

BASF

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2/21/96

NOTIFICATION

Supplemental Label

Poast Plus[®]

herbicide

Active Ingredient

Sethoxydim 2-[1-(ethoxyimino)butyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one*.....13.0%

Inert Ingredients:.....87.0%

Total.....100.0%

*Equivalent to 1 pound per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 7969-88

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

Statement of Practical Treatment

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: Promptly drink a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.

See inside booklet for complete **Directions For Use** and **Conditions of Sale and Warranty.**

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. Refer to supplemental labeling under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the **Directions For Use** for information about this standard.

Net contents: 2.5 gallons

BASF Corporation
P.O. Box 13528, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

ACCEPTED

APR 1 1996

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 7969-88

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Precautionary Statements HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

Causes moderate eye injury.
Harmful if swallowed or absorbed
through skin. Avoid contact with
skin, eyes or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category E on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
 - Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils
 - Shoes plus socks
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

Endangered Species Concerns

The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered or threatened species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of federal law.

Directions For Use

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber ≥ 14 mils, neoprene rubber ≥ 14 mils, or viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

In Case of Emergency

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product call:
CHEMTREC.....800-424-9300
BASF Corporation...800-832-HELP

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

1. Your local doctor for immediate treatment
2. Your local poison control center (hospital)
3. BASF Corporation 800-832-HELP

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Triple rinse container (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

General Information

Poast Plus® herbicide may be applied postemergence to control annual and perennial grass weeds in **SR[®] sethoxydim-resistant field corn** or corn grown for **SR seed**. **Poast Plus** does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds. Applications should be made when weeds are small and actively growing.

Only SR corn hybrids are tolerant to Poast Plus applications. Severe crop injury will occur to corn hybrids not labeled as SR corn. Essentially, all grass crops such as sorghum, non-SR corn and small grain, as well as ornamental grasses such as turf, are susceptible to **Poast Plus**; therefore, avoid all direct or indirect contact with any grass crop.

Control Symptoms: Poast Plus® herbicide rapidly enters the plant through the foliage and translocates throughout the plant. Control symptoms exhibited by the grass plant progress from a slowing or stopping of growth (generally within two days) to reddening or yellowing of the foliage to leaf tip burn. Subsequently, burn back of the foliage occurs. These symptoms will generally be observed within three weeks, depending on environmental conditions.

Time and Rate of Application
Apply Poast Plus by ground or air equipment to actively growing grasses before they reach the maximum size listed in Tables 1 and 2. Do not apply to grasses under stress due to lack of moisture, herbicide injury, mechanical injury, or cold temperature, as unsatisfactory control may result. Thorough spray coverage of grass foliage is essential.

Ground Application: Use 10-20 gallons per acre of water per broadcast acre at a minimum of 40 psi pressure (measured at the boom, not at the pump or in the line) to ensure adequate spray coverage. Use standard high-pressure hollow cone or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches apart. Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles.

Air Application: Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre and a maximum of 40 psi pressure. To obtain uniform coverage and to avoid drift hazards, the following application equipment and practices should be used:

Nozzle type: Use only diaphragm-type nozzles producing cone or fan spray patterns.

Nozzle height: Maximum of 10 feet above the crop.

Nozzle orientation: Nozzles must be oriented to discharge straight back with the air stream (opposite the direction of travel of the aircraft) or at some angle between straight back and straight down.

Nozzles must be located no farther than $\frac{1}{4}$ the distance from the center of the aircraft to the end of the wing or rotor. Do not apply tank mix by aircraft within 200 feet upwind of ornamental or sensitive nontarget crops. Applicator must follow the most restrictive use precautions to avoid drift hazards and must follow labeling as well as applicable state and local regulations and ordinances.

Directed Spray or Layby Treatments: When the crop is tall and grasses are below the crop canopy, drop nozzles should be used to direct the spray mixture onto the weeds.

Band Application: Banding may be used to control annual grasses. Grasses that are not covered or only partly covered by Poast Plus will not be adequately controlled. All recommendations are on a broadcast basis. When banding, rates of Poast Plus, additives, and water should be reduced in proportion to the area sprayed.

Cultivation Information
Do not cultivate within 5 days prior to application of Poast Plus or within 7 days following application. A timely cultivation after 7 days may aid in providing season-long control.

Additives

A nonphytotoxic oil concentrate (commonly referred to as oil concentrate) or Dash® HC spray adjuvant should always be added to the spray tank as recommended. The oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet the following criteria:

- 1) be nonphytotoxic,
- 2) contain only EPA exempt ingredients,
- 3) provide good mixing quality in the jar test, and
- 4) be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable oil concentrates will vary, however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers that provide good mixing quality. For vegetable oil concentrates, it has been observed that highly refined vegetable oils are more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. For additional information, see

Jar Test for Estimating Suitability of Oil Concentrate.

Additive Rate:

Oil Concentrate: 1.0% v/v (2 pints per acre maximum).

Dash HC: use 0.5% v/v (1 pint per acre maximum).

Application rates of 24 ounces of Poast Plus per acre or greater may be made without adding either Dash HC or oil concentrate.

