MAR 24 1986

Forshaw Chemicals 650 State Street Charlotte, NC 28208

Attention: Mike H. Freeman

Gentlemen:

Subject:

No-Mo-Stane, EPA Registration No. 7234-1 Penwar, EPA Registration No. 7234-7 Lumberite, EPA Registration No. 7234-9 Pentacon-40, EPA Registration No. 7234-11

No-Mo-Stane IV, EPA Registration No. 7234-15

Penwar 1-5, EPA Registration No. 7234-16 Cree-Pen, EPA Registration No. 7234-18 Pre-Care, EPA Registration No. 7234-26

No-Mo-Stane Liq., EPA Registration No. 7234-32

Forpen-50, EPA Registration No. 7234-57 Pentacon-5, EPA Registration No. 7234-60 Pentacon 7, EPA Registration No. 7234-61 Pentacon 10, EPA Registration No. 7234-62

Lumberite Rondets, EPA Registration No. 7234-72

Your Letter Dated February 7, 1986

Telephone Communication Dated March 11, 1986

The purpose of this correspondence is to amend the Agency's letter of March 11, 1986, accepting the labeling of the products referred to above. This action will continue to accept the labeling with the incorporation of additional comments previously omitted because of review error. Five copies of the finished labeling must be submitted before you relesse the product for shipment.

Corrections will be required for the ingredient statements of those labels bearing incorrect percentages for each ingredient statement and the sum total in each product must read 100%. The decimal points and numbers must be correctly aligned for convient reading purposes. The active ingredient percentage must be based upon the percentage accepted under the registration issuance, unless otherwise approved by the Agency under separate product registration amendments.

Delete such references to pentachlorophenol derivatives or related compounds from the active ingredient statements. The percentage of such references must be incorporated into the existing single active ingredient statement listed as pentachlorophenol. The same deletion recommendation applies to petroleum solvents, hydrocarbons, and repellents which are considered as inert ingredients. Their percentages must be incorporated into the inert ingredient statements. The sum of the active and inect ingredient percentages must total 100%.

As indicated in your February 7, 1986 letter, the confidental statement of formula that you intend to submit to the Agency in the near future must correctly correspond with each label's ingredient statement and must completely indicate accurate data itemized on the statements.

Sincerely yours,

Henry M. Jacoby Product Manager

Fungicide-Herbicide Branch Registration Division (TS-767c)

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The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, is acceptable subject to the comments listed below. Five copies of the finished labeling must be submitted at the next printing.

Correct the spelling of "pentachlorophenol to" in the statement that reads "Do not apply pentachlorophenolto wood intenesd for farrowing or brooding facilities."

Stamped copies of each label are enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

Henry M. Jacoby Product Hanager (21)
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (TS-767C)

Enclosures

CEPTED with COMMENTS h EPA Letter Dated: MAR 11, 1986 MAR 2 4 1986

PENTACHLOROPHENOL FOR SAPSTAIN CONTROL

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No.

RESTRICTED USE

For sale to and use only for by certified applicates of by per under their supervision and only for those was a supervision and only for those was a supervision. under their supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

Product name: NO-MO-STANE IV

Ingredient statement:

Borax 60.0%

Sodium Pentachlorophenate 31.6%

Sodium Salts of other Chlorophenols 4.48 Inert Ingredients

4.0%

100% TOTAL:

120%

Keep Out of Reach of Children Danger

Statement of Practical Treatments

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical

attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical

attention.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Get medical

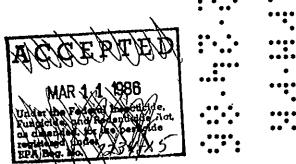
attention.

7.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product is a metabolic stimulant. Causes hyperthermia. Treat symptomatically.

Refer to additional precautionary information elsewhere on the label under the heading "Precautionary Statements: Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals".

Forshaw Chemicals, Inc. 650 State Street Charlotte, NC 28208 EPA registration number: 7234-15 Establishment number: 7234-NC-2 Net Contents:



Precautionary Statements: Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Danger: May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Causes skin and eye irritation. Causes delayed chemical burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, spray mist, or dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Wash thoroughly after skin contact, before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products, or using restrooms.

