BASF

ACCEPTED JM 29 1993

Under the Federal Insential of Fungicide, and Rolanticide Act, as a mended, for the posticide registered under 1969-45

Basagran[®] herbicide

postemergence herbicide

A soluble liquid formulation containing:

Active ingredient:

Sodium salt of bentazon*

Inert ingredients

Total

*Equivalent to 4 pounds per gallon bentazon (3-(1-methylethyl)-1*H*-2,1,3-benzothiadiazin-4 (3*H*)-one 2,2-dioxide)

EPA Reg. No. 7969-45
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
CAUTION

Statement of practical treatment

Avoid contact with eyes or skin. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. May cause allergic skin response.

First aid: If contacted, flush eyes immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

Net contents 1 gallon

BASF Corporation Agricultural Products PO Box 13528, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709

Specimen Label

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Environmental hazard

Do not apply directly to waters or wetlands except as noted under Rice-Directions for use.

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters.

Notice: It is a violation of Federal law to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of an endangered species or in adverse modification of their habitat.

The use of this product may pose a hazard to certain federally designated endangered species known to occur in specific areas within the California counties of Merced, Sacramento, and Solano. Before using this product in these counties, you must obtain the EPA Endangered Species Bulletin specific for these areas. The bulletin (EPA/ES-85-8) is available from either your County Agricultural Extension Agent, the Endangered Species Specialist in your State Wildlife Agency Headquarters, or the Regional Office of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Portland, Oregon). The use of this product is prohibited in these counties unless specified otherwise in the bulletin.

Storage and Disposal
Do not allow product to freeze.
Do not contaminate water food,
or feed by storage or disposal.
Wastes resulting from the use of
this product may be disposed of
on site or at an approved waste
disposal facility.
Triple rinse container
(or equivalent). Then offer for
recycling or reconditioning or
puncture and dispose of in a
sanitary landfill or, by incineration
or if allowed and local authorities
by burning. If burned stay out
of smoke.
Do not re-use empty container.
Bulk/Mini-Bulk Containers and
Refillable Containers of
Less Than 55 Gallons:
Refillable/reusable containers should
be returned to the point of purchase
for cleaning and refilling.
Refillable/reusable containers must be
thoroughly cleaned before refilling.

In case of emergency

In case of large-scale spillage regarding this product, call:

CHEMTREC 800-424-9300

BASF Corporation 800-832-HELP

In case of medical emergency regarding this product, call:

- Your local doctor for immediate treatment
- Your local poison control center (hospital).
- 3. BASF Corporation 800-832-HELP

Directions for use-all & ...ps

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the precautionary statement, environmental hazards, storage and disposal statements, and Conditions of sale and warranty statement appearing on the container label.

General information Basa rano herbicide is intended for sell ctive postemergence control of certain broadleaf weeds and sedges (See Directions for use for specific crops and weeds.) Basagran does not control grasses. Basagran is effective mainly through contact action; therefore, weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray. Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and prevent adequate spray coverage. Labeled crops are tolerant to Basagran; however, some leaf-speckling and leaf-bronzing may occur under certain conditions. (See Restrictions and limitations for each crop.)

Timing of applications
Apply Basagran early, when
weeds are small and actively
growing and before weeds reach
the maximum size listed in the application rate tables for the
individual crops.

Early application to weeds produces the most beneficial effect on weed control (exceptions: yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle), allows use of the lower rate (depending on weed species), and makes it easier to obtain thorough spray coverage. Delay in application which permits weeds to exceed the maximum size stated will result in inadequate control.

Cultivation

Do not cultivate within five days before or after application of **Basagran** in the following northern and western states: AZ, CA, CO, CT, IA, ID, IL, IN, KS, KY, MA, ME, MI, MN, MO, MT, NE, ND, NH, NJ, NV, NY, OH, OR, PA, RI, SD, UT, VT, WA, WI, WV, WY.

Cultivation may put weeds under stress and reduce control obtained Timely cultivation 2-3 weeks after applying **Basagran** may assist weed control

Water volume and spray pressure

Apply recommended rates of **Basagran** as follows:

Ground equipment: Use a minimum of 20 gallons of water per broadcast acre and a minimum of 40 psi pressure (measured at the boom-not at the pump or in the line). When crop and weed foliage is dense, use up to 50 gallons of water and up to 80 psi pressure. Use standard high pressure pesticide hollow cone or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches apart. Do not use flood, whirl chamber, or controlled droplet application (CDA) nozzles.

Air equipment: Use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre (except 10 gallons for rice) and a maximum of 40 psi pressure. Use only diaphragm-type nozzles producing cone or fan spray patterns.

Aerial application—special directions

To obtain uniform coverage and to avoid drift hazards, the following application equipment and practices should be used:

Nozzle height: Maximum of 10 feet above crop.

Nozzle orientation: Nozzles must be oriented so as to discharge straight back with the air stream (opposite the direction of travel of the aircraft) or at some angle between straight back and straight down. For optimal coverage when applying Basagran by air in rice. orient all nozzles straight back. Nozzles must not be located farther out than three-fourths the distance from the center of the aircraft to the end of the wing or rotor. Do not apply Basagran by aircraft when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph (except above 5 mph in California). Coarse sprays (large droplets) are less likely to drift. Do not apply **Basagran** by air if ornamental or sensitive non-target crops such as cotton, sugar beets, sunflowers or okra are within 200 feet downwind.

Applicator must follow the most restribitive use cautions to avoid drift hazards, including those found in this labeling as well us applicable state and local regulations and ordinances.

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Special information for irrigated areas

In irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate prior to treatment with **Basagran® herbicide** to ensure that weeds are growing actively. Weeds growing under drought conditions usually are not satisfactorily controlled.

Addition of oil concentrate*

A nonphytotoxic oil concentrate (commonly referred to as oil concentrate) should be added to the spray tank for certain weed problems as recommended in the directions for specific crops. The oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet the following criteria: 1) be nonphytotoxic, 2) contain only EPA-exempt ingredients, 3) provide good mixing quality in the jar test (see the following page), and 4) be successful in local experience.

The exact composition of suitable products will vary; however, vegetable and petroleum oil concentrates should contain emulsifiers which provide good mixing quality. For vegetable oil concentrates, it has been observed that highly refined vegetable oils are more satisfactory than unrefined vegetable oils. For additional information see Jar test for estimating suitability of mixes at the end of this section.

With the addition of oil concentrate to **Basagran** on soybeans, beans, and peanuts, a slight leaf burn may occur, but all new growth is normal and crop vigor is not reduced. The potential for leaf burn is increased when relative humidity and temperature are high. A few oil concentrates have exhibited excessive leaf burn. Refer to your supplier of **Basagran** for information concerning successful local experience prior to purchasing any oil concentrate.

Do not add a nitrogen solution (UAN or AMS) to **Basagran** plus **Blazer® herbicide** when pil concentrate is included in the spray tank.

Do **not** add oil concentrate to **Basagran** for use an peas except as directed for use in the Pacific Northwest (PNW).

Rate of oil concentrate:

Ground application -1.25% v/v; 2 pints/acre (maximum). Air application-1.25% v/v 1 pint/ acre (maximum). California-refer to additional information under the specific crop (beans, and corn/sorghum)

dition of nitrogen solution (UAN or AMS) for velvetleaf and other weeds*

Urea Ammonium Nitrate (UAN) solution (commonly referred to as 28%, 30% or 32% nitrogen solution) or AMS solution (ammonium sulfate) may be added to Basagran in place of oil concentrate for improved control of velvetleaf. Improvement in the control of cocklebur, wild sunflower, Pennsylvania smartweed, devilsclaw, venice mallow and wild mustard may also be attained. Either nitrogen solution should be added to the tank with Basagran when velvetleaf is the primary target weed. Basagran plus a nitrogen solution will not provide adequate control of common ragweed and common lambsquarters. If these weeds or other weeds requiring oil concentrate are present in addition to velvetleaf, then oil concentrate should also be used.

UAN solution is an agricultural grade fertilizer used by local dealers for agricultural applications. With the addition of UAN solution or UAN solution plus oil concentrate to Basagran on certain crops, a slight leaf burn may occur, but the new growth is normal and crop vigor is not reduced. Refer to your supplier of Basagran for information concerning successful local experience prior to using UAN solution. Do not use brass or aluminum nozzles when spraying Basagran plus UAN solution.

Ammonium sulfate (AMS) is a dry granular nitrogen source fertilizer. Several grades of ammonium sulfate are currently available, however, only fine feed grade or spray grade AMS is recommended as an additive to Basagran. Inferior grades of AMS do not dissolve adequately leading to plugging of spray nozzles. The use of AMS requires some preparation in mixing with Basagran as compared to UAN. See section entitled Mixing/spraying for AMS. Three quarts of liquid AMS (8-0-0 analysis) may be substituted for granular AMS

Do not add nitrogen (UAN or AMS) solutions to **Basagran** for use on rice, peanuts or mint.

Rate of UAN Solution:

Ground application-1/2-1 gallon/ Acre

Air application—1/2 gallon/Acre

Rate of AMS solution:

Ground application: 2.5 lbs /A

Air af .cation: AMS solution is not recommended due to potential precipitation problems in reduced water volumes. AMS can be used provided a minimum of 10 gpa of solution is applied. Use only if the source of AMS has been demonstrated to be successful in local experience.

Mixing/spraying

Fill tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer half to two-thirds full with clean water. Start agitation and add **Basagran**; allow to mix thoroughly. Add oil concentrate and/or nitrogen solution and remaining volume of water. Maintain constant agitation during application.

Jar test for estimating suitability of mixes

- Water supply: Use only water from intended source and at the source temperature.
- Amount of water in jar:
 Ground application—For 20 gals./A spray volume use 31/3 cups (800 ml) of water.
 Air application—For 5 gals./A spray volume use 5/6 cup (200 ml) of water, or, for 10 gals./A spray volume use 12/3 cups (400 ml) of water.
 For other spray volumes, adjust proportionately to above.
 Add 2/3 the volume of water to the jar.
- Amount of herbicide(s) and oil concentrate and/or UAN to add: Add herbicides and oil concentrate and/or UAN at the rate of 1 teaspoon (5 ml) for each pint of recommended label rate.
- Add components in following sequence, gently mixing between component additions.
 - Dry products (dry flowables and wettable powders) when applicable.
- Basagran and, when applicable, other water miscible products (such as Blazer), liquid fertilizers and/or liquid flowables
- 3) Oil concentrate.
- 4) Poast* herbicide or other emulsifiable concentrates when applicable.
- Add remaining volume of water
- 5 Cap jar, invert 10 cycles, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate

*Not applicable in California

6. Evaluation: An ideal ta nix combination will be uniform; thus, the suitability of the oil concentrate is questionable if any of the following are observed:

Free oil at the surface—film or globules.

Flocculation—fine particles which may be suspended in the liquid or found as a precipitated layer at the bottom of the jar. Clabbering—thickening texture (coagulated) resembling yogurt or a curd-like texture as with cottage cheese.

Ammonium Sulfate (AMS) AMS may be added in place of UAN to the spray solution. Use AMS at 2.5 lb/A. Use only fine feed grade or spray grade AMS. Fill sprayer tank two-thirds full with clean water. Begin agitation, slowly add required amount of AMS to the tank. Adding too quickly may clog outlet lines. Allow AMS crystals to dissolve completely. Complete mixing procedures by addition of Basagran and remaining water Maintain agitation during application to ensure complete mixing. Rinse equipment after use to minimize corrosive activity of AMS To determine AMS quality, perform a jar test adding 1/3 cup of AMS to 1 gallon of water and agitate for 1 minute. If undissolved sediment is observed, predissolve AMS in water and filter prior to spray tank addition.

Restrictions and limitations
Do not apply Basagran to crops that have been subject to stress conditions such as hail damage, flooding, drought, injury from other herbicides or widely fluctuating temperatures, as crop injury may result.

Do not apply **Basagran** if crops show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/ or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide applications. This injury may be enhanced and/ or prolonged.

Do not apply **Basagran** during prolonged periods of drought or during unseasonably cold weather, as unsatisfactory weed control may result.

Clean sprayer thoroughly prior to application of **Basagran**, particularly if a herbicide was used which has the potential to injure the crop to be sprayed with **Basagran**.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

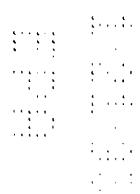
Do not apply directly to water or wetlands **except** as noted under Rice use directions

Do not contaminate rater when disposing of equipment wash waters.

Rainfall or overhead irrigation soon after application may decrease the effectiveness of **Basagran**.

BASF does not recommend the use of **Basagran** tank mixes other than those listed on BASF labels, supplemental labels, or technical bulletins. Reduced efficacy, physical incompatibility or crop injury may result from mixing **Basagran** with other pesticides, additives or fertilizers. Local agricultural authorities may be a source of information when using other than BASF recommended combinations.

Directions for use-specific crops-see following pages.



Apply Basagran® herbicide when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in Table 1. Such applications generally correspond to the soybean growth stages of unifoliate to two expanded trifoliate leaves. Soybeans are tolerant to Basagran at all stages of growth. Slight yellowing, bronzing, speckling, or burning of leaves may occur under certain conditions. Soybean plants generally outgrow this condition within

10 days.