Mixing/Spraying

Fill tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer one-half to two-thirds full with clean water. Start agitation and add oil concentrate or Dash HC; allow to mix thoroughly. Add Poast Plus and remaining volume of water. Apply Poast Plus soon after mixing. Maintain constant agitation during application.

Jar Test for Estimating Suitability of Oil Concentrate

1. **Water supply:** Use only water from intended source and at the source temperature.
2. **Amount of water in jar:**
For 20 gallons per acre spray volume use $3\frac{1}{3}$ cups (800 ml) of water. For 10 gallons per acre spray volume, use $1\frac{2}{3}$ cups (400 ml) of water. For 5 gallons per acre spray volume, use $\frac{5}{6}$ cup (200 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust proportionately to above.
3. **Amount of herbicide and oil concentrate to add:** Add herbicide and oil concentrate at the rate of 1 teaspoon (5 ml) for each pint recommended label rate.
4. **Add components in following sequence, gently mixing between component additions:**
a) Dash HC or oil concentrate.
b) Poast Plus (and other emulsifiable concentrates when applicable).
5. **Cap jar, invert 10 cycles, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.**
6. **Evaluation:** An ideal tank mix will be uniform; thus, the suitability of the oil concentrate is questionable if any of the following are observed:
Free oil at the surface-film or globules.
Flocculation-fine particles which may be suspended in the liquid or found as a precipitated layer at the bottom of the jar.
Clabbering-thickening texture (coagulated) resembling yogurt or a curd-like texture as with cottage cheese.

Restrictions and Limitations

Do not apply **Poast Plus**® herbicide to corn hybrids which are not specifically labeled as (SR) corn because severe crop injury will occur.

Over-the-top applications of **Poast Plus** in SR corn may be made until the onset of pollen shed. Do not apply **Poast Plus** after pollination occurs.

Do not apply **Poast Plus** to SR corn within 60 days of harvest of corn grain or fodder.

Do not apply **Poast Plus** to SR corn within 45 days of harvest of corn forage/silage.

Do not apply more than a total of 4.5 pints of **Poast Plus** per acre per crop season.

Do not cultivate within 5 days prior to application of **Poast Plus** or within 7 days following application to prevent stress in the weeds.

Do not apply **Poast Plus** if rainfall is expected within 1 hour following application as weed control will probably be unsatisfactory.

Do not apply **Poast Plus** if crop has been subjected to stressful conditions or crop injury produced by prior herbicide applications, hail damage, flooding, drought, unseasonable cold, or widely fluctuating temperatures as injury or unsatisfactory control may result.

If stress conditions are present, delay application to give plants a chance to recover.

Poast Plus Tank Mixes

Poast Plus may be tank mixed with various herbicides labeled for the use of broadleaf weed control in corn. See **Table 3** for suggested dosage rates and possible tank mix combinations.

Timing of tank mix combinations should be in accordance with the weed growth stages indicated on the respective labels. Broadleaf weeds controlled and tank mix partners are listed in **Table 3**. If weeds are not at the correct stage of growth for treatment at the same time, then separate applications should be made. Delayed application that permits weeds to exceed the maximum size will result in inadequate control.

Table 1

Rate and Time of Applications

Annual Grasses — Standard Recommendations (SR™ Sethoxydim-resistant Corn)

Rate and Maximum Height at Application								
Grass	Special Early		Standard		Rescue**		Additive Rate*** Per Acre	
	Max. Ht. (Inches)	Rate Per Acre (oz)	Max. Ht. (Inches)	Rate Per Acre (oz)	Max. Ht. (Inches)	Rate Per Acre (oz)	Dash HC	Oil Concentrate
Barnyardgrass	4	18*	8	24	12	36	0.5% v/v (1 pint maximum)	1.0% v/v (2 pints maximum)
Crabgrass, Large***	—	—	6	24	8	36		
Smooth	—	—	6	24	8	36		
Cupgrass, Woolly	—	—	8	24	—	—		
Foxtail, Giant	4	18	8	24	16	36		
Green	4	18	8	24	16	36		
Yellow	—	—	8	24	16	36		
Goosegrass	3	18	6	24	8	36		
Johnsongrass (seedling)	—	—	8	24	16	36		
Junglerice	—	—	8	24	—	—		
Millet, Wild Proso	10	12	10	12	24	24		
Oats, Wild	—	—	4	24	—	—		
Panicum, Browntop	—	—	8	24	—	—		
Fall	4	18	8	24	12	36		
Texas	4	18	8	24	12	24		
Ryegrass, Annual	—	—	8	24	—	—		
Sandbur, Field	—	—	3	30	—	—		
Shattercane/Wildcane	—	—	18	24	—	—		
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	4	18	8	24	12	36		
Sprangletop, Red	—	—	8	24	—	—		
Witchgrass	—	—	8	24	—	—		

* In the following states, use 24 ounces: AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, TX, and VA.

** Rescue Treatment for Controlling Selected Annual Grasses

For best results, always apply **Poast Plus** to growing annual grasses at the growth stage as specified in the above table. However, if **Poast Plus** cannot be applied at the recommended time, larger annual grasses can be controlled with a later application by increasing the rate of **Poast Plus**.

