beostraw/cleavers clovers crabgrass, large foxtail, giant, green & yellow morningglory sp. volunteer flax	Canada thistle dandelion kochia lambsquarters, common ragweed, common ragweed, giant Russian thistle sunflower, wild velvetleaf		

For improved control, add a tank mix partner that has herbicidal activity listed on the respective label.

Figure 1. Application Region for Paramount



Coverage

Weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray because foliar uptake of **Paramount** by the target weed is important for optimum control. Large leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and can prevent adequate spray coverage.

Cleaning Spray Equipment

Clean spray equipment thoroughly using a strong detergent or commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions before and after applying this product, particularly if a product with the potential to injure crops was used.

IV. Application Instructions

Do not apply **Paramount** using aerial equipment unless permitted by the special local need provision (Section 24(c)) of FIFRA.

Applications must be made to actively growing weeds as broadcast or spot spray applications at 3.0-8.0 ounces **Paramount** per acre at the rates listed in **Table 2. Application Rates**.

For most broadleaf weeds, the most effective control will result from applying **Paramount** early, when weeds are small. Delaying application permits weeds to exceed the maximum size and may prevent adequate control.

In irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate before treatment to ensure active weed growth.

Fallow or Preplant in Wheat or Sorghum Paramount can be applied in fallow areas at 3.0-5.3 ounces per acre for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds including bindweed (see Table 1). For bindweed control, Paramount can be applied after harvesting, prior to first frost. Paramount should be applied to actively growing bindweed at least 4" long. If tillage is a part of local post-harvest practices, allow a minimum of 30 days for bindweed plants to regrow after tillage prior to application. For best long-term bindweed control, Paramount should be used in a three year planned program applying 5.3 ounces per acre the first year and 3.0-5.3 ounces per acre in subsequent years.

Postemerge Sorghum

Paramount can be applied to grain sorghum at 3.0-8.0 ounces per acre from emergence to 12 inches for control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. For best annual grass control, Paramount should be applied at 5.3-8.0 ounces per acre in a tank mix with 0.5-1 pound a.i. per acre atrazine when ∴eeds are less than 2" tall.

Table 2. Application Rates

Target Weeds	Rate per Acre	
Grass and Broadleaf Contro	5,3-8,0 ounces	
Bindweed Control	5.3 ounces	
Bindweed Maintenance	3.0 ounces	

Ground Application (Broadcast)

Water Volume: Use 5-30 gallons of water per broadcast acre. When weed foliage is dense, higher spray volumes may be required.

Spray Pressure: Use a maximum of 30 psi (measured at the boom, not at the pump or in the line). Application Equipment: Use only nozzles that will produce uniform spray patterns and thorough coverage, spaced up to 20 inches apart. Select nozzles designed to produce minimal amounts of fine spray particles. Do not use controlled droplet applicator (CDA) nozzles as erratic coverage can cause inconsistent weed control. Do not use selective application equipment such as recirculating sprayers or wider applicators. Drift reduction nozzles such as Delavan' Raindrop Drift

Reduction Flat Spray Tip. RF Tips, XR Tee Jet" Extended range Flat Spra, Tips, or other brands of comparable capabilities are recommended.

V. General Tank Mixing Information

Read and follow the applicable **Restrictions and Limitations** and **Directions For Use** on all products involved in tank mixing. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes.

Tank Mix Partners/Components

Use the following tank mixes to achieve control of the weeds listed as suppressed in **Table 1**. The following herbicides may be tank mixed with **Paramount*** herbicide according to the specific tank mixing instructions in this label and respective product labels. For all recommended tank mixes, use a rate of 3.0-8.0 ounces per acre of **Paramount**.

BASF does not recommend using tank mixes other than those listed on BASF labeling. Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing **Paramount** with other pesticides, additives, or fertilizers. Local agricultural authorities may be a source of information when using other than BASF recommended tank mixes.

Table 3. Tankmixes with Paramount

Tankmix partner	Fallow and preplant wheat	Preplant sorghum	Postemerge sorghum
2,4-D	0.375-1.0 lb ai	0.375-1.0 lb ai	0.125-0.5 lb ai
atrazine		0.5-1.0 lb ai	0.5-1.0 lb ai
Clarity* herbicide	4-16 oz	4-16 oz	2-4 oz
Fallow:master* herbicide	22-44 oz	22-44 oz	
Landmaster* herbicide	32-54 oz	32-54 oz	_
Peak* herbicide	_		0.25 oz
Roundup* Ultra and RT* herbicides	12-32 oz	12-32 oz	

VI. Additives

To achieve consistent weed control, methylated seed oil or crop oil concentrate is required. AMS or UAN can be added to enhance efficacy, but cannot be used in place of methylated seed oil or crop oil concentrate. See Table 4. Additive Rates Per Acre for more information. Consult your local BASF representative for recommendations for your area.