A need may arise that requires postemergence or foliar control of certain insects in the soybean crop. It is possible to tank mix an insecticide with Basagran if the proper application timing of the insecticide coincides with the application timing of Basagran. Insecticides that may be used are Furadan® 4F, Pounce®, Pydrin®, dimethoate, and Lorsban® 4E. Do not tank mix Basagran with malathion or Sevin. The tank mix addition of an insecticide to Basagran may increase the potential for crop injury. Consult the respective labels for directions for use and restrictions and limitations of each product. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

conditions under which اعی آ an insecticide is tank mixed with Basagran may vary and these conditions may reduce good mixing quality. It is recommended that before a tank mix of Basagran plus an insecticide is mixed, a iar test should be conducted following the directions in the section entitled Jar test for estimating suitability of mixes.

Restrictions and limitations

(partial list)
Do not apply more than a total of 4 pints of Basagran per acre in one

Do not graze or cut treated soybean fields for lorage or hay, for at least 30 days after the last treatment of Basagran

Table 1 Application Rate Table for Sovbeans

	Application Rates for Weed Growth Stages							
Weeds Controlled	1 Pint per Acre*		11/2 Pi	nts per Acre	2 Pints per Acre			
	Leaf Stage	Max.rum Height	Leaf Stage	Maximum Height	Leaf Stage	.Maximum Height		
Balloonvine			2-4	2"	4 6	3"		
Beggarticks]		Up to 6	6"	6-8	8"		
Bristly Starbur	l —	<u> </u>	Up to 4	2"	4-6	3"		
Cocklebur*	24	4"	2-6	6"	6- 10	10"		
Coffee Senna	1				Up to 1	2"		
			!		Pinnate	_		
Common Lambs-	Up to	1"	Up to	11//"	4 -8**	2"		
quarters*	4	,	6	• • •				
Common Purslane			Up to 4	1"	4-6) 2"		
Common Ragweed	i				4-6**	2" 3" 8" 3" 2"		
Dayflower			Up to 6	4"	610	l ĕ"		
Devilsclaw					Up to 6"	3"		
Galinsoga				_	Cotyledon	2"		
ouoga]	_			to 6*	-		
Giant Ragweeds] _	i	}		Up to 4	6"		
Jimsonweed	Up to 4	4"	Upto6	6"	6-10	10"		
Ladysthumb	Up to 4	Δ"	Up to 6	6"	6-10	10"		
Marshelder		<u>.</u> .	Up to 4	2"	Up to 8	4"		
Pennsylvania Smart-	Up to 4	Δ"	Up to 6	6"	6-10	10"		
weed) Op 10 .	•) Op 100	}	0.0	}		
Prickly Sida or Teaweed		\	Up to 6	3"	6-8	4"		
Redweed		!	4-6	6"	6-10	8"		
Sesbania	1 _	ì			3-5**	} 3"		
Shepherdspurse*	1 _		Up to 6	4"	6-10	[8"		
Spurred Anoda	<u> </u>	}	Up to 6	3"	6-8	4"		
Tropic Croton			Up to 2	2"	2-4	4"		
Velvetleaf*	Up to 4	2**	Up to 6	5"	4-6	6"		
Venice Mallow	Up to 4	2"	Up to 6	2"	6-10	4"		
Wild Buckwheat	OP TO	}	Up to 4	3"	4-3	5"		
Wild Mustard	Up to 4	2"	Up to 6	4"	6-10	8"		
Wild Poinsettia	i Opio#	'	2-4	4"	4~8**	6"		
Wild Sunflower	Up to 2	3"	Up to 4	5"	4-6	8"		
THIS COLLINORED	1 oh 10 s		1 00 10 4	<u>. </u>	1	<u> </u>		

For additional weeds see Special directions section following.

Apply before weeds reach the maximum height or leaf stage indicated. If regrowth develops, make a second

application of 1 pint 7 to 44 days after the first application. (This rate not applicable in California)
Add 1.25% wv (2 pts /A:maximum) oil concentrate. See Addition of nitrogen solution (UAN or AMS) for velvetleaf and other weeds.

a. Do not treat earlier than locf stage shown and do not count cotyledon leaves.

b Control may be partial or inconsistent

If a second flush occurs retreat field according to this rate table

d. Do not treat rosette before soad stalk appears

e Add nitrogen solution according to the section Addition of nitrogen solution (See page 4) or add oil concentrate according to the section Addition of oil concentrate

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Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Soybeans

Annual Morningglories

South: (AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA). To control small-flower and cypressvine i. orningglories, apply a single application of either 1½ pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants not larger than 4 true leaves and 4 inches in height, or 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants not larger than 6 true leaves and 6 inches in height. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution with **Basagran** (see section **Addition of nitrogen solution (UAN or AMS for velvetleaf and other weeds).**

To control palmleaf, pitted, tall (common), entireleaf, purple moonflower, and ivyleaf morningglories, apply 1% pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants not larger than 4 true leaves and 4 inches in height (14 to 18 days after morning-glory emergence). Make a second application at the same rate 5 to 14 days rater

All states other than the South (see above): Apply 2 to 3 pints of Basagran per acre to annual morningglories not larger than 4 true leaves Control may be partial or inconsistent. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water (see section Addition of oil concentrate)

Because morningglories grow very rapidly, it is important to watch the growth stage carefully and to be certain that **Basagran** is applied to morningglories before they exceed the maximum size recommended on this label.

Canada Thistle

Apply 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are from 8 inches tall to bud stage. Make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran** (see section **Addition of oil concentrate**).

Yellow Nutsedge

Two applications are preferred for best results. Apply 1% to 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall. If needed, make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran** (see section **Addition of oil concentrate**).

Field and Hedge Bindweed in KY, IL, IN, MI, OH only.

For suppression of field and hedge bindweed, apply 2 to 3 pints of **Basagran** per acre when vines are a maximum of 10 inches long. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran** water (see section **Addition of oil concentrate**)

Late Cocklebur Rescue Treatment

This treatment is intended to provide only partial control of cocklebur in the event early postemergence treatments were not made. Very thorough spray coverage is essential. Apply a single application of 2 to 3 pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants up to 24 inches tall or, for best results, apply 1½ pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants up to 24 inches tall, repeat 10 to 14 days later.

Late Velvetleaf Rescue Treatment

Partial velvetleaf control can be obtained in the event early postemergence treatments were not made. Thorough coverage is essential. Apply a single application of 3 pints per acre of **Basagran** plus 1 quart of oil concentrate and 1 gallon of UAN solution to velvetleaf plants up to 12". For best results apply 1½ pints per acre of **Basagran** plus 1 quart of oil concentrate plus 1 gallon of UAN solution (AMS may be substituted) followed in 4-7 days with the same treatment.

Soybeans-Tank: mixes with EudAGRAN
Use the following chart as a guide to determine broadleaf weeds and grasses controlled by Basagran*
it orbicide alone and various tank mixes with Basagran.

Basagran Tank Mixes* Guide to Additional Weeds Controlled	gran.
Basagran Controls Weeds Listed in Table 1 Additional Weed Control by Tank Mixing with BASAGRAN	Refer to Table Listed Below for Rate, Weed Size and Additive Information
Blazer® herbicide	
Black Nightshade Common Ragweed (larger growth stage) Crotalaria Morningglories Pigweed, Redroot , Smooth Sesbania Tall Waterhemp	Basagran Blazer Tables 2, 3, and 4 Pages 9-10
Pinnacle* herbicide	
Pigweed, Redroot Smooth Tall Waterhemp	Basagran · Pinnacle Table 11 Page 18
Pursuit* herbic'de	1 age 10
Barnyardgrass Crabgrass, Large , Smooth Foxialls Johnsongrass, Secdling Shattercane	Basagran - Pursuit Table 12 Page 19
Reflex* 2LC herbicide	
Black Nightshade Common Ragweed Crotalaria Morningglories Pigweed, Redroot , Smooth Sesbania Tall Waterhemp	Basagran - Reflex 2LC Page 11
2,4-DB	
Morningglories (ivyleaf, tall, and entireleaf) Vines up to 6" long	Basagran · 2,4-DB Table 5 Page 12
Scepter* herbicide	
Pigweed, Redroot , Smooth Tall Waterhemp Wild Sunflower	Basagran · Scepter Table 6 Page 13
Poast* herbicide	
Barnyardgrass Broadleaf Signalgrass Crabgrass, Large . Smooth . Woolly Foxtail, Giant . Green . Yellow Goosegrass Junglerice	Basaman · Poast Table 7 Page 14
Panicum Fall Texas Red Sprangletop Seedling Johnsongrass Volunteer Corn Wild Proso Millet Witchgrass	BEST AVAILABLE COPY
Poast* + Bla'ter* Derbicides	
See weeds listed above for Poast and Blazer	Basagran - Poast - Blazer Table 8 Page 16
Early Spot Spray	Basagran · Poast · Blazer Table 9 Page 16

BASAGRAN and BLA .R Tank Mixes*-Soybeans

General and application information. Restrictions and limitations for Tables 2, 3 and 4

General information

For postemergence broadleaf weed control, refer to Tables 2, 3 and 4 as determined by weed problems and geographical area.

Table 2-Northern States Basagran: 1-2 pints/A Blazer: 1/2 pint/A

Additional weeds controlled: pigweeds (redroot and smooth) and tall waterhemp

Table 3-All states (except California)

Basagran: 1-2 pints/A Blazer: 1 pint/A

Additional weeds controlled:

Listed in Table 3. Table 4-Southern States Basagran: 1 pint/A

Blazer: 1 pint/A Weeds controlled: Listed in

Table 4

Time of application

The timing of all applications of Basagran should be in accordance with the weed growth stages indicated in Table 1 and when weeds are actively growing. With Blazer in the tank mix, the timing should be in accordance with the weed growth stages indicated in Tables 2, 3 and 4 and when weeds are actively growing. If weeds are not at the correct stage of growth for treatment at the same time, then separate applications should be made. Delay in application which permits weeds to exceed the maximum size stated will result in inadequate control.

Water volume and spray pressure

Ground equipment: Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Air equipment: Use a minimum of 10 gallons of total spray solution per acre

Mixing

Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Coverage

Thorough coverage of actively growing weeds is essential. Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and can prevent adequate spray coverage. Soyleans are tolerant to the above tank mixes: however, under certain conditions sovbeans may burn. crinkle and bronze.

Restrictions and limitations

(partial list)
Read and follow restrictions and limitations on the Basagran and Blazer labels. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes. Do not apply Blazer within 50 days of harvest (see Blazer label). Do not graze treated soybean fields and do not feed treated soybean forage, ensilage or hay to livestock (see labels for Blazer).

Do not include oil concentrate with nitrogen solutions (UAN or AMS) when tank mixing Basagran with Blazer.

*Tank mixes not applicable in California

Table 2 Northern States¹ **BASAGRAN + BLAZER Tank Mix Additional Weed** Control - Soybeans Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Co	Weeds Controllad/Weed Size					
Basagran	1-2 pints/A according to weed species and size (See Table 1 , Page 6)	Apply rate of Basagrar Table 1 .	according to we	ed sizes in	Oil Concentrate (2 pints/A) or nitrogen solution (UAN solution 0.5-1.0 gallon A or AMS 2.5 lb/A) if velvetleaf is the primary weed target and lambs-quarters or common ragweed are not a problem			
plus	plus —		Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Note: Do not include Oil Concentrate			
Blazer	½ pints/A	Pigweeds* (Redroot and Smooth)	Up to 4	<2"	with nitrogen solutions when tank mixing Basagran with Blazer.			
		Tall Waterhemp	Up to 4	<2"				

See Table 4 for control of additional weeds.

 Northern states, for the purpose of this table, are the following states and those to the north thereb(\(\lambda(D)\), WV. OH. IN. IL, KS and MO (except southeastern MO, Jefferson Co, and south)

See section Addition of nitrogen solution, page 4

Apply tank mix early, when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach maximula, height listed

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Table 3 All States*

BASAGRAN : BLAZER Tank Mix Additional Weed Control-Soybeans'

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Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Co	ize	Additive (Rate)	
Basagran	pints/A according to weed species and size				Oil Concentrale** (2 pints/A max) 1.25% v/v or nitrogen solution (UAN
	(See Table 1, Page 6)				solution 0.5-1.0 gal/A
plus	plus		Leaf Stage	Max. Height	or AMS 2.5 lb/A*)
Blazer	1 pint/A	Black Nightshade Common Ragweed† Crotalaria Giant Ragweed† Morningglories*** Redroot Pigweed Sesbania Smooth Pigweed Tall Waterhemp	Up to 2 Up to 10 Up to 6 Up to 10 Up to 2 Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 4 pinnate Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 6	<2" 6" 6" 2" <4" 6" <4" <4"	If Veivetleaf is the primary weed target and lambsquarters or common ragweed are not a problem Note: Do not include Oil Concentrate with nitrogen solutions when tank mixing Basagran* herbicide with Blazer* herbicide.

