7969-88

5/10/1989 page 17 . Sent to EPA 3/6-89

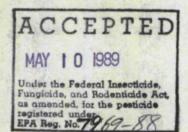
Revised March 9, 1989

POAST Plus™ Herbicide

Postemergence Grass Herbicide

For use in Cotton, Peanuts and Soybeans*

Active ingredient:



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2-[1-(ethoxyimino) butyl]-5-[2-(ethylthio) propyl] -3-hydroxy-2-cyclohexen-1-one** 13%

Inert ingredients: 87%

**Equivalent to 1.0 pound per gallon

EPA Reg. No. 7969-88

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Causes moderate eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists. If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention. If swallowed: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or, if these are not available, large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol.

Environmental hazards. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Endangered species concerns. The use of any pesticide in a manner that may kill or otherwise harm an endangered or threatened species or adversely modify their habitat is a violation of Federal law.

Directions for use - Cotton, Peanuts and Soybeans

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product 'ih' a manner .. inconsistent with its labeling.

*POAST PLUS Herbicide is not intended for use in California.

General Information

POAST PLUS Herbicide is an improved formulation for broad spectrum postemergence control of annual and perennial grasses POAST PLUS does not control sedges or broadleaf weeds

Since all grass crops such as sorghum, corn, small grains and rice, as well as some ornamental grasses such as turf, are susceptible to POAST PLUS, avoid all direct or indirect contact with any desired grass plant

Control symptoms POAST PLUS rapidly enters the plant through the foliage and translocates throughout the plant Control symptoms exhibited by the grass plant progress from a slowing and stopping of growth (generally within two days) to reddening of foliage, and to leaf tip burn Subsequently, burn-back of the foliage occurs These symptoms will generally be observed within three weeks, depending on environmental conditions

Application information

Apply POAST PLUS to actively growing grasses when they are at the proper growth stage as specified in the Recommendations for Use tables

Do not make applications to grasses under stress, such as stress due to a lack of moisture, herbicide injury, mechanical injury or cold temperatures, since unsatisfactory control will probably result

Nozzle selection Thorough spray coverage of grass foliage is essential For broadcast application use standard high pressure pesticide hollow cone or flat fan nozzles Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles Application of POAST PLUS with control drop applicator (CDA) nozzles is not recommended due to erratic coverage which causes inconsistent weed control

Ground Equipment A spray volume of 10 gallons per acre is optimum (5-20 GPA may be used)

Spray Pressure 40-60 psi (measured at the nozzle)

Boom Height Use a boom height sufficient to cover **entire** grass plant See nozzle manufacturer's recommendations

Tall crop applications When a crop, such as cotton, is 24 or more inches in height and the grasses may be below the crop canopy, drop nozzles should be used to insure good coverage of the grass species Good coverage is essential for maximum control

Band applications Banding of POAST PLUS may be used to control annual grasses Grasses which are not covered or only partly covered by the spray mixture will not be adequately controlled All recommendations in the Rate and Time of Application Tables are on a broadcast basis When banding, rates of POAST PLUS, additives and water should be reduced in proportion to the area sprayed

Other spray equipment Do not use selective application equipment such as recirculating sprayers, wiper applicators, or shielded applicators

Air Equipment Use a minimum of 5 gallons per acre (except 10 gallons if foliage is dense) and a maximum of 40 psi pressure Use only diaphram-type nozzles producing cone or fan spray patterns

Cultivation information
Do not cultivate within 5 days prior to application of POAST PLUS or within 7 days following application

Mixing and Spraying
Fill tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer one-half to two-thirds full
with clean water Start agitation and add DASH or oil concentrate
allow to mix thoroughly Add POAST PLUS and remaining volume of
water Maintain constant agitation during application

Addition of DASH spray adjuvant or oil concentrate
A nonphytotoxic oil concentrate (commonly referred to as oil
concentrate) should be added to the spray tank. The oil concentrate
must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet
the following criteria 1) be nonphytotoxic, 2) contain only
EPA-exempt ingredients, 3) provide good mixing quality in the jar
test, and 4) be successful in local experience

The exact composition of suitable products will vary, however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers which provide good mixing quality. For vegetable oil concentrates, it has been observed that highly refined vegetable oils are more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. For additional information see Jar test for estimating suitability of pil concentrates at the end of this section.

