

Center immediately. Drink one or two glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of throat with a finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if indicated.

d. Use in food handling establishments can imply use in U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Meat and Poultry Plants. Therefore, either add the statement "Not for Use in USDA Meat and Poultry Plants," or submit an application to USDA requesting use in these areas. If granted, you can then indicate on the label that the product can be used in these areas.

e. Under FOR USE ON PLANTS, INDOORS clarify the phrase beginning, "To protect plants in greenhouses . . ."

f. Add "Extremely Flammable" to the beginning of the Physical and Chemical Hazards because your contains Propane and Isobutane.

g. Following the instructions to treat carpets add "Allow carpet to dry thoroughly before use."

h. Add the following to the end of bedbug instructions:

Allow treated articles to dry thoroughly before use.

i. Under Precautionary Statements add:

Wear full-faced gas mask with canister type recommended for general insecticide protection for applying indoors as a space spray.

Do not apply this product in patient rooms or in any rooms while occupied by the elderly or infirm. Do not apply to classrooms when in use. Remove or cover fish bowls before application.

j. Under pet directions add:

Do not use on old, sick or debilitated animals. Do not treat puppies or kittens less than 3 months old.

k. The statement should read "Do not use in serving areas while food is exposed or facility is in operation."

3. Please provide the following product chemistry information:
 - a. On the Confidential Statement of Formula (CSF) complete Block 17 including the units.
 - b. Submit a Statement of Composition which is a complete description of the manufacturing/formulation process. Describe equipment used, mixing time, temperature, etc.

4. Submit five (5) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment. Refer to the A-79 Enclosure for a further description of final printed labeling.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA sec. 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

George T. LaRocca
Product Manager 15
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch
Registration Division (H7505C)

Enclosure

BEST AVAILABLE COPY



FLYING and CRAWLING INSECTICIDE

A Combination of Insecticides Offering Quick Knockdown and Residual Kill of Crawling Insects for up to 4 Weeks.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*† Permethrin (3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl(±) cis, trans-3-(2,2-dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate 0.15%w/w
 d-Trans Allethrin..... 0.25%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 99.60%
 100.00%w/w

*Cis/trans isomers ratio: min. 35%(±)cis and max. 65%(±)trans.
 †U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163.
 •Roussel Bio's Premex® brand of permethrin insecticide.
 Roussel Bio Corporation, 400 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs, N.J. 07632

PRECAUCION AL CONSUMIDOR: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamente.
(TO THE USER: If you cannot read English, do not use this product until the label has been fully explained to you.)

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
 CAUTION**
 SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL
 PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND
 STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Can be used in non-food areas of food handling establishments such as garbage rooms, lavatories, floor drains (to sewers), entries, vestibules and hallways, offices, locker rooms, machine rooms, basements, boiler rooms, garages, utility rooms, mop closets and storage rooms (after canning or bottling).

NET WEIGHT: 13 ozs / 17 ozs.

EPA Reg. No. 7405- EPA Est. No. 7405-FI-1

CHEMICAL Packaging CORPORATION
 FT LAUDERDALE FL 33310 SOUTH EL MONTE CA 91733

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION
 Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Harmful if in areas of food processing plants, restaurants, or other areas prepared or processed. Do not use in serving areas until all food handling surfaces and cover or remove thoroughly after treatment.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT
 If in eyes or on skin, flush with plenty of water. Get clothing off and wash thoroughly.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS
 This pesticide is highly toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to marshes, and potholes. Drift from treated areas may harm aquatic life.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS
 Contents under pressure. Do not use or store near incinerate container. Exposure to temperatures above 120°F may cause container to rupture. Do not apply this product in conduits, motor housings, electrical equipment because of possible shock hazard. Do not harm or stain by water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
 It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with the label directions.

STORAGE: Do not store near heat or open flame. Keep water-based formulation at temperatures below 32°F.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Replace cap and wrap container. Discard in trash.

Shake well before each use. Remove protective cap. Push button to spray.