¹Requires 2 pints **Basagran.** ¹Except California

*See section Addition of nitrogen solution, page 4

Table 4 Southern States¹ **BASAGRAN** + BLAZER Tank Mix Additional Weed Control-Sovbeans Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled	Leaf Stage	Weed Size Maximum Height	Additive (Rate)
Basagran	1 pint/A	Black Nightshade	Up to 2	<2"	Oil Concen-
	' •	Bristly Starbur	46	3"	trate
Blazer	1 pint/A	Carpetweed	_	2"	1 25%
	(Cocklebur*	2-6	6"	V V
	i	Common Lambsquarters*	4-6	2"	(1 pint A
		Common Ragweed	4-6	3"	max.)
		Crotalaria	Up to 6	6"	
	Ì	Giant Ragweed	Up to 4	6"]
	1	Jimsonweed	Up to 6	6"	Ì
	Ì	Ladysthumb	Up to 6	6"	ļ
]	Morningglories*	Up to 2	2"	1
	ŧ	Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 6	6" 2"	l
	i	Prickly Sida (Teaweed)*	Up to 4	2"	
	ì	Redroot Pigweed	Up to 6	<4"	1
	[Redweed	2-4	3"	
	i	Sesbania	Up to 4	6"	ł
)	Jonooth Pigweed	Up to 6	<4"	1
	İ	Spurred Anoda*	Up to 4	2"	}
	Ì	Tall Waterhemp	Up to 6	<4"	1
'	' } '	Velvetleaf*	Up to 4	2"	}
	•	Venice Mallow	Up to 6	2" 2"	
)	Tropic Croton	2	\ < <u>2</u> "	1
	1.	Woolly Croton	2	<2"	l
		Wild Mustard	Up to 6	4"	

*Do not treat earlier than the two-leaf stage and do not count cotyledon leaves

For common (fall) murningglory, increase rate of Basagran to 1 1/2 pints

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[&]quot;Add oil concentrate to the tank mix according to recommendations in Table 1, Application Rate Table for Soybeans, page 6

^{*}For consistent control of common (tall) morningglory use the 11/2 pint rate of Basagran

^{*}For more consistent control, increase rate of **Basagran** to 1½ pints *Southern states, for the purpose of this table, are AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA and Southeastern MO (Jefferson Co. and south)

BASAGRAN + Reflex _C Tank Mix-Soybeans General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information
A tank mix of Basagran and Reflex® 2LC herbicide may be applied for postemergence control of the major troublesome broadleaf weed species in soybeans.

Basagran and Reflex 2LC are selective postemergence herbicides which control annual broadleaf weeds. Apply the tank mix to actively growing weeds. Refer to this label and the Reflex 2LC labels for defined environmental conditions, and recommended rates. Weed sizes and growth stages for susceptible weed species are described in these labels. The most restrictive labeling applies to tank mixes.

Water volume and spray pressure Ground application: Refer to Directions for use-all crops. Mixing

Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Rate

Basagran may be used in the tank mixes at rates of 1-2 pints/A in each of the regions listed for Reflex 2LC. Refer to tank mix table below for the recommended use rate of Reflex 2LC in Regions 1, 2, and 3. Geographic description of these regions is included in the Reflex 2LC label.

Application Rates for BASAGRAN and Reflex 2LC in Tank Mix

Region*	Basagran**	Reflex 2LC**	Oil Concentrate
1	1-2 pts /A	1-1 pts A	1 qt A
2	1-2 pts /A	%=-1 /4 pts /A	1 qt /A
] 3	1-2 pts /A	3':-1 pt 'A	_1 qt /A

*See the Reflex 2LC label for states or part of states included in regions
**Consult labels for each product for specific weeds controlled

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

- Always read and follow the restrictions and limitations for each product. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.
- Reflex 2LC can be applied only in the states or parts of states included in Regions 1, 2, & 3 as described on the Reflex label Do not apply Reflex 2LC to any field in Regions 2 & 3 more than once every two years.
- A maximum of 1.5 pints (0.375 lb. ai) per acre of Reflex 2LC may be applied per growing season for soybeans in Region 1. A maximum of 1.25 pts (0.313 lb. ai) per acre may be applied in alternate years in Region 2. A maximum of 1.0 pt. (0.25 lb. ai) per acre may be applied in alternate years in Region 3.
- Refer to Reflex 2LC label for recommendations concerning crop rotation
- Do not apply a total of more than pints of Basagran per acre in one season on soybeans
- Do not make more than one application of the BACAGRAN/ Reflex 2LC tank mix in a sing!a season.
- Basagran Reflex 2LC tank mix requires a 4-hour rain-free period. Do not apply the tank mix if rain is threatening
- Use of Basagran
 Reflex 2LC tank mix during periods of dry weather when crop and weeds are under stress and not actively growing may result in reduced weed control. Do not apply to drought-stressed weeds or weeds which have gone through an extended dry period.
- In the event of a crop loss due to weather conditions, only soybeans can be replanted (see Reflex label)
- Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Crops other than soybeans may be severely injured by drift.
- Do not graze treated areas or harvest for forage or hay (see Reflex label)



BASAGRAN + 2,4-DB Tank Mb/-Soybeans

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information

These directions are intended to provide the user of Basagran® herbicide with instructions for tank mixing with 2,4-DB (such as Butyrace 200 or Butoxone® 200 herbicides) to control entireleaf, tall (common), and ivyleaf morningglories. Weeds must be actively growing and at the recommended growth stages. Delay in application which permits weeds to exceed the maximum size stated will result in inadequate control.

Water volume and spray pressure Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Mixing

Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Coverage

Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for Basagrar, and 2,4-DB. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank

Use only amine formulations of 2.4-DB.

Do not add oil concentrate or any other additive (including nitrogen solution) to tank mix with 2,4-DB.

Do not apply more than 1 application of the tank mix per season. Do not apply within 60 days of harvest (see label for 2,4-DB).

The use of this tank mix will cause soybean foliage injury (such as burning, bronzing or crinkling) and may reduce yields

Do not use this tank mix on soybeans that show symptoms of disease such as phytophthora root rot (see label for 2,4-DB) *Tank mix not applicable in California.

Table 5 BASAGRAN + 2,4-DB Tank Mix Additional Weed Control-Soybeans Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled	Adom 'Rate)	
Basagran	1½-2 pints/A according to weed species and size (See Table 1 , Page 6)	Apply rate of Basagran accord Table 1.	Do not add Oii Concentrate or any other additives (including nitrogen solution) to this tank mix	
plus 2,4-DB (amine formu- lation)	2 ft oz /A of Butoxone 200 or Butyrac 200 (0 03 pound ae*/A)	Morningglories Vil Ivyleaf Tall (common) Entireleaf	nes u to 6" long	

BASAGRAN + Scept Tank Mix*-Soybeans Northern States Only

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information

The tank mix of **Basagran** plus Scepter® herbicide will control pigweeds, in addition to those weeds controlled by **Basagran**. Weeds must be actively growing and at the recommended growth stages.

Water volume and spray pressure Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Ground equipment: Use a maximum of 40 psi pressure. For additional directions refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Mixing Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)
Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for

Basagran and Scepter. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

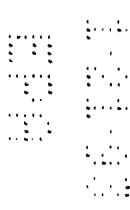
Observe all geographical and rotational crop restrictions on the label for Scepter.

*Tank mix not applicable in California.

Table 6
Northern States* BASAGRAN + Scepter Tank Mix Additional Weed Control-Soybeans
Rate and Time of Application

Product	Rate	We	Weeds Controlled/Weed Size				
Basagran — plus	1-2 pints/A ac- cording to weed spe- cies and size (See Table 1, page 6).	Apply rate of Basagran weed sizes in Table 1 .	according to		Oii Concentrate (2 pints A)		
J			Leaf Stage	Max. Height			
Scepter	1/3 pint/A	Redroot Pigweed Smooth Pigweed Tall Waterhemp Wild Sunflower	Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 6	3" 3" 3" 3"			

*Northern states, for the purpose of this table, are the following states: IA, S, MI, S, WI, PA, NJ, DE, NE, KS, MD, WV, OH, IN, IL, and MO (except southeastern Jefferson Co, and south). See label for Scepter for list of approved states and parts of states.



BASAGRAN + POAST Tank Nov.—Scybeans
General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information
Basagran® and Poast® herbicides may be tank mixed for
postemergence control of the
broadleaf and grass weeds shown
in this table. Weeds must be actively growing and at the
recommended growth stages.
Soybeans are tolerant to
Basagran and Poast at all stages
of growth.

Separate applications should be made if: a) all weeds to be controlled are not at the correct growth stage for treatment at the same time, or b) grasses to be controlled include rhizome johnsongrass, quackgrass, bermudagrass, wirestern muhly, shattercane, volunteer cereals, wild oats, red rice or itchgrass. See Table 10, Separate Applications of Basagran, page 17.

Water volume and spray pressure

Ground equipment: Use a minimum of 10 gallons of total spray solution per acre (broadcast basis) and a minimum of 40 psi pressure. Use standard high pressure hollow cone or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches apart. Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles

Air equipment: Use a minimum of 5 gallons of total spray solution per acre.

Additives

At the low rate of **Poast** (1 pt./A) the additive **Dash® spray adjuvant** plus UAN (or ammonium sulfate) must be used. For control of the additional grasses listed in **Table 7** use the higher rate of **Poast** (1½ pts./A) and either **Dash** or oil concentrate. To enhance weed control UAN (or ammonium sulfate) may also be added.

Mixing
Refer to Directions for use-all
crops.

(:::

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for **Basagran** and **Poast**. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixe:

Do not apply tank mix within 90 days of harvest (see label for **Poast**).

Do not graze treated soybean fields and do not feed treated soybean forage, (green, succulent) or ensilage to livestock. Treated soybean hay may be fed (see label for **Poast**).

Table 7
BASAGRAN + POAST Tank Mix Additional Weed Control-Soybeans
Rate and Time of Application

Product	Rate	Weeds C	Dash or Oil Concentrate	UAN Solution or AMS			
Basagran	1-2 pints/A	Broad					
plus	according to weed species and size (See Table 1, Page 6)	Apply Basagran accord sizes in Table 1 .	ling to w	eed		-	
pius	pius	Annual Grasses*					1/2-1 gallon
Poast or	1 pint.A	Fall Panicum Giant Foxtail Green Foxtail	3-8" 3-8" 3-8"	Volunteer Corn Wild Proso Millet* Witchgrass Woolly Cupgrass	1-12" 4-10" 3-8" 3-8"	Dash pli (2 pts)	
Poast	1'/2 pints/	Barnyardgrass Broadleaf Signalgrass Crabgrass, Large Smooth Goosegrass	3.8" 3.8" 3.6" 3.6" 3.6"	Junglerice Red Sprangletop Seedling Johnsongrass Texas Panicum Yellow Foxtail	3-8" 3-8" 3-8" 3-8" 3-8"	Dash (2 pts) or Oil plu Concentrate (2 pts)	1/2-1 gallon UAN or us 21/2 lbs AMS may be added to this tank mix

^{*}Tank mix does no. trol rhizome johnsongrass, bermudagrass, wirestem muhly, shattercane, volunteer cereals, wild oats, rod rice, or itchdrass.

^{*}Tank mix not applicable in California.

^{**}For control of wild proso millet only, include **Poast** in the tank mix at 3/4 pint/A ***The 13/2 pt /A rate of **Poast** will also control all grasses listed at the 1 pint/A rate

BASAGRAN + BLAZ + POAST Tank Mix*-Soybeans

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information Basagran®, Blazer®, and Poast® herbicides may be tank mixed for postemergence control of broadleaf and grass weeds. Weeds must be actively growing and at the recommended growth stages Separate applications should be made if: a) all weeds to be controlled are not at the correct growth stage for treatment at the same time, or b) grasses to be controlled include rhizome johnsongrass, quackgrass, bermudagrass, wirestem muhly, volunteer corn, shattercane, volunteer cereals, wild bats, red rice or itchgrass See Table 10, Separate Applications of Basagran.

Vater volume and spray pressure
Ground equipment: Use a minimum 20 gallons of total spray solution per acre (broadcast basis) and a minimum of 40 psi pressure. Use standard high pressure hollow

cone or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches apart. Do not use flood or whirl chamber nozzles.

Air equipment: Use a minimum of 10 gallons of total spray solution per acre

Mixing/Coverage Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Early spot spray

When using knapsack sprayers or high volume equipment utilizing handguns (or other suitable nozzle arrangements), prepare spray solution according to **Table 9**. Apply to the foliage on a spray-to-wet basis. Complete coverage of all foliage is essential for control. Control of perennial grassy weeds may be limited to burnoff of exposed foliage.

Observe all safety precautions when spot spraying **Basagran** + **Blazer** + **Poast** tank mix.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for **Basagran, Blazer** and **Poast** The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Do not apply tank mix within 90 days of harvest (see label for **Poast**).