*** Add 0.5-1 gallon of UAN or 2.5 pounds of AMS to control crab grass.

**** Application rates of 24 ounces of **Poast Plus** per acre or greater may be made without adding either Dash HC or oil concentrate.

Table 2
Rate and Time of Applications
Perennial Grasses — Standard Recommendations (SR™ Sethoxydim-resistant Corn)

Rate and Maximum Height at Application						
Grass	Standard Initial Application		Sequential Application		Additive Rate Per Acre	
	Maximum Height (inches)	Rate Per Acre (ounces)	Maximum Height (inches)	Rate Per Acre (ounces)	Dash HC	Oil Concentrate
Bermudagrass	6" stolon	36	7" stolon	24	0.5% v/v (1 pint maximum)	1.0% v/v (2 pints maximum)
Johnsongrass (Fuzome)	25	24	12	24		
Johnsongrass (No-Till)	20	24	12	24		
Muhly, Wirestem	6	36	6	36		
Quackgrass*	8	36	8	24		

*Add 0.5-1 gallon of UAN or 2.5 pounds of AMS to control quackgrass.

Table 3
Weeds Controlled with a Tank Mix Combination for Sethoxydim-Resistant (SR) Corn*

Weed List	Poast Plus at 24 ounces per acre plus:			
	Atrazine	Basagran	Laddok S-12	2,4-D LVE**
	Up to 1 pound a.i. per acre	Up to 1 quart per acre	Up to 2.3 pints per acre	Up to 0.25 pound a.e. per acre
Cocklebur, Common	X	X	X	X
Lambsquarters, Common	X	X	X	X
Morningglories	X		X	X
Pigweeds	X		X	X
Ragweeds	X	X	X	X
Smartweeds	X	X	X	X
Velvetleaf	X	X	X	X

* For additional information on weed heights and leaf stages, consult the respective labels.

** 2,4-D LVE can be applied at 0.25 pound of acid equivalent per acre over the top when corn is 4-5 inches tall and weeds are small. Increase rate to 0.5 pound of acid equivalent per acre as corn reaches 8 inches. Use drop nozzles or direct spray toward the base if corn is more than 8 inches tall. Do not use an additive with Poast Plus.

Restrictions and Limitations for Tank Mixes (partial list)

Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix. Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing Poast Plus® herbicide with pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, or miticides), additives, or fertilizers. BASF does not recommend the use of Poast Plus tank mixes other than those listed on BASF labels, supplemental labeling, or technical bulletins. Local agricultural authorities may be a source of information when using other than BASF recommended combinations. Do not apply Poast Plus with other pesticides whose labels caution against their use with oil adjuvants.

Poast Plus + Basagran® Tank Mix In SR® Sethoxydim-resistant Corn:

Do not apply more than 4 pints of Basagran per acre in one season.

Poast Plus + Atrazine Tank Mix In SR Corn:

For postemergence applications, if there has been no previous soil applications to that crop, the maximum rate of atrazine from all sources is 2 pounds of atrazine per acre.

If there has been a previous soil application to that crop, do not exceed a total of 2.5 pounds of active ingredient per acre, per calendar year.

Poast Plus + Laddok® S-12 Tank Mix In SR Corn:

Do not make more than one application of Laddok S-12 per season.

Procedure for Cleaning Equipment

Attention! Clean sprayer thoroughly before and after applying Poast Plus.

Clean sprayer thoroughly prior to application of Poast Plus, particularly if a herbicide was used which has the potential to injure the crop sprayed with Poast Plus.

Consult the label of previously used herbicides for cleaning instructions. If no instructions are available, these

steps listed below are suggested for cleaning of spray equipment prior to or following applications of Poast Plus.

1. Hose down thoroughly the inside as well as the outside of equipment while filling the spray tank half full of water. Flush by operating sprayer until the system is purged of this rinse water.
2. Refill tank with water while adding 1 gallon household ammonia or 1 pint household dish washing detergent per 100 gallons of water. Or add a commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions. Operate the pump to circulate the detergent solution through the sprayer system for 5 to 10 minutes and discharge a small amount of solution through the boom and nozzles. Let the solution stand for 24 hours.
3. Flush the detergent solution out of the spray tank through the boom.
4. Remove the nozzles and screens and flush the system with two tankfuls of water.

Appendix

The following are scientific names for the weeds listed in this label. For specific recommendations on control of these weeds, refer to the major and/or tank mix sections.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>
Bermudagrass	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>
Crabgrass, Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>
, Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>
Cupgrass, Woolly	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>
Foxtail, Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>
, Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
, Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colonum</i>
Millet, Wild Proso	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>
Muhly, Wirestem	<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>
Panicum, Browntop	<i>Panicum fasciculatu</i>
, Fall	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>
, Texas	<i>Panicum texanum</i>
Quackgrass	<i>Agropyron repens</i>
Shattercane/Wildcane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>
Sprangletop, Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>

Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The **Directions For Use** of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result, because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the **Directions For Use**, subject to the inherent risks, referred to above. BASF MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY. IN NO CASE SHALL BASF OR THE SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. BASF and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing **Conditions of Sale and Warranty** which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of BASF.