FOR USE IN NON-FOOD AREAS INDOORS AND OUTDOORS: MOTELS, HOMES, PRESCHOOLS, NURSERIES, LATHOUSES, SEED HOUSES, FOOD HANDLING PROCESSING PLANTS, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL STORAGE BUILDINGS, DAIRIES, MILK STORAGE SUPERMARKETS, RESTAURANTS, BOTTLING PLANTS, MILLS, BAKERIES, AND HOSPITALS. IN HOSPITALS, USE ONLY IN NON-PATIENT AREAS. ALSO FOR USE IN AUTOMOBILES, TRUCKS, AND BOXCARS. AND HORSE STABLES. IN HORSE STABLES, NOT FOR USE ON HORSES OR FOR FOOD.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE (Con

PESTS INDOORS

For residual and contact control of cockroaches (waterbugs), crickets, silverfish (fleabats), clover mites, millipedes, centipedes, earwigs, sowbugs (pillbugs), spiders, ants, clothes moths, carpet beetles, boxelder bugs, scorpions, spider beetles, grasshoppers, house flies, mosquitoes, gnats, fruit flies, cluster flies, flying moths, confused flour beetles, saw-toothed grain beetles, shiny spider beetles, grain mites, red flour beetles, angoumois grain moths, lesser grain borers, cigarette beetles, drug store beetles, chocolate moths- Spray thoroughly into hiding places such as cracks, crevices, moist areas, openings around pipes and sinks, under refrigerators, baseboards, and storage areas. Spray directly on insects where possible.

GRAIN INSECTS: For residual use, to control confused flour beetles, saw-toothed grain beetles, spider beetles, shiny spider beetles, grain mites, red flour beetles, angoumois grain moths, grain weevils, Indian meal moths, Mediterranean flour moths, lesser grain borers, cigarette beetles, drug store beetles, chocolate moths, carpet beetles- Avoid contamination of other food and foodstuffs in the areas by removing before spraying. Spray directly on exposed stages and into cracks and crevices where grain insects may be hiding. Dispose of all infested products. The shelves and drawers should be cleaned and thoroughly sprayed so as to contact all pests, and covered with shelf paper after allowing shelves to dry. Any utensils that are contacted with spray should be washed before using. Repeat as necessary.

SPIDERS: Spray directly on these pests and use repeated applications to the webbing and all cracks and crevices which harbor spiders

ANTS: To kill ants, spray trails, nests and points of entry within buildings and homes. Spray directly on ants where possible. Repeat as necessary.

WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES: Application should be made in the late evening when insects are at rest. Spray liberally into hiding and breeding places, especially under attic rafters, contacting as many insects as possible. Repeat as necessary.

HOUSE FLIES, MOSQUITOES, CLUSTER FLIES, GNATS, FRUIT FLIES, FLYING MOTHS: Close off all doors and windows. Point nozzle upward. Direct spray mist to all parts of the room, especially windows and other light sources which attract these insects. Fill the room with mist, then leave the treated area. Keep the room closed for at least 15 minutes. Ventilate the room when treatment is completed.

CARPET BEETLES AND CLOTHES MOTHS: To Treat Carpets- Hold container 14-18 inches (36-46 cm) from carpet. Apply spray evenly, covering the entire surface until slightly moist. Spray underside of carpet when possible. Avoid wetting or soaking. To Treat Garments, Blankets, Carpets and Other Fabrics Before Storage- Dry clean or wash before treatment and after storage. Apply spray evenly, covering the material on both sides until slightly moist. For best results, place treated materials in plastic bags after drying, and store in a dark place. Also spray floor and baseboards, closets, cracks, crevices, infested areas of shelving and/or wherever these insects are seen or suspected

CONTACT APPLICATION ONLY: (Not for Residual Control of Fleas, Ticks and Bedbugs)

FLEAS, BROWN DOG AND LONE STAR TICKS ON DOGS, CATS AND PREMISES: Spray animals along back, under forelegs and on other areas, except scrotum and anus. Part hair to contact skin

and insure good coverage. Hold nozzle about one foot (30 cm) away while spraying. Apply until hair is thoroughly moist. Do not spray directly in eyes, mouth or nose of animal. To prevent reinfestation, thoroughly spray the animals' bedding and other resting areas until the surface is slightly moist contacting as many insects as possible. Treat the floor areas, cracks and crevices in the floor and along baseboards at the rate of 2 seconds per linear foot (30 cm) at a distance of 12 to 18 inches (30-45 cm). Also spray the entire inside surface of dog houses.

