



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF  
CHEMICAL SAFETY AND  
POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 2, 2011

Robert Smith, Technical Director  
Alexander Chemical Corporation  
P.O. Box 415  
Kingsbury, IN. 46345

Subject: Sodium Hypochlorite 12.5%  
EPA Registration Number 7151-20001  
Application Date: March 7, 2011

Dear Mr. Smith:

The Agency has reviewed your submission in accordance with continuing registration under the Federal Insecticide Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, and determined the action to be acceptable with the following conditions:

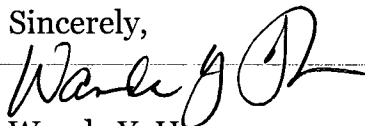
- Line up the ingredient statements with a clean left indentation; and,
- Delete Ingredients from the phrase Total Ingredients.

Your certification regarding Child-Resistant Packaging (CRP) was incomplete and must be resubmitted. Your certification must demonstrate compliance with the standards and provisions of 40 CFR 157.32 including the revised effectiveness standards in 16 CFR 1700.15(b), and the revised testing procedures in 16 CFR 1700.20 as published in 60 FR 37710 (July 21, 1995). In addition, your certification must include a statement describing the type of packaging used and its designation using the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard D3475-95 "Standard Classification of Child-Resistant Packages. All applicable product sizes must be packaged in CRP.

In summary, you have requested the creation of a "master label" to encompass all of the registered uses from the Sodium and Calcium Hypochlorite Re-registration Eligibility Decision (RED) document. A stamped copy of the conditionally accepted labeling is enclosed. Submit one copy of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

If you have any questions about this letter, please contact Tom Luminello by telephone, (703) 308-8075, or by e-mail at [luminello.tom@epa.gov](mailto:luminello.tom@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Wanda Y. Henson". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, stylized initial "W".

Wanda Y. Henson  
Acting Product Manager 32  
Regulatory Management Branch II  
Antimicrobials Division (7510 P)

{Master Label}

# SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE 12.5%

<b>Active Ingredient:</b>	
Sodium Hypochlorite.....	12.5%
Other Ingredients.....	87.5%
Total Ingredients.....	100.0%
Available Chlorine.....	11.9 %

## DANGER

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

### FIRST AID

**If in eyes**, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or medical physician for further treatment advice.

**If on skin or clothing**, take off all contaminated clothing and rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 – 20 minutes. Call a poison control center or medical physician for treatment advice.

**If swallowed**, call poison control center or medical physician immediately for treatment advice. Have exposed person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING** unless told to do so by poison control center or medical physician, **DO NOT** give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**If inhaled**, move exposed person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or medical physician for further treatment advice.

Have the product label with you when calling or going for medical treatment.  
For Emergency Assistance Call CHEMTREC: (800) 424 - 9300

### Note to Physician

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage

(See additional precautions on side panel)

Net Contents:

Alexander Chemical Corporation  
7593 S First Road  
Kingsbury Industrial Park  
Kingsbury, IN 46345  
(800) 348-8827



Certified to  
NSF/ANSI 60

Maximum Usage Level: 84 mg/l

**ACCEPTED** EPA Reg. No. 7151-20001  
**with COMMENTS** EPA Est. 7151-IN-001  
in EPA Letter Dated:

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UN 1791, HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTIONS, 8, PG III

Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
registered under EPA Reg. No.

7151-20001

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**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS  
AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**DANGER:** Corrosive, causes severe skin and eye irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. Wear safety glasses or goggles and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Do not breathe vapors. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have dissipated.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

**Physical or Chemical Hazards**

**Strong Oxidizing Agent:** Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g. urine, feces, etc) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membrane.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

**STORAGE:** Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsates that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer.

**DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING**

**REFILLABLE CONTAINER:** Refill this container with sodium hypochlorite only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning the container before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. If disposing refillable container, offer for recycling if available or place in trash collection.

**CONTAINER CLEANING:** Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

**Triple Rinse:** If container has a capacity greater than five (5) gallons, triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

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If the container has a capacity of five (5) gallons or less, triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure Rinse: Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

NOTE: This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

**SWIMMING POOL WATER DISINFECTION**

For a new pool or spring start-up, superchlorinate with 52-104 oz. of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Re-entry into treated pools is prohibited above levels of 4 ppm due to risk of bodily harm. Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 to 7.6. Adjust and maintain the alkalinity of the pool to between 50 to 100 ppm.

To maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 11 oz. of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield an available chlorine residual between 0.6 to 1.0 ppm by weight. Stabilized pools should maintain a residual of 1.0 to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. Test the pH, available chlorine residual and alkalinity of the water frequently with appropriate test kits. Frequency of water treatment will depend upon temperature and number of swimmers.

Every 7 days, or as necessary, superchlorinate the pool with 52-104 oz. of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Do not re-enter pool until the chlorine residual is between 1.0 and 4.0 ppm.

At the end of the swimming pool season or when water is to be drained from the pool, chlorine must be allowed to dissipate from treated pool water before discharge. Do not chlorinate the pool within 24 hours prior to discharge.

WINTERIZING POOLS: While water is still clear and clean, apply 3 oz. of product per 1000 gallons, while filter is running, to obtain a 3 ppm available chlorine residual, as determined by a suitable test kit. Cover pool, prepare heater, filter and heater components for winter by following manufacturer's instructions.

**SPAS, HOT-TUBS, IMMERSION TANKS, ETC.**

SPAS/HOT-TUBS: Apply 5 oz of product per 1000 gallons of water to obtain a free available chlorine concentration of 5 ppm, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. Re-entry into treated pools is prohibited above levels of 4 ppm due to risk of bodily harm. Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 and 7.8. Some oils, lotions, fragrances, cleaners, etc. may cause foaming or cloudy water as well as reduce the efficiency of the product.

To maintain the water, apply 5 oz. of this product per 1000 gallons of water over the surface to maintain a chlorine concentration of 5 ppm.

After each use, shock treat with 8 oz. of this product per 500 gallons of water to control odor and algae.

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During extended periods of disuse, add 3 oz. of product daily per 1000 gallons of water to maintain a 3 ppm chlorine concentration.

HUBBARD AND IMMERSION TANKS: Add 5 oz. of this product per 200 gallons of water before patient use to obtain a chlorine residual of 25 ppm, as determined by a suitable test kit. Adjust and maintain the water pH to between 7.2 and 7.6. After each use drain the tank. Add 5 oz. to a bucket of water and circulate this solution through the agitator of the tank for 15 minutes and then rinse out the solution. Clean tank thoroughly and dry with clean cloths.

HYDROTHERAPY TANKS: Add 1 oz. of this product per 1000 gallons of water to obtain a chlorine residual of 1 ppm, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. Pool should not be entered until the chlorine residual is below 3 ppm. Adjust and maintain the water pH to between 7.2 and 7.6. Operate pool filter continuously. Drain pool weekly and clean before refilling.

**SANITIZATION OF NONPOROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

RINSE METHOD: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solution containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to ensure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. Prepare a 100 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 1.5 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight.

Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. If solution contains less than 50 ppm of available chlorine, as determined by an available test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

IMMERSION METHOD: A solution of 100 ppm available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 ppm available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to ensure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 ppm. Prepare a 100 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 1.5 oz. of this product with 10 gallons water. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight.

Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. If solution contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to reestablish a 200 ppm residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment. Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be reused for sanitizing purposes.

FLOW/PRESSURE METHOD: Disassemble equipment and thoroughly clean after use. Assemble equipment in operating position prior to use. Prepare a volume of 200 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution equal to 110% of volume capacity of the equipment by mixing the product in a ratio of 3 oz. product with 10 gallons of water. Pump solution through the system until full flow is obtained at all extremities, the system is completely filled with the sanitizer and all air is removed from the system. Close drain valves and hold under pressure for at least 2 minutes to ensure contact with all internal surfaces. Remove some cleaning solution from drain valve and test with a chlorine test kit. Repeat entire cleaning/sanitizing process if effluent contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine. Rinse with potable water prior to use.

CLEAN-IN-PLACE METHOD - Thoroughly clean equipment after use. Prepare a volume of 200 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution equal to 110% of volume capacity of the equipment by

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with COMMENTS  
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mixing the product in a ratio of 2 oz. product with 10 gallons of water. Pump solution through the system until full flow is obtained at all extremities, the system is completely filled with the sanitizer and all air is removed from the system. Close drain valves and hold under pressure for a least 10 minutes to insure contact with all internal surfaces. Remove some cleaning solution from drain valve and test with a chlorine test kit. Repeat entire cleaning/sanitizing process if effluent contains less than 50 ppm available chlorine.