*Basagran and Laddok are registered trademarks of BASF AG.
Dash and Poast Plus are registered trademarks of BASF Corp.
Laddok S-12 is a restricted use pesticide.*

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NVA 1004/TD 4200-050Z

BASF Corporation
P.O. Box 13528
Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

BASF



Postemergence Grass Herbicide

Active Ingredient:

Sethoxydim: 2-[1-(ethoxyimino)butyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio)propyl]-3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one* 13.0%

Inert Ingredients: 87.0%

Total 100.0%

*Equivalent to 1.0 pound per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 7969-88-241

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If swallowed: Promptly drink a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution, or, if these are not available, large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS (AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

Causes moderate eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Some materials that are chemically resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category **E** on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils, neoprene rubber \geq 14 mils, or viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering Controls Statement

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Distributed by American Cyanamid Company.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Environmental Hazards

For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Endangered Species Concerns

The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of federal law.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, nitrile rubber \geq 14 mils, neoprene rubber \geq 14 mils, or viton \geq 14 mils
- Shoes plus socks

ACCEPTED

APR - 1 1996

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 7969-88-241

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product: Avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons.

Confine spill and call:

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300
American Cyanamid Company 201-835-3100

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

1. Your local doctor for immediate treatment,
2. Your local poison control center (hospital),
3. American Cyanamid Company 201-835-3100.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. Triple-rinse container (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Prestige is an improved formulation for broad spectrum postemergence control of annual and perennial grass weeds. **Prestige** does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds. Essentially, all grass crops such as sorghum, corn, small grains, and rice, as well as ornamental grasses such as turf, are susceptible to **Prestige**.

Avoid all direct or indirect contact with any desired grass crop unless otherwise specified on the **Prestige** label.

Control Symptoms

Prestige rapidly enters the plant through the foliage and translocates throughout the plant. Control symptoms exhibited by the grass plant progress from a slowing or stopping of growth (generally within 2 days), to reddening of the foliage and to leaf tip burn. Subsequently, foliage burnback occurs. These symptoms will generally be observed within 3 weeks depending on environmental conditions.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Applications can be made as broadcast, band, or spot spray application at the rates and growth stages listed in the weed tables. Do not exceed the application rates and use restrictions specified in **Restrictions and Limitations**.

Apply **Prestige** to actively growing grasses at the proper growth stage as specified in the rate charts. Do not apply to grasses or crops under stress, such as stress due to lack of moisture, herbicide injury, mechanical injury, or cold temperatures, as unsatisfactory control and crop injury may probably result.

All **Prestige** applications to control volunteer cereals (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) should be made before tillering.

Volunteer cereals that emerge from late spring through early summer (May through July) may be partially or incompletely controlled due to unfavorable conditions at time of application in the Western Region.

Prestige is not recommended for spring control of volunteer cereals that emerged the previous fall.

Cultivation Information

Do not cultivate within 5 days before applying **Prestige** or within 7 days after application.

A timely cultivation after 7 days may help provide season-long control. To control quackgrass, cultivate 14-21 days after an initial or sequential application to aid control.

In irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate before treating to ensure active weed growth.

Ground Application

Spray Volume: Under most conditions, a spray volume of 10 gallons per acre is optimal (5-20 gallons of spray solution per acre for broadcast application may be used).

Spray Pressure: When using standard high-pressure or flat fan nozzles, adjust pressure to 40-60 psi measured at the nozzle.

Nozzle Selection: Thorough spray coverage of grass foliage is essential. For broadcast application, use standard high-pressure pesticide nozzles. **Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles. Applying Prestige® herbicide with control drop applicator (CDA) nozzles is not recommended because erratic coverage can cause inconsistent weed control.**

Boom Height: Always adjust spray pressure, spray volume, and height of spray boom to ensure penetration of plant canopy and thorough coverage of target grasses. When tall weeds such as volunteer corn are to be controlled, the boom should be high enough to cover the entire plant. Refer to the nozzle manufacturer's directions for recommended height.

Band Application: Banding of **Prestige** may be used to control annual grasses. Grasses that are not covered or only partly covered by the spray mix will not be adequately controlled. When treating taller weeds such as volunteer corn, the spray boom must be high enough to thoroughly cover the top leaves and whorls of the plant. All recommendations are on a broadcast basis unless otherwise stated.

When banding, rates of **Prestige**, additives, and water should be reduced in proportion to the area sprayed. Banding is not recommended for perennial grasses.

Air Application

Special Directions: Do not apply **Prestige** by aircraft when wind is blowing more than 10 mph (or more than 5 mph in California). Coarse sprays (large droplets) are less likely to drift. The applicator must follow the most restrictive use precautions to avoid drift hazards, including those in this labeling, as well as applicable state and local regulations and ordinances.

Spray Volume: Thorough spray coverage of grass foliage is essential. Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. Increase water volume to 10 gallons per acre if grass foliage or crop canopy is dense.

Spray Pressure: The spray pressure should not exceed 40 psi.

Nozzle Selection: Use only diaphragm nozzles producing cone or fan spray patterns.