FOR BEDBUGS: Apply as a spot treatment to cracks and crevices, around baseboards, floorboards, bedboards and walls. First thoroughly clean and air mattresses and springs. Then spot treat only areas that may harbor bedbugs, concentrating on tufts, folds and seams. Repeat as necessary. For persistent infestations, consult professional applicator.

PESTS OUT-OF-DOORS

PESTS ON OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDINGS: Use this product to control ants, clover mites, crickets, earwigs, millipedes and sowbugs (pillbugs) on the outside surfaces of buildings. To help prevent infestation of buildings treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet (0.5 to 1 m), where pests are active and may find entrance. Also, apply as a residual spray to outside surfaces of buildings, including porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, garages, refuse dumps, and other areas where these pests congregate or have been seen. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness.

HOUSE FLIES, MOSQUITOES, CLUSTER FLIES, GNATS, FLYING MOTHS: For outdoor use only as an aid in reducing annoyance from these insects. Spray outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, in garages, and other places where these insects might or congregate. Repeat as necessary.

ANTS, LONE STAR TICKS, CRICKETS, FLEAS, AND EARWIGS: For treatment of localized infestations of these insects in outdoor areas where there are weeds or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. For ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways. Repeat application as infestations warrant and as reinfestations occur.

WASPS, HORNETS, YELLOW JACKETS, BEES: Application should be made in late evening when insects are at rest. Aim spray at nest openings in ground, bushes, and in cracks and crevices which may harbor nests, saturating nest openings and contacting as many insects as possible.

Spray no direct above (?)

CONTACT AND RESIDUAL SPRAY- Apply spray to plants covering all foliage. Avoid heavy wetting

INDOORS: To protect plants in greenhouses and lathhouses, and for indoor landscaping. Spray directly on insects to kill leafrollers, armyworms, cutworms, cabbage worms on chrysanthemums; lungus gnats on velvet plants. Spray as directed above. Spray as directed above to control aphids, armyworms, corn earworms, fall cankerworms, inchworms, Japanese beetles, leafminers, leafrollers, and whiteflies on the following plants:

Ageratum	English Ivy	Piggy-back plant
Ardelia	Fuchsia	Polka-dot plant
Aster	Glaucolius	Portulaca
Azalea	Grape Ivy	Polka-dot

Baby's breath
Begonia
Birds-nest fern
Bleeding heart
Carnation
Coleus
Crown of thorns
Cockscomb
Cyclamen
Dracena
Dumbcane

Hypoestes
Ivy
Juniper
Lily
Marigold
Orchid
Palms
Pansy
Piperomia
Petunia
Philodendron

Prayer Plant
Purple Passion
Rabbit's foot fern
Rose
Schiffelia
Snapdragon
Snake Plant
Stalice
Velvet Plant
Verbena
Zinnia

If application is to be made indoors, remove infested plants from living areas prior to application. Spray plants in an area not likely to be occupied by children or pets (particularly fish). When leaves dry, plants can be returned to original location. Use with CAUTION on ferns, palms and luchsia. As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysanthemums and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 2-3 hours, and check for possible injury. Repeat applications may be necessary to control citrus black flies on non-bearing citrus; adult Japanese beetles on roses

OUTDOORS: Spray as described above in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50°F to 75°F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first indication of insect pests. On those plants that will flower during the season, the spray schedule should be completed before blossom formation. Repeat as necessary; use intervals of 4 to 8 days. PRAMEX application can be made up to the day of collection

Spray as directed above to control aphids, cicadas, corn earworms, fall cankerworms, inchworms, leafminers, leafrollers, mealybugs, spider mites, exposed thrips and whiteflies on the following plants:

Ageratum	Gold bells	Pea shrub
Aster	Hypoestes	Petunia
Azalea	Ivy	Philodendron
Begonia	Juniper	Polka-dot
Coleus	Lilac	Rhododendron
Common ninebark	Marigold	rose
Common snowberry	Mock Orange	Snapdragon
Exacum	Nannyberry	Taxus
Etionymous	Orchid	Wax plants
English Ivy	Palm	Weeping fig
Glaucolius	Pansy	Zinnia

TO KILL TENT CATERPILLARS: Application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed (usually late spring). For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Aim spray directly at tents, and saturate on all sides. Repeat as necessary

WARRANTY STATEMENT

Our recommendations for use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice. The buyer must assume all responsibility, including injury or damage resulting from its misuse as such, or in combination with other materials.