**SPRAY/FOG METHOD:** Preclean all surfaces after use. Use a 200 ppm available chlorine solution to control bacteria, mold or fungi and a 600 ppm solution to control bacteriophage. Prepare a 200 ppm sanitizing solution of sufficient size by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 2 oz. product with 10 gallons of water. Prepare a 600 ppm solution by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 6 oz. product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray or fogging equipment which can resist hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray/fog equipment with potable water after use. Thoroughly spray or fog all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours. Prior to using equipment, rinse all surfaces treated with a 600 ppm solution with a 200 ppm solution.

**SANITIZATION OF POROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD:** Prepare a 600 ppm solution by thoroughly mixing 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Clean surfaces in the normal manner. Rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the 600 ppm solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. Prepare a 200 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Prior to using equipment; rinse all surfaces with a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. Do not rinse and do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD:** Prepare a 600 ppm solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Immerse equipment in the 600 ppm solution for at least 2 minutes. Prepare a 200 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Prior to using equipment, immerse all surfaces with a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. Do not rinse and do not soak equipment overnight.

**SPRAY/FOG METHOD:** Pre-clean all surfaces after use. Prepare a 600 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution of sufficient size by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 8 oz. product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray or fogging equipment that can resist hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray/fog equipment with potable water after use. Thoroughly spray or fog all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours. Prior to using equipment; rinse all surfaces with a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. Prepare a 200 ppm sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water.

**SANITIZATION OF NONPOROUS NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD:** Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD:** Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 ppm available chlorine by weight. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.

**SPRAY/FOG METHOD:** Pre-clean all surfaces after use. Prepare a 200 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution of sufficient size by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 3 oz. product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray or fogging equipment that can resist hypochlorite solutions. Prior to using equipment, thoroughly spray or fog all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours.

**REGISTERED  
SANITIZERS  
in EPA Letter Dated:**

**MAY 02 2011**

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide, registered under EPA Reg. No. 7151-200

**DISINFECTION OF NONPOROUS NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD:** Prepare a disinfecting solution by thoroughly mixing 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 ppm available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the disinfecting solution, maintaining contact with the solution for at least 10 minutes. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD:** Prepare a disinfecting solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 ppm available chlorine by weight. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the disinfecting solution for at least 10 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.

**SANITIZATION OF POROUS NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACE**

**RINSE METHOD:** Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 ppm available chlorine by weight. Clean surfaces in the normal matter. Prior to use, rinse surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD:** Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 ppm available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.

**SPRAY/FOG METHOD:** After cleaning, sanitize non-food contact surfaces with 600 ppm available chlorine by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 8 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray or fogging equipment that can resist hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray/fog equipment with potable water after use. Prior to using equipment; thoroughly spray or fog all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate for at least 2 hours.

**AGRICULTURAL USES**

**POST-HARVEST PROTECTION:** Potatoes can be sanitized after cleaning and prior to storage by spraying with a sanitizing solution at a level of 1 gallon of sanitizing solution per ton of potatoes. Thoroughly mix 1 oz. of this product to 2 gallons of water to obtain 500 ppm available chlorine.

**BEE DOMICILES:** Disinfect leaf cutting bee cells and bee boards by immersion in a solution containing 1 ppm available chlorine for 3 minutes. Allow cells to drain for 2 minutes and dry for 4 to 5 hours or until no chlorine odor can be detected. This solution is made by thoroughly mixing 1 tsp. of this product to 100 gallons of water. The bee domicile is disinfected by spraying with a 0.1 ppm solution until all surfaces are thoroughly wet. Allow the domicile to dry until all chlorine odor has dissipated.

**FOOD EGG SANITIZATION:** Thoroughly clean all eggs. Thoroughly mix 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of warm water to produce a 200 ppm available chlorine solution. The sanitizer temperature should not exceed 130° F. Spray the warm sanitizer so that the eggs are thoroughly wetted. Allow the eggs to thoroughly dry before casing or breaking. Do not apply potable water rinse. The solution must not be reused to sanitize eggs.