Boom Height: Do not exceed a maximum height of 10 feet above the crop.

Nozzle Orientation: Nozzles must be oriented to discharge with the air stream (opposite the direction of travel of the aircraft) at approximately a 45° angle downward. Nozzles must not be located farther out than three-fourths the distance from the center of the aircraft to the end of the wing or tail.

Spot or Small Area Treatment

Do not make spot treatments in addition to broadcast or band treatments.

When using knapsack sprayers or high-volume spray equipment utilizing hand guns or other suitable nozzle arrangements, prepare a 1.5-2.25% solution of **Prestige** in water unless otherwise specified under specific crops. **Dash HC* spray adjuvant** or a recommended oil concentrate must also be used at a concentration of 0.5% for **Dash HC** and 1.0% for oil concentrate.

Apply to foliage of grasses on a spray-to-wet basis. Spray coverage should be uniform and complete. Do not spray to point of runoff. Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of **Prestige** and the amount of **Dash HC** or oil concentrate in water according to **Table 1**. For additional information regarding spot treatment, see page 10.

ADDITIVES

Dash HC may be substituted for an oil concentrate with some exceptions. **Dash HC** is not recommended for use in some tank mixes (see **Directions For Use** in appropriate crop sections). A nonphytotoxic oil concentrate (commonly referred to as oil concentrate) or **Dash HC** should always be added to the spray tank as recommended. The oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet all the following criteria:

- be nonphytotoxic,
- contain only EPA-exempt ingredients,
- provide good mixing quality in the jar test
- be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable oil concentrates will vary, however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers that provide good mixing quality. Highly refined vegetable oils have been observed to be more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils.

For additional information, see **Jar Test for Estimating Suitability of Oil Concentrates**.

Addition of Urea Ammonium Nitrate Solution (UAN) or Ammonium Sulfate (AMS)

Adding UAN solution or AMS is recommended. UAN solution is commonly referred to as 28%, 30%, or 32% nitrogen and is a water solution of urea and ammonium nitrate. When AMS is used, 3 quarts of liquid AMS (8-8-0 analysis) may be substituted for 2.5 pounds of solid AMS.

In some areas, using a nitrogen additive may improve control of rhizome johnsongrass. Consult your local American Cyanamid Company representative for recommendations for your area.

Because most nitrogen solutions are mildly corrosive to galvanized, mild steel, and brass spray equipment, rinse the entire spray system with water soon after use. Use high-quality AMS to avoid plugging of spray nozzles. The AMS must be readily soluble in water and

contain no insoluble materials. Local sources of high-quality, fine feed-grade AMS may be better than fertilizer-grade AMS. Low-quality AMS may contain material that will not readily dissolve which could result in nozzle tip plugging. To determine quality, perform a jar test adding 1/3 cup of ammonium sulfate to 1 gallon of water and agitate for 1 minute. If any undissolved sediment is observed, predissolve the AMS in water and filter before adding it to the spray tank. If AMS is added directly to the spray tank, add it slowly while agitating. Adding the AMS too quickly may clog outlet lines.

Ensure that ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved before adding other products.

Table 2. Additive Rate per Acre

Additive	Ground Application	Air Application
UAN Solution	4-8 pints	4 pints
Ammonium Sulfate	2.5 pounds	2.5 pounds
Oil Concentrate	2 pints	2 pints
Dash HC	1 pint	1 pint

MIXING

Fill the tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer one-half to two-thirds full with clean water. Start agitation and add UAN or ammonium sulfate first. Next, add **Dash HC** or oil concentrate; allow the components to mix thoroughly. Add **Prestige* herbicide** and the remaining volume of water. Apply the spray mix soon after mixing. Maintain constant agitation during application.

Jar Test for Estimating Suitability of Oil Concentrate

1. **Water supply:** Use only water from the intended source at the source temperature.
2. **Amount of water in jar:**
For 20 gallons per acre spray volume, use 3 1/3 cups (800 ml) of water. For 10 gallons per acre spray volume, use 1 2/3 cups (400 ml) of water. For 5 gallons per acre spray volume, use 5/8 cup (200 ml) of water. For other spray volumes, adjust proportionately to above.
3. **Amount of herbicide and oil concentrate to add:** Add 1 teaspoon (5 ml) of herbicide and oil concentrate for each 1 pint of recommended label rate.
4. **Add components in following sequence,** gently mixing between additions:
 - 1) Water miscible or soluble products (such as **Status herbicide**, ammonium sulfate, UAN solution) when applicable.
 - 2) **Dash HC** or oil concentrate.
 - 3) **Prestige** (and other emulsifiable concentrates when applicable).

Table 1

Desired Spray Solution Volume	Amount of Prestige to be Added				Oil Concentrate (1.0%)
	Prestige (1.5%)	Prestige (2.25%)	Dash HC (0.5%)		
1 gallon	1.9 fl. oz*	2.9 fl. oz*	0.7 fl. oz*		1.3 fl. oz*
2.5 gallons	1.5 quarts	2.25 quarts	1 pint		1 quart
50 gallons	3 quarts	4.5 quarts	1 quart		2 quarts
100 gallons	6 quarts	9 quarts	2 quarts		4 quarts

* 1 fl. oz. = 2.0946 grams

5. **Cap jar**, invert 10 cycles, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
6. **Evaluation:** An ideal tank mix will be uniform; thus, the suitability of the oil concentrate is questionable if any of the following are observed:
 Free oil at the surface-film or globules.
 Flocculation-fine particles which may be suspended in the liquid or found as a precipitated layer at the bottom of the jar.
 Clabbering-thickening texture (coagulated) resembling yogurt or a curd-like texture as with cottage cheese.