Do not graze treated soybean fields and do not feed treated soybean forage, ensilage or hay to livestock (see labels for **Blazer** and **Poast**)

Do not include UAN solution (or ammonium sulfate) when tank mixing **Basagran**, **Blazer** and **Poast**

*Tank mix not applicable in California

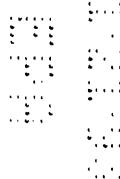


Table 8
BASAGRAN + BLAZER + POAST Tank Mix Additional Weed Control-Soybeans or Peanuts Rate and Time of Application

Product	Rate	Weeds	Controlle	d/Weed Size	***		Additive (Rate)
Basagran	1-2 pints/A according to weed species and size (See Table 1, Page 6)	Apply Basagran® herbici	de accord	ling to weed s	izes in Table '	i.	Oil Concentrate 1.25% v/v (2 pints/A max) Note: Do not include UAN solution or AMS when tank mixing oil con- centrate with Basagran* and Blazer* her- bicides
plus	plus	Barnyardgrass	3-8"	Seedling Jo	hnsongrass	3-8"	
Poast plus	11/2 pints/A	Broadleaf Signalgrass Fall Panicum Giant Foxtail Goosegrass Green Foxtail Junglerice Large Crabgrass Red Sprangletop	3-8" Seedling Johnsongrass 3-8" 3-6" 3-8" Smooth Crabgrass*** 3-6" 3-8" Wild Proso Miliet* 4-10" 3-6" Witchgrass 3-8" Woolly Cupgrass 3-8" 3-8" Yellow Foxtail** 3-8" 3-8" 3-8"			3-6" 3-8" 4-10" 3-8" 3-8"	
p.20	P.22		Lea	af Stage	Max. He	ight	
Blazer	1/2-1 pint/A Use 1/2 pint for pigweed (up to 2") only, 1 pint if other weeds at right are present	Black Nightshade Common Ragweed Crotalaria Morningglories*** Redroot Pigweed Sesbania Smooth Pigweed Tall Waterhemp	Up to 6 Up to 10 Up to 6 Up to 4 Up to 6 Up to 4 prinate Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 6		0 to 6 0 to 10 0 to 6 0 to 6 0 to 4 0 to 6 0 to 4 0 to 6 0 to 4 0 to 6		

Table 9
BASAGRAN + BLAZER + POAST Tank Mix Soybeans or Peanuts **Spot Treatment Application Table**

	Concentration in Spray Solution						
<u> </u>	Basagran	Blazer	Poast	Oil Concentrate			
See annual grasses and broadleaves listed in Table 8 .	1%	1%	1%	1%			

Desired Spray	Amount to be Added to Obtain a 1% Solution		
Solution Volume	Poast	Oil Concentrate	
1 Galion	11/4 FL Oz *	174 FL Oz	
25 Gallons	1 Qt	1 01	
50 Gallons	2 Qts.	2 Qts	
100 Gallons	4 Qts	4 Qts	

^{*}For control of wild proso millet only, include **Poast* herbicide** in tank mix at ¾ pint A
**Tank mix does not control rhizome johnsongrass, quackgrass, bermudagrass, wirestem muhl / volunteer cornshattercane, volunteer cereals, wild oats, red rice or itchgrass
***For consistent control of common (tall) morningglory use the 1½ pints rate of **Basagran**

Soybeans-Separate plications of BASAGRAN or BASAGRAN + BLAZER Tank mix* Preceded or Followed by POAST.

Applications of Basagran or Basagran tank mixed* with Blazer can be preceded or followed by Poast to obtain broad spectrum control of weeds listed on the respective product labels (refer to this label and labels for Poast and Basagran + Blazer tank mix). Also refer to these product labels for timing, rate and other information for ground and aerial applications.

For best results when making separate applications, a minimum period of time is recommended between applications, depending upon their order, according to **Table 10.**

*Tank mixes not applicable in California Table 10
Soybeans or Peanuts
Separate Applications of BASAGRAN or BASAGRAN + BLAZER
Tank Mix* Preceded or Followed by POAST

Order o	_ Minimum		
First Product(s) Applied	Second Product(s) Applied	Time Between Applications	
Basagran	Poast	24 hours	
Basagran + Blazer	Poast	7 days	
Poast	Basagran or Basagran + Blazer	24 hours	

BASAGRAN + Pinnacle Tank Mix-Soybean

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information

The tank mix of **Basagran** plus Pinnacle* herbicide will control certain weeds not controlled by **Basagran** or Pinnacle alone (See **Table 1).**

The tank mix is effective mainly through contact action. Therefore, weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and prevent adequate spray coverage

Time and rate of application The rates of application and weed sizes for the use of this tank mix are given in the Table 11. Applications of this tank mix made to weeds that are in the cotyledon stage, larger than the size in Table 11, or to weeds under stress, may result in unsatisfactory control Soybeans are tolerant to the tank mix of Basagran + Pinnacle after the first trifoliate soybean leaf has fully expanded; however, under conditions of high temperature or humidity some leaf-bronzing or leaf-speckling of soybean foliage may occur. Soybean plants will generally outgrow this condition within 10-14 days

Water volume and spray pressure

Apply recommended rates of this tank mix as follows:

Ground equipment

Broadcast application: Use a minimum 20 gallons of water per acre on a broadcast basis. Use flat fan nozzles with a minimum of 40 psi pressure (measured at the boom, not at the pump or in the line). Do not use flood, hollow cone, whirl chamber, Raindrop* or controlled droplet application (CDA) nozzles.

Band application: For band application, apply proportionately less. Calibrate band applicator to not exceed labeled rate

Air equipment: Use a minimum of 5 galloris of water per acre. Consult the respective labels for special directions for aerial applications.

Addition of additives

Applications of **Basagran** plus Pinnacle tank mix must include a nonionic surfactant at the rate (concentration) of 0.125%–0.25% v/v (1-2 pints per 100 gallons of spray solution). USE OF THE HIGHER RATE OF NONIONIC SURFACTANT, PARTICULARLY UNDER HOT, HUMID CONDITIONS, MAY INCREASE TEMPORARY CROP INJURY. Use only EPA approved surfactants authorized for use on food crops Use a nonionic surfactant of at

least 80% active ingredient. DO NOT USE **Dash* spray adjuvant.**Under dry conditions or during cool weather, a crop oil concentrate at 0.5% w/w (4 piets 100)

cool weather, a crop oil concentrate at 0.5% v/v (4 pints/100 gallons of spray solution) may be used to enhance weed control. Use a petroleum-based crop oil concentrate (0.5% v/v) with at least 15% emulsifiers/surfactant. THE USE OF CROP OIL CONCENTRATE MAY INCREASE. TEMPORARY INJURY TO SOYBEANS.

The addition of ammonium nitrogen fertilizer is required for control of velvetleaf. Use a high quality liquid nitrogen fertilizer such as 28-0-0 at a rate of 2-4 quarts per acre or 10-34-0 at a rate of 1-2 quarts per acre. Alternatively, a high quality, sprayable grade of ammonium sulfate (21-0-0) may be used at a rate 2-4 pounds per acre. The addition of ammonium nitrogen fertilizer does not replace the need for a surfactant. Use the lower rate of nitrogen fertilizer for aerial applications.

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BASAGRAN + Pinnacle Tank Mix-5 ybeans

Weeds Controller	BASAGRAN 1½ pt./A + Pinnacle ¼ oz./A Height (inches)	BASAGRAN 1½ pt./A + Pinnacle ½ oz./A Height (inches)	BASAGRAN 1 pt./A + Pinnacle 1/4 oz./A Height (inches)	Additive Rate*
Cocklebur	2-6"	2.6"	2 4"	Nonionic
Common Lambsquarters	2 4"	}	2 4"	surfactant
Jimsonweed	2 6"	2 6"	2 6"	at 0.125
Ladysthumb	2 6"	2 6"	2-6"	0 25% v/v
Pennsylvariia Smartweed	26"	2 6"	2-6"	(1-2 pts /
Redroot Pigweed	2 - 8"	2 4"	2-6"	100 gals
Smooth Pigweed	2 -8"	2 4"	2 6"	spray
Tall Waterhemp	2-8"	2 4"	2 6"	solution)
Velvetleaf	2 .5"	2 5"	2.5"	}
Venice Mallow	2"	} 2"	2"	Nitrogen**
Wild Buckwheat	2-3"	2 -3"		solution
Wild Mustard	Up to 4"	Up to 4"***	Up to 4"**	}
Wild Sunflower	2 6"	2.4"	2 4"	!

^{*}Refer to the section entitled Addition of additives for specific rates and environmental conditions

Restrictions and limitations (Partial list)

Always read and follow all label directions when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix.

Do not apply within 60 days of harvesting soybeans

Do not graze animals on green torage or stubble. Do not utilize hay or straw for animal feed or bedding

Do not apply if rain is expected within 1 hour of application or unsatisfactory weed control may result

Do not apply this tank mix through any type of irrigation system.

Do not cultivate within seven days before or after application of this tank mix.

Do not allow soray from either ground or aerial equipment to drift onto adjacent crops or land, as injury to other plants may occur. Consult the respective labels for details

Do not tank mix with organophosphate insecticides

Do not apply within 14 days before or after an organophosphate insecticide as severe crop injury may occur.

Thoroughly clean sprayer immediately after spraying. See label for Pinnacle "Sprayer Cleanup."



^{**}Nitrogen solution is referred to as 28%-32% UAN (urea ammonium nitrate) or AMS (ammonium sulfate). Refer to section entitled **Addition of additives**.

^{***}Diameter

BASAGRAN + Purs Tank Mix-Soybean

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General Information

The tank mix of Basagran® herbicide plus Pursuit® herbicide will control certain weeds not controlled by Basagran or Pursuit alone (see Table 12).

The tank mix is effective mainly through contact action. Therefore, weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray. Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and prevent adequate spray coverage.

Time and rate of application

Rates of application and weed sizes for the use of this tank mix are given in **Table 12**. Applications of this tank mix should be made when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in the application table. Such applications should be applied within 14 to 28 days after planting. Soybeans are tolerant to the tank mix of **Basagran** plus Pursuit after the

first trifoliate soybean leaf has fully expanded, however, under conitions of high temperature or humidity some leaf-bronzing or leaf-speckling of soybean foliage may occur. Soybean plants will generally outgrow this condition within 10-14 days.

Water volume and spray pressure

Apply recommended rates of this tank mix as follows.

Ground equipment only: Use a minimum 20 gallons of water per acre on a broadcast basis. Use a minimum of 40 psi pressure (measured at the boom, not at the pump or in the line) when using flat fan nozzles and 40-60 psi pressure when using hollow cone nozzles. Do not use flood, whirl chamber, or controlled droplet application (CDA) nozzles

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Always read and follow all label di-

rections when using any pesticide alone or in tank mix combinations. The most restrictive labeling applies when using a tank mix. Do not apply the tank mix of **Basagran** plus Pursuit within 85 days of soybean harvest

Do not apply this tank mix through any type of irrigation system. Do not allow spray to drift onto adjacent crops or land, as injury to other plants may occur. Consult the respective labels for details. Do not apply this tank mix by aerial application.

Do not apply with ground equipment when wind velocity is greater than 10 mph, or when spray may be carried to sensitive crops. Sensitive crops include leaf vegetables, sugar beets and cotton.

Table 12
BASAGRAN + Pursuit Tank Mix—Soybeans

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled	Maximum Weed Size	Additive (Rate)*
Basagran		Barnyardgrass	3"	Nonionic surfac-
-	1'a pints	Cocklebur	i 8"	tant 0 25% v v
+	per acre	Common Lambsquarters	2"	(1 qt 100 gals)*
		Foxtails, Giant	3"	
Pursuit	Ì	, Green	1 3"	plus
	1	. Grant green	3" 3"	•
	4 ounces	. Robust purple	3"	nitrogen solution**
	per acre	Robust white	3"	UAN (2 ats A)
	'	, Yellow	4,11	or or
	1	Jims enweed Johnsongrass, Seedling Kochia Ladysthumb Large Crabgrass Marshelder Morningglory spp ' Nightshade, BlackEastern black _ Hairy Pennsylvania Smartweed Prickly Sida/Teaweed	6"	AMS (17 lbs 100
	Į.	Johnsongraus, Seedling	. i 31	gals)
	}	Kochia	4"	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		Ladysthumb	6"	
		Large Crabgrass	6" 3" 2" 3" 3" 3" 6" 3"	
	1	Marshelder	3"	
		Morningglory spp '	2"	
	Ì	Nightshade, Black	3"	
		Eastern black	3"	i
		, Hairy	3")
	1	Pennsylvania Smartweed	6"	
		Prickly Sida/Teaweed	, 3°	
		Red Rice) š]
		Red Rice Redroot Pigweed Shattercane Smallflower Margingalory	ğ"	
		Shattercane	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	}
	1	Smallflower Morningglory	8" 3" 3"	1 .
		Smooth Crabgrass	3"	ļ <u></u>
		Smooth Pigweed	ું કે	}
		Tall Waterhemp	3"	j ·
		Velvetleaf	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
		Venice Mallow	1, .3 1, .2"	[',,'
	}	Wild Buckwheat	3"	1
		Wild Mustard	4"	1
	1	Wild Sunflower	1 5"	<u> </u>

*Use a nonionic surfactant containing at least 80% active ingredient. **Dash* spray adjuvant** may be substituted at 1 qt. A for the nonionic surfactant. **Dash** is recommended when weeds are subject to heat or moisture stress. **UAN (urea ammonium nitrate) is generally referred to as 28% to 32% nitrogen solution. AMS (ammonium sulfate) may

be used at the rate of 17 lbs per 100 gallons of spray solution. Morningglory species controlled entireleaf, ivyleaf, pitted tall

Corn, Sorghum-Directiof.z for use

Apply Basagran* herbicide when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in the Application Rate Table for Corn. Sorghum, Such applications generally correspond to the crop growth stages of one to five leaves. Corn is tolerant to Basagran at all stages of growth. Sorohum is tolerant to Basagran at all stages of growth up to and including early boot stage. Very slight leaf-speckling of corn and

sorghum may occur but plants generally outgrow this condition within 10 days. Corn types included are field, sweet, and popcorn; and corn grown for seed or silage. Sorghum types include grain sorghum and forage sorghum.

Restrictions and limitations Do not apply more than a total of 4 pints per acre in one season in corn or 2 pints per acre in one season in sorghum.

Seed producers should consult the seed company regarding tolerance of seed production inbred lines to Basagran.

Do not apply to sorghum that is heading or blooming.

Do not graze treated fields for at least 12 days after the last treatment with Basagran.