DASH spray adjuvant may be used as a direct substitute for an oil concentrate with some exceptions. In some crops and tank mixes DASH is not recommended (see individual tables)

Rate of DASH or oil concentrate
Ground and air application-2 pints/acre

Jar test for estimating suitability of oil concentrates

1 Water supply Use only water from intended source and at the source temperature

- 2 Amount of water in jar
 - For 20 gal/A spray volume use 3 1/3 cups (800 ml) of water For 10 gal/A spray volume use 1 2/3 cups (400 ml) of water For 5 gal/A spray volume use 5/6 cup (200 ml) of water For other spray volumes, adjust proportionately to above
- Amount of herbicide(s) and oil concentrate to add Add herbicide(s) and oil concentrate at the rate of 1 teaspoon (5 ml) for each pint of recommended label rate
- Add components in following sequence, gently mixing between component additions
 - Water miscible or soluble products (such as Basagran, Blazer, ammonium sulfate, UAN solution) when applicable
 - 2) Oll concentrate
 - 3) POAST PLUS (and other emulsifiable concentrates when applicable)
- 5 Cap jar, invert 10 cycles, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate
- Evaluation An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform, thus, the suitability of the oil concentrate is questionable if any of the following are observed

Free oil at the surface-film or globules
Flocculation-fine particles which may be suspended in the liquid
or found as a precipitated layer at the bottom of the jar
Clabbering-thickening texture (coagulated)resembling yogurt or a
curd-like texture as with cottage cheese

Spot or Small Area Treatment
Make a 1 1/2% solution of POAST PLUS Apply to grass foliage on a spray-to-wet basis

Procedure for cleaning spray equipment
Attention! Clean sprayer thoroughly before and after application of POAST PLUS Clean sprayer thoroughly prior to application of POAST PLUS, particularly if a herbicide was used which has the potential to injure crops

The steps listed below are suggested for thorough cleaning of spray equipment prior to or following applications of POAST PLUS

- Step 1 Hose down thoroughly the inside as well as the outside of equipment while filling the spray tank half full of water Flush by operating sprayer until the system is purged of this rinse water
- Step 2 Refill tank with water while adding 1 gallon household ammonia or 1 pint household dishwashing detergent per 100 gallons of water Or add a commercial sprayer cleaner according to the manufacturer's directions

Operate the pump to circulate the detergent solution through the sprayer system for 5 to 10 minutes and discharge a small amount of solution through the boom and nozzles Let the solution stand for 24 hours

- Step 3 Flush the detergent solution out of the spray tank through the boom
- Step 4 Remove the nozzles and screens and flush the system with two tankfuls of water

Storage and Disposal
Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal
Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on
site or at an approved waste disposal facility

Triple rinse (or equivalent) container Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning If burned, stay out of smoke

General Restrictions and Limitations

Do not make applications to grass under stress, such as stress due to lack of moisture, herbicide injury, mechanical injury or cold temperatures, since unsatisfactory control will probably result

Do not apply if rainfall is expected within one hour following application as grass control will probably be unsatisfactory.

Do not mix or apply POAST PLUS with any other pesticide, additive, or fertilizer except as specifically recommended on this labeling, or EPA approved BASF supplemental labeling

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Do not apply POAST PLUS as a preplant or preemergent treatment prior to corn, milo, millet or sorghum

Do not apply POAST PLUS through any type of irrigation system

Restrictions and Limitations for Soybeans

Do not apply to soybeans within 90 days of harvest

Do not apply more than a total of 7 1/2 pints (120 fl oz) of POAST PLUS per acre to soybeans in one season (including application before or after planting)

Do not graze treated soybean fields and do not feed treated soybean forage (green succulent) or ensilage to livestock Treated soybean hay may be fed