Procedure for Cleaning Spray Equipment
Clean sprayer thoroughly before applying
Prestige, particularly if a herbicide with the potential to injure crops was used.

Consult the label of previously used herbicides for cleaning instructions. If no instructions are available, the steps listed below are suggested for cleaning spray equipment before or following applications of **Prestige**.

1. Thoroughly hose down the inside and the outside of equipment while filling the spray tank half full of water. Flush the system by operating sprayer until the rinse water has been purged.
2. Refill the tank with water while adding 1 gallon of household ammonia or 1 pint of household dish-washing detergent per 100 gallons of water. Or add a commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions. Operate the pump to circulate the detergent solution through the sprayer system for 5-10 minutes and discharge a small amount of solution through the boom and nozzles. Let the solution stand for 24 hours.
3. Flush the detergent solution out of the spray tank through the boom.
4. Remove the nozzles and screens and flush the system with two tankfuls of water.

General Restrictions and Limitations

All Crops

Do not apply if rainfall is expected within 1 hour following application as grass control will probably be unsatisfactory. Do not apply to grasses or crops under stress, such as stress due to lack of moisture, herbicide injury, mechanical injury, or cold temperatures, as unsatisfactory control and crop injury may result.

Do not make spot treatments in addition to broadcast or band treatments.

Physical incompatibility, reduced weed control, or crop injury may result from mixing **Prestige** with pesticides (fungicides, herbicides, insecticides, or miticides), additives or fertilizers. American Cyanamid Company does not recommend using **Prestige** tank mixes other than those listed on American Cyanamid Company labels, supplemental labeling, or Technical Information Bulletins. Local agricultural authorities may be a source of information when using combinations other than those recommended by American Cyanamid Company. Do not apply **Prestige** with other pesticides whose labels caution against their use with oil adjuvants. Do not apply **Prestige** as a preplant or pre-emergent treatment before planting corn, milo, millet, or sorghum.

Do not apply through any type of irrigation system. Do not tank mix **Prestige** with **Classic*** or **Scepter*** herbicides because of antagonistic activities. **Classic** may cause antagonism when sprayed from 7 days before application, to 1 day after application of **Prestige**. This antagonism is more likely to occur in grasses under stress conditions.

Other Spray Equipment: Do not use selective application equipment such as recirculating sprayers or wiper applicators.

Herbicide Resistance

Naturally occurring biotypes of certain grass species with resistance to this herbicide and related products (same mode of action) are known to exist. Selection of resistant biotypes, through repeated use of these herbicides, may result in control failures. If poor performance cannot be attributed to adverse weather conditions or improper application methods, a resistant biotype may be present. In such a case, additional treatments with this herbicide or related products is not recommended. Consult your local representative or agricultural advisor for assistance.

Soybeans DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Apply to actively growing grasses at the sizes indicated in **Tables 5 and 6**. Always follow recommendations given in **Application Information** section (page 4). Do not apply to drought-stressed grass or grass that has gone through an extended dry period.

Always adjust spray pressure, spray volume, and height of spray boom to ensure penetration of plant canopy and thorough coverage of grasses to be controlled. In irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate before treating with **Prestige® herbicide** to ensure active weed growth. Labeled crops at all stages of growth are tolerant to **Prestige**.

Always add 1 pint of Dash HC spray adjuvant or 1 quart of oil concentrate per acre. For maximum use rate and minimum time from last application to harvest, consult **Table 3**.

Use Area: **Prestige** may be applied to soybeans as directed in **Tables 5-9** in the following states: Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Soybean Tank Mix or Sequential Application General Information

Prestige® may be tank mixed with **Basagran®**, **Blazer®**, and **Status herbicides** for postemergence control of broadleaf and/or grass weeds. Apply to actively growing weeds at the recommended growth stages.

Separate applications should be made if:

- all weeds to be controlled are not at the correct growth stage for treatment at the same time, or
- grasses to be controlled include rhizome johnsongrass, quackgrass, bermudagrass, wirestem muhly, volunteer corn, shattercane, volunteer cereals, wild oats, red rice or witchgrass.

Ground Application

For tank mixes with **Prestige**, use 20 gallons of total spray solution per acre (broadcast basis) and a minimum of 40 psi. Use standard high-pressure or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches apart. Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles.

Air Application: Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre and a maximum of 40 psi.

MIXING

Fill the spray tank half full with water, and add the recommended amount of product in the following order. Allow components to mix thoroughly. Maintain constant agitation during application. Apply as soon as possible.

A) **Prestige + Basagran**

Add **Basagran**, UAN or AMS, **Dash HC spray adjuvant** or oil concentrate, and **Prestige** while the agitator is running. Add the remaining quantity of water.