California only: Not recommended for control of yellow nutsedge in corn or sorghum

Table 13 Application Rates for Corn, Sorghum

	Application Rates for Weed Growth Stages*						
Weeds Controlled	11/2 Pints	per Acre	2 Pints per Acre				
	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height			
Beggarticks	Up to 6	6"	6-8	8"			
Bristly Starbur	Up to 4	2"	4-6	3"			
Cocklebur	2-6*	6"	6 10	10"			
Common Lambsquarters*	-	-	4-8**	2"			
Common Ragw ed			4.6**	3"			
Dayflower	Up to 6	4"	6-10	8"			
Devilsclaw			Up to 6**	3"			
Galinsoga		-	Cotyledon	2"			
_	1		to 6**				
Giant Ragweed"		_	Up to 4	6"			
Jimsonweed	Up to 6	6"	6-10	10"			
Ladysthumb	Up to 6	6"	6-10	10"			
Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 6	6"	6 10	10"			
Prickly Sida or Teaweed	Up to 6	3"	6-8	4"			
Spurred Anoda	Up to 6	3"	6.8	4"			
Tropic Croton	Up to 2	2"	2-4	4"			
Velvetleaf***	Up to 4""	2"	4-6	5"			
Venice Mallow	Up to 6	2"	6-10	4"			
Wild Buckwheat	Up to 4	3"	4-6	5"			
Wild Mustard	Up to 6	} 4"	6 10) 8"			
Wild Sunflower	Up to 4	5"	4-6	8"			

*Do not treat earlier than leaf stage shown and do not count cotyledon leaves

††If after the first application a second weed flush develops, re-treat according to this rate table (corn only) †††See section **Addition of nitrogen solution** (see page 4)



[&]quot;Add oil concentrate according to section Addition of oil concentrate, page 4. Nitrogen solution may be substituted for oil concentrate for all weeds except common lambsquarters, common ragweed, and galinsoga. If velvetleaf is present with weeds requiring oil concentrate, a nitrogen solution plus oil concentrate may be used †Control may be partial or inconsistent

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Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Corn

Morningglories
South: (AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, OK, SC, TN, TX, VA) To control smallflower and cypressvine morningglories apply a single application of either 11/2 pints of Basagran per acre to plants not larger than 4 true leaves and 4 inches in height, or 2 pints of Basagran per acre to plants not larger than 6 true leaves and 6 inches in height.

To control palmleaf, pitted, tall (common), entireleaf, ivyleaf and purple moonflower morningglories, apply 1½ pints of Basagran per acre to plants not larger than 4 true leaves and 4 inches in height (14 to 18 days after morningglory emergence). Make a second application at the same rate 5 to 14 days

All states other than the South (see above): Apply 2 to 3 pints of Basagran per acre to annual morningglories not larger than 4 true leaves Control may be partial or inconsistent. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water.

Because morningglories grow very rapidly, it is important to watch the growth stage carefully and to be certain that Basagran is applied to morningglories before they exceed the maximum size recommended on this label

Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water for each application (see section Addition of oil concentrate)

Canada Thistle

Apply 2 pints of Basagran per acre when plants are from 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later

Yellow Nutsedge

Two applications are preferred for best results. Apply 15: to 2 pints of Basagran per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall. If needed, make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later. Add Oil Concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water for each application (see section Addition of oil concentrate)

Field and Hedge Bindweed in KY, IL, IN, MI, OH only.

For suppression of field and hedge bindweed, apply 2 to 3 pints of Basagran per acre when vines are a maximum of 10 inches long.

Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water according to the section Addition of oil concentrate

Late Cocklebur Rescue Treatment

This treatment is intended to provide only partial control of cocklebur in the event early postemergence treatments were not made. Very thorough spray coverage is essential. Apply a single application of 2 to 3 pints of Basagran per acre to plants up to 24 inches tall or, for best results, apply 11 pints of Basagran per acre to plants up to 24 inches tall and repeat 10 to 14 days

Add oil concentrate to spray solution according to directions in section entitled Addition of oil concentrate.

Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Sorghum

Annual Morningglories

Apply 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre to annual morningglories not larger than 4 true leaves. Control may be partial or inconsistent. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water, according to Addition of oil concentrate section

Because morningglories grow very rapidly, it is important to watch the growth stage calefully and to be certain that Basagran is applied to morningglories. before triey exceed the maximum size recommended (see page 20)

Canada Thistle

Apply 2 pints of Basagran per acre when plants are from 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Control may be partial or inconsistent.

Yellow Nutsedge

Apply 17 to 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall Add oil concentrate according to section Addition of oil concentrate. Control may be partial or inconsistent.



Basagran plus Atrazine Tank Mm Corn and Sorghum

The tank mix of Basagran* herbicide with atrazine effectively controls a broad spectrum of broadleaf weeds on the labeling of both products for the control of annual morningglories, Canada thistle and yellow nutsedge, refer to the sections entitled Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Corn or Sorghum.

Atrazine products compatible with **Basagran** include AAtrex* 80W, AAtrex* 4L, and AAtrex* Nine-Oherbicides. Refer to the respective atrazine labels for additional directions and limitations. **Always add** nitrogen solution or oil concentrate according to sections regarding addition of oil concentrate—addition of nitrogen solution

Mixing and spray equipment: Use intake, in-line, or nozzle screens no finer than 50 mesh. Fill tank of a thoroughly clean sprayer half to two-thirds full of clean water Start agitation. Add atrazine and allow to wet and mix thoroughly. Maintain agitation and add Basagran and nitrogen solution. and/or oil concentrate, allow to mix Dash' spray adjuvant may be substituted for oil concentrate Last, add the remaining quantity of water and mix thoroughly Maintain constant agitation during application. Avoid allowing the mixture to stand overnight. Always clean sprayer thoroughly immediately after use by flushing the system with water and a strong detergent. Do not allow cleaning water to contaminate streams or ponds

Time and rate of application: Apply when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in the Application Rate Table for Corn and Sorghum. Such applications generally correspond to the crop growth stages of one to live leaves.

Corn is tolerant to the tank mix at all stages of growth. Sorghum is tolerant to the tank mix at all stages of growth up to and including early boot stage.

Very light leaf speckling may occur in corn and sorghum, but plants generally outgrow this condition within 10 days.

Refer to the **Conversion Table** below for application rates depending on formulation A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if regrowth of weeds occurs

Restrictions and limitations for tank mix with atrazine (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for **Basagran** and AAtrex. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Do not use tank mix when crop is under stress from prolonged cold, wet weather, poor fertility, or other factors or when crop is wet and succulent from recent rainfall as crop injury may occur.

Seed producers should consult the seed company regarding toler-

ance of seed production inbred lines to tank mix.

Do not apply to sorghum that is heading out or blooming.

Do not make more than one application of tank mix per season.

Do not apply more than 4 pints of **Basagran** per acre in one season in corn or 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre in one season in sorghum.

Do not graze treated area or feed treated forage to livestock for 21 days following application (see label for atrazine)

Do not plant oats, sugar beets, or sunflowers the season following application in soil having a calcareous surface layer

In the Intermountain Region of the United States, do not plant any other crop the year following application except corn or sorghum. Do no apply this tank mix through any type of irrigation system.

		Ac	reage	Conv	ersion	Table				
			Amo	unt of	Form	ulated	Prod	luct		
Tank Mix	Basa- gran				Atraz	ine (A	Atrex)		
Rate Recommen- dation (lb	1 Acre		1 Acre 10 Acres			50 Acres		8		
ai/A)*	Pts.	80W Lbs.	Nine- 0 Lbs.	4L Pts.	80W Lbs.	Nine- 0 Lbs.	4L Pts.	80W Lbs.	Nine 0 Lbs.	4L Pts.
0.42 + 0.42	0.84	0.525	0.46	.34	5.25	46	8.4	26.25	23.0	42
0.5 + 0.5	1	⁵ /8	6/10	1	61/4	6	10	311/2	30	50
075 - 075	11/2	1	9/10	11/2	10	9	15	50	45	75

Table 15
Application Rates for Tank Mix of
BASAGRAN + Atrazine for Corn and Sorghum

	Appl	ication f	Rates for	Weed Gr	owth Sta	ges*
Weed Controlled	0.42 + 0.42 lb. ai/A*		0.5 + 0.5 lb. ai/A*		0.75 + 0.75 lb. ai/A*	
	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height
Beggarticks					Up to 6	6"
Brištíy Starbur					Up to 4	2"
Cocklebur	2-4**	3"	2-10**	8"	2-10**	8″
Common Lambsquar- ters	2-6	2"	Up to 8	5"	8-12	8″
Common Ragweed			Up to	4"	4-7***	5"
Dayflower			l i		Up to 6	4"
Giant Ragweed		1	Up to 4	4"	4.6	6"
Jimsonweed	2.4	3"	Up to 6	6"	6-10	8"
Kochia	- '	_	OP 1.0 U	4"		4"
Ladysthumb	2-6	4"	Up to 10	10"	10-14	12"
Morningglory, Annual			Up to 4	4"	4-6	6"
Morningglory. Smallflower			Up to 4	4"	4.6	6"
Pennsylvania Smartweed	2-6	4"	Up to 10	10"	10-14	12"
Prickly Sida or Teaweed			Up to 4	2"	Up to 10	6″
Redroot Pigweed	2-4	2"	Up to 10	6"	Up to 10	6"
Smooth Pigweed	2.4	2" 2"	Up to 10	6"	Up to 10	6"
Spurred Anoda	<i>.</i> . ¬		0,710 10		Up to 6	3″
Tall Waterhemp	1	!	Up to 8	2"	6.9	4
Velvetleaf*	2-4	3"	Up to 8	8 _"	8-10	10'
Venice Mallow	£ ¬	1	Up to 8	4"	Up to 8	4"
Wild Buckwheat		1	Up to 4	3"	4-6	5"
Wild Mustard		i	Up to 6	4"	6-10	8"
Wild Sunflower	}	1	Up to 5	6"	4-6	8"

Other weeds. Other weeds listed on the label for **Basagran** at the 3/4 pound rate will also be controlled with the 3/4 plus 3/4 pound **Basagran** — atrazine tank mix.

**Do not treat earlier than leaf stage shown and do not count cotyledon leaves.

*For velvetleaf, always add UAN solution instead of oil concentrate or Dash.



^{*}Refer to Conversion Table for recommended rate of formulated product per acre. Add nitrogen solution or one quart of oil concentrate or one quart of Dash for all weeds except common ragweed. When common ragweed predominates, use oil concentrate. See sections Addition of nitrogen solution or Addition of oil concentrate.

^{****}Add one quart per acre of oil concentrate, not nitrogen solution, when this weed predominates

Rice-Directions for use (1) (Not for use in California)

Apply Basagran® herbicide early postemergence, before weed: axceed the maximum size listed the Application Rate Table for Rice.

Early application produces the most beneficial effect on crop yields, allows use of the lower rate (depending on weed species), and makes it easier to obtain thorough spray coverage. Delay in application which permits weeds to exceed the maximum size for a given rate will result in inadequate control.

Basagran has no adverse effect on rice when used according to directions and may be used on the first and second (ratoon) crops. If grasses are a problem, use propanil in tank mix with **Basagran** (see below).

For optimal coverage when applying **Basagran** by air in rice, orient all nozzles straight back. For additional aerial application information, refer to **Directions for use.**

Oil concentrate should be applied according to the directions in the section entitled **Addition of oil concentrate.** When tank mixing **Basagran** with propanil, oil concentrate should not be included as crop injury may be enhanced

Alternate flooding culture: In Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas and Mississippi, weed growth stages generally correspond to rice that is tillering (stooling) and occur prior to the permanent flood. Application of Basagran must be made when there is no water on the field and 24 hours or more prior to flooding. If Basagran cannot be applied until after flooding see directions under Continuous flooding culture.

Continuous flooding culture: In states using continuous flooding culture or, when treating after permanent flood, treatment should be made only when weeds are above the surface of the water. Weeds submerged at the time of application will result in ir adequate control.

For early treatment, water may be partly or completely drained to expose more weed growth to spray applications of **Basagran**. Do not raise water level for at least 24 hours after application or unsatisfactory control may result. Do not use ground equipment for applications of flooded fields because splashing will wash **Basagran** off weed leaf surfaces and ineffective control may result

Restrictions and limitations
Rice straw may be fed to livestock
Do not apply **Basagran** to rice
with ground equipment when field
is flooded because splashing will
wash **Basagran** off weed leaf surfaces and ineffective control may
result

Do not apply more than 6 pints of **Basagran** per acre in one season (Maximum of 4 pints per acre in first crop and 2 pints per acre in second [ratoon] crop.)

Do not use **Basagran** on rice fields in which the commercial cultivation of catfish or crayfish is practiced

Do not use water containing **Basagran** residues from rice cultivation to irrigate crops used for food or feed unless **Basagran** is registered for use on these crops.

Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Tank mix with Propanil Use a tank mix of Basagran propanil by ground or air for the control of mixed populations of grasses, sedges and broadleaf weeds listed as susceptible on the two product labels. Prepare tank mix by adding Basagran to half the final volume of water with agitator running. Then add propanil and bring mix to final volume. Agitation must be continuous from time of mixing through spraying Apply Basagran at a rate up to 2 pints per acre per application. Do not apply more than 4 pints of Basagran per acre on the first rice crop. Use up to 5 pounds active ingredient (a i) of propanil* for additional broadleaf weed control and grass control with Basagran. Apply this tank mix only to drained fields

Restrictions and limitations
Do not use propanil on second crop (ratoon) rice

When applying tank mix of **Basagran**/propanil by air, orient all nozzles straight back in accordance with the propanil label.