Classic herbicide may cause antagonism of POAST PLUS when sprayed from 7 days prior to application to 1 day after POAST PLUS application This antagonism is more likely to occur under stress conditions

Restrictions and Limitations for Cotton

Do not apply within 40 days of harvest

Do not apply more than a total of 11 1/4 pints(180 fl oz) of POAST PLUS per acre in one season

Do not graze treated cotton fields and do not feed treated forage to livestock

Restrictions and Limitations for Peanuts

Do not apply within 40 days of harvest

Do not apply more than a total of 3 3/4 pints (60 fl oz) of POAST PLUS per acre in one season

Do not feed treated peanut forage or hay to livestock

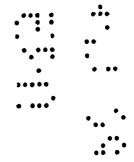
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Recommendations For Grass Control

Use of POAST PLUS is intended only for the states indicated on the map below $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right$





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Apply to actively growing grasses at the sizes indicated on Table(s) Soybeans, peanuts and cotton at all stages of growth are tolerant to POAST PLUS

TABLE 1
Annual Grasses* Special Rate for Early Treatment

POAST PLUS Soybean Cotton and Peanuts Rate and Time of Application Table

1	<u> </u>	I I_	Additive Rate Per Acre
1	1	Rate of	Dash or
1	Time of	POAST PLUS	01 l
Grass	Application	per	Concentrate
1	<u> </u>	Acre	Ground or Air
Wild Proso Millet	4 10	12 fl oz	2 pts
1	}	(10 7 acres/)	
<u></u>	<u> </u>	gal.)	
Goosegrass	1 13	1	
Barnyardgrass**	1	ł I	
(Midwest only)	1	1 1	
Broadleaf Signalgrass	ļ	1	
Fall Panicum	1 4	18 fl oz	2 pts
Texas Panicum	1	1	
Foxtails Grant	1	(7 1 acres/gal)	
Green	1		
	1 12		
!	1		
] [

|*Broad spectrum application should be governed by the most difficult to control weeds | [**In the following states use 24 ounces per acre AL AR FL GA LA MS NC SC TN | TX VA

If later flushes of annual grasses emerge after first application make additional applications at the same recommended stage of growth

TABLE 2
Annual Grasses Stendard Recommendations*

POAST PLUS Soybean Cotton and Peanuts Rate and Time of Application Table

_ 			Additive Rate Per Acre
	i	Rate of	DASH or
	Time of	POAST PLUS	011
Grass	Application	p er]	Concentrate
		Acre	Ground or Air
Wild Proso Millet	4 10	12 fl oz	
		(10 7 acre/gal)	2 pts
Wild Oat	Up to 4		
Goosegrass]]		
Smooth Crabgrass]		
Large Crabgrass	Up to 6 		
Barnyardgrass			
Broadleaf Signalgrass	,	İ	
Browntop Panicum			
Fall Panicum		1	
Foxtails Giant Green	Up to 8	24 floz	2 pts
Yellow	İ	(5 3 acre/gal)	
Johnsongrass			
Seedling			
Junglerice	1		
Red Sprangletop			
Ryegrass Annual	1	1	
Texas Panicum		l .	•
Witchgrass			
Woolly Cupgrass	l Î	İ	
		İ	
Shattercane/Wildcane	6 18	į	
If needed retreat at	 		
the same rate and stage		 	
of growth	1	. I	
Volunteer Corn	Up to 20	' 1	
Maintain sufficient	!	l l	
boom height above	!	1	
volunteer corn plants		1	
for_best spray coverage			
Field Sandbur	Upto 3	 30 fl oz (4 3 acre/gal)	2 pts
		i	

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1	1	1		
Volunteer Cereals	Before	36 floz	2 pts	
İ	tillering	İ		
Bartey	Up to 4	(3 5 acre/gal)		
Rye	and prior to	j		
Cats	over	İ		
Wheat	wintering	ĺ		
1	1	İ		
Not recommended for	ĺ	1		
spring control of	l	ĺ		
volunteer cereals	1			
that emerged the	1	l		
previous fall	_			
I tchgrass	2 4	48 fl oz	2 pts	
Red Rice		(2 7 acre/gal)		

| *Broad spectrum application should be governed by the most difficult to control weed |