B) **Prestige + Status**

Add **Status**, oil concentrate, and **Prestige** while the agitator is running. Add the remaining quantity of water.

C) **Prestige + Blazer**

Add **Blazer**, oil concentrate, and **Prestige** while the agitator is running. Add the remaining quantity of water.

Table 3 — Restrictions and Limitations for Prestige

Crop	Minimum Time From Application to Harvest (days)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Application (pints)	Maximum Rate Per Acre Per Season (pints)	Livestock Grazing or Feeding	Aircraft Application	Comments
Soybeans	75	3.75	7.5	Only seed and hay	Yes	See tank mix section for use with other herbicides.

Table 4. Sequential Applications

Order of Application		Minimum Time Between Applications
First Applied	Second Applied	
Basagran	Prestige	48 hours*
Basagran + Blazer or Status	Prestige	7 days
Prestige	Blazer or Basagran or Status	24 hours
Status	Prestige	7 days

*The Restricted Entry Interval for **Basagran** is 48 hours as required by the Worker Protection Standard. **Basagran** may be applied after 24 hours provided the early entry requirements are followed as described in the **Basagran** labeling.

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Table 5
Soybeans — Annual Grasses

Rate and Maximum Height at Application						
Grass	Special Early		Standard		Rescue ¹	
	Max. Ht. (inches)	Rate Per Acre (pints)	Max. Ht. (inches)	Rate Per Acre (pints)	Max. Ht. (inches)	Rate Per Acre (pints)
Barnyardgrass	4	1.125	8	1.5	12	2.25
Crabgrass, Large	—	—	6	1.5	8	2.25
, Smooth	—	—	6	1.5	8	2.25
Cupgrass, Woolly	—	—	8	1.5	—	—
Foxtail, Giant	4	1.125	8	1.5	16	2.25
, Green	4	1.125	8	1.5	16	2.25
, Yellow	—	—	8	1.5	16	2.25
Goosegrass	3	1.125	6	1.5	8	2.25
Itchgrass	—	—	4	3	—	—
Johnsongrass (seedling)	—	—	8	1.5	16	2.25
Junglerice	—	—	8	1.5	—	—
Millet, Wild Proso	10	0.75	10	0.75	24	1.5
Oats, Wild	—	—	4	1.5	—	—
Panicum, Browntop	—	—	8	1.5	—	—
, Fall	4	1.125	8	1.5	12	2.25
, Texas	4	1.125	8	1.5	12	1.5
Red Rice	—	—	4	3	—	—
Ryegrass, Annual	—	—	8	1.5	—	—
Sandbur, Field	—	—	3	1.875	—	—
Shattercane/Wildcane	—	—	18	1.5	—	—
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	4	1.125	8	1.5	12	2.25
Sprangletop	—	—	8	1.5	—	—
Volunteer ² Barley	—	—	4	2.25	—	—
, Corn	12	1.125	20	1.5	—	—
, Oats	—	—	4	2.25	—	—
, Rye	—	—	4	2.25	—	—
, Wheat	—	—	4	2.25	—	—
Witchgrass	—	—	8	1.5	—	—

¹ Rescue Treatment for Controlling Selected Annual Grasses

For best results, always apply **Prestige** to annual grasses at the growth stage as specified in **Table 5 (Annual Grasses — Standard Recommendations)**. However, if **Prestige** cannot be applied at the recommended time, larger annual grasses can be controlled with a later application by increasing the rate of **Prestige**. (See **Table 3** for maximum application rates.)

² See page 4 **Application Information** on volunteer cereals.

Add 0.5-1 gallon of UAN or 2.5 pounds of AMS to control crabgrass and all volunteer cereals.

Table 6
Soybeans — Perennial Grasses

Rate and Maximum Height at Application				
Grass	Standard Initial Application		Sequential Application	
	Maximum Height (inches)	Rate Per Acre (pints)	Maximum Height (inches)	Rate Per Acre (pints)
Bermudagrass	6" stolon	2.25	4" stolon	1.5
Johnsongrass (Rhizome)	25	1.5	12	1.5
Johnsongrass (No-Till)	20	1.5	12	1.5
Muhly, Wirestem	6	2.25	6	2.25
Quackgrass	8	2.25	8	1.5

Add 0.5-1 gallon of UAN or 2.5 pounds of AMS to control quackgrass.

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SOYBEANS**Separate Applications of Prestige,
Preceded or Followed by Basagran
or****Basagran + Status Tank Mix**

Applications of **Prestige** can be preceded or followed by **Basagran** and/or **Status**, or **Basagran** and/or **Blazer** to obtain broad spectrum control of weeds listed on the respective product labels (refer to this label and the labels for **Basagran** and **Status**). Also, refer to these product labels for timing, rate, and other information for ground and aerial applications. For best results when making separate applications, a minimum period of time is recommended between applications, depending upon their order according to **Table 4**.