Observe all restrictions and limitations on the **Basagran** and the propanil* labels. In tank mixes the most restrictive labeling applies.

Do not use crop oil concentrate with this tank mix.

Add propanil to the tank mix of **Basagran** based on active ingredient (a+) of formulation used 'Propanil products compatible with **Basagran** are Prostar 4E (4 lbs/gal.); STAM M-4 (4 lbs. a.i./gal.), and STAM 80 EDF (0.8 lbs.a.i./b.)

Table 16

App!ication Rates for Rice-Drained Fields							
	Applica	Application Rates For Weed Growth Stages					
Weeds Controlled (All Stage)	11/2 Pts.	per Acre*	2 Pts. p	er Acre*			
(All Stage)	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height			
Cocklebur	2-10	10"	10-15	15"			
Dayflower) 2-10	6"	10-15	10"			
Ducksalad		-	6-10**	6"			
Gooseweed	4-6] 4"	6-10	8"			
Redstem	Up to €	4"	6-10	8"			
Redweed) 4-6	6"	6-10	8"			
Smartweed	2-10	6"	10-15	10"			
Spikerush	2-6	6.	6-8	8"			
Water Plantains			1				
Arrowhead	_	-	Up to 4	7"			
Common	-	_	Up to 4	7"_			
Yellow Nutsedge	4-6	6"	6-8	10"			

^{*}If after the first application a second weed flush develops, re-treat according to this rate table **Control may be partial or inconsistent

Table 17 **Application Rates for Rice-Flooded Fields**

		Application Rates for	Weed Growth Stages		
Ī	11/2 Pts.	per Acre*	2 Pts	. Acre'	
Weeds Controlled	Maximum Height Above Soil	Minimum Height Range Above Water Level	Maximum Height Above Soil	Minimum Height Range Above Water Level	
Cocklebur Dayfrower Reastern Smartweed	10" 6" 4" 6"	3"-6" 3"-5" 2"-3" 2"-5"	15" 10" 8" 10"	6"-10" 5"-8" 4'-6" 5"-8"	
Water Plantains Arrowhead Common			7" 7"	5″-6″ 5″-6″	
Yellow Nutsedge	6"	4"-5"	10	6"-8"	

Apply Basagran® herbicide when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in the Application Rates Table for Peanuts. Such applications may occur from peanut cracking through pegging.

Peanuts are tolerant to **Basagran** at all stages of growth, but slight leaf-speckling may occur under certain conditions (see **Restrictions and limitations**). Peanut plants generally outgrow this condition within 10 days.

Restrictions and limitations

Do not apply **Basagran** if peanuts show injury (leaf phytoloxicity and/or plant stunting) produced by any prior herbicide applications (preplant incorporated, preemergence, cracking and/or postemergence), because this injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged. In the Southeast, in-furrow treatments of insecticides/nematicides may predispose the peanuts to injury from **Basagran**.

Do not apply more than a total of 4 pints of **Basagran** per acre in one season

Peanut hay and forage may be fed to livestock.

Do not graze treated peanut fields for at least 50 days after the last **Basagran** treatment.

Table 18
Application Rates for Peanuts

	Application Rates for Weed Growth Stages†					
Weeds Controlled		1 Pint per Acre ⁿ		Pints Acre	2 Pints per Acre	
	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height
Balloonvine			2~4	2"	4-6	3"
Beggarticks	l —		Up to 6	6" 2" 6"	6-8	8" 3 "
Bristly Starbur			Up to 4	2"	46	3"
Cocklebur	2-4*	4"	2-6*	6"	6-10	l 10"
Coffee Senna					Up to 1** Pinnate	2"
Common Ragweed			-		4-6**	3"
Dayflower	l —		Up to 6	4"	6–1C	8"
Devilsclaw	l	l	`		Up to ∴**	3"
Giant Rag- weed†		-	_		Úptc 4	6"
Jimsonweed	Up to 4	4"	Up to 6	6"	6–10	10"
Ladysthumb	Up to 4	4"	Up to 6	6"	6–10	10"
Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 4	4"	Up to 6	6"	6–10	10"
Prickly Sida or Teaweed			Up to 6	3"	6-8	4"
Spurred Anoda			Up to 6	3″	6-8	4"
Tropic Croton	1		Up to 2	2"	2 4	.1"
Velvetleaf	l _	l _	Up to 4	2"	4-6	5"
Wild Sun- flower			Up to 4	2" 2" 5'	4-6	8"

For additional weeds see Special Directions section following

*Do not treat earlier than leaf stage shown and do not count cotyledon leaves.

** Add oil concentrate according to section **Addition of oil concentrate**, page 4.

†If a second flush occurs, retreat according to this rate table

††Apply before weeds reach the maximum size or leaf stage indicated if regrowth develops, reapply 1 pint 7 to 14 days after the first application

Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Peanuts

Annual Morningglories

To control smallflower and cypressvine morningglories apply a single application of either 1½ pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants not larger than 4 true leaves and 4 inches in height, **or** 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants not larger than 6 true leaves and 6 inches in height

To control paimleaf, pitted, common, entireleaf, purple moonflower and ivyleaf morningglories, apply 1½ pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants not larger than 4 true leaves and 4 inches in height (14 to 18 days after morningglory emergence). Make a second application at the same rate 5 to 14 days later Because morningglories grow very rapidly, it is important to watch the growth stage carefully and to be certain that **Basagran** is applied to morningglories before they exceed the maximum size recommended above. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran** water for each application (see **Addition of oil concentrate**).

Yellow Nutsedge

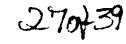
Two applications are preferred for best results. Apply 11: to 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall. In Texas and Oklahoma use 2 pints.

If needed, make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran**/water, according to the section **Addition of oil concentrate**, page 4.

Late Cocklebur Rescue Treatment

This treatment is intended to provide partial control of cocklebur in the event early postemergence treatments were not made. Very thorough spray coverage is essential. Apply 2 to 3 pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants up to 24 inches tall or, for best results, apply 1½ pints of **Basagran** per acre to plants up to 24 inches tall and repeat 10 to 14 days later. Add oil concentrate according to the section **Addition of oil concentrate**.

General and application in Jrmation, Restrictions and limitations





These directions are intended to provide the user of **Basagran** with instructions for tank mixing with 2,4-DB (such as Butyrac* 200 herbicides) to control entireleaf, tall (common), and ivyleaf morning-glorier in addition to all the other week listed in **Table 1**. Weeds music a actively growing and at the recommended growth stages. Delay in application, which permits weeds to exceed the maximum size stated, will result in inadequate control.

Water volume and spray pressure Refer to Directions for use-all crops

Ground Equipment: Refer to Directions for use-all crops. Mixing

Refer to Directions for use-all crops.

Coverage

The tank mix is effective partly through contact action. Therefore, weeds must be thoroughly covered with spray. If a treatment is made to morningglories larger than 10", control will be inadequate.

Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and prevent adequate spray coverage. Peanuts are tolerant to the tank mix of **Basagran** - 2,4-DB; howevel, under certain conditions peanuts may have a white, bleached appearance and the leaves may be slightly elongated.

Restrictions and limitations for tank mix with 2,4-DB (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for **Basagran** and 2,4-DB. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Use only amine formulations of 2,4-DB.

Do not apply to or allow drift to any other adjacent crop

Do not add oil concentrate or any other additives to tank mix

Do not apply tank mix if peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/ or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide treatment or by disease because this injury may be enhanced and/or pri ged.

Do not apply tank mix during prolonged periods of drought or during unseasonably cold weather, as unsatisfactory weed control may result.

Do not apply tank mix to peanuts that have been subject to stress conditions such as hail damage. flooding, drought, injury from other herbicides, or unseasonably cold or widely fluctuating temperatures because injury may result. Do not apply more than 2 applications of the tank mix per season. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest in Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico or 45 days in the Virginia-Carolina area (See label for 2,4-DB.)

Do not feed treated peanut vines and peanut hay to livestock (See label for 2,4-DB.)

*Tank mix not applicable in California

Table 19
BASAGRAN + 2,4-DB Tank Mix Additional Weed Control -Peanuts
Rate and Time of Application

Product	Rate	Weeds Cont	Additives	
Basagran 112-2 pints/A according to weed species and size (1 Table 1 Page 6)	according to weed species and size (See Table 1	Apply Basagran accor Table 1 .	Do not add Oil Concentrate or any other additives (including IJAN solution) to this	
2.4-DB (amine formula- tion)	8 fl. oz /A of Butoxone 200 or Butyrac 200 (0 125 pound ac* A.)	Morningglces tvyleaf Tall (Common) Entireleaf	Vines up to 10" long	lank mix

BASAGRAN + BLAZE' Tank . x*-Peanuts

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

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General information
The tank mixes of Basagran®
Blazer® herbicides will control the weeds listed in Tables 3 and 4.

Table 20-All states
Basagran 1 pint/A
Blazer 1 pint/A
Table 21-All states for additional weeds or larger sizes
Basagran 1½-2 pints/A

Blazer 1 pint/A

For Time of Application, Water Volume, Spray Pressure and Mixing directions, refer to the **Basagran**• **Blazer** tank mix for soybeans.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list) for tank mix with BLAZER

Observe all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on this label and the label for **Blazer**. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Do not apply tank mix if peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/ or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide treatment because this injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged.

Do not apply tank mix during prolonged periods of drought or during unseasonably cold weather, as unsatisfactory weed control may result.

Do not apply tank mix to peanuts that have been subject to stress conditions such as hail damage, flooding, drought, or unseasonably cold or widely fluctuating temperatures because injury may result. Do not add a surfactant or oil concentrate except where specifically recommended.

*Tank mix not applicable in California

Table 20
All States
BASAGRAN + BLAZER Tank Mix-Peanuts
Rate and Time of Application

Product	Rate	Weeds Contro	olled/Weed Siz	ze	Additive (Rate)
	<u></u>		Leaf Stage	Max. Height	
Basagran	1 pint/A	Black Nightshade	Up to 2	2"	Oil Concentrate
Blazer	1 pint/As	Bristly Starbur Cocklebur	4-6 2-6	3" 6"	(1 pt /A)
}	F	Common Lambsquariers	46	2"	
}		Common Ragweed*	4-6	3"	
		Crotalaria**	Up to 6	6"	
		Jimsonweed	Up to 6	6"	
		Morningglories*	Up to 2	2"	
-		Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 6	6"	
		Prickly Sida (Teaweed)*	Up to 4	2" 3"	
		Redroot Pigweed	Up to 6	3"	
		Sesbania**	Up to 4	6" 3"	ļ
i		Smooth Pigweed	Up to 6	3"	
		Spurred Anoda*	Up to 4	2"	ļ
ì		Velvetleaf*	Up to 4	2"	
		Wild Mustard	Up to 6	4"	

a For common ragweed up to 6 inches tall and 10 leaves use 11/2 pints of Basagran with 1 pint of Blazer

b For common (tall) i orningglory, increase rate of Basagran to 11/2 pts

*For more consistent control, increase the rate of Basagran to 11/2 pints/A

c Blazer may also be included in the tank mix at a rate of up to 2 pints per acre, however, this will increase the severity and/or frequency with which peanut injury is observed.

^{**}If crotalaria or sesbania are present, add Triton AG-98 at the rate of ½ pint per 100 gallons of spray solution, but do not combine Triton AG-98 with oil concentrate.

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Table 21 All States (for Additional Weeds or Larger Weed Sizes) BASAGRAN + BLAZER Tank Mix-Peanuts Rate and Time of Application

Product	Rate	Weeds Contro	Med/Weed Si	ze	Additive (Rate)
Basagran — plus	1½-2 pints/A according to weed species and size (See Table 1 , Page 6)	Balloonvine Beggarticks Bristly Starbur Cocklebur Coffee Senna* Common Ragweed* Cypressvine Morningglory Dayflower Devilsclaw* Giant Ragweed Jimsonweed	Ladysthumb Marshelder Pennsylvania Smartweed Prickly Sida or Teaweed Smallflower Morningglory Spurred Anoda Iory Tropic Croton Velvetleat Wild Sunflower Yellow Nutsedge		Oil Concentrate*
•			Leaf Stage	Max. Height	
Slazer	1 pint/A	Black Nightshade Citron Common Ragweed* Crotalaria* Morningglcries Pigwaed, Redroot Smooth Sesbania*	Up to 2 Up to 4 Up to 10 Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 6 Up to 7 Pinnate	<2" 2" 6" 6" 2" 3" 6"	
	J	Tall Waterhemp	Up to 5	3"	

a Choose the rule of **Basagran** (1½ or 2 pints her acre) according to the size and species of the weeds to be controlled with **Basagran** alone (see **Table 18**, **Apulication Rates for Peanuts**). Then add **Blazer** at the rate of 1 pint per acre of needed to control the additional weed species, up to the maximum size, as shown in the tank mix time of application table above. **Blazer** may also be included in the tank mix at a rate of up to 2 pints per acre, however, this will increase the severity and/or frequency with which peanut injury is observed.

of application table above. **Blazer** may also be included in the tarik mix at a rate of up to 2 pints per acre, however, this will increase the severity and/or frequency with which peanut injury is observed.

b Add oil concentrate to the tank mix according to recommendations in **Table 18 Application Rate Table for Peanuts** page 26. The addition of the concentrate may increase the severity and frequency of peanut injury. If crotalaria or sesbania and present add Triton AG-98 at the rate of 1/2 pint per 100 gallons of spray sclution. But do not mix Triton AG-98 with oil concentrate.