I If later flushes of annual grasses emerge after first application make additional applications at the same rate and at the same recommended stage of growth

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TABLE 3
Perennial Grasses

POAST PLUS Soybean Cotton and Peanuts Rate and Time of Application Table

			
1	1	l	Additive Rate Per Acre
1	1	Rate of	DASH or
Grass	Time of	POAST PLUS	Oil
1	Application	per	Concentrate
<u> </u>	1	Acre	Ground or Air
Bermudagrass	Before stolon	36 floz	2 pts
First Application	length exceeds	(3 5 acres/gal)	l :
1	16		
Second Application	1 4 length of new	24 floz	2 pts
If regrowth occurs or new	plants or growth	(5 3 acres/gal)	l :
plants emerge	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Johnsongrass Rhizome	1		1
First Application	1]	!
Use 5 10 gallons of spray	1		<u> </u>
solution per acre Maintain	15 25	24 fl oz	2 pts
a ground speed of no more	(15 20 ın	(5 3 acres/gal)	1
than 6 miles per hour	no till culture)		l i
1	1]	Į į
For best results rhizomes	į		
should be thoroughly	1		
fragmented (less than 6)	1]	ĺ
İ	j	Ì	
(When using 11 20 gallons of	i	ļ	
spray solution per acre use	Ī		
1 36 oz of POAST PLUS)			
Second Application	6 12	24 fl oz	2 pts
When regrowth occurs or	İ	(5 3 acres/gal)	
new plants emerge	i	 	
Quackgrass	1		
First Application	i	36 floz	2 pts
For best results rhizomes	68	(3 5 acres/gal)	
should be thoroughly	[
1 _fragmented (less_than 6) _		 	
T - Transporter /Tress-eller D T -	!		·

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Second Application	6 8	24 floz	2 pts
If regrowth occurs or new		(5 3 acres/gal)	l l
plants emerge		1	1
		1	1
i		į	İ
[Depending upon		İ	İ
environmental conditions and		i	1
crop cultural system season		1	
long control may not always			i I
be obtained However		 	l
competition of quackgrass		1	[
with the crop will be reduced		1	i i
NOTE In conventional wide		į l	l
row soybeans a cultivation no			
sooner than 14 days after		[i
[application but within 21 days]		į l	l
of application will aid in			l
control			
Wirestem Muhly			İ
If regrowth occurs re treat	Up to 6	30 floz	2 pts
at the same rate and stage of		(4 3 acres/gal)	l İ
growth		1	1
<u> </u>			İİ

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POAST PLUS + Basagran tank mix - Soybeans
General and application information, restrictions and limitations

General Information

POAST PLUS and Basagran may be tank mixed for postemergence control of the broadleaf and grass weeds in soybeans shown in Table 4 Weeds must be actively growing and at the recommended growth stages

Separate applications should be made if a) all weeds to be controlled are not at the correct growth stage for treatment at the same time, or b) grasses to be controlled include rhizome johnsongrass, quackgrass, bermudagrass, wirestem muhly, shattercane, volunteer cereals, wild oats, red rice or itchgrass. See rate Tables 2 and 3 for POAST PLUS recommendations and Table 5, on Separate Postemergence Application Systems

Water volume and spray pressure

Ground equipment Use 20 gallons of total spray solution per acre
(broadcast basis) and a minimum pressure of 40 psi Use standard
high pressure hollow cone or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches
apart Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles

Air equipment Use a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre

Mixing

Fill tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer half to two-thirds full with clean water Start agitation and add BASAGRAN, UAN or ammonium sulfate, oil concentrate or DASH, all to mix thoroughly Add POAST PLUS and remaining volume of water Maintain constant agitaiton during application

Additives

At the low rate of POAST PLUS (24 fl oz) the additives, DASH plus UAN (or ammonium sulfate) must be used At the higher rate of POAST PLUS, either DASH or oil concentrate must be used UAN (or ammonium sulfate) may be added

