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Final
7/23/77

PENTACHLOROPHENOL
FOR GROUNDLINE TREATMENT OF UTILITY POLES

RESTRICTED USE

For sale to and use only for by certified applicators or by persons under their supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

Product name: PENTACON - 40

Ingredient statement:

Pentachlorophenol	34.40%
Other Chlorophenols & Related Compounds	4.00%
Petroleum Solvents	60%
Inerts	1.6%

Keep Out of Reach of Children
Danger

Statement of Practical Treatments

If swallowed: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air. Get medical attention.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: This product is a metabolic stimulant. Causes hyperthermia. Treat symptomatically.

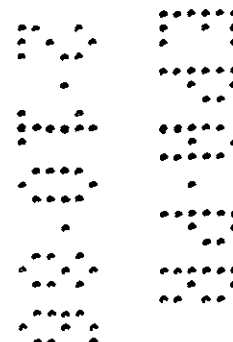
Refer to additional precautionary information elsewhere on the label under the heading "Precautionary Statements: Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals".

Forshaw Chemicals, Inc.
650 State Street
Charlotte, NC 28208
EPA registration number: 7234-
Establishment number: 7234-NC-2
Net Contents:

ACCEPTED

MAR 11 1986

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 7234-11



Precautionary Statements: Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

Danger: May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Causes delayed chemical burns. Do not take internally. Avoid breathing vapors, spray mist, or dust. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after skin contact, and before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products, or using restrooms.

The U.S. EPA has determined that pentachlorophenol can produce defects in the offspring of laboratory animals. Exposure to pentachlorophenol during pregnancy should be avoided.

Applicators must wear gloves impervious to the wood treatment formulations (e.g., polyvinyl acetate (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), or neoprene) in all situations where dermal contact is expected (e.g., during the actual application process and when handling freshly treated wood).

Applicators must wear long sleeved shirts, long pants, and an impermeable apron during the application and mixing processes and all situations where dermal contact is expected.

Work clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Launder work clothing separately from other household clothing. Dispose of worn-out work clothing and workshoes or boots in any general landfill, in the trash, or in any other manner approved for pesticide disposal.

Applicators must not eat, drink, or use tobacco products during those parts of the application process that may expose them to the wood treatment formulation.

Wash thoroughly after skin contact, and before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products, or using restrooms.

Environmental Hazards

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

Physical and Chemical Hazards

Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Close container after each use.

Directions for Use

It is violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Dilute this product with a moderately heavy petroleum solvent to prepare a solution for the goundline treatment of poles and other wood products. After excavating and inspecting pole, pour this product around pole and into soil as pole is back filled. Use from 1-1/2 to 5 gallons of diluted product depending on size of pole and specification existant. This product can also be used to soak absorbent bandages for pole and repair and may be injected into poles using low pressure application techniques.

Storage and Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.
Storage: Store as a pesticide

Pesticide disposal: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.