BASAGRAN + BLAZER + PO. LIT Tank Mix* -Peanuts

General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

General information Basagran®, Poast® and Blazer® herbicides may be tank mixed for postemergencé control of broadleaf and grass weeds. Weeds must be actively growing and at the recommended growth stages. Refer to Tables 8 and 9, Rate and Time of Application.

Separate applications should be made if: a) all weeds to be controlled are not at the correct growth stage for treatment at the same time, or b) grasses to be controlled include rhizome Johnsongrass, quackgrass. Bermudagrass, wirestem muhly, volunteer corn, shattercane, volunteer cereals, wild oats, red rice or itchgrass See Table 10, Separate Applications.

Refer to Directions for usesovbeans for Water volume and spray pressure, Mixing and for Early spot spray.

Restrictions and limitations

(partial list)
Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for Basagran, Poast and Blazer. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Do not apply tank mix within 90 days of harvest. (See label for Poast)

Do not graze treated peanut fields and do not feed treated peanut forage, ensilage or hay to livestock (see labels for Blazer and Poast) Do not include UAN solution (or ammonium sulfate) when tank mixing Basagran, Blazer and Poast

*Tank mix not applicable in California.

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General and application information, Restrictions and limitations

The tank mix of Basagran plus Starfire will also control certain weeds not controlled by Basagran alone (see Tank Mix Recommendation Table)

Since this tank mix is effective mainly through contact action, thorough coverage of weeds is essential for effective weed control Large crop-and weed-leaf canopies shelter smaller weeds and prevent adequate spray coverage Crop foliage present at application may bronze or crinkle, but the plants will soon outgrow these effects and develop normally

Time and rate of application
The application rates and weed sizes for the use of this tank mix are given in the Rate and Time
Application Table. This tank mix should be applied at the ground crack stage of peanuts to control an early flush of weeds. A second application may be applied up to 28 days after ground crack stage. Do not make more than two applications of this tank mix to the same crop.

Apply the **Basagran** - Starfire tank mix to weeds which are actively

growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in the Application Recommendation Table

Application to weeds which exceed the maximum size stated may result in inadequate control

Spray additives

Always add a nonionic surfactant containing at least 50% surface active agent at the rates listed in the **Tank Mix Recommendation Table** below Do not use crop oil concentrate or any other oil-based additive with this tank mix

Water volume and spray pressure

Use a minimum of 20 gallons of total spray mixture per acre (broadcast basis) and 30-50 ps-pressure and standard high pressure hollow cone or tlat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches, apart Use only ground equipment to apply this tank mix

Mixing

Fill the spray tank half full with water while the agitator is running and add the recommended amount of **Basagran** Starfire and

nonionic surfactant. Then add the remaining quantity of water.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the labels for **Basagran** and Startire. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes.

Do not apply tank mix if peanuts show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide treatment because this injury may be enhanced and or prolonged

Do not apply tank mix during prolonged periods of drought or during unseasonably cold weather as unsatisfactory weed control may result

Do not apply tank mix to peanuts that have been subjected to stress conditions such as hail damage flooding, drought or unseasonably cold or widely fluctuating temperatures because injury may result Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Crops other than peanuts may be severely injured by drift.

*Tank mix not applicable in California

Table 22
BASAGRAN + Starfire Tank Mix-Peanuts
Rate and Time of Application

Product	Product Rate	Weeds Controlled	Weeds Growth Stages	Max. Height	Additive
j			Leaf Stage		
Basagran	1 pinl/A	Ballonvine	? 4	2	Use suitable non
		Beggarticks	Upito 6	6"	i kynic rurfactantiat
		Bristly Starbur	Up to 4	5	(0 125%) v v
		Cocklebur	2.6	6"	1pt 100 gallons
)		Coffee Senna	Up to 1	2"	water or as di-
ļ			Pinnate	!	rected on respec
		Common Ragweed	Up to 6	3"	tive labels
ì		Dayflower	Up to 6	4"	
		Devilsclaw	Up to 6	3"	
İ		Giant Ragweed	Up to 4	6"	
ì		Jimsonweed	Up to 6	6"	1
,	i	Ladysthumb	Up to 6	6"	1
		Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 6	6"	
		Prickly Sida or Teaweed	Up to 4) 2°)
'		Spurréd Anoda	Up to 6	3"	ł
		Tropic Croton	Up to 2	$1 \qquad 2^n$	
		Volvetleaf	Up to 4	2"	•
plu		Wild Sunflower	Up to 4	5"	I
Starfire	0 69 pint/A	Crabgrass, Large	Up to 2	2"	1
	(11 fl oz /A)	Smooth	Up to 2	2"	
	1	Florida Beggarweed	Up to 4	1 4"	•
		Goosegrass	Up to 2	23"	1
		Morningglories	Up to 6	4"	•
		Sr Iflower) 0,100	1	I
	1	Pigweed, Redroot	Un to 6	A"	
		. Smooth	Up to 6	4"	1
)	Sicklepod	Up to 4	4"	I
	1	Tall Waterhemp	Up to 6	4"	1
		Texas Panicum	Up to 2	2"	!

Beans (dry or succulent)—(___rections for use

Apply Basagran® herbicide early postemergence when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in the Application Rate Table for Beans. Such weed growth stages generally correspond to bean stages of greater than one expanded trifoliate leaf

Beans are tolerant to **Basagran** after the first trifoliate leaf has fully expanded. Snap bean injury can be very pronounced. Even at the tolerant stages yellowing, bronzing, speckling or burning of leaves may occur under certain conditions (see **Restrictions and limitations**). This temporary injury is generally outgrown without delaying podset or maturity or

reducing yield. The use of oil concentrate with **Basagran** may increase injury and may reduce yields.

Tolerant bean types are adzuki, navy. pinto, pinks, great Northern, kidney, red, white, cranberry, black turtle soup, small limas, large limas and snap beans.

Table 23
Application Rates for Beans (Dry or Succulent)

	Application Rates for Weed Growth Stages							
	1 Pt. per Acre*		11/2 Pts. per Acre		2 Pts. per Acre			
Weeds Controlled	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height		
Cocklebur (PNW)	2-4**	4"	2-6**	6"	6-10	10"		
Common Lambsquarters†	Up to 4	1"	Up to 6	11/2"***	4-8	2"***		
Coron on Purslane	·	_	Up to 4	1"	4-6	2"		
Common Ragweed			l '—	<u> </u>	4.6	3″		
Devilsclaw				_	Up to 6***	<u>3</u> "		
Galinsoga			_		Cotyledon	2"		
3					Up to 6**			
Giant Ragiveed††	-	-		:	2-4	6"		
Hairy Nightshade****	İ	i (1	•	i I	2-6	4"		
Jimsonweed			Up to 6	6"	6-10	10"		
Ladysthumb			Up to 6	6'	6-10	10"		
Marshelder		_	Up to 4	2"	4-8	4"		
Pennsylvania Smartweed	Up to 4	4"	Up to 6	4"	6-10	10"		
Prickly Sida or Teaweed	'-		Up to 6	3"	6-8	4"		
Shepherdspurset † †	-	Ŋ.	Up to 6	4"	6-10	8"		
Velvetleaf*	Up to 3	2"	Up to 4	2"	4-6***	5"		
Venice Mallow	Up to 4	2"	Up to 6	2"	6-10	4"		
Wild Mustard (PNW)	Up to 4	2"	Up to 6	4"	6-10	10"		
Wild Sunflower	Up to 2	3"	Up to 4	5"	4-6	8"		

'See section Addition of nitrogen solution. Directions for use-all crops.

*Apply before weeds reach the maximum size or leaf stage indicated. If regrowth develops, make a second application of 1 pint 7 to 14 days after the first application. (This rate is not applicable in California.)

**Do not treat earlier than leaf stage shown and do not count cotyledon leaves

***Add oil concentrate according to the Directions for use-all crops

**** Basagran does not adequately control black nightshade

†Control may be partial or inconsistent

It if after the first application a second weed flush develops, re-treat according to this rate table

†††Do not treat rosette before seed stalk appears

PNW-See special directions for Pacific Northwest

Western irrigated area f

In the Western irrigated aleas, it may be necessary to irrigate prior to treatment with Basagran to ensure that weeds are growing actively. Weeds that are growing under moisture stress are not actively growing and are not satisfactorily controlled.

Avoid application of Basagran during prolonged periods of cold weather (day temperature below 75°F and night temperature below 55°F for 2 to 5 days) because weed control may be nullified

Restrictions and limitations

(partial list)
Do not apply Basagran to bean fields until beans have at least the first trifoliate leaf fully expanded because severe crop damage may occur.

Do not apply Basagran to blackeyes grown in California or to garbanzo beans or jupines at any stage of growth, as severe crop damage may occur

Do not apply more than a total of 4 pints of Basagran per acre in one

Do not apply Basagran to dry or succulent beans within 30 days of harvest

Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Beans

Yellow Nutsedge

Two applications are preferred for best results. Apply 11/2 to 2 pints (except Pacific Northwest) of Basagran per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall. If needed, make a second application at the same rate of 7 to 10 days later. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water for each application according to the Direction's for use - all crops.

In California: Apply 2 pints of Basagran per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall. Make a second application at the same rate 10 to 14 days later The use of oil concentrate with Basagran may increase injury and may reduce vields

Canada Thistle

Apply 2 pints of Basagran per acre when plants are from 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later

Field and Hedge Bindweed in KY, IL, IN, MI, OH only

For suppression of field and hedge bindweed, apply 2 or 3 pints of Basacran per acre when vines are a maximum of 10 inches long. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of Basagran/water, according to the Directions for use all crops.

Pacific Northwest (IP, OR, WA)

For control of cocklebur, yellow nutsedge, and wild mustard, use only the 2

For cocklebur, treat when plants are in the 2 to 10 leaf stage and a maximum. height of 10 inches

For yellow nutsedge, follow the directions indicated above using only the 2 pint rate.

For wild mustard, treat when plants are up to the 10 leaf stage and a maximum height of 10 inches

Peas (Dry or Succulent) Exections for use

Apply Basagran® herbicide early postemergence when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in Table 24, the **Application Rates for Peas.** Such weed growth stages generally correspond to pea stages of greater than 3 pairs of leaves (or 4 nodes). Peas are tolerant to Basagran after 3 pairs of leaves (or 4 nodes) are present. Pea injury can be very pronounced. Even at the tolerant stages yellowing, bronzing, speckling or burning of leaves may occur under certain conditions (see Restrictions and limitations).

Western irrigated areas

In the Western irrigated areas, it may be necessary to irrigate prior to treatment with **Basagran** to ensure weeds are growing actively Weeds that are growing under moisture stress are not actively growing and are not satisfactorily controlled

This temporary injury is generally outgrown without delaying podset or maturity or reducing yield.

Tolerant pea types are garden peas, English peas and southern peas.

Avoid application of **Basagran** during prolonged periods of cold weather (day temperature below 75°F and night temperature below 55°F for 2 to 5 days) because weed control may be nullified.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Do not apply **Basagran** to dry or succulent peas within 30 days of harvest

Do not apply **Basagran** to pea fields until peas have at least 3 pairs of leaves (or 4 nodes) because severe crop damage may occur

Do not apply **Basagran** to peas under stress from root rot

In the Southeast, in-furrow treatments of insecticides/nema,icides may possibly predispose the peas to injury from **Basagran**

Do not apply **Basagran** to blackeyes grown in California or to garbanzo bearis or to lupineh at any stage of growth as severe crop damage may occur

Do not apply more than a total of 4 pints of **Basagran** per acre, in, one season

Do not add oil concentrate to Basagran for use on peas, except as directed for use in the Pacific Northwest (PNW).

Table 24
Application Rates for Peas (Dry or Succulent)

Weeds Controlled	Application Rates for Weed Growth Stages					
	11/2 Pints	per Acre	2 Pints per Acre			
	Leaf Stage	Max.Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height		
Cocklebur (PNW)	2-4	6"	6 - 10	10"		
Common Purslane	Up to 4	1"	4 6	2"		
Giant Ragweed'	-	_	2-4	6"		
Hairy Nightshade**	j -		2-6	4"		
Jimsonweed	Up to 6	6"	6 10) 10"		
Ladysthumb	Up to 6	6"	6-10	10"		
Marshelder	Up to 4	2"	48	4"		
Mayweed/Dog Fennel (PNW)		2"	_	3*		
Pennsylvania Smart- weed	Up to 6	4"	6- 10	10"		
Prickly Sida or Teaweed	Up to 6	3"	6-8	4"		
Shepherdspurse"	Up to 6	4"	6 - 10	8"		
Velvetleaf*	Up to 4	2"	46	5"		
Venice Mallow	Up to 3	2"	6-10	4"		
Wild Mustard (PNW)	Up to 6	4"	6~10	10"		
Wild Sunflower	Upis 4	5"	4-6	8"		

For additional weeds see Special Directions section following

'See section Addition of nitrogen solution.

*Do not treat earlier than leaf stage shown and do not count cotyledon leaves

**Basagran does not adequately control black nightshade

'If, after the first application a second weed flush develops, re-treat according to this rate table.