Coverage

Thorough coverage of actively growing weeds is essential Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies shelter small weeds and can prevent adequate spray coverage Soybeans at all stages of growth are tolerant to Basagran and POAST PLUS, however, under certain conditions soybeans may exhibit leaf burn, slight crinkles and bronzing of the beans

Restrictions and Limitations

(partial list)
Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for POAST PLUS and Basagran herbicides The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes

Do not use POAST PLUS + Basagran tank mix on cotton and peanuts

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Table 4

POAST PLUS + Basagram Tank Mix Soybeans
Rate and Time of Application Table

}		1			***************************************		Additive	(Rate/Acre)
Product	Product	Weeds Con	trol	ler	d/Weed Size	Ì	DASH	UAN
i	Rate	i				j	or	Solution
j	Per	i				j	Oil	or
Ì	Acre	Ì					Concentrate	Ammonium
<u> </u>	<u> </u>							Sulfate
1	1	1	Innu	al	Grasses*		L	i 1
Poast	24 fl oz	Wild Proso Millet**	14	10	Green Foxtail	[3 8	DASH only	1/2 1 gallon
Plus	1	Fall Panicum	13 8	В	Witchgrass	38	2 pts	UAN
i	1	Giant Foxtail	3 8	В	Woolly Cupgrass	38	pl(us or
i	1	1	1		Volunteer Corn	1 12	•	2 1/2 lbs
1	L	_1	1_		Ш	1	<u> </u>	AMS [
i	1	1			11	1		
1	1	Barnyardgrass	3 8	8	Junglerice	38	DASH	1/2 1 gallon
Į.	36 fl oz	Broadleaf Signalgrass	3 8	3	Red Sprangletop	38		UAN)
i		Yellow Foxtail	3 8	3	Texas Panicum	38	or pla	us or
l		Seedling	1		Goosegrass	36	01 l	2 1/2 lbs
1		Johnsongrass	3 8	3	Large Crabgrass	3 6	concentrate	AMS may be
1	1	İ	1		Smooth Crabgras	s 36		added to
plus	plus			_			2 pts	this tank
1			aves	<u>S_E</u>	and Sedge	l		mixture
Basagran	1 2 pts /A	Balloonvine			Ladythumb	ł		1
]	according to weed	Beggarticks			Pennsylvania Smar	tweed		
<u> </u>	species and size	Bristly Starbur			Prickly Side or T	eaweed		1
ļ	(see label for	Canada Thistle***			Redweed	1		
Į.	Basagran)	Cocklebur			Shepherdspurse	l		
!		Coffee Senna			Smallflower Morni	ngglory		
1	Į.	Common Lambsquarters			Spurred Anoda	l		l !
ł		Common Purslane			Tropic Croton			l I
ľ		Common Ragweed			Velvetleaf	ļ		
]	1	Cypressvine Morningglo	гу		Venice Mallow	ı		
l	1	Dayflower			Wild Buckwheat	l	!	1
l	1	Devilsclaw			Wild Mustard	- 1		
l	I	Galinsoga			Wild Poinsettia	ŀ	i	1
1	1	Grant Ragweed			Wild Sunflower	I	1	1
<u> </u>		Jimsonweed			Yellow Nutsedge			<u></u>

^{*}Tank mix does not control rhizome johnsongrass quackgrass bermudagrass wirestem muhly shattercane volunteer cereals wild oats red rice or itchgrass

***Requires two applications of Basagran in accordance with the label for control

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^{**}For control of wild proso millet only include POAST PLUS in the tank mix at 18 fluid ounces/A

Separate Application of POAST PLUS, Preceded or Followed by BASAGRAN or BASAGRAN + BLAZER tank mix - Soybeans

Applications of POAST PLUS can be preceded or followed by Basagran and/or Blazer to obtain broad spectrum control of weeds in soybeans listed on the respective product labels (refer to the labels for POAST PLUS, Basagran, and Blazer) Also refer to these product labels for timing, rate and other information for ground and aerial applications