Table 4. Additive Rate Per Acre

Additive	Ground Application
Methylated Seed Oil	1.0-2.0 pints
Orop Oil Concentrate	2.0 pints
UAN Solution¹	0.5-1 gallon
AMS*	2.5 pounds

Optional

Methylated Seed Oil or Crop Oil Concentrate
The methylated seed oil or crop oil concentrate must
contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and
must meet all of the following criteria:

be nonphytotoxic.

contain only EPA-exempt ingredients.

provide good mixing quality in the jar test, and

be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable products will vary; however, vegetable oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers to provide good mixing quality. Highly refined vegetable oils have proven more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

Ammonium Sulfate and Urea Ammonium Nitrate (AMS and UAN)

In some areas, using a nitrogen additive improves weed control. AMS or UAN (UAN commonly referred to as 28%, 30% or 32% nitrogen solution) may be added to, but not used in place of, methylated seed oil or crop oil concentrate. When AMS is used, 3 quarts of liquid AMS (8-8-0 analysis) may be substituted for 2.5 pounds of solid AMS.

² For best grass control, use at least 1.5 pints acre of MSO.

Because most nitrogen solutions are mildly corrosive to galvanized, mild steel, and brass spray equipment, rinse the entire spray system with water soon after use. Use high-quality AMS to avoid plugging spray nozzles. The AMS must be readily soluble in water and contain no insoluble materials. Local sources of high-quality, fine, feed-grade AMS may be better than fertilizer grade. Low-quality AMS may contain material that will not readily dissolve, which could result in nozzle tip plugging. To determine AMS quality, perform a jar test adding 1/3 cup of ammonium sulfate to 1 gallon of water and agitate for 1 minute. If any undissolved sediment is observed, predissolve the AMS in water and filter before adding it to the spray tank. If the AMS is added directly to the spray tank, add slowly while agitating. Adding the mix too quickly may clog outlet lines.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Add components in the following sequence using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of recommended label rate per acre.

 Water: For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 31/3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust rates accordingly. Use only water from the intended source at the source temperature.

2) Products in PVA bags: Cut an opening in the water-soluble PVA bag just large enough to use a teaspoon for measuring purposes. Use the opened water-soluble PVA bag first when preparing spray solution. Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

3) Water-dispersible products (including Paramount® herbicide) such as dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions: For Paramount at the the 3.0 ounce rate, use 0.5 teaspoon. For the 5.3 ounce rate, use 1 teaspoon. For the 8.0 ounce rate, use 1.5 teaspoons. Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

4) Water-soluble products: Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

5) Emulsifiable concentrates: (methylated seed oil or crop oil concentrate when applicable). Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

6) Water-soluble additives (AMS or UAN when applicable): Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

7) Let the solution stand for 15 minutes.

8) Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. Do not use any spray solution that could clog spray nozzles.

VII. Mixing Order

- 1) Water: Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank half full of clean water.
- Agitation: Maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
- 3) Products in PVA bags: Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags in to the mixing tank. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- 4) Water-dispersible products (including herbicide) such as dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspoemulsions: If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- Water-soluble products (when applicable): If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 6) Emulsifiable concentrates (methylated seed oil or oil concentrate when applicable): If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 7) Water-soluble additives (AMS or UAN when applicable):
- 8) Water: Remaining quantity of water Maintain constant agitation during application.

8/10

Because most nitrogen solutions are mildly corrosive to galvanized, mild steel, and brass spray equipment, rinse the entire spray system with water soon after use. Use high-quality AMS to avoid plugging spray nozzles. The AMS must be readily soluble in water and contain no insoluble materials. Local sources of high-quality, fine, feed-grade AMS may be better than fertilizer grade. Low-quality AMS may contain material that will not readily dissolve, which could result in nozzle tip plugging. To determine AMS quality, perform a jar test adding 1/3 cup of ammonium sulfate to 1 gallon of water and agitate for 1 minute. If any undissolved sediment is observed, predissolve the AMS in water and filter before adding it to the spray tank. If the AMS is added directly to the spray tank, add slowly while agitating. Adding the mix too quickly may clog outlet lines.

Compatibility Test for Mix Components

Add components in the following sequence using 2 teaspoons for each pound or 1 teaspoon for each pint of recommended label rate per acre.

 Water: For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 31/3 cups (800 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust rates accordingly. Use only water from the intended source at the source temperature.

2) Products in PVA bags: Cut an opening in the water-soluble PVA bag just large enough to use a teaspoon for measuring purposes. Use the opened water-soluble PVA bag first when preparing spray solution. Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

3) Water-dispersible products (including Paramount® herbicide) such as dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspo-emulsions: For Paramount® herbicide at the the 3.0 ounce rate, use 0.5 teaspoon. For the 5.3 ounce rate, use 1 teaspoon. For the 8.0 ounce rate, use 1.5 teaspoons. Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

4) Water-soluble products: Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

 Emulsifiable concentrates: (methylated seed of or crop oil concentrate when applicable). Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

6) Water-soluble additives (AMS or UAN when applicable): Cap the jar and invert 10 cycles.

7) Let the solution stand for 15 minutes.

8) Evaluate the solution for uniformity and stability. The spray solution should not have free oil on the surface, nor fine particles that precipitate to the bottom, nor thick (clabbered) texture. Do not use any spray solution that could clog spray nozzles.