"Do not treat rosette before seed stalk appears

PNW-See special directions for Pacific Northwest.

Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Peas

Ca 'ada Thistle

Apply 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are from 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later.

Pacific Northwest (ID, OR, WA)

For control of cocklebur and wild mustard, use only the 2 pint rate when plants are in the 2 to 10 leaf stage and a maximum height of 10 inches

General information

The tank mix of Basagran® herbicide plus Thistrol® herbicide will control certain weeds not controlled by Basagran alone (see Table 25).

Since this tank mix is effective mainly through contact action, thorough coverage of weeds is essential for effective weed control. Large crop-and-weed leaf canopies earlier shelter smaller weeds and prevent adequate spray coverage. Crop foliage present at application may be injured in the form of yellowing, bronzing, speckling, and/or twisting, but plants usually outgrow this temporary injury and develop normally.

Time and Rate of Application

Application rates and weed sizes for this tank mix are given in **Table 25.** This tank mix should be applied after the three leaf stage (four node stage) of peas, but not later than three nodes before pea flowering.

Apply the tank mix of **Basagran** plus Thistrol to weeds that are actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed. Application to weeds that exceed the maximum size stated may result in inadequate control.

Notice to user

Due to variability among pea cultivars and in application techniques, neither the manufacturers nor the sellers have determined whether or not the tank mix of **Basagran** + Thistrol can be safely used on all pea crops under all conditions. It is therefore recommended that the user determine if the tank mix of **Basagran** · Thistrol can be used safely prior to broad use.

Spray additives

Do not use crop oil concentrate, other oil-based additives, or any other spray additives or surfactants with this tank mix.

Water volume and spray pressure

Use a spray volume of 2C-40 gallons of total spray mixture per acre (broadcast basis) and a maximum of 40 psi pressure with standard high pressure hollow cone or flat fan nozzles spaced 20 inches apart. Use only ground equipment to apply this tank mix

Mixing

Fill the spray tank half full with water and while the agitator is running, add the recommended amount of **Basagran** and Thistrol. Then add the remaining quantity of water.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Read and follow the restrictions and limitations on the Thistrol label. The most restrictive labeling applies in tank mixes

Do not apply tank mix if peas show injury (leaf phytotoxicity and/ or plant stunting) produced by any other prior herbicide treatment because this injury may be enhanced and/or prolonged.

Do not feed treated peas, vines or hay to livestock.

Do not apply tank mix during prolonged periods of drought or during unseasonably cold weather, as un satisfactory weed control may result. Do not apply tank mix to peas that have been subjected to stress conditions such as root rot, hail damage, flooding, drought, or unseasonably cold or widely fluctuating temperatures because injury may result.

Do not apply the tank mix to peas when temperatures exceed 90°F. Do not apply the tank mix to peas after pea flower buds appear Avoid drift to all other crops and non-target areas. Crops other than peas may be severely injured by drift. Cotton, beans, grapes, tomatoes, and ornamentals are particularly sensitive to Thistrol.

Table 25
Application Rates for Tank Mix of BASAGRAN - Thistrol for Peas

	Basagran (Thistrol (Basagran (1 pt./A) · Thistrol (2 pts./A)		
Weeds Controlled	Maximum Leaf Stage	Maximum Height	Maximum Leaf Stage	(3 pts./A) Maximum Height
Canada Thistle*			10 to bud	
Cocklebur**			6	6"
Common Lambsquarters†	A	2"	8	2"
Common Purslane	7	1"	ô	3"
Common Ragweed	"	'	, Š	2* 3*
Field Pepperweed††		_ 4"	6	3"
Giant Ragweed†	6	4"	10	8" 6"
Henbitt	-		4	6"
Jimsonweed	1 -		4	2" 6"
Ladysthumb	4	4"	6	6"
Marshelder	6	6"	10	10"
Pashenik	_	_	4	2"
	_	5"	_	5*
Pennsylvania Smartweed	6	4"	8	6"
Pigweed	5	2"	8	2" 5" 6" 6"
Prickly Sida or Teaweed	6	3"	8	4 "
Shepherdspurse††	6	·4"	10	8"
Velvetleaf†	i		4	2"
Wild Mustard	6	4	10	10"
Wild Radish	l ĕ	4"	10	
Wild Sunflower	l o			10"
* Follow transferred with a new state			4	5"

* Follow treatment with a sequential application of Basagran (2 pints/acre) at 7 to 10 days after tank nix treatment as needed

Do not treat earlier than 2 leaf stage and do not count cotyledon leaves

†Control may be partial or inconsistent

††Do not treat until seed stalk appears

Special Directions for the Pacific Northwest (PNW) Peas (Dry or Succulent)

Addition of oil concentrate to spray tank

A nonphytotoxic oil concentrate (commonly referred to as oil concentrate) may be added to the spray tank. The oil concentrate must contain either a petroleum or vegetable oil base and must meet the following criteria: 1) be nonphytotoxic, 2) contain only EPAexempt ingredients, 3) provide good mixing quality, and 4) be successful in local experience. Additional information may be found in the section entitled Addition of oil concentrate.

Temperature considerations Crop and weeds must be actively growing Basagran® herbicide may be applied during periods of cold weather (day temperatures below 75° F and night temperatures below 55°) provided crop and weeds are actively growing Do not apply Basagran with oil concentrate when temperature exceeds 80°F, as excessive leaf burn may occur.

Restrictions and limitations (partial list)

Do not apply **Basagran** to dry or succulent peas within 30 days of harvest.

Do not apply Basagran to pea fields until peas have at least 3 pairs of leaves (or 4 nodes) because severe crop damage may occur.

Do not apply Basagran to peas under stress from root rot

Do not apply Basagran to blackeyes grown in California, garbanzo beans or chick peas, or to lupines at any stage of growth, as severe crop damage may occur.

Do not apply more than a total of 4 pints of Basagran per acre in one season.

Do not add oil concentrate to Basagran for use on peas except as directed for use in the Pacific Northwest (PNW).

Do not apply Basagran with oil concentrate when temperaturesexceed 80°F

Do not apply oil concentrate with Basagran plus MCP/s tank mix

Challe 26 Application Rates for Pacific Northwest Peas (Dry or Succulent)

	ication Rates for Weed Growth Stages						
	iF	i Pt./A		11/2 Pts./A		2 Pts./A	
Weeds Controlled	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leaf Stage	Max. Height	Leai Stage	Max. Height	
Cocklebur			_	-	2-10	:0*	
Common Lambsquarters*	2-4	1"	4-6	1 1/2"	4.8	2	
Common Purslane	ļ <u>-</u>	-	2-4	1"	4-6	2"	
Giant Ragweed††	[2-4	6 "	
Hairy Nightshade†*	1 -] –	-		2-6	4"	
Jimsonweed] -		2-6	6"	6-10	10"	
Ladysthumb	1 -	٠.	2-6	6"	6-10	10"	
Marshelder] -		2-4	2" 3"	4-8	4"	
Mayweed/Dog Fennel	! -	2"	-	3"		4"	
Pashenik*	ì	-] –	5"]	5"	
Pennsylvania Smartweed	ļ -		2-6	4"	6-10	10"	
Prickly Sida or Teaweed	1 -	-	2-6	3"	6-8	4"	
Shepherdspurse*	i –		2-6	4"	6-10	8"	
Venice Mallow	- 1		2-6	2"	6-10	4"	
Volunteer Radish	-	-	2-6	4"	6-10	10"	
Volunteer Sugar Beets	-	-	2-4	-	4-8	-	
Wild Mustard	2-4	2"	4-6	4"	6-10	10"	
Wild Sunflower	1.2	3″	2-4	5"	4-6	8"	

Control requires the addition of 1-2 pints per acre of oil concentrate (2 pints maximum per acre).

Table 27 Application Rates for PNW Peas (Succulent only)
BASAGRAN Tank Mix with MCPA (0.125 to 0.25 lbs. ae/A)

Ra	ite of BASAC	GRAN"		
	11/2	Pts./A	2 Pts./A	
Weeds Controlled	Leaf	Maximum	Leaf	Maximum
	Stage	Height	Stage	Height
Pinweeds	2-4	1"	4-8	2
Common Lambsquarters	2-4	1"	4-8	2"

[†]Basagran does not adequately control black nightshade. ††If second weed flush occurs, retreat according to this table.

Established Pepp nint and Spearmint-Directions for use

Apply Basagran early postemergence when weeds are small and actively growing and before weeds reach the maximum size listed in Table 28 Application Rates for Peppermint and Spearmint.

Peppermint and spearmint are tolerant to **Basagran**; however, some leaf-burning may occur under certain conditions, such as when plants are growing very actively and have extensive new, succulent tissue. Mint plants generally outgrow this condition within 10 days.

Irrigated areas

In irrigated areas it r , oe necessary to irrigate prior to treatment with **Basagran** to ensure that weeds are growing actively. Weeds growing under drought conditions or unseasonably cold weather usually are not satisfactorily controlled.

Restrictions and limitations
Do not apply more than a total of 8 pints of **Basagran** per acre in one season.

Table 28
Application Rates for Peppermint and Spearmint

	2 Pints	per Acre	4 Pints per Acre		
Weeds Controlled	Leaf Staye	Max. Height	Lesf Stage	Max. Height	
Common Lambsquarters*	4-8**	2"			
Common Ragweed	4-6"	3"	_		
Hairy Nightshade***	2–6	4"	6-10	6"	
Kochia	NA NA	2" **	NA	4" **	
Ladysthumb	6-10	10"	·—	1 —	
Pennsylvania Smartweed	6-10	10"	_	\	
Wild Mustard	6-10	8"	-	-	

For additional weeds see Special Directions section following.

*Control may be partial or inconsistent.

"Add oil concentrate according to the Directions for use - all crops.

***Basagran does not adequately control black nightshade.

NA not applicable.

Special Directions for Other Weed Problems in Peppermint and Spearmint

Yellow Nutsedge

Apply 2 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are 6 to 8 inches tall. Make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran**/water for each application according to the **Directions for use – all crops.**

Canada Thistle

Apply 4 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are from 8 inches tall to the bud stage. Make a second application at the same rate 7 to 10 days later

Common Groundsel

Apply 2 to 3 pints of **Basagran** per acre when plants are less than 3 inches tall. Add oil concentrate to the spray solution of **Basagran**/water, according to the **Directions for use—all crops.**

The following are scientific names for the weeds listed in this section. For specific recon mendations on control of these weeds, refer to the major crop and/or tank mix sections.

ेर्भेoadleaf Weeds

Common Name Scientific Name Arrowhead (Water Plantain) Sagittaria spp. Cardiospermum halicacabum Balloonvine Beggarticks Bidens frondosa Bindweed Field Convolvulus arvensis Hedge Convolvulus sepium **Bristly Starbur** Acanthospermum hispidum Butterprint (see Velvetleaf) Buttonweed (see Velvetleaf) Canada Thistle Cirsium arvense

Citron (Wild Watermelon) Cocklebur Citrullus vulgaris Xanthium strumarium Coffee Senna Cassia occidentalis Common Lambsquarters Chenopodium album Common Purslane Portulaca oleracea Crotalaria Crotalaria spectabilis Commelina spp Dayflower Devilsclaw Probiscidea louisianica Ducksalad Heteranthera limosa Florida Beggarweed Desmodium tortuosum Florida Pusley Richardi i scabra Galinsoga Galinsoga spp Groundsel, Common Senecio vulgaris Jimsonweed Dalura stramonium Kochia Kochia scoparia Ladysthumb Polygonum persicaria Marshelder Iva xanthiololia Mayweed/Dog Fennel Anthemis cotula Morningglory, Cypressvine Entireleaf ipumoea quamoclit Ipomoea hederacea var integriuscula , Ivyleaf Ipomoea heduracea lpomoea wrightii Morningglory, Palmleaf Pitted Ipomoea lacunosa **Purple Moonflower** luomoea muricata Smallflower

Jacquemontia tamnilolia Tall (Common) Ipomoea purpurea Nightshade, Black Solanum nigrum . Hairv Solanum sarachoides Pashenik Pennsylvania Smartweed Polygonum pensylvanicum Pigweed, Redroot Amaranthus retroflexus Amaranthus hybridis Smooth Prickly Sida or Teaweed Sida spinosa Ragweed, Common Ambrosia artemisiifolia Giant Ambrosia trifida Redstern Ammannia spp Redweed Melochia corchorifolia Sesbania Sesbania exaltata Shepherdspurse Capsella bursa-pastoris Sicklepod Cassia obtusilolia Spurred Anoda Tropic Croton Anoda caristata Croton glandulosus Abutilon theophrasti Velvetleaf Venice Mallow Hibiscus trionum Raphanus sativus Volunteer Radish Beta vulgaris Volunteer Sugar beets Waterhemp, Tall Amaranthus tuberculatus Waterplantain, Common Alisma Triviale Wild Buckwheat Polygonum convolvulus Wild Mustard Sinapsis arvensis

Euphorbia heteropt., ila

Raphanus raphanistrum

Helianthus annuus

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Wird Poinsettia

Wild Sunflower

Wild Radish

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Common Name	Scientific Name
Annual Sedges	Cyperus spp.
Bulrush, River	Scirpus fluviatilis
Roughseed	Scirpus mucronatus
Spikerush	Eleocharis macrostachya
Umbiellaplant, Smallflower	Cyperus difformis
Yellow Nutsedge	Cyperus esculentus

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