The U.S. EPA has determined that pentachlorophenol can produce defects in the offspring of laboratory animals. Exposure to pentachlorophenol during pregnancy should be avoided.

For powder formulations of pentachlorophenate:

Until August 31, 1987, a closed emptying and mixing system must used or protective clothing (including respirator, gloves, long-sleeved shirts and long pants or disposable coveralls) must be emptying and mixing powder formulations when pentachlorophenate. After September 1, 1987, a closed system must powder used when emptying and mixing formulations pentachlorophenate. A closed system is defined as any containment which prevents the release of subject chemicals into surrounding external environment, except that release of incidental amounts of chemical during equipment loading and periodic clean-out maintenance operations shall not be deemed a breach containment.

For the spray method of application:

Spray apparatus must (1) be operated so as to minimize overspray (i.e., no visible mist) and (2) be free of leaks in the system. Should there be a visible mist, spray applicators in the vicinity of the apparatus (the zone in which the mist is visible) must wear a respirator and protective clothing (including overalls, jackets, gloves, boots, and head covering) impervious to the wood treatment formulation and goggles.

Individuals who enter, clean, or repair vats, tanks or related equipment that is contaminated with wood treatment solution must wear a respirator. In addition, where dermal is exposed, these individuals must wear overalls, jackets, boots, head covering impervious to the wood treatment formulation, and goggles.

Applicators must wear gloves impervious to the wood treatment: formulation in all situations where dermal contact is expected (for example, during the application process and when handling freshly treated wood).

Protective clothing must be changed then it shows signs of contamination. Launder non-disposable protective olething separately from other household clothing. Dispose of worn-out protective clothing and workshoes or boots in any general landfill, in the trash, or in any other manner approved for pesticide disposal.

Applicators must not eat, drink, or use tobacco products during those parts of the application process that may expose them to the wood treatment formulation.

NOTE TO USER: As used on this label, the term "respirators" means properly fitting, well-maintained, half-mask canister or cartridge respirators which are MSHA/NIOSH-approved for polynuclear aromatics and organic vapors. Examples of acceptable materials for protective clothing (e.g., gloves, overalls, jackets, and boots) required during application and handling of pentachlorophenol are polyvinyl acetate (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), neoprene, NBR (Buna-N).

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Close container after each use.

Directions for Use

It is violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For lumber less than 2" thick, dip in a solution containing 10 lbs. of NO-MO-STANE IV in 100 U.S. Gallons of Water. For lumber 2" thicker, for packaged lumber, for spray application of lumber, logs, timber, poles, and posts use 10 lbs.NO-MO-STANE IV dissolved in 50 U.S. Gallons of Water. For EXPORT TIMBERS, LOGS, and POLES in areas of extremely hot and humid conditions such as tropical sub-tropical climate, dip or spray with solution of 10 lbs. of NO-MO-STANE IV in 33 U.S. Gallons of Water. Properly stack all lumbered dipped in NO-MO-STANE IV solution in piles with good foundations to allow adequate ventilation. Roof all piles to protect lumber from: ... Control of vegetation around stacks is recommended to afford ... better air circulation. HELPFUL HINTS for ACHIEVING MORE SATISFACTORY RESULTS. Use STAIN FREE LOGS. Surface treatment of boards from stain infected logs HELPFUL HINTS for ACHIEVING MORE SATISFACTORY RESULTS. will not prevent the spreading of fungi already present and: interior stain may develop. Dip or spray LOGS and LUMBER as soon interior stain may develop. as possible after cutting. Delays in spraying or dipping in excess. of 24 hours or more after cutting may not yield effective results. Weather conditions play an important part in obtaining effective stain and mold control. Using higher strength solutions in periods

of hot and humid weather may be highly beneficial. Complete surface wetting of all stock is necessary. Use a MIXING TANK so that solutions may be accurately prepared. Do not attempt to portion out the contents of this bag. UPON OPENING THIS BAG OF NO-MO-STANE IV COMPLETELY EMPTY CONTENTS IN PROPER AMOUNT OF WATER.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in area which has limited access to unauthorized personnel. Store in an area which will not become wet from leaks or rainfall.

Pesticide disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