VII. Mixing Order

- 1) Water: Begin by agitating a thoroughly clean sprayer tank half full of clean water.
- Agitation: Maintain constant agitation throughout mixing and application.
- 3) Products in PVA bags: Place any product contained in water-soluble PVA bags in to the mixing tank. Wait until all water-soluble PVA bags have fully dissolved and the product is evenly mixed in the spray tank before continuing.
- 4) Water-dispersible products (including herbicide) such as dry flowables, wettable powders, suspension concentrates, or suspoemulsions: If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- Water-soluble products (when applicable): If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 6) Emulsifiable concentrates (methylated seed oil or oil concentrate when applicable): If an inductor is used, rinse it thoroughly after the component has been added.
- 7) Water-soluble additives (AMS or UAN when applicable):
- 8) Water: Remaining quantity of water
- Maintain constant agitation during application.

VIII. General Restrictions and Limitations

- Maximum seasonal use rate: Do not apply more than a total of 16 ounces of Paramount® herbicide per acre, per calendar year.
- · Restricted Entry Interval (REI): 12 hours.
- Crop Rotation Restrictions: In case of crop failure, only Spring or Winter wheat and sorghum may
 be immediately replanted. Do not plant any other crop other than Spring or Winter wheat or sorghum
 for 309 days (10 months) following application. For alfalfa, clover, flax, peas, lentils, Solanaceous crops
 listed below, and sugarbeets, do not replant for 24 months and conduct a bioassay prior to planting
 any of these crops.
- Applications to bindweed must be made before the first killing frost.
- Do not apply to weeds or grasses under stress due to lack of moisture, herbicide injury, mechanical injury or cold temperatures, as unsatisfactory control may result.
- Do not apply to sorghum subjected to stress conditions such as hail damage, flooding, drought, injury from other herbicides, or widely fluctuating temperatures, as crop injury may result.
- Do not apply to sorghum that shows injury (leaf phytotoxicity or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide applications, because this injury may be enhanced or prolonged.
- Do not use selective application equipment such as recirculating sprayers, wiper applicators, or shielded applicators.
- Rainfast period: Paramount is rainfast 6 hours after application.
- Wind Speed for Ground Applications: Do not apply Paramount when wind is blowing more than 10 mph.
- Do not apply **Paramount** using aerial equipment unless permitted by the special local need provision (Section 24(c)) of FIFRA.
- Do not apply through any type of irrigation equipment.
- Paramount cannot be used to formulate or reformulate any other pesticide product.

Drift:

- Do not allow **Paramount** to drift onto other desirable plants, especially sensitive crops belonging to the following plant families:
 - 1. Solanaceae [tomato, potato, tobacco, eggplant, peppers (Capsicum), among others]
 - 2. Umbelliferae (celery, parsley, carrots, among others)
 - 3. Leguminosae (alfalfa, green bean, among others)
 - 4. Convolvulaceae (sweet potato, among others)
 - 5. Chenopodicaceae (spinash, sugar beet, among others)
 - 6. Malvaceae (okra, among others)
 - 7. Cucurbitaceae (watermelon, cantaloupe, squash, pumpkin, among others)
 - 8. Compositae (lettuce, sunflowers, among others)
 - 9. Linaceae (flax)
- Do not allow spray containing Paramount to drift onto areas where tomatoes are to be planted, have been planted, or onto emerged tomatoes as severe injury will occur.
- Do not use Paramount in tank mixes not specified on this label or BASF technical bulletins.
- Do not premix Paramount with fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, additives, or fertilizers as contamination of mixing equipment and movement of Paramount to off-site mixing areas can occur.

Crops:

This product can be used on the following crops:

Fallow Sorghum Wheat (preplant)

Look inside for complete **Restrictions and Limitations** and **Application Instructions**.

Weeds listed in this label:

Common Name	Scientific Name
Barnyardgrass	Echinochioa crus-galli
Bedstraw/cleavers	Galium aparine
Bindweed, field	Convolvulus arvensis
, hedge	Calystegia sepium
Broadleaf signalgrass	Brachiaria platyphylla
Clover, crimson	Trifolium incarnatum
, red	Trifolium pratense
, white	Trifolium repens
Crabgrass, large	Digitaria sanguinalis
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale
Foxtail, giant	Setaria fa beri
, green	Setaria glauca
yellow .	Setaria viridis
Kochia	Kochia scoparia
Lambsquarters, common	Chenop odium albu m
Morningglory	Ipomea s p .
Ragweed, common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
, giant	Ambrosia trifida
Sunflower, wild	Heliathus annuus
Thistle, Canada	Circium arvense
, Russian	Salsola iberica
Velvetleaf _	Abutilon theophrasti
Volunteer Flax	Linum sp.
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Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer. BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use**, subject to the inherent risks, referred to above. BASE MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRAN-TY. IN NO CASE SHALL BASE OR THE SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDI-RECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BASF and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of BASF,

Paramount, Clarity and Fallowmaster are registered trademarks of BASE Corporation.

Delavan is a registered trademark of Garlock International Inc. Peak herbicide is a registered trademark of Novartis Corporation.

Roundup and Landmaster are a registered trademarks of Monsanto Company.

Tee Jet is a trademark of Spraying Systems Company.

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