For best results when making separate applications, a minimum period of time is recommended between applications, depending upon their order according to Table 5 below

Table 5

Postemergence Application Systems Separate Applications

Orde	Minimum	
First Product(s) Applied	Second Product(s) Applied	Time Between Applications
Basagran Basagran + Blazer	POAST PLUS POAST PLUS	24 hours 7 days
POAST PLUS	Blazer or Basagran or Basagran + Blazer	24 hours
Blazer	POAST PLUS	7 days

POAST PLUS + 2,4-D low volatile ester tank mix for use as a burndown prior to planting Soybeans

General information

For broad spectrum postemergence weed control a tank mix application of POAST PLUS with 2,4-D low volatile ester (LVE) may be made for control of emerged broadleaf and grass weeds before planting soybeans

This tank mix does not control sedges or provide season-long control of hard-to-kill perennial weeds

If grasses are larger than indicated in Table 6 then use rate of POAST PLUS as recommended in Annual Grasses - Standard Recommendations, Table 2

For application by Ground equipment only See Application Equipment section on page 2

Additives
DASH or oil concentrate must be used with this tank mix

Mixing
Fill tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer one-half to two-thirds full
with clean water Start agitation and add DASH or oil concentrate
allow to mix thoroughly Add POAST PLUS then 2,4-D (LVE), then the
remaining volume of water Maintain constant agitation during
application

Selection of 2,4-D (LVE) formulation

Use only low volatile <u>ester</u> formulations of 2,4-D such as 2,4-D isooctyl ester. Note that the recommended rate of 2,4-D is calculated on an acid equivalent basis. Make adjustments for the concentration of the 2,4-D formulation used. Since the exact composition of suitable products will vary, it is advised to conduct a compatibility test with each 2,4-D (LVE) formulation used.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Do not apply this tank mix during or following planting or after soybean emergence as severe soybean injury will result

Do not plant to any crop until 3 months after treatment or until the 2,4-D (LVE) has disappeared from the soil

Do not apply if rainfall is expected within 6 hours following application, as weed control will probably be unsatisfactory. Since all crops such as sorghum, corn, small grains, cotton, soybeans, rice, sugar beets, trees, shrubs, as well as turf, are extremely susceptible to POAST PLUS + 2,4-D (LVE) tank mix, avoid all direct or indirect postemergence contact with any desired plant

Do not spray if the wind is blowing toward desired plants, or at anytime when the wind exceeds 6 miles per hour (refer to 2,4 to (LVE) label)

Observe all restrictions and limitations specified on labels for 2,4-D (LVE) and POAST PLUS The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes

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Table 6
POAST PLUS + 2 4 D (LVE) Soybeans
Preplant Burndown Rate and Time of Application Table

1	1 !	Rate of	DASH or Oil	24D
Weed Species	Time of	POAST PLUS	Concentrate	(A E) Rate
1	Application	per Acre	per Acre	per Acre*
Grasses		L	1	1
Wild Proso Millet	Up to 4	Ļ	1	l
Barnyardgrass	1		1	1
Broadleaf Signalgrass]			
Fall Panicum			1	ļ .
Foxtails Giant Green Yellow	Up to 3		1	<u> </u>
Johnsongrass Seedling	1 4		1	
Witchgrass	1 1		1	
Woolly Cupgrass	1 8		1	l i
Large Crabgrass	1 !		1	
Smooth Crabgrass	<u> </u>		1	
Broadleaves			1	!!!
Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 2	12 fl oz	2 pts	1/2 lb
1	1 1	ı	1	
Field Bindweed*	Vine Length		1	
Wild Buckwheat*	Up to 6	•	1	1
Canada Thistle*	j l		1	
Common Cocklebur			1	
Common Dandelion	1 1		1	l i
Common Lambsquarters	1 1		1	l I
Common Ragweed	1 1			l I
Field Pennycress	1 1		1	l
Glant Ragweed			1	i i
Marestail/Horseweed	Up to 10		1	i 1
Prickly Lettuce			1	l !
Redroot Pigweed	1		1 1	
Shepherdspurse	1 !		1	. i
Velvetleaf	1		1	
White Cockle*			i i	
Wild Mustard	į į		1	İ
Yellow Rocket	<u>ii</u>		<u>i</u>	i
*Control may be portion on inc				