**Restrictions and Limitations
(partial list)**

Read and follow the **Restrictions and Limitations** on the labels for **Prestige**, **Basagran**, **Status**, and **Blazer**. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Table 7. Prestige* Herbicide Tank Mix Combinations

Basagran (1-2 pints per acre) + Prestige			Status (0.5-1 pint per acre) + Prestige	
Grass	Max. Ht. (inches)	Prestige Rate/Acre (pints)	Max. Ht. (inches)	Prestige Rate/Acre (pints)
Barnyardgrass	8	2.25	8	2.25
Crabgrass, Large	6	2.25	6	2.25
, Smooth	6	2.25	6	2.25
Cupgrass, Woolly	8	2.25	8	2.25
Foxtail, Giant	8	2.25	8	2.25
, Green	8	2.25	8	2.25
, Yellow	8	2.25	8	2.25
Goosegrass	6	2.25	6	2.25
Johnsongrass (seedling)	8	2.25	8	2.25
Junglerice	8	2.25	8	2.25
Millet, Wild Proso	10	1.125	10	1.125
Panicum, Browntop	—	—	8	2.25
, Fall	—	—	8	2.25
, Texas	8	2.25	8	2.25
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	8	2.25	8	2.25
Sprangletop, Red	8	2.25	8	2.25
Volunteer, Corn	12	1.5	—	—
Witchgrass	8	1.5	8	2.25
Additive Rate Per Acre: Dash HC 1 pint + UAN 4-8 pints or Oil Concentrate 2 pints			Additive Rate Per Acre: Oil Concentrate 2 pints	

Table 8
Spot Treatment Application Table
Annual Grass Control

Grass	Concentration in Spray Solution ¹		
	Prestige ²		Oil Concentrate
	Grass up to 6" Height	Grass up to 12" Height	
See annual grasses listed in Broadcast Application tables under specific crop.	1.5%	2.25%	1%
¹ Refer to Table 10 (Solution Table) for preparation of desired solution volume.			
² Repeat application as needed.			

Table 9
Perennial Grass Suppression

Grass	Maximum Height (inches)	Concentration in Spray Solution ¹	
		Prestige ²	Oil Concentrate
Bermudagrass (Wiregrass)	6" stolon	2.25%	1%
Johnsongrass, (Rhizome)	20	2.25%	1%
Muhly, Wirestem	6	1.5%	1%
Quackgrass	8	2.25%	1%
¹ Refer to Table 10 (Solution Table) for preparation of desired solution volume.			
² Repeat application as needed.			

Table 10
Solution Table

Desired Spray Solution Volume	Amount of Prestige or Oil Concentrate to be Added for Solution		
	Prestige (1.5%)	Prestige (2.25%)	Oil Concentrate (1%)
1 gallon	1.9 fl. oz	2.9 fl. oz	1.3 fl. oz
3 gallons	5.8 fl. oz	8.75 fl. oz	3.75 fl. oz
5 gallons	9.5 fl. oz	14.5 fl. oz	6.4 fl. oz
1 tablespoon = 0.5 fluid ounce			

Appendix

The following are scientific names for the weeds listed in this label.

Common Name	Scientific Name
Barnyardgrass	<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i>
Bermudagrass	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>
Brome Downy	<i>Bromus tectorum</i>
Cheatgrass	<i>Bromus secalinus</i>
Crabgrass, Large	<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i>
, Smooth	<i>Digitaria ischaemum</i>
Cupgrass, Southwestern	<i>Eriochloa gracilis</i>
, Woolly	<i>Eriochloa villosa</i>
Fescue, Tall	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>
Foxtail, Giant	<i>Setaria faberi</i>
, Green	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
, Yellow	<i>Setaria glauca</i>
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Itchgrass	<i>Pottboellia exaltata</i>
Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Junglerice	<i>Echinochloa colonum</i>
Lovegrass (See Stinkgrass)	
Millet, Wild Proso	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>
Muhly, Wirestem	<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>
Oats, Tame	<i>Avena sativa</i>
, Wild	<i>Avena fatua</i>
Orchardgrass	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>
Pigeongrass (See Foxtail)	
Panicum, Browntop	<i>Panicum fasciculatu</i>
, Fall	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>
, Texas	<i>Panicum texanum</i>
Quackgrass	<i>Agropyron repens</i>
Red Rice	<i>Oryza sativa</i>
Ryegrass, Annual	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>
, Perennial	<i>Lolium perenne</i>
Sandbur, Field	<i>Cenchrus incertus</i>
Shattercane/Wildcane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	<i>Brachiaria platyphylla</i>
Sprangletop, Red	<i>Leptochloa filiformis</i>
Stinkgrass	<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>
Volunteer, Barley	<i>Hordeum vulgare</i>
, Corn	<i>Zea mays</i>
, Oats	<i>Avena sativa</i>
, Rye	<i>Secale cereale</i>
, Wheat	<i>Triticum aestivum</i>
Watergrass (See Barnyardgrass)	
Wiregrass (See Bermudagrass)	
Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>

DISCLAIMER

The label instructions for the use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on research and field use. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, herbicide resistant weed populations, or the use of, or application of the product contrary to label instructions, all of which are beyond the control of American Cyanamid Company. All such risks shall be assumed by the user. American Cyanamid Company shall not be responsible for losses or damages

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Uses With Other Products (Tank Mixes)

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