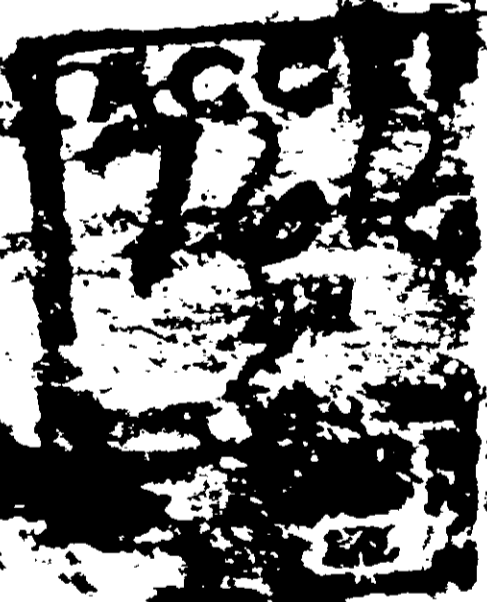


KEMEX II POOL CHLORINE

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Dichloro-s-Triazinetrione Dihydrate
Available Chlorine



See first aid

NET WEIGHT
8 1/2 POUNDS

The use of KEMEX II stabilized chlorine also requires the one time use of KEM TEK ch This two component system results in a longer lasting chlorine residual and reduced ch tion. Stabilization directions may be found on KEM TEK stabilizer packages.

The control of pH is greatly simplified using KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine. You 1/2 to 1/4 the amount of acid usually applied. KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine provid of chlorine for disinfecting action. It requires less storage space and maintains co regardless of storage time. It is economical to use. After the pool is stabilized, you wi KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine less often than other types of chlorine.

INSTRUCTIONS

on Back
POOL STARTUP: When starting up a new pool, superchlorinate to satisfy chlorine demand a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Add 2 oz. KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water.

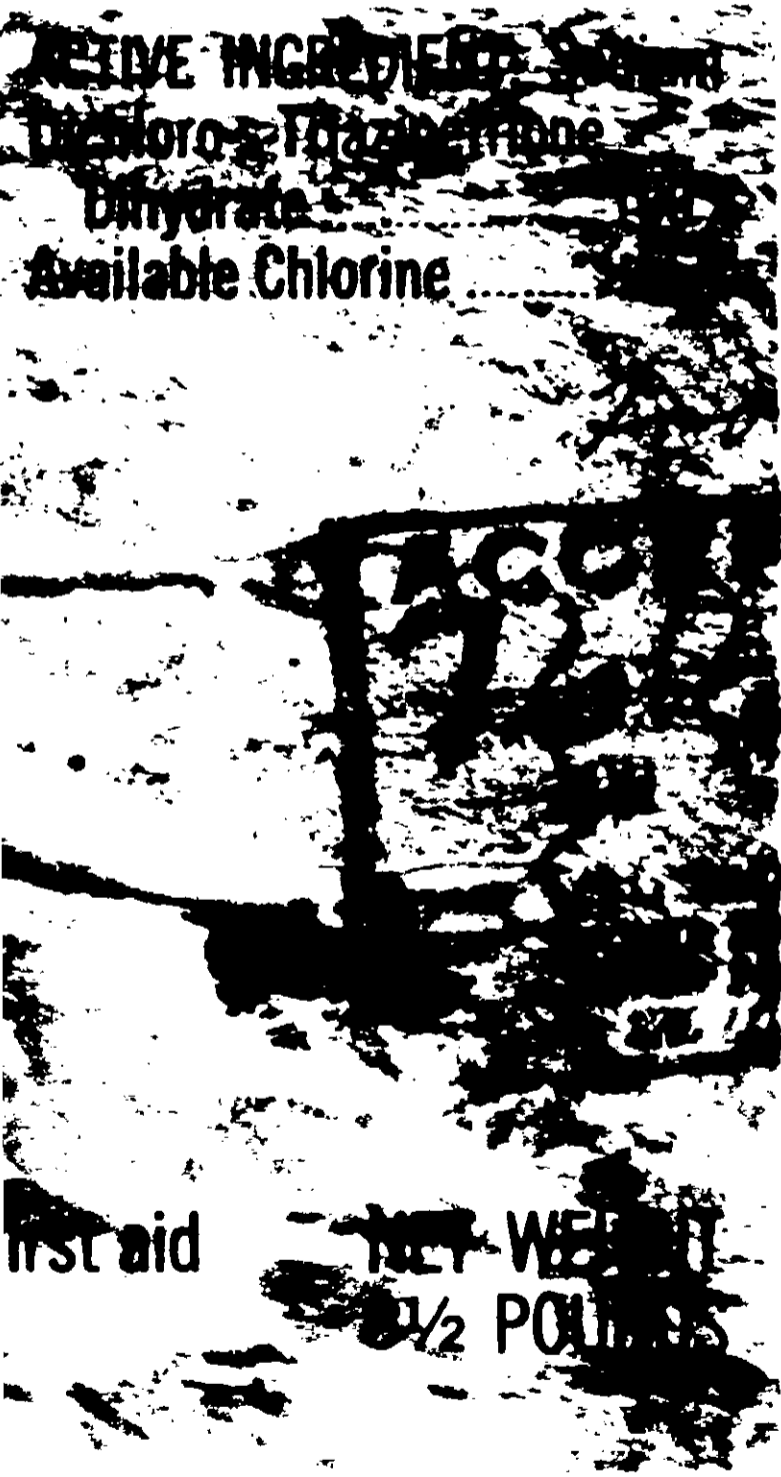
DAILY: KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine should be added daily or as needed at the rate of 1 oz. per 1,000 gallons of pool water to maintain a chlorine residual at all times of 1.0 ppm. The tables following are a handy reference for average chlorine requirements. Use a reliable test kit to determine the actual chlorine residual in your pool.