**FRUIT & VEGETABLE WASHING:** Thoroughly clean all fruits and vegetables in a wash tank. Thoroughly mix 5 oz. of this product in 200 gallons of water to make a sanitizing solution of 25 ppm available chlorine. After draining the tank, submerge fruit or vegetables for 2 minutes in a second wash tank containing the re-circulating sanitizing solution prior to packaging. Rinse fruit with potable water only prior to packaging.

with COMMENTS  
in EPA Letter Dated:  
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**FARM PREMISES**

Remove all animals, poultry and feed from premises, vehicles and enclosures. Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls, and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes, and other facilities occupied or traversed by animals or poultry. Empty all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances. Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water. To disinfect, saturate all surfaces with a solution of at least 1000 ppm available chlorine for a period of 10 minutes. A 1000 ppm solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 11 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Immerse all halters, ropes and other types of equipment used in handling and restraining animals or poultry, as well as the cleaned forks, shovels, and scrapers used for removing litter and manure. Ventilate buildings, cars, boats and other closed spaces. Do not house livestock or poultry or employ equipment until chlorine has been dissipated. All treated feed racks, mangers, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and waterers must be rinsed with potable water before reuse.

**AQUACULTURAL USES**

**FISH PONDS:** Remove fish from ponds prior to treatment. Thoroughly mix 103 oz. of this product to 10,000 gallons of water to obtain 10 ppm available chlorine. Add more product to the water if the available chlorine level is below 1 ppm after 5 minutes. Return fish to pond after the available chlorine level reaches zero.

**FISH POND EQUIPMENT:** Thoroughly clean all equipment prior to treatment. Thoroughly mix 3 oz. of this product to 10 gallons of water to obtain 200 ppm available chlorine. Porous equipment should soak for 1 hour.

**MAINE LOBSTER PONDS:** Remove lobsters, seaweed, etc. from ponds prior to treatment. Drain the pond. Thoroughly mix 7,750 oz. of this product to 10,000 gallons of water to obtain at least 600 ppm available chlorine. Apply so that all barrows, gates, rocks and dams are treated with product. Permit high tide to fill the pond and then close gates. Allow water to stand for 2 to 3 days until the available chlorine level reaches zero. Open gates and allow 2 tidal cycles to flush the pond before returning lobsters to pond.

**CONDITIONING LIVE OYSTERS:** Thoroughly mix 6.5 oz. of this product to 10,000 gallons of water at 50 to 70°F to obtain 0.5 ppm available chlorine. Expose oysters to this solution for at least 15 minutes, monitoring the available level so that it does not fall below 0.05 ppm. Repeat the entire process if the available chlorine level drops below 0.05 ppm or the temperature falls below 50°F.

**CONTROL OF SCAVENGERS IN FISH HATCHERY PONDS:** Prepare a solution containing 200 ppm of available chlorine by mixing 3 oz. of product with 10 gallons of water. Pour into drained pond potholes. Repeat if necessary. Do not put desirable fish back into refilled ponds until chlorine residual has dropped to zero, as determined by a test kit.

**BOAT BOTTOMS**

To control slime on boat bottoms, sling plastic tarp under boat, retaining enough water to cover the fouled bottom but not allowing water to enter enclosed area. This envelope should contain approximately 500 gallons of water for a 14-foot boat. Add 22.5 oz. of this product to this water to obtain a 35ppm available chlorine concentration. Leave immersed for 8 to 12 hours. Repeat if necessary. Do not discharge the solution until the free chlorine level has dropped to zero, as determined by a swimming pool test kit.

**ARTIFICIAL SAND BEACHES**

To sanitize the sand, spray a 500 ppm available chlorine solution containing 6.5 oz. of this product per 10 gallons of water at frequent intervals. Small areas can be sprinkled with a watering can.

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**ASPHALT OR SEALED WOOD ROOFS AND SIDING**

To control fungus and mildew, first remove all physical soil by brushing and hosing with clean water, and apply a 5000 ppm available chlorine solution. Mix 6.5 oz. of this product per gallon of water and brush or spray roof or siding. After 30 minutes, rinse by hosing with clean water.

**DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER (PUBLIC/INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS)**

**PUBLIC SYSTEMS:** Mix a ratio of 1 oz. of this product to 100 gallons of water. Begin feeding solution with a hypo chlorinator until a free available chlorine residual of at least 0.2 ppm and no more than 0.6 ppm is attained throughout the distribution system. Check water frequently with a chlorine test kit. Bacteriological sampling must be conducted at a frequency no less than that prescribed by the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: DUG WELLS:** Upon completion of the casing (lining) wash the interior of the casing (lining) with a 100 ppm available chlorine solution using a stiff brush. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1.5 oz. of this product with 20 gallons of water. After covering the well, pour the sanitizing solution into the well through both the pipe sleeve opening and the pipeline. Wash the exterior of the pump cylinder also with the sanitizing solution. Start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine water is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours, flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: DRILLED, DRIVEN & BORED WELLS:** Run pump until water is free from turbidity as possible. Pour a 100 ppm available chlorine sanitizing solution into the well. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1.5 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water. Add 5 to 10 gallons of clean, chlorinated water to the well in order to force the sanitizer into the rock formation. Wash the exterior of the pump cylinder with the sanitizer. Drop the pipeline into well, start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. Deep wells with high water levels may necessitate the use of special methods for introduction of the sanitizer into the well. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: FLOWING ARTESIAN WELLS:** Artesian wells generally do not require disinfection. If analysis indicates persistent contamination, the well should be disinfected. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION** - When boiling of water for 1 minute is not practical, water can be made potable by using this product. Prior to addition of the sanitizer, remove all suspended material by filtration or by allowing it to settle to the bottom. Decant the clarified, contaminated water to a clean container and add 1 drop of this product to 20 gallons of water. Allow the treated water to stand for 30 minutes. Properly treated water should have a slight chlorine odor, if not, repeat dosage and allow the water to stand an additional 15 minutes. The treated water can then be made palatable by pouring it between clean containers for several times.

**PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS**

**RESERVOIRS: ALGAE CONTROL:** Hypo chlorinate streams feeding the reservoir. Suitable feeding points should be selected on each stream at least 50 yards upstream from the points of entry into the reservoir.

**MAINS:** Thoroughly flush section to be sanitized by discharging hydrants. Permit a flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypo chlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the main section after a 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

**NEW TANKS, BASINS, ETC.:** Remove all physical soil from surfaces. Place 25 oz. of this product for each 5 cubic feet of working capacity (500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and allow to stand for at least 4 hours. Drain and flush with potable water and return to surface.

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**NEW FILTER SAND:** Apply 100 oz. of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. The action of the product dissolving as the water passes through the bed will aid in sanitizing the new sand.

**NEW WELLS:** Flush the casing with 50 ppm available chlorine solution of water containing 5 oz. of this product for each 100 gallons of water. The solution should be pumped or fed by gravity into the well after thorough mixing with agitation. The well should stand for several hours or overnight under chlorination. It may be pumped until a representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is necessary.

**EXISTING EQUIPMENT:** Remove equipment from service and thoroughly clean surfaces of all physical soil. Sanitize by placing 26 oz. of this product for each 5 cubic feet capacity (approximately 500 ppm available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and let stand at least 4 hours. Drain and place in service. If the previous treatment is not practical, surfaces may be sprayed with a solution containing 6 oz. of this product for each 5 gallons of water (approximately 1000 ppm available chlorine). After drying, flush with water and return to service.

**COOLING TOWER/EVAPORATIVE CONDENSER WATER**

**SLUG FEED METHOD:** Initial dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 54 to 108 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 12 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

**INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD:** Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled apply 54 to 108 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Apply half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blow down.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 12 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 ppm residual. Apply half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blow down.

**CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD:** Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 54 to 108 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 1 oz. of this product per 1,000 gallons of water lost by blow down to maintain a 1 ppm residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER FLOODS**

**WELLS:** Thoroughly flush contaminated casing with a 500 ppm available chlorine solution. Prepare this solution by mixing 6.5 oz. of this product with 10,000 gallons of water. Backwash the well to increase yield and reduce turbidity, adding sufficient chlorinating solution to the backwash to produce a 10 ppm available chlorine residual, as determined by a chlorine test kit. After the turbidity has been reduced and the casing has been treated, add sufficient chlorinating solution to produce a 50 ppm available chlorine residual. Agitate the well water for several hours and take a representative water sample. Retreat well if water samples are biologically unacceptable.

**RESERVOIRS:** In case of contamination by overflowing streams, establish hypo-chlorinating stations upstream of reservoir. Chlorinate the inlet water until the entire reservoir obtains a 0.2 ppm available chlorine residual, as determined by a chlorine test kit. In case of contamination from surface drainage, apply sufficient product directly to the reservoir to obtain a 0.2 ppm available chlorine residual in all parts of the reservoir.