^{*}Control may be partial or inconsistent

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^{**}A E rate based on 2 4 D acid equivalent See section entitled Selection of 2 4 D (LVE) formulation

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Appendix

The following are scientific names for the weeds listed in this section For specific recommendations on control of these weeds, refer to the major crop and/or tank mix sections

Table 7

Grasses	
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli
Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon
Broadleaf Signalgrass	Brachiarıa platyphylla
Crabgrass, Large	Digitaria sanguinalis
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum
Cupgrass, Woolly	Eriochloa villosa
Foxtails, Giant	Setaria faberi
Green	Setaria viridis
Yellow	Setaria glauca
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica
Itchgrass	Rottboellia exaltata
Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense
Junglerice	Echinochloa colonum
Pigeon grass (see Foxtails)	1
Panicum, Browntop	Panicum fasciculatum
Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum
Texas	Panicum texanum
Quackgrass	Agropyron repens
Red Rice	Oryza sativa
Red Sprangletop	Leptochloa filiformis
Ryegrass, Annual	Lolium multiflorum
Perennial	Lolium perenne
Sandbur, Field	Cenchrus incertus
Volunteer Barley	Hordeum vulgare
Corn	Zea mays
Oats	Avena sativa
Rye	Secale cereale
Wheat	Triticum aestivum
Watergrass (see Barnyardgrass)	
Shattercane/Wildcane	Sorghum bicolor
Wild Oats	Avena fatua
Wild Proso Millet	Panicum miliaceum
Wiregrass (see Bermudagrass)	
Wirestem Muhly	Muhlenbergia frondosa •
Witchgrass	Panicum capillare
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Broadleaf Weeds	
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Balloonvine	Cardiospermum halicacabum
Beggarticks	Bidens frondosa
Bindweed, Field	Convulvulus arvensıs
Bristly Starbur	Acanthospermum hispidum
Canada Thistle	Cirsium arvense
Cocklebur	Xanthium strumarium
Cockle, White	Agrostemma githago
Coffee Senna	Cassia occidentalis
Common Lambsquarters	Chenopodium album
Common Purslane	Portulaca oleracea
Crotalaria, Showy	Crotalaria spectabilis
Dandelion, Common	Taraxacum officinale
Dayflower	Commelina spp
Devilsclaw	Probiscidea louisianica
Galinsoga	Galinsoga spp
Horseweed (see Marestail)	
Lettuce, Prickly	Lactuca serriola
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria
Marestail	Hippuris vulgaris
Morningglory, Cypressvine	Ipomea quamoclit
Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia
Pennycress, Field	Thlaspi arvense
Pennsylvania Smartweed	Polygonum pensylvanicum
Pigweed, Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridis
Prickly Sida or Teaweed	Sida spinosa
Ragweed, Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia
Giant	Ambrosia trifida
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia
Shepherdspurse	Capsella bursa-pastoris
Spurred Anoda	Anoda cristata
Tropic Croton	Croton glandulosus
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum
Wild Buckwheat	Polygonum convolvulus
Wild Mustard	Sinapis arvensis
Wild Poinsettia	Euphorbia heterophylla
Wild Spiney Cucumber	Cucumis dipsaceus
Wild Sunflower	Helianthus annuus
Yellow Rocket	Barbarea vulgaris
Tellow Rocket	balbalea Vulgalis
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Sedges	

Sedges	
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
Yellow Nutsedge	Cyperus esculentus

Conditions of sale and warranty

The directions for use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors such as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or use of the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling, all of which are beyond the control of BASF CORPORATION ("BASF") or the Seller All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer BASF warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for use, subject to inherent risks referred to above BASF MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY SHALL BASF OR THE SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT BASF and the Seller offer this product and the Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of sale and warranty which

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