The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 7.6.

SUPERCHLORINATION: A shock treatment should be made every week during hot weather and after heavy rains. Less frequent shock treatment may be made during cool weather. For shock treatment, add 2 oz. of KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water. Swimmers should not enter the pool after the shock treatment until the chlorine residual has reached the 1.0 ppm to 2.0 ppm range.

NOTE: Keep in mind that a slight flexibility must be maintained in the event of heavy rains, heavy dust and dirt caused by storms or heavy swimming loads. These will require additional dosing to maintain the chlorine residual between 1.0 ppm and 2.0 ppm.

KEMEX II CHLORINE



The use of KEMEX II stabilized chlorine also requires the one time use of KEM TEK chlorine stabilizer. This two component system results in a longer lasting chlorine residual and reduced chlorine consumption. Stabilization directions may be found on KEM TEK stabilizer packages.

The control of pH is greatly simplified using KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine. You will require from 1/2 to 1/4 the amount of acid usually applied. KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine provides a stable form of chlorine for disinfecting action. It requires less storage space and maintains constant strength regardless of storage time. It is economical to use. After the pool is stabilized, you will need to apply KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine less often than other types of chlorine.

INSTRUCTIONS

POOL STARTUP: When starting up a new pool, superchlorinate to satisfy chlorine demand and establish a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Add 2 oz. KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water.

DAILY: KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine should be added daily or as needed at the rate of 1/8 to 1/4 oz. per 1,000 gallons of pool water to maintain a chlorine residual at all times of 1.0 ppm to 2.0 ppm. The tables following are a handy reference for average chlorine requirements. Use a reliable test kit to determine the actual chlorine residual in your pool.

The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 7.6.

SUPERCHLORINATION: A shock treatment should be made every week during hot weather or after heavy rains. Less frequent shock treatment may be made during cool weather. For shock treatment, add 2 oz. of KEMEX II Concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water. Swimmers should not be permitted in the pool after the shock treatment until the chlorine residual has reached the 1.0 ppm to 2.0 ppm range.

NOTE: Keep in mind that a slight flexibility must be maintained in the event of heavy accumulations of dust and dirt caused by storms or heavy swimming loads. These will require additional dosages as needed to maintain the chlorine residual between 1.0 ppm and 2.0 ppm.