**BASINS, TANKS, FLUMES, ETC.:** Thoroughly clean all equipment, then apply 25 oz. of product per cu. Ft. of water to obtain a 500 ppm available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit.

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After 24 hours, drain, flush, and return to service. If the previous method is not suitable, spray or flush the equipment with a solution containing 6.5 oz. of this product for each 5 gallons of water (1000 ppm available chlorine). Allow to stand for 2 to 4 hours, flush, and return to service.

~~FILTERS: When the sand filter needs replacement, apply 100 oz. of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. When the filter is severely contaminated, additional product should be distributed over the surface at the rate of 100 oz. per 20 sq. feet. Water should stand at a depth of 1 foot above the surface of the filter bed for 4 to 24 hours. When filter beds can be backwashed of mud and silt, apply 100 oz. of this product per each 50 sq. ft., allowing the water to stand at a depth of 1 foot above the filter sand.~~

**DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM:** Flush repaired or replaced section with water. Establish a hypo chlorinating station and apply sufficient product until consistent available chlorine residual of at least 100 ppm remains after a 24-hour retention time. Use a chlorine test kit.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER FIRES**

**CROSS CONNECTIONS OR EMERGENCY CONNECTIONS:** Hypo chlorination, or gravity feed equipment should be set up near the intake of the untreated water supply. Apply sufficient product to give a chlorine residual of at least 0.1 to 0.2 ppm at the point where the untreated supply enters the regular distribution system. Use a chlorine test kit.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER DROUGHT**

**SUPPLEMENTARY WATER SUPPLIES:** Gravity or mechanical hypo chlorite feeders should be set up on a supplementary line to dose the water to a minimum chlorine residual of 0.2 ppm after a 20 minute contact time. Use a chlorine test kit.

**WATER SHIPPED IN BY TANKS, TANK CARS, TRUCKS, ETC.:** Thoroughly clean all containers and equipment. Spray with a 500 ppm available chlorine solution and rinse with potable water after 5 minutes. This solution is made by mixing 6 oz. of this product for each 10 gallons of water. During the filling of the containers, dose with sufficient amounts of this product to provide at least a 0.2 ppm chlorine residual. Use a chlorine test kit.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER MAIN BREAK**

**MAINS:** Before assembly of the repaired section, flush out mud and soil. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypo chlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 ppm is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after a 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

**PULP AND PAPER MILL PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS**

**SLUG FEED METHOD:** Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 ppm. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

**INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD:** Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine. Apply half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blow down.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 ppm residual. Apply half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blow down.

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CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD: Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 oz. of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 1 oz. of this product per 1,000 gallons of water lost by blow down to maintain a 1 ppm residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

**SEWAGE & WASTEWATER EFFLUENT TREATMENT**

The disinfection of sewage effluent must be evaluated by determining the total number of coliform bacteria and/or fecal coliform bacteria, as determined by the Most Probable Number (MPN) procedure, to ensure that the chlorinated effluent that has been reduced to or below the maximum permitted by the controlling regulatory jurisdiction.

On the average, satisfactory disinfection of secondary wastewater effluent can be obtained when the chlorine residual is 0.5 ppm after 15 minutes contact. Although the chlorine residual is the critical factor in disinfection, the importance of correlating chlorine residual with bacterial kill must be emphasized. The MPN of the effluent, which is directly related to the water quality standards requirements, should be the final and primary standard and the chlorine residual should be considered an operating standard valid only to the extent verified by the coliform quality of the effluent.

The following are critical factors affecting wastewater disinfection.

- 1. Mixing: It is imperative that the product and the wastewater be instantaneously and completely flash mixed to assure reaction with every chemically active soluble and particulate component of the wastewater.
- 2. Contacting: Upon flash mixing, the flow through the system must be maintained.
- 3. Dosage/Residual Control: Successful disinfection is extremely dependent on response to fluctuating chlorine demand to maintain a predetermined desirable chlorine level. Secondary effluent should contain 0.2 to 1.0 ppm chlorine residual after a 15 to 30 minute contact time. A reasonable average of residual chlorine is 0.5 ppm after 15 minutes contact time.

**SEWAGE & WASTEWATER TREATMENT**

EFFLUENT SLIME CONTROL: Apply a 100 to 1000 ppm available chlorine solution at a location, which will allow complete mixing. Prepare this solution by mixing 10 to 100 oz. of this product with 100 gallons of water. Once control is evident, apply a 15 ppm available chlorine solution by mixing 4 oz. of this product with 100 gallons of water.

FILTER BEDS SLIME CONTROL: Remove filter from service, drain to a depth of 1 foot above filter, and add 80 oz. of product per 20 sq. ft. evenly over the surface. Wait 30 minutes before draining water to a level that is even with the top of the filter. Wait for 4 to 6 hours before completely draining and back washing filter.

**LAUNDRY SANITIZERS**

Household Laundry Sanitizers:

IN SOAKING SUDS: Thoroughly mix 3 oz. of this product to 10 gallons of water to provide 200 ppm available chlorine. Wait 5 minutes then add soap or detergent. Immerse laundry for at least 11 minutes prior to starting the wash/rinse cycle.

IN WASHING SUDS: Thoroughly mix 3 oz. of this product to 10 gallons of wash water containing clothes to provide 200 ppm available chlorine. Wait 5 minutes, then add soap or detergent and start wash/rinse cycle.

Commercial Laundry Sanitizers:

Wet fabrics or clothes should be spun dry prior to sanitization. Thoroughly mix 3 oz. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide a 200 ppm available chlorine. Promptly after mixing the sanitizer, add the solution to the prewash prior to washing fabrics/clothes in the regular wash cycle with a good detergent. Test the level of available chlorine if solution has been allowed to stand. Add more product if the available chlorine level has dropped below 200 ppm.

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**WAREWASHING:**

FOR SANITIZING TABLEWARE IN LOW TEMPERATURE DISHWASHING MACHINE: Dispense this product into the final rinse water at 100 ppm available chlorine. Do not allow concentration to fall below 50 ppm. Air dry. Dispenser should be set to deliver a sanitizing solution of 1 OZ. per 10 gallons of water to give 100 ppm of available chlorine. Only a qualified service representative should set or adjust dispenser on the machine.

**EATING AND DRINKING UTENSILS:** Prepare sanitizing solution immediately prior to use.

Scrape and pre-wash utensils and glass whenever possible with clean water. Wash with good detergent or compatible cleaner. Sanitize by thoroughly mixing 2 OZ. of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide 200 ppm available chlorine. Immerse utensils and glassware at least 2 minutes or for contact time specified by governing sanitary code. Do not reuse sanitizing solution.

**SANITIZATION OF DIALYSIS MACHINE**

Flush equipment thoroughly with water prior to using this product. Thoroughly mix 8 oz. of this product to 10 gallons of water to obtain at least 600 ppm available chlorine. Immediately use this product in the hemodialysate system allowing for a minimum contact time of 15 minutes at 20°C. Drain system of sanitizing solution and thoroughly rinse with water. Discard and do not re-use the spent sanitizer. Rinsate must be monitored with a suitable test kit to ensure that no available chlorine remains in the system.

This product is recommended for decontaminating single and multi patient hemodialysate systems. This product has been shown to be an effective disinfectant (virucide, fungicide, bactericide, pseudomonicide) when tested by AOAC and EPA test methods. This product may not totally eliminate all vegetative microorganisms in hemodialysate delivery systems due to their construction and/or assembly, but can be relied upon to reduce the number of microorganisms to acceptable levels when used as directed. This product should be used in a disinfectant program, which includes bacteriological monitoring of the hemodialysate delivery system. This product is not recommended for use in hemodialysate or reverse osmosis (RO) membranes.

Consult the guidelines for hemodialysate systems, which are available from the Hepatitis Laboratories, CDC, Phoenix, AZ 85021.

**TABLE OF PROPORTIONS – AVAILABLE CHLORINE**

<b>500 ppm</b>	<b>250 ppm</b>	<b>100 ppm</b>
Use 5 fluid oz. in 10 gal. water	Use 2.5 fluid oz. in 10 gal. water	Use 1 fluid oz. in 10 gal. water
<b>50 ppm</b>	<b>10 ppm</b>	<b>5 ppm</b>
Use 45 fluid oz. in 1000 gal. water	Use 9 fluid oz. in 1000 gal. water	Use 5 fluid oz. in 1000 gal. water

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EPA Reg. No. 7151-20001  
EPA Est. 7151-IN-001

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Under the Federal Insecticide,  
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as  
amended, for the pesticide,  
Registered under EPA Reg. No.